World-Class Instructional Design and Assessment



Annual Technical Report for ACCESS for ELLs® English Language Proficiency Test, Series 302, 2013-2014 Administration

Annual Technical Report No. 10 Volume 1 of 3: Description, Validity, and Student Results

Prepared by:

Center for Applied Linguistics

CAL/WIDA Partnership Activities Psychometrics/Research Team

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The WIDA ACCESS for ELLs Technical Advisory Committee

This report has been reviewed by the WIDA ACCESS for ELLs Technical Advisory Committee (TAC), which is comprised of the following members:

- Jamal Abedi, Ph.D., Professor at the Graduate School of Education at the University of California, Davis and a research partner at the National Center for Research on Evaluation, Standards, and Student Testing (CRESST)
- Lyle Bachman, Ph.D., Professor Emeritus, Applied Linguistics, University of California, Los Angeles
- Akihito Kamata, Ph.D., Professor, Department of Education Policy and Leadership, Department of Psychology, Southern Methodist University.
- Timothy Kurtz, Hanover High School, Hanover, New Hampshire
- Carol Myford, Ph.D., Associate Professor, Educational Psychology at the University of Illinois at Chicago.
- Elizabeth Peña, Ph.D., Professor, Department of Communication Sciences and Disorders, University of Texas at Austin.

More information on the TAC members can be found at the WIDA website (www.wida.us/assessment/access/TAC/index.aspx).

Executive Summary

This is the tenth annual technical report on ACCESS for ELLs. This technical report is produced as a service to members and potential members of the WIDA Consortium. The technical information herein is intended for use by those who have technical knowledge of test construction and measurement procedures, as stated in *Standards for Educational and Psychological Testing* (American Educational Research Association, American Psychological Association, National Council on Measurement in Education, 2014).

ACCESS for ELLs serves two purposes: 1) To assess reliably and validly the English language development (ELD) of English language learners (ELLs) in Grades K–12 according to WIDA 2012 Amplification of the English Language Development Standards Kindergarten–Grade 12 (WIDA,2012b) To place students appropriately into proficiency levels described by the ELD Standards. Results on ACCESS for ELLs are used by WIDA Consortium states for monitoring the progress of students, for making decisions about exiting students from language support services, and for accountability.

This report provides detailed information from the analysis of the tenth series of the test, Series 302. Series 302 was administered during the academic year 2013–2014 in 33 WIDA Consortium states. Because the main focus of this report is on the technical quality of the test forms and not on the performance of students, analyses in this report are aggregated across all participating states.

Beginning with ACCESS Series 302 (operational year 2013-2014), the ACCESS Listening test transitioned from a traditional test administrator-read script to a media-delivered format, played either from CD or from streaming audio available online, for all grade level clusters except for Kindergarten. For more information, please see the ACCESS for ELLs Series 302 Media-Based Listening Field Test Technical Brief (Center for Applied Linguistics, forthcoming).

As in the previous annual technical reports, this report provides background to the test (Chapter 1). The current report has been modified for Series 302 to introduce an argument-based validation framework to support the use of ACCESS for ELLs and to contextualize the data so that its interpretation and use are more transparent to stakeholders (Chapter 2). The rest of the report consists of paired chapters. The first chapter within each pair contains text that explains the data tables that follow in the second chapter. Information on the students who participated in the operational administration is presented (Chapters 3 and 4), followed by an explanation of the technical analyses conducted on each of the 44 test forms that constitute ACCESS for ELLs (Chapter 5) and the tables and figures of results (Chapter 6). The final chapters explain (Chapter 7) and present (Chapter 8) technical analyses based on the domain scores and composite scores by grade-level cluster. Note that Chapters 1–4 are in Volume 1, Chapters 5–6 are in Volume 2, and Chapters 7–8 are in Volume 3.

Summary Highlights

This report presents a wealth of data documenting the technical properties of the 44 test forms of ACCESS for ELLs Series 302, which is impossible to summarize here. In addition to information on validity, the report presents information on reliability of test scores and the accuracy and consistency of proficiency level classifications, including information on

conditional standard errors of measurement for all scores and a separate table highlighting conditional standard errors around the cut scores. The report also provides details on scaling and the equating of the Series 302 test forms to those of Series 301. Item-level analyses include item difficulty levels, fit of the items to the Rasch measurement model, and differential item functioning (DIF) analyses for each item or assessment task. The annual analyses of the technical properties of ACCESS for ELLs test forms are used in the continual refinement and improvement of ACCESS for ELLs.

Here we would like to highlight the following results of this report.

Argument-based validation framework for ACCESS for ELLs

Starting with Series 301, Chapter 2 of the ACCESS for ELLs Annual Technical Report consists of an argument-based framework for supporting the validity of ACCESS for ELLs. This framework structures the information contained in this Annual Technical Report to support assertions about data collected via the assessment (i.e., *Assessment Records*). Specifically, tables and figures from this report are explicitly linked to claims related to *Assessment Records* through an Assessment Use Argument (AUA), which allows stakeholders to better interpret and use ACCESS for ELLs. A larger, forthcoming (as of 2015), validation framework for the complete assessment from its inception to its consequences is currently under development by WIDA.

Demographic data

The Series 302 data set for analyses included the results of 1,372,806 students. The largest grade was Kindergarten with 204,828 students, while the smallest was Grade 12 with 31,299 students. Of the participating WIDA states, the largest was Illinois with 176,389 students, while the smallest was Vermont with 1,533 students. Technical analyses in this report are based on the performance of all students who were administered Series 302 of ACCESS for ELLs.

Reliability and accuracy data

For most test users, the Overall Composite proficiency score, based on performances in Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing, is the major score used for making decisions about gains in student proficiency and exiting from language support services, and for Annual Measureable Achievement Objectives (AMAOs). As explained by Keng, Miller, O'Malley, and Turhan (2008), "the use of composite scores has become more widespread with federal testing requirements under Title III of No Child Left Behind now calling for states to assess students with limited English proficiency (LEP) annually from Kindergarten through 12th grade in the four language domains of listening, speaking, reading and writing. A composite of the student's performance on each of these domains is calculated to represent the student's overall English language proficiency." Results indicate that the reliability of the Overall Composite score for Series 302, presented in Chapter 8 Table D, is very high across all grade-level clusters. For Kindergarten it was .973; for Grades 1–2, .943; for Grades 3–5, .937; for Grades 6–8, .930; and for Grades 9–12, .945. Likewise, as Table 0.1 shows, the accuracy of decisions about student placement using the Overall Composite score around the proficiency level cut scores is very high across the grade and proficiency levels. Because many WIDA Consortium states use the proficiency level score of 5.0 as a criterion for exiting students from language support services, the column headed 4/5 Cut (the proficiency level score of 5.0) is of particular interest.

Table 0.1 Accuracy of Overall Score at Cut Points (Proficiency Level Score)

	1/2 Cut	2/3 Cut	3/4 Cut	4/5 Cut	5/6 Cut
Grade	(2.0)	(3.0)	(4.0)	(5.0)	(6.0)
K (instructional)	0.976	0.959	0.950	0.953	0.950
K (accountability)	0.953	0.951	0.955	0.953	0.991
1	0.985	0.938	0.930	0.970	0.991
2	0.985	0.956	0.911	0.936	0.985
3	0.996	0.982	0.938	0.910	0.930
4	0.994	0.979	0.931	0.900	0.918
5	0.992	0.974	0.925	0.897	0.931
6	0.988	0.962	0.908	0.889	0.983
7	0.985	0.958	0.903	0.886	0.984
8	0.981	0.951	0.900	0.908	0.985
9	0.980	0.960	0.931	0.906	0.901
10	0.984	0.956	0.925	0.904	0.942
11	0.985	0.956	0.923	0.896	0.941
12	0.984	0.954	0.915	0.868	0.956

Overview of the Annual Technical Report

The multistate WIDA Consortium's ACCESS for ELLs was first operationally administered in 2005 in three states: Alabama, Maine, and Vermont. Results of that administration were reported in Annual Technical Report 1 (Series 100, 2004–2005).

Each year, the Center for Applied Linguistics refreshes a third to a half of all ACCESS for ELLs test items. In academic year 2013–2014, Series 302 was administered in 33 WIDA Consortium states. The 44 test forms in Listening, Reading, Writing, and Speaking across the grades from Kindergarten to 12 constitute a test series. These test forms are grouped into five grade-level clusters: Kindergarten, Grades 1–2, Grades 3–5, Grades 6–8, and Grades 9–12. Within each grade-level cluster except Kindergarten, there are three overlapping tiers of test forms for Listening, Reading, and Writing: A, B, and C. This report presents the results of research into the technical properties of the 44 test forms (e.g., Grades 3–5, Reading, Tier C) that constitute Series 302. Data come from the 1,372,806 students who were administered the test operationally in the winter and spring of 2014.

Because of the size of the complete report, it is presented in three volumes.

Volume I contains an executive summary, this overview, an annotated bibliography, and Chapters 1 to 4. Chapter 1 provides background to the test. Readers unfamiliar with ACCESS for ELLs should pay particular attention to this chapter. Chapter 2 presents an argument-based approach for structuring the data contained in this report so that its interpretation and use are more transparent to stakeholders. Chapters 3 and 4 present information on the students who participated in the Series 302 (2013–2014) operational administration, including overall results.

Volume II contains Chapters 5 and 6. Chapter 5 presents background on the technical analyses conducted on each of the test forms and explains how to understand the tables and figures of results. Chapter 6 presents the results organized by

- Grade-level cluster (K, 1–2, 3–5, 6–8, 9–12)
- Domain (Listening, Reading, Writing, and Speaking, abbreviated List, Read, Writ, and Spek, respectively)
- Tier (A, B, C)

Thus, all of the results for Kindergarten are presented before the results for Grades 1–2, and all of the results for Listening (i.e., for tiers A, B, and C where applicable) are presented before results for Reading.

Volume III contains Chapters 7 and 8. These chapters focus on results across tiers within grade-level clusters, including the four composite scores (Oral Language, Literacy, Comprehension, and Overall). Chapter 7 presents background on the technical analyses and explains how to understand the tables and figures of results. Chapter 8 presents the results organized by

- Grade-level cluster (K, 1–2, 3–5, 6–8, 9–12)
- Score (Listening, Reading, Writing, Speaking, Oral Language Composite, Literacy Composite, Comprehension Composite, and Overall Composite, abbreviated List, Read, Writ, Spek, Oral, Litr, Cphn, and Over, respectively)

Annotated Bibliography: 2013-2014

Technical Reports

This is a list of reports that describe the development of ACCESS for ELLs.

Center for Applied Linguistics (forthcoming). ACCESS for ELLs Series 302 Media-Based Listening Field Test Technical Brief. (WIDA Consortium).

This report (forthcoming) provides detailed information on the conceptualization, development, and field testing of ACCESS for ELLs Media-Based Listening Test.

Gottlieb, M., & Boals, T. (2005). Considerations in Reconfiguring Cohorts and Resetting Annual Measurable Achievement Objectives (AMAOs) based on ACCESS for ELLs Data (WIDA Consortium Technical Report No. 3).

This report is intended to assist states with the transition to a standards-based test and determining their AMAOs using ACCESS for ELLs.

Gottlieb, M. & Kenyon, D.M. (2006). The Bridge Study between Tests of English Language Proficiency and ACCESS for ELLs (WIDA Consortium Technical Report No. 2).

This report provides the background, procedures, and results of a study intended to establish estimates of comparability between ACCESS for ELLs and four other English language tests used by Consortium member states. Students in Illinois and Rhode Island were administered ACCESS for ELLs along with one of the other four tests, and results on the four tests were compared with results on ACCESS for ELLs. Results allow states, districts, and schools to understand and report ACCESS for ELLs scores and to establish continuity between previous tests and ACCESS for ELLs.

Kenyon, D. M. (2006). *Development and Field Test of ACCESS for ELLs* (WIDA Consortium Technical Report No. 1).

This report provides detailed information on the conceptualization, development, and field testing of ACCESS for ELLs. It also provides technical data on equating and scaling procedures, standard setting and operational score reporting, analyses of reliability and errors of measurement, and two initial validity studies.

Kenyon, D. M., Ryu, J.R. (Willow), & MacGregor, D. (2013). Setting Grade Level Cut Scores for ACCESS for ELLs. (WIDA Consortium Technical Report No. 4).

This report describes the technical procedures and outcomes of the process to move from grade-level-cluster cut scores to grade-level cut scores. Proposed cut scores were determined mathematically and then reviewed and revised in a standard setting process involving 75 teachers from 14 WIDA Consortium states.

MacGregor, D., Kenyon, D. M., Gibson, S., & Evans, E. (2009). Development and Field Test of Kindergarten ACCESS for ELLs. (WIDA Consortium).

This report provides detailed information on the conceptualization, development, and field testing of Kindergarten ACCESS for ELLs. It also provides technical data on equating and scaling procedures, standard setting and operational score reporting, and analyses of reliability and errors of measurement.

Annual Technical Reports for ACCESS for ELLs

Below is a list of annual technical reports for ACCESS for ACCESS for ELLs, listed by year of publication. These reports provide extensive analysis of the results from the operational administration of ACCESS for ELLs. They provide detailed information on student results broken down by grade-level cluster, grade, and tier. They also provide detailed information on test and item characteristics.

- Kenyon, D. M., MacGregor, D., Ryu, J.R. (Willow), Cho, B., and Louguit, M. (2006). *Annual Technical Report for ACCESS for ELLs® English Language Proficiency Test, Series* 100, 2004-2005 Administration. (WIDA Consortium Annual Technical Report No. 1).
- Kenyon, D. M., MacGregor, D., Louguit, M. Cho, B., and Ryu, J.R. (Willow). (2007). *Annual Technical Report for ACCESS for ELLs® English Language Proficiency Test, Series* 101, 2005-2006 Administration. (WIDA Consortium Annual Technical Report No. 2).
- MacGregor, D., Louguit, M., Ryu, J.R. (Willow), Kenyon, D.M., and Li, D. (2008). *Annual Technical Report for ACCESS for ELLs® English Language Proficiency Test, Series* 102, 2006-2007 Administration. (WIDA Consortium Annual Technical Report No. 3).
- MacGregor, D., Louguit, M., Huang, X., and Kenyon, D.M. (2009). Annual Technical Report for ACCESS for ELLs[®] English Language Proficiency Test, Series 103, 2007-2008 Administration. (WIDA Consortium Annual Technical Report No. 4).
- MacGregor, D., Louguit, M., Yanosky, T., Fidelman, C. G., Pan, M., Huang, X., and Kenyon, D.M. (2010). *Annual Technical Report for ACCESS for ELLs® English Language Proficiency Test, Series 200, 2008-2009 Administration*. (WIDA Consortium Annual Technical Report No. 5).
- Yanosky, T., Yen, S., Louguit, M., MacGregor, D., Zhang, Y., and Kenyon, D.M. (2011). Annual Technical Report for ACCESS for ELLs® English Language Proficiency Test, Series 201, 2009-2010 Administration. (WIDA Consortium Annual Technical Report No. 6).
- Yanosky, T., Chong, A., Louguit, M., Olson, E., Choi, Y., MacGregor, D., Yen, S., Cameron, C., and Kenyon, D.M. (2012). *Annual Technical Report for ACCESS for ELLs® English Language Proficiency Test, Series 202, 2010-2011 Administration*. (WIDA Consortium Annual Technical Report No. 7).
- Yanosky, T., Amos, M., Louguit, M., Olson, Cameron, C., Louguit, M., MacGregor, D., Yen, S., and Kenyon, D.M. (2013). *Annual Technical Report for ACCESS for ELLs® English Language Proficiency Test, Series 203, 2011-2012 Administration*. (WIDA Consortium Annual Technical Report No. 8).
- Center for Applied Linguistics (2014). Annual Technical Report for ACCESS for ELLs® English Language Proficiency Test, Series 301, 2012-2013 Administration. (WIDA Consortium Annual Technical Report No. 9).

Other Documentation

Bachman, L. F. (2005). Building and supporting a case for test use. *Language Assessment Quarterly*, 2(1), 1–34.

This article describes how an argument for test use might be structured so as to provide a clear linkage from test performance to interpretations and from interpretations to uses.

Bachman, L. F., & Palmer, A. S. (2010). *Language assessment in practice*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

This book presents the Assessment Use Argument, which provides a framework for justifying the intended uses of an assessment, as well as a guide for the design and development of the assessment itself.

Bauman, J., Boals, T., Cranley, E., Gottlieb, M., and Kenyon, D.M. (2007). The Newly Developed English Language Tests (World-Class Instructional Design and Assessment – WIDA). In Abedi, Jamal (Ed.), *English Language Proficiency Assessment in the Nation: Current Status and Future Practice*. Davis: University of California.

In this book chapter, the authors describe the test development process, from the development of standards through the development of items, field testing, and operationalization. They also report on validation of the test, accommodations, the test administration and technical manuals, and score reporting.

Chapelle, C. A., Enright, M. E., & Jamieson, J. (2010). Does an argument-based approach to validity make a difference? *Educational Measurement: Issues and Practice*, 29(1), 3–13.

Drawing on experience between 2000 and 2007 in developing a validity argument for the high-stakes Test of English as a Foreign Language[™], this paper evaluates the differences between the argument-based approach to validity as presented by Kane (2006) and that described in the 1999 AERA/APA/NCME Standards for Educational and Psychological Testing.

Chapelle, C. A., Enright, M. & Jamieson, J. (Eds.) (2008). *Building a validity argument for the Test of English as a Foreign Language*. London: Routledge.

This book uses the Test of English as a Foreign LanguageTM as a case study for validating test design. It attempts to meet the standards of educational measurement while also drawing on theory related to English language proficiency.

Cook, H. G. (2007). Alignment Study Report: The WIDA Consortium's English Language Proficiency Standards for English Language Learners in Kindergarten through Grade 12 to ACCESS for ELLs® Assessment. Madison, WI: WIDA Consortium.

In this report, the author describes a study to align the WIDA Standards to the ACCESS for ELLs test. The study was designed to address two questions: how well the test measures the proficiency levels described in the Standards, and how well the different domains of each standard are addressed by the domains of the test. The author concludes that overall ACCESS for ELLs is adequately aligned to the Standards.

- Cook, H. G., Boals, T., Wilmes, C., and Santos, M. (2007). Issues in the Development of Annual Measurable Achievement Objectives (AMAOs) for WIDA Consortium States. Madison, WI: WIDA Consortium.
 - In this paper, the authors offer guidance to states in formulating Annual Measurable Achievement Objectives for English language learners.
- Fox, J. (2011). Test review: ACCESS for ELLs[®]. *Language Testing 28* (3): 425-431.

 The author provides a thorough review of ACCESS for ELLs, using the eight criteria enumerated in Fairbairn and Fox (2009).
- Gottlieb, M. (2004). English Language Proficiency Standards for English Language Learners in Kindergarten through Grade 12: Framework for Large-Scale State and Classroom Assessment. Madison, WI: WIDA Consortium.
 - These documents contain the WIDA Standards and describe the rationale behind and development of the frameworks for large-scale state and classroom assessments. These frameworks comprise English Language Development standards, language domains, grade-level clusters, language proficiency levels and the model performance indicators upon which ACCESS for ELLs is based. They are meant to guide curriculum development, instruction, and assessment of English language learners.
- Kane, M. (2006). Validation. In R. Brennan, (Ed.), *Educational Measurement (4th Edition)*, pp. 18-64. Westport, CT: Greenwood Publishing.
 - This book chapter presents a conceptualization of test validity where evidence and logical argument are brought together to evaluate claims and propositions about the proposed uses and interpretations of test results.
- Kenyon, D.M., MacGregor, D., Li, D., and Cook, H. G. (2011). Issues in vertical scaling of a K-12 English language proficiency test. *Language Testing* 28 (3): 383-400.

 In this article, the authors describe the procedure used to place ACCESS for ELLs results on a vertical scale, and they discuss studies conducted to test the effectiveness of that scale.
- Mislevy, R. J., Almond, R. G., & Lukas, J. F. (2004). A Brief Introduction to Evidence-Centered Design (CSE Report 632). CA: Center for Research on Evaluation, Standards, and Student Testing.
 - This paper provides an introduction to the basic ideas of Evidence Centered Design, an approach to constructing educational assessments in terms of evidentiary arguments. It includes some of the terminology and models that have been developed to implement the approach.
- National Research Council. (2011). Allocating federal funds for state programs for English language learners. Panel to Review Alternative Data Sources for the Limited-English Proficiency Allocation Formula under Title III, Part A, Elementary and Secondary Education Act, Committee on National Statistics and Board on Testing and Assessment, Division of Behavioral and Social Sciences and Education. Washington, DC: The National Academies Press.

This report includes detailed descriptions of six English language proficiency tests, including ACCESS for ELLs, along with information about the reliability and validity of the tests

Parker, C. E., Louie, J., and O'Dwyer, L. (2009). New measures of English language proficiency and their relationship to performance on large-scale content assessments (Issues & Answers Report, REL 2009–No. 066). Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance, Regional Educational Laboratory Northeast and Islands. Retrieved from http://ies.ed.gov/ncee/edlabs, January 29, 2009.

This report describes a study investigating how well the domain tests on ACCESS for ELLs predict performance on a content test. Results indicate that the Reading and Writing tests are the strongest predictors.

Römhild, A., Kenyon, D. M., and MacGregor, D. (2011). Exploring domain-general and domain-specific linguistic knowledge in the assessment of academic English language proficiency. *Language Assessment Quarterly*, 8:213-228.

This article reports on a confirmatory factor analysis study conducted to model domain-specific and domain-general variance on ACCESS for ELLs. The authors found that, while domain-general linguistic knowledge represents the primary dimension across almost all test forms, domain-specific knowledge becomes increasingly salient as proficiency level increases.

WIDA Consortium. (2007). English Language Proficiency Standards and Resource Guide, 2007 Edition, PreKindergarten through Grade 12. Madison, Wisconsin: Board of Regents of the University of Wisconsin System.

This document presents the second edition of the WIDA English Language Development Standards, which were released in 2007. The second edition included the addition of formative and summative frameworks for assessment and instruction, the separation of Kindergarten into its own grade-level cluster, and the addition of the sixth proficiency level, "Reaching".

WIDA Consortium. (2012a). 2012 Amplification of the English Language Development Standards Kindergarten–Grade 12. Madison, Wisconsin: Board of Regents of the University of Wisconsin System.

This document describes the amplified Strands of Model Performance Indicators that represent the WIDA English Language Development Standards. The amplification reflects states' content standards and the fluid and ongoing process of language development.

WIDA Consortium (2012b). WIDA ACCESS for ELLs® Test Administration Manual. Retrieved from www.wida.us/assessment/ACCESS/#about.

This document details the test administration procedures for ACCESS for ELLs.

WIDA Consortium. (2013). *Interpretive Guide for Score Reports Spring 2013* (WIDA Consortium). Madison, WI: The Board of Regents of the University of Wisconsin System.

This report provides an overview on how ACCESS for ELLs is scored and how those scores are reported. Part 1 gives a description of scores for 2014. Part 2 gives suggestions on how states can use scores, as well as examples of score reports to various stakeholders. Part 3 provides guidance on interpreting the reports.

Wolf, M., Kao, J., Griffin, N., Herman, J., Bachman, P., Chang, S., and Farnsworth, T. (2008). Issues in assessing English language learners: English language proficiency measures and accommodation uses—Practice review. Retrieved from the University of California, Los Angeles, National Center for Research on Evaluation, Standards, and Student Testing Web site: http://www.cse.ucla.edu/products/rsearch.asp.

This paper describes the English language proficiency tests in use in school year 2006, including ACCESS for ELLs, and provides a summary of validity evidence for the tests.

Zieky, M. (1993). Practical questions in the use of DIF statistics in test development. In P.Holland & H. Wainer (EMS.), *Differential item functioning*. Hillsdale, NJ: Lawrence Erlbaum Associates.

This book chapter describes procedures for conducting DIF analysis.

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1. Description of ACCESS for ELLs English Language Proficiency Test

1.1 Purpose of ACCESS for ELLs

The overarching purpose of Assessing Comprehension and Communication in English State-to-State for English Language Learners (ACCESS for ELLs) is to assess the developing English language proficiency of English language learners in Grades K–12 in the United States following the English Language Development Standards (2012) of the multi-state WIDA Consortium. The WIDA English Language Proficiency (ELP) Standards (2004, 2007) were amplified in 2012 to become English Language Development (ELD) Standards, hereafter referred to as ELD Standards. The WIDA ELD Standards, aligned to state academic content standards, form the core of the WIDA Consortium's approach to instructing and testing English language learners and describe six levels of developing English language proficiency. ACCESS for ELLs may thus be described as a standards-based English language proficiency test designed to measure English language learners' social and academic language proficiency in English. It assesses social and instructional English as well as the language associated with language arts, mathematics, science, and social studies within the school context across the four language domains (Listening, Reading, Writing, and Speaking).

Other major purposes of ACCESS for ELLs include:

- Identifying the English language proficiency level of students with respect to the WIDA ELD Standards used in all member states of the WIDA Consortium.
- Identifying students who have attained English language proficiency,
- Assessing annual English language proficiency gains using a standards-based assessment instrument.
- Providing districts with information that will help them to evaluate the effectiveness of their ESL/bilingual programs and determine staffing requirements,
- Providing data for meeting federal and state statutory requirements with respect to student assessment, and
- Providing information that enhances instruction and learning in programs for English language learners.

1.2 Format of ACCESS for ELLs

1.2.1 Integration with the Standards

The design of ACCESS for ELLs, from the structure of the assessment system to the content of each test booklet and item, is built upon the five foundational WIDA ELD Standards:

<u>Standard 1</u> - English language learners communicate in English for **Social and Instructional** purposes within the school setting.

<u>Standard 2</u> - English language learners communicate information, ideas, and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of **Language Arts.**

<u>Standard 3</u> - English language learners communicate information, ideas, and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of **Mathematics**.

<u>Standard 4</u> - English language learners communicate information, ideas, and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of **Science.**

<u>Standard 5</u> - English language learners communicate information, ideas, and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of **Social Studies**.

For practical purposes, the five Standards are abbreviated as follows in this report:

- Social and Instructional language: SI
- Language of English Language Arts: LA
- Language of Math: MA
- Language of Science: SC
- Language of Social Studies: SS

Every selected response item and every performance-based task on ACCESS for ELLs targets at least one of these five Standards.

1.2.2 Grade-level Clusters

The WIDA ELD Standards describe developing English language proficiency by five grade-level clusters. These are PreK-K, 1–2, 3–5, 6–8, and 9–12. Test booklets follow this grade-level clustering.

1.2.3 Language Domains

The WIDA ELD Standards describe developing English language proficiency for each of the four language domains: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing. Thus, there is a section of the ACCESS for ELLs test assessing each of these four language domains.

1.2.4 Language Proficiency Levels

The WIDA ELD Standards describe the continuum of language development with five language proficiency levels that are fully delineated in the Standards document. These levels are "Entering," "Emerging," "Developing," "Expanding," and "Bridging." There is also a final exit stage known as Level 6, "Reaching," that describes students who have progressed across the entire WIDA English language proficiency continuum. These levels are shown graphically in Figure 1.2.4A.

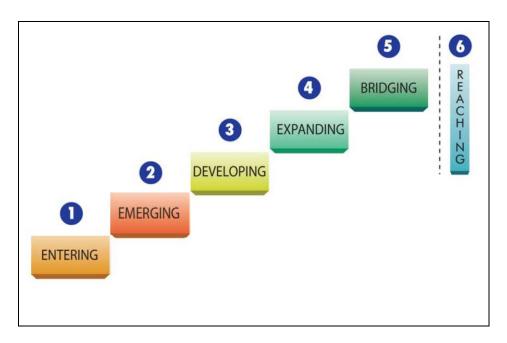


Figure 1.2.4A. The language proficiency levels of the WIDA ELD Standards

These language proficiency levels are thoroughly embedded in the WIDA ELD Standards in a two-pronged fashion.

First, they appear in the **performance definitions**. According to the WIDA ELD Standards, the performance definitions provide a global overview of the stages of the language acquisition process. As such, they complement the model **performance indicators** (PIs, see below) for each language proficiency level. Being general definitions applicable across the PIs, the performance definitions are not explicitly replicated within the PIs. The performance definitions are based on three criteria. The first is students' increasing comprehension and production of the technical language required for success in the academic content areas. The second criterion is students' demonstration of oral interaction or writing of increasing linguistic complexity. The final criterion is the increasing development of phonological, syntactic, and semantic understanding in receptive skills or control in usage in productive language skills.

Second, the language proficiency levels of the WIDA ELD Standards are fully embedded in the accompanying PIs, which exemplify the Standards. The PIs describe the expectations for ELL students for each of the five **Standards**, at five different **grade-level clusters**, across four **language domains**, and at the five **language proficiency levels**. That is, within each combination of standard, grade-level cluster, and language domain is a PI at each of the five language proficiency levels. Proficiency Level 6, Reaching, represents the end of the continuum rather than another level of language proficiency. The sequence of these five PIs together describes a logical progression and accumulation of skills on the path from the lowest level of English language proficiency to full English language proficiency for academic success. These groupings of five PIs in logical progression are called a "strand."

ACCESS for ELLs is based on the 80 strands, containing 400 individual PIs, within the WIDA ELD Standards. (The Standards and the accompanying model PIs are available at the WIDA web site, (www.wida.us.) Each selected-response item or performance-based task on ACCESS for ELLs is carefully developed, reviewed, piloted, and field tested to ensure that it allows students

to demonstrate accomplishment of the targeted PI. (See the sample items at the WIDA web site for examples.)

1.2.5 Tiers

Obviously, test items and tasks suitable for allowing Entering (Level 1) or Emerging (Level 2) students to demonstrate accomplishment of the PIs at their level of language proficiency (i.e., that allow them to demonstrate what they can do) will not allow Expanding (Level 4) or Bridging (Level 5) students to demonstrate the full extent of their language proficiency. Likewise, items and tasks developed to allow Expanding (Level 4) and Bridging (Level 5) students to demonstrate accomplishment of the PIs at their level would be far too challenging for Entering (Level 1) or Emerging (Level 2) students. Items that are far too easy for test takers may be boring and lead to inattentiveness on the part of students. Likewise, items that are far too difficult for test takers may be frustrating, discouraging them from giving their best performance. But more importantly, a test is a measure, and items that are too easy or too hard for a student add very little to the accuracy or quality of the measurement of that student's proficiency. Tests need to be at the right difficulty level for individual test takers.

The solution to making ACCESS for ELLs appropriate to the proficiency level of individual students across the wide range of proficiencies described in the WIDA ELD Standards is to present the test items in three overlapping **tiers** for each grade-level cluster: A, B, and C. Figure 1.2.5A shows how the different tiers map to the language proficiency levels.

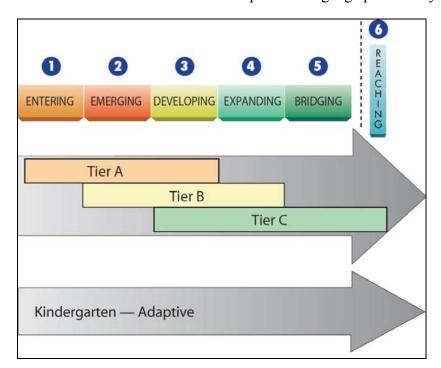


Figure 1.2.5A. Tier structure of ACCESS for ELLs

Thus, Tier A has items and tasks designed to allow students at the lowest language proficiency levels (Levels 1 and 2) to demonstrate meeting the WIDA ELD Standards at their language proficiency levels, and it includes some items targeted to Language Proficiency Level 3.

Likewise, Tier C has items and tasks designed to allow students at the highest language proficiency levels (Levels 4 and 5) to demonstrate meeting the WIDA ELD Standards at their language proficiency levels, while also containing some items targeted to Language Proficiency Level 3. In this test design, the tiers overlap: while Tier A and Tier C would share little in common, Tier B is composed of tasks from both Tiers A (Level 2) and C (Level 4), as well as tasks from Level 3. This overlap of tiers ensures that all of the PIs from the WIDA ELD Standards appear on the assessment; however, each test booklet does not need to contain an unduly large number of test items. The overlap also ensures that the entire language proficiency range is covered. Finally, the overlap ensures that the assessment is *horizontally equated*; that is, common items and tasks across tiers ensure that each tier is measuring to a common language proficiency scale. Thus, a test booklet at any given tier is primarily composed of items and tasks that span three targeted language proficiency levels. (Note that in order to assure that students are accurately measured to Level 6, Tier C also includes some items that are slightly more difficult than Language Proficiency Level 5. The Tier structure only applies to the Grade 1-12 Listening, Reading, and Writing portions of ACCESS for ELLs. Kindergarten (PreK-K) does not have tiers because it is an adaptive assessment.

The individually administered Speaking portion of the assessment for each grade-level cluster is designed as an adaptive measure. In each of its three parts, the test administrator begins with a task that allows students to demonstrate meeting the performance level expectations of the PIs at Level 1 and then presents continually more challenging tasks (tasks at Level 2, then Level 3, and so on). Within each part, the administrator stops presenting additional tasks when the student can no longer demonstrate meeting the expectations of the tasks. Table 1.2.5A summarizes the main points in the above discussion and illustrates the number of unique components in ACCESS for ELLs.

Table 1.2.5AUnique Components in ACCESS for ELLs

_		Speak		
Grade-Level	Tier A	Tier B	Tier C	(adaptive)
Clusters				
9-12	X	X	X	X
6-8	X	X	X	X
3-5	X	X	X	X
1-2	X	X	X	X
K		x (ad	aptive)	

1.3 Test Development

1.3.1 Field Test

In 2004 the field test of ACCESS for ELLs was conducted. The purpose of the field test was to collect extensive data on items and forms in order to equate forms both horizontally (i.e., across tiers within the same grade-level clusters) and vertically (i.e., across grade-level clusters), as well as to judge the strength of individual items. The item pool for the field test consisted of 376 Listening items, 355 Reading items, and 51 Writing tasks. Two forms were used for each tier in each grade-level cluster. For equating purposes, common items were used across tiers, as well as

across forms, within grade-level clusters for the Listening, Reading, and Writing tests. In addition, common items were used across grade-level clusters for the Listening and Reading tests.

Table 1.3.1A shows the number of students who participated in the field test by grade-level cluster. 72.3% of the sample came from two states, Illinois and Wisconsin. Over half of the students (61.8%) had Spanish as their native language. The only other sizable language group was Hmong (13.8%). Indeed, of the 96 languages represented, only four languages (Spanish, Hmong, English, and French) had more than 100 students in the field test sample.

Table 1.3.1AField Test for Listening, Reading and Writing: Students per Grade-level Cluster

Grade-Level Cluster	Students
1-2	1,647
3-5	1,850
6-8	1,449
9-12	1,716
Total	6,662

A separate, individually administered field test was conducted for Speaking. One form was developed for each grade-level cluster, using the adaptive design described in 1.2.5, for a total of 52 tasks. Field testing for Speaking was conducted in Wisconsin and the District of Columbia. Table 1.3.1.B shows the number of students who participated in the Speaking field test by grade-level cluster.

Table 1.3.1BSpeaking Field Test: Students per Grade-level Cluster

Grade-Level Cluster	Students
1-2	103
3-5	159
6-8	136
9-12	125
Total	523

In addition, a separate field test was conducted in DC for the Kindergarten test. The final version of the adaptive Kindergarten assessment was produced by first choosing the Listening and Reading folders (i.e., sets of thematically related items) that contained items that were empirically the easiest for first graders based on the data collected from the field test. These folders were placed in the Kindergarten assessment in order from easiest to hardest. The Speaking portion of the Kindergarten assessment was the same as that for the 1–2 grade-level cluster, except it included only the SI and LA/SS folders, in order to reduce testing time. Special, very simple writing tasks were adapted from the 1–2 grade-level cluster Tier A SI writing folder.

The adaptive administration of the Kindergarten assessment is similar to that of the Speaking test. Thus, in any domain, if a student does not get at least two items in any folder (part) correct, the administrator stops testing in that domain and moves on to the next domain. (The exception is Speaking, which operates exactly as the standard ACCESS Speaking assessment.)

A total of 154 students participated in the Kindergarten field test. Of those, 55% were boys (84 students) and 45% were girls (70 students). 90.2% (139) of the students were Spanish speakers; the only other language with more than one student was Vietnamese (3).

1.3.2 Equating and Scaling

If test results are to be meaningful, they need to be reported on a standard scale that is familiar to test users and that keeps the same meaning whenever it is used. Scaling is the process of developing such a scale. Equating, in the present context, is the process of putting all of the tests onto the same scale, such that results mean the same regardless of which test items the test taker takes.

Of particular challenge for ACCESS for ELLs and similar tests is the need to have a vertically equated scale (i.e., one that can measure progress across the grade levels from K to 12), in addition to the horizontal equating needed across the three tiers of ACCESS for ELLs within each grade-level cluster.

For ACCESS for ELLs, a three-digit scale score was chosen for reporting purposes. The reporting scale would have an interpretive center point across domains and composites. The centering value was chosen as 350, which would represent the cut score between language proficiency Levels 3 and 4 for the 3–5 grade-level cluster. As an additional defining characteristic, the scale would have a lower bound of 100 (i.e., 250 points lower than the center of 350) and an upper bound of 600 (i.e., 250 points higher than 350). In other words, conceptually, students from grades K–2 with the lowest language proficiency in any domain could go no lower than a scale score of 100, thus making 100 a lower bound. Conceptually, students from the 9–12 grade-level cluster with the highest language proficiency in any domain could go no higher than 600, thus making 600 a higher bound. Observed scores on all tests should fall between these extremes.

It should be kept in mind that a scale score is an interpretation of a latent ability measure and not a record of "points" earned on the test. In other words, 100 does not necessarily represent a score of 0 at all grade-level clusters, nor does 600 represent a perfect score. In fact, due to the technical nature of a vertical scale—and one of the criticisms of it—as one goes up the scale from grade level to grade level (or grade-level cluster to grade-level cluster in the case of ACCESS for ELLs), the scales adjust for the developmental growth. Thus, even if a student consistently gets a score of 0 while moving from grade-level cluster to grade-level cluster, the student's scale score on a vertical scale would show an increase, even if very slight.

Thus, to interpret appropriately what the scale scores mean, a standard-setting study was conducted (see Section 1.3.3). However, in this section, we focus on the creation of the ACCESS for ELLs scale score.

The procedure for developing the scale was complex but involved a number of basic steps. These steps were carried out separately for each of the four domains until the last stage, when the separate domain scales were combined to form the composite scores. These steps, as conducted following the field test administration, are briefly summarized here. They are explained more fully in ACCESS for ELLs Technical Report 1, *Development and Field Test of ACCESS for ELLs*, as well as in Kenyon et al. (2011).

Equating Design: As previously described in Section 1.3.1, within each grade-level cluster, the Listening, Reading, and Writing test booklets were presented in three tiers (A, B, and C) and two

series (100 and 999), such that within each grade-level cluster, a different sample of test takers took different test booklets. However, the booklets had common folders of items (in the case of Listening and Reading) or common tasks on one or more test booklets for horizontal equating. In addition, there were common folders that went across grade-level clusters for vertical equating. Because of the adaptive design of the Speaking test, described in Section 1.3.1, there was only one form per grade and thus no need for horizontal equating.

For both Writing and Speaking, there were no common items in the equating design that linked the test booklets across different grade-level clusters. This was done intentionally as each task on these performance-based assessments was more complex, involved, and time-consuming. In addition, because these tasks targeted the WIDA Standards so closely, it would have been developmentally inappropriate to ask students to perform on tasks outside of their grade-level cluster. Thus, student performances on the Reading items were used as a scaling test for the Writing tasks, and performances on the Listening items were used as a scaling test for the Speaking tasks.

Creating the Data Matrix: The tests were scored, and the matrix of responses—every student's response to every Listening or Reading item or Writing or Speaking task—was the raw input into the scaling procedure.

Developing the Logit Scale: A calibration of the ability of the students and items using Rasch procedures was then applied to these data matrices, putting the difficulty of the items or tasks and the ability of the students onto one common interval linear scale. As described in ACCESS for ELLs Technical Report 1, *Development and Field Test of the ACCESS for ELLs*®, the steps of the common rating scale used to score the Writing items were also calibrated. The units of this scale are called logits, and by default the scale is usually centered at 0 (representing the average item difficulty for the ACCESS for ELLs items being calibrated). Theoretically, the logit scale runs from minus infinity to plus infinity, although in practice most tests run from about -4 logits to +4 logits.

Transforming the Logit Scale to the Reporting Scale: The logit scale has both negative numbers and decimals, which makes it confusing for many users. Therefore, scores on the logit scale were then transformed onto a reporting scale by means of a linear transformation of the logit scores—in this case, the ACCESS score scale. There is a separate scale for each of the four domains: Listening, Reading, Writing, and Speaking.

Creating the Composite Scores: The scores on the four reporting scales were then combined, in predetermined proportions, to create four composite scores:

- Oral Language Composite (50% Listening + 50% Speaking)
- Literacy Composite (50% Reading + 50% Writing)
- Comprehension Composite (30% Listening + 70% Reading)
- Overall Composite (15% Listening + 15% Speaking + 35% Reading + 35% Writing).

The Comprehension Composite score (based on performances in Listening and Reading) and the Overall Composite score (based on performances in all four domains) were created with Series 100. Beginning with Series 101, the Oral Language Composite score (based on performances in Listening and Speaking) and Literacy Composite score (based on performances in Reading and Writing) were added.

1.3.3 Standard Setting

In order to interpret appropriately what the scale scores mean, a standard-setting study was conducted. The standard-setting study was held in Madison, WI between April 20 and 27, 2005. The purpose of the study was not to set new standards on WIDA ACCESS for ELLs per se. Rather, the purpose was to use the WIDA ELD ¹Standards together with empirical information from the field test data to conduct a defensible and replicable approach to determine the relationship between student performances on the four domains of the ACCESS for ELLs and the language proficiency levels defined by the WIDA ELD Standards. The following is a brief summary of the Standard Setting study. For a fuller description, see ACCESS for ELLs Technical Report 1, *Development and Field Test of ACCESS for ELLs*®.

Four panels were convened, one for each major grade-level cluster: 1–2, 3–5, 6–8, and 9–12. On each panel were 20–22 teachers or administrators who were deemed qualified to participate in the study by the WIDA office, then located at the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction. For Listening and Reading, a bookmarking procedure was used. Panelists were given books with all items within their grade-level cluster arranged by empirical difficulty, from least difficult to most difficult. After discussing the model performance indicators and the performance level descriptions from the WIDA ELD Standards, panelists were asked to read through the items and place a bookmark at the item that they determined a student at Language Proficiency Level 1 would have a 50% chance of answering a question correctly. They were then asked to repeat this procedure for all levels up to Level 5. During this procedure, panelists were encouraged to work independently.

After the initial round of bookmarking, the results were compiled and discussed with the panelists as a group. The panelists then were given the opportunity to reconsider and adjust their bookmarking, if they so chose. These results were compiled and presented to the WIDA management team, who used this data to help determine the final cut scores.

For Writing and Speaking, a modified body of work method was used. For Writing, the panelists were presented a book of portfolios from their grade-level cluster. Each portfolio consisted of all of the writings from the test of one student. The portfolios were chosen from students from each tier, and an attempt was made to choose students whose performances did not vary widely from one task to another. Within each grade-level cluster, portfolios were presented in ascending order; that is, the first portfolio represented a student's work that had received the lowest total raw score across the four pieces of writing, and the last portfolio presented was that of a student with a very high total raw score on the four pieces of writing.

After discussing the model performance indicators and the performance level descriptions as a group, the panelists were asked to read the portfolios and, working independently, make a judgment as to the probability that the work represents the work of a student at a given WIDA language proficiency level. For example, if they felt the portfolio represented the work of a student at Language Proficiency Level 3, they would write 100% under the column "3" on their paper. If they felt that it was a borderline performance between Levels 2 and 3, they would write 50% under "2" and 50% under "3". They were allowed to indicate up to two language

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¹ Note: The 2005 ACCESS for ELLs field test and standard setting were based on the 2004 WIDA ELP standards. The WIDA English Language Proficiency (ELP) Standards (2004, 2007) were amplified in 2012 to become English Language Development (ELD) Standards (WIDA, 2012). In this section, the standards are referred to as ELD standards for consistency.

proficiency levels and a range in 10-point increments (i.e., 50/50, 60/40, 70/30, 80/20, or 90/10), or to indicate 100 under one language proficiency level. The results were compiled and discussed with the panelists as a group. The panelists then were given the opportunity to reconsider and adjust their bookmarking, if they so chose. The final results were analyzed by CAL using a logistic regression procedure to determine the points along the underlying writing proficiency continuum at which at least 50% of the panelists would be expected to agree that the writing represents the work of the next higher proficiency level than the current proficiency level. The results from this analysis were used to set the cut scores for the language proficiency levels.

The procedure for Speaking was similar, with the panelists listening to portfolios and recording their judgments.

1.4 Ongoing Item Development

To keep ACCESS for ELLs secure, as well as to incorporate a program of continual refinement to the assessment (e.g., using colored illustrations), new items are being developed and field tested every year. In fact, one third to one half of the items is replaced yearly. The intent of the ongoing item development is to replace completely all items or tasks in each test form over a three-year period.

The schedule for refreshing items in the ACCESS for ELLs is illustrated in Table 1.4A. This table applies to all grade-level clusters except K, which was redesigned for Series 200 and is not refreshed annually. As can be seen from this table, for the Listening and Reading tests, all of the LA and MA items are replaced in alternating years, while the SC, SS, and SI items are replaced in a three-year cycle. For Series 302, all of the items on the Listening were refreshed, so Reading was not refreshed.

Beginning with Series 302, the Listening test transitioned from a traditional test administrator-read script to a media-delivered format, played either from CD or from streaming audio available online, for all grade level clusters except for Kindergarten. For more information, please see the *ACCESS for ELLs Series 302 Media-Based Listening Field Test Technical Brief* (Center for Applied Linguistics, forthcoming).

For Speaking, the SI task is replaced yearly, while the MS and LS tasks are replaced in alternating years. New items are field tested on separate forms during the operational administration of ACCESS for ELLs.

Table 1.4A also reflects a change in the Writing test that took effect starting with Series 201. In that series, the separate Math and Science folders were replaced with a combined Language of Math/Language of Science folder. Starting with that series, while the IT task will continue to be replaced yearly, the MS and LA tasks will be replaced in a two-year cycle for Tier A, and the MS and SI tasks will be replaced in a two-year cycle for Tiers B and C.

From Table 1.4A, we see that between Series 101 and Series 100, the IT Writing task and the MA/SC Speaking task were replaced. In the Listening and Reading portion of the test, various item folders were replaced following analysis of the field test and operational Series 100. Because ACCESS for ELLs was so new, it was decided that it was most important to be able to improve and/or replace weaker items across all five Standards than to choose only two Standards to be replaced.

Table 1.4A Schedule for Refreshing ACCESS for ELLs Items

Test Series	Year	Listening Reading		Writing Tier A	Writin Tiers B		Sp	eaking		
		LA/ MA	SC/SS/ SI	LA/ MA	SC/SS/ SI	SI/LA/ MA/SC	SI/MA/ SC	IT	SI	LS/ MS
100	04-05									
101	05-06	Various	Various	Various	Various	-		IT		MS
102	06-07	MA	SI	LA	SC	-	MA	IT	SI	LS
103	07-08	LA	SC	MA	SS	-	SC	IT	SI	MS
200	08-09	Some MA	Some SS	Some LA	Some SI	-	SI	IT	SI	LS
201	09-10	Various + Remaining MA	Various + Remaining SS	Various + Remaining LA	Various + Remaining SI	-	-	IT	SI	MS
202	10-11	LA	SI	MA	SC	MS	MS	IT	SI	LS
203	11-12	MA	SC	LA	SS	LA	SI	IT	SI	MS
301	12-13	LA	SS	MA	SI	MS	MS	IT	SI	LS
302	13-14	MA	SI	-	-	-	-	IT	SI	MS
303	14-15	MA	SC	LA*	SC*	LA	SI	IT	SI	LS

Social and Instructional language (SI); Language of English Language Arts (LA); Language of Math (MA); Language of Science (SC); Language of Social Studies (SS); Integrated Language of Science, Language of Language Arts, and Language of Social Studies (IT); Language of Math and Language of Science (MS); Language of English Language Arts and Language of Social Studies (LS)

The following paragraphs describe annual procedures currently in place that influence the development of future items.

1.4.1 Item Writing and Editing

The initial item writing is done by participants in an online item writing course conducted by CAL. An internal review of the items generated by that course is conducted, and items are chosen for further development based on how well they fit the Standards and PIs, and how different they are in terms of content from the previous year's items. Those items chosen are refined within CAL before undergoing an item content and bias and sensitivity reviews (see Section 1.4.2). Afterward, some items require further revision at CAL before being sent to MetriTech and WIDA central office for final review. Once returned to CAL, they are prepared for the field test.

^{*}Reading not refreshed for 302 because of full refreshment of 302 Listening. New specs for 303 are LA & SC.

1.4.2 Item Content and Bias and Sensitivity Reviews

After items are internally refined, they are reviewed by two panels: a content review panel and a bias and sensitivity review panel. The panels consist of educators from the WIDA Consortium states. Items are first submitted to the content review panel to assure that the content is accessible and relevant to students in the grade-level cluster, and that each item or assessment task matches the model performance indicators from the WIDA ELD Standards that it is intended to assess. After the items are revised based on the comments from the panel members, they are submitted to the bias and sensitivity review panel, which inspects the items for potential bias. For the bias and sensitivity review panel, panelists represent a wide variety of language backgrounds and ethnicities. Based on their recommendations, the items are revised as necessary.

1.4.3 Item Field Testing

All new items are field tested in conjunction with the current year's operational administration. Larger districts from across the WIDA Consortium states are invited to participate on a rotating schedule, and only districts that accept the invitation actually participate in the field test. Field testing occurs in WIDA states across the country immediately after the operational test is administered. Each participating student is administered items in only one domain. The field test is designed to take no more than 15 minutes on the part of any student participant.

For Listening and Reading, several forms of new items are prepared for each grade-level cluster, each containing two folders of new items and one folder of anchor items, in order to understand the difficulty of the new items in relation to the ACCESS for ELLs score scale. Thus, there are a total of three folders (9 items) per form. Within each form, an effort is made to alternate Standards. Thus, one form of the Listening field test might have two MA and one SI folders, while the other form has one MA and two SI folders. For Writing, four tasks are prepared per grade-level cluster: one task at each tier for the year's standard, and one IT task. Students are presented with just one task, when possible at the appropriate tier. For Speaking, two folders of tasks are prepared per grade-level cluster, and each student is presented with both folders.

1.4.4 Item Calibration and Analysis

After the items are field tested, the results are analyzed using a Rasch model to determine their difficulty measure on the ACCESS for ELLs score scale. Items are also analyzed as to all aspects of their functioning (e.g., fit statistics) to determine whether they may be included in the next year's operational form. Only folders of items meeting all technical requirements are placed into the operational form.

1.4.5 DIF Items

Starting with Series 203, two phases of analysis (Phase I and Phase II) for differential item functioning (DIF) are conducted on the operational form while operational testing is still ongoing, in addition to the DIF analysis conducted for the Annual Technical Report. Each item is categorized into three levels of DIF: A, B, or C (Zieky, 1993). An item exhibiting A level DIF shows little or no bias toward a particular group, and an item exhibiting C level DIF is considered to display bias and should be closely examined by test developers.

Phase I is conducted at the same time as equating (see Section 1.3.2) using two sources of data: one, all student data available a week before the equating sample is pulled, called Early Return;

two, the equating sample, called Equating Sample. During Phase I analysis, only ethnicity DIF (Hispanic vs. Non-Hispanic) is investigated. In this phase, items that show high levels of DIF in both data sets are investigated by a team of content experts to determine if any construct-irrelevant factors can be identified that may contribute to DIF. Items which are identified as having construct-irrelevant sources of DIF will not be scored operationally. Two items were identified as having a C-level ethnicity DIF favoring Hispanics in the Early Return data but a A-level DIF favoring Hispanics for the Equating Sample; therefore, no further action was required. For Series 302, no items were unscored because of DIF in Phase I.

Phase II is conducted using all student data available in early May. During Phase II analysis, ethnicity and gender DIF were investigated. As with Phase I, items that show high levels of DIF are investigated by a team of content experts to determine if any construct-irrelevant factors can be identified that may contribute to DIF. Items which are identified as having construct-irrelevant sources of DIF will be removed from the test in the next operational year. For Series 302, one listening item was identified as having C-level ethnicity based DIF, favoring Hispanics; one reading item was identified as having C-level ethnicity based DIF, favoring Non-Hispanics.

For the Annual Technical Report, an ethnicity and gender DIF analysis is conducted using all student data. For Series 302, five items showed DIF. Out of 270 Listening items, two (0.7%) showed C-level DIF based on ethnicity, favoring Hispanics. Out of 342 Reading items, one (0.3%) showed C-level DIF based on ethnicity, favoring Non-Hispanics. Out of 43 Writing tasks, one (2.3%) showed C-level DIF based on ethnicity, favoring Non-Hispanics. Out of 62 Speaking items, one (1.6%) showed C-level DIF based on ethnicity, favoring Hispanics. These items are thoroughly analyzed by the Psychometrics/Research team at CAL to determine the potential sources of DIF. In terms of DIF by ethnicity (Hispanics versus Non-Hispanics), special attention is paid to the presence of Spanish-English cognates or false cognates that may affect student performance. That information is provided to the test development team, which makes necessary revisions to continuing items and keeps a record of such cognates for future reference. The test development team uses this information to guide the item development and review process for future items.

For information on the procedures used to calculate DIF, see Section 5.1.4.

1.5 Reporting of Results

1.5.1 Scale Scores

ACCESS for ELLs scores are reported as both scale scores and proficiency level scores. Scores are given for all four language domains. In addition, four composite scores are given: Oral Language Composite (based on performances in Listening and Speaking), Literacy Composite (based on performances in Reading and Writing), Comprehension Composite (based on performances in Listening and Reading), and Overall Composite (based on performances in all four domains).

Raw scores are converted to scale scores through processes called equating and scaling (see section 1.3.2 for details). These processes allow us to report scores on a standard scale that is familiar to test users and that remains constant across test forms and grade-level clusters. Scale scores range from 100 to 600. Beginning with Series 102, the center point of the scale, 350,

which formerly represented the cut score between Language Proficiency Levels 3 and 4 for the 3–5 grade-level cluster, represents the same cut score for Grade 5 only.

The scores for the four composite scores are calculated using the following weights:

- Oral Language Composite (50% Listening + 50% Speaking)
- Literacy Composite (50% Reading + 50% Writing)
- Comprehension Composite (30% Listening + 70% Reading)
- Overall Composite (15% Listening + 15% Speaking + 35% Reading + 35% Writing).

Figure 1.5.1A depicts the weighting for each of the composite scores. As shown, the Overall Composite is computed using scores from all four domains. Each of the other three composites is shown with the weighting of domains, in terms of the weighting used for the Overall Composite. As the diagram shows, more weighting is given to the literacy skills than to the oral skills for the Overall Composite

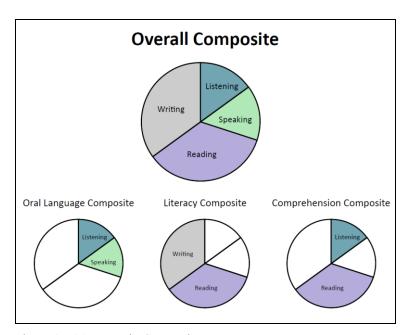


Figure 1.5.1A. Domain Composites

1.5.2 Language Proficiency Level Scores

In addition to the ACCESS scale scores, users of ACCESS also receive proficiency level scores. These scores are *interpretive*; that is, they interpret a student's scale score in terms of the results of the standard setting study. The cut scores between proficiency levels are presented in Tables 1.5.2A—H and reflect the adoption of the grade-level cut scores for Series 102 and beyond, as well as the Instructional and Accountability cut scores adapted for Kindergarten for Series 200 and beyond.

Table 1.5.2A Cut Scores (Listening)

Cut beores (Elistening)	/					
Grades	Domain			Cut		
		1/2	2/3	3/4	4/5	5/6
K (Instructional)	List	175	204	240	279	322
K (Accountability)	List	229	251	278	286	308
1	List	238	267	295	305	330
2	List	247	281	311	324	350
3	List	255	295	325	340	367
4	List	264	307	338	355	383
5	List	274	318	350	368	397
6	List	283	328	359	380	409
7	List	293	337	368	390	418
8	List	302	345	375	399	426
9	List	312	352	381	406	432
10	List	322	358	386	412	436
11	List	332	363	389	416	438
12	List	343	366	391	418	439

Table 1.5.2B Cut Scores (Reading)

Grades	Domain			Cut		
		1/2	2/3	3/4	4/5	5/6
K (Instructional)	Read	121	159	204	228	255
K (Accountability)	Read	238	251	261	274	295
1	Read	253	269	283	294	314
2	Read	267	286	303	312	331
3	Read	279	302	320	328	347
4	Read	291	316	336	343	360
5	Read	302	328	350	355	372
6	Read	312	340	360	366	382
7	Read	321	349	369	375	391
8	Read	329	358	376	382	398
9	Read	336	364	381	387	402
10	Read	341	370	383	390	406
11	Read	346	374	384	392	407
12	Read	350	376	385	393	408

Table 1.5.2C Cut Scores (Writing)

Cut Scores (Witting)						
Grades	Domain			Cut		
		1/2	2/3	3/4	4/5	5/6
K (Instructional)	Writ	145	218	244	269	326
K (Accountability)	Writ	225	259	295	323	350
1	Writ	238	272	308	336	362
2	Writ	251	285	320	348	373
3	Writ	264	297	330	360	384
4	Writ	275	308	340	371	394
5	Writ	287	319	350	381	403
6	Writ	298	329	361	391	412
7	Writ	308	339	371	399	420
8	Writ	318	348	381	408	428
9	Writ	327	356	389	415	435
10	Writ	336	363	397	422	441
11	Writ	344	370	404	428	447
12	Writ	352	377	410	434	452

Table 1.5.2D Cut Scores (Speaking)

Grades	Domain			Cut		
		1/2	2/3	3/4	4/5	5/6
K (Instructional)	Spek	256	285	308	342	365
K (Accountability)	Spek	269	314	343	366	383
1	Spek	278	318	344	367	385
2	Spek	286	322	345	368	386
3	Spek	293	326	346	369	389
4	Spek	299	329	348	371	391
5	Spek	305	333	350	374	394
6	Spek	310	337	353	377	397
7	Spek	314	340	358	380	400
8	Spek	317	344	361	384	404
9	Spek	319	347	366	388	407
10	Spek	321	351	371	393	412
11	Spek	322	354	377	399	416
12	Spek	32 <u>3</u> 2	357	384	405	421

Table 1.5.2ECut Scores (Oral Language Composite)

eut Scores (Grai Language Composite)						
Grades	Domain			Cut		
		1/2	2/3	3/4	4/5	5/6
K (Instructional)	Oral	216	245	274	311	344
K (Accountability)	Oral	249	283	311	326	346
1	Oral	258	293	320	336	358
2	Oral	267	302	328	346	368
3	Oral	274	311	336	355	378
4	Oral	282	318	343	363	387
5	Oral	290	326	350	371	396
6	Oral	297	333	356	379	403
7	Oral	304	339	363	385	409
8	Oral	310	345	368	392	415
9	Oral	316	350	374	397	420
10	Oral	322	355	379	403	424
11	Oral	327	359	383	408	427
12	Oral	333	362	388	412	430

Table 1.5.2FCut Scores (Literacy Composite)

Cut Beeres (Enteracy	eomposite)					
Grades	Domain			Cut		
		1/2	2/3	3/4	4/5	5/6
K (Instructional)	Litr	133	189	224	249	291
K (Accountability)	Litr	232	255	278	299	323
1	Litr	246	271	296	315	338
2	Litr	259	286	312	330	352
3	Litr	272	300	325	344	366
4	Litr	283	312	338	357	377
5	Litr	295	324	350	368	388
6	Litr	305	335	361	379	397
7	Litr	315	344	370	387	406
8	Litr	324	353	379	395	413
9	Litr	332	360	385	401	419
10	Litr	339	367	390	406	424
11	Litr	345	372	394	410	427
12	Litr	351	377	398	414	430

Table 1.5.2GCut Scores (Comprehension Composite)

eut scores (comprehension composite)						
Grades	Domain			Cut		
		1/2	2/3	3/4	4/5	5/6
K (Instructional)	Cphn	138	173	215	244	276
K (Accountability)	Cphn	235	251	266	278	299
1	Cphn	249	268	287	297	319
2	Cphn	261	285	305	316	337
3	Cphn	272	300	322	332	353
4	Cphn	283	313	337	347	367
5	Cphn	294	325	350	359	380
6	Cphn	303	336	360	370	390
7	Cphn	313	345	369	380	399
8	Cphn	321	354	376	387	406
9	Cphn	329	360	381	393	411
10	Cphn	335	366	384	397	415
11	Cphn	342	371	386	399	416
12	Cphn	348	373	387	401	417

Table 1.5.2HCut Scores (Overall Composite)

Cut Scores (Overall Composite)						
Grades	Domain			Cut		
		1/2	2/3	3/4	4/5	5/6
K (Instructional)	Over	158	206	239	268	307
K (Accountability)	Over	237	263	288	307	329
1	Over	249	277	303	321	344
2	Over	261	290	316	335	357
3	Over	272	303	328	347	369
4	Over	283	314	340	359	380
5	Over	293	324	350	369	390
6	Over	302	334	359	379	399
7	Over	311	342	368	386	407
8	Over	319	350	375	394	414
9	Over	327	357	382	400	419
10	Over	333	363	387	405	424
11	Over	340	368	391	409	427
12	Over	34 <u>6</u> 5	372	395	413	430

A proficiency level score consists of a two-digit decimal number (e.g., 4.5). The first digit represents the student's overall language proficiency level range based on the student's scale score. A score of 4.5 indicates that the student is in language proficiency Level 4. The number to the right of the decimal is an indication of the proportion of the range between cut scores that the student's scale score represents. A score of 4.5 tells us that the student's scale score is halfway between the cut scores for Levels 4 and 5.

Unlike ACCESS scale scores, which form an interval scale and are continuous across the grades from K to 12, ACCESS proficiency level scores are, of course, dependent upon which grade a student was in when ACCESS for ELLs was taken. See, for example, the Listening cut scores in Table 1.5.2A. If a child is in Grade 2 and receives a 350 in Listening, that would be a proficiency level score of 6.0; if the child is in Grade 5 and receives a 350 in Listening, that would be 4.0; if the child is in Grade 8 and receives a 350 in Listening, that would be a 3.2; and if a child is in Grade 12 and receives a 350 in Listening, that would be a 2.3. (Note that grade-level-cluster cut scores were used to interpret performances on ACCESS for ELLs for Series 100 and 101. Beginning with Series 102, grade-level cut scores were used.)

Note that because the width between cut scores varies, proficiency level scores should not be considered as forming an interval scale. That is, it cannot be assumed to be the same distance between proficiency level scores of 1.5 and 2.5 as between 2.5 and 3.5. Only scale scores should be used as interval measures. Proficiency level scores are interval within a grade and level (e.g., it is the same distance in grade 3 between 3.1 and 3.2 as between 3.7 and 3.8), but they do not form an interval scale across language proficiency levels.

1.5.3 Results by English Language Development Standards

To provide a more complete picture of a student's performance, raw scores are reported by ELD Standards.

For Comprehension (combined Listening and Reading), the five ELD scores (Social and Instructional language, Language Arts, Mathematics, Science, and Social Studies) are reported as number correct out of maximum possible (e.g., 3 of 8). It should be noted that the absolute number of items that a student sees in any given language proficiency area varies by tier.

For Speaking, ELD scores are reported as raw numbers based on the number of tasks that the student met or exceeded in that standard. The maximum score for Social and Instructional language is 3; the maximum for Language Arts/Social Studies and for Mathematics/Science is 5.

For Writing tasks, three ELD ratings are reported for each of the three or four tasks on the form. The three ratings are for Linguistic Complexity, Vocabulary Usage, and Language Control. Each of these scores can range from 0 to 6.

1.6 Test Administration

1.6.1 Test Administrator Training

To prepare individuals to serve as test administrators, test administrator training for Series 302 was conducted through an online course hosted at www.wida.us. Three certifications were offered to participants: a group test administration certification pertaining to the Listening, Reading, and Writing portions of ACCESS for ELLs; a certification for the Speaking test; and a certification for the Kindergarten test. In order to receive a certification, participants had to pass a quiz.

1.6.2 Test Security

Every effort is made to keep the test secure at all levels of development and administration. CAL and MetriTech follow policies and procedures regarding the security of the test, and every

individual involved in the administration of the test from the district to the classroom level is trained in issues of test security.

1.6.3 Test Accommodations

As a test of developing English language proficiency designed for English language learners, there are no special test accommodations for this group of students. However, if a student also has an IEP, to the extent possible and practical, the recommendations in the student's IEP are to be followed. The extent to which this was successfully accomplished was a local decision during the administration of Series 302.

The WIDA Consortium for the first time ever during the 2011–2012 testing cycle has made available an alternate assessment for ACCESS for ELLs: Alternate ACCESS for ELLs (Alternate ACCESS). Alternate ACCESS is intended only for English language learners who have cognitive disabilities that are severe enough to prevent meaningful participation in the ACCESS for ELLs with accommodations. The results of the Alternate ACCESS operational administration will appear in a separate technical report (forthcoming).

The recommendations regarding physical disabilities, such as deafness or blindness, are available on the WIDA website (http://www.wida.us/get.aspx?id=289) but are being clarified for more standardization

1.7 Scoring

Test booklets are returned to MetriTech, where they are electronically scanned in preparation for scoring. Listening, Reading, and Writing are scored by Metritech. Speaking is locally scored by the test administrator. Details of the scoring methods are described below.

1.7.1 Listening and Reading

In the case of the Listening and Reading tests, all items are selected-response and thus are dichotomously scored as correct or incorrect. Students have entered their answers directly into the test booklets, so each page is scanned into an electronic database.

1.7.2 Writing

Students' responses to the Writing tasks are centrally scored at MetriTech by raters who are trained to follow the WIDA Consortium's Writing Rubric (see 1.7.2.1). The rubric reflects the Performance Level Descriptions of the WIDA ELD Standards and is presented in Table 1.7.2A.

Table 1.7.2A

Performance Level Descriptions of the WIDA ELD Standards

At the given level of English language proficiency, English language learners will process, understand, produce or use:

6 - Reaching	 specialized or technical language reflective of the content area at grade level a variety of sentence lengths of varying linguistic complexity in extended oral or written discourse as required by the specified grade level oral or written communication in English comparable to proficient English peers
5 - Bridging	 specialized or technical language of the content areas a variety of sentence lengths of varying linguistic complexity in extended oral or written discourse, including stories, essays, or reports oral or written language approaching comparability to that of English-proficient peers when presented with grade-level material
4 - Expanding	 specific and some technical language of the content areas a variety of sentence lengths of varying linguistic complexity in oral discourse or multiple, related sentences or paragraphs oral or written language with minimal phonological, syntactic, or semantic errors that do not impede the overall meaning of the communication when presented with oral or written connected discourse with sensory, graphic, or interactive support
3 - Developing	 general and some specific language of the content areas expanded sentences in oral interaction or written paragraphs oral or written language with phonological, syntactic, or semantic errors that may impede the communication, but retain much of its meaning, when presented with oral or written, narrative, or expository descriptions with sensory, graphic, or interactive support
2 - Emerging	general language related to the content areas phrases or short sentences oral or written language with phonological, syntactic, or semantic errors that often impede the meaning of the communication when presented with one to multiple-step commands, directions, questions, or a series of statements with sensory, graphic, or interactive support
1 - Entering	 pictorial or graphic representation of the language of the content areas words, phrases, or chunks of language when presented with one-step commands, directions, WH-, choice, or yes/no questions, or statements with sensory, graphic, or interactive support oral language with phonological, syntactic, or semantic errors that often impede meaning when presented with basic oral commands, direct questions, or simple statement with sensory, graphic or interactive support

The Writing rubric contains expectations for three aspects of Writing that play an important role in determining proficiency level: Linguistic Complexity, Vocabulary Usage, and Language Control. Table 1.7.2B presents the WIDA Consortium's Writing Rubric.

Table 1.7.2B
WIDA Consortium's Writing Rubric for Grades 1-12

Level	Linguistic Complexity	Vocabulary Usage	Language Control
6 Reaching	A variety of sentence lengths of varying linguistic complexity in a single tightly organized paragraph or in well-organized extended text; tight cohesion and organization	Consistent use of just the right word in just the right place; precise Vocabulary Usage in general, specific, or technical language	Has reached comparability to that of English proficient peers functioning at the "proficient" level in state-wide assessments
5 Bridging	A variety of sentence lengths of varying linguistic complexity in a single organized paragraph or in extended text; cohesion and organization	Usage of technical language related to the content area; evident facility with needed vocabulary	Approaching comparability to that of English proficient peers; errors don't impede comprehensibility
4 Expanding	A variety of sentence lengths of varying linguistic complexity; emerging cohesion used to provide detail and clarity	of varying linguistic technical language related to the complexity; emerging content area; lack of needed vocabulary may be occasionally	
3 Developing	Simple and expanded sentences that show emerging complexity used to provide detail	Usage of general and some specific language related to the content area; lack of needed vocabulary may be evident	Generally comprehensible when writing in sentences; comprehensibility may from time to time be impeded by errors when attempting to produce more complex text
2 Emerging	Phrases and short sentences; varying amount of text may be copied or adapted; some attempt at organization may be evidenced	Usage of general language related to the content area; lack of vocabulary may be evident	Generally comprehensible when text is adapted from model or source text, or when original text is limited to simple text; comprehensibility may be often impeded by errors
1 Entering	Single words, set phrases, or chunks of simple language; varying amounts of text may be copied or adapted; adapted text contains original language	Usage of highest frequency vocabulary from school setting and content areas	Generally comprehensible when text is copied or adapted from model or source text; comprehensibility may be significantly impeded in original text

In addition to training in the generic rubric, training is provided to scorers as to expectations for each grade level and for each Writing task. For example, exceptional vocabulary usage in the 1–2 grade-level cluster would not be so exceptional at the 9–12 grade-level cluster. The amount of writing and sophistication of thought at each performance level generally increases with moving up the grade-level clusters. Thus, a single generic rubric rooted in the WIDA ELD Standards lies at the core of the scoring of Writing, but developmental differences between grade-level clusters are part of the additional training that each rater receives.

Scorers are provided anchor papers for each task. Training sets are also created, as well as calibration sets with which scorers are tested during the operational training session. Raters failing to meet standards on the calibration sets are removed from scoring.

In applying the rubric, the following method of scoring Writing is used. First, the Metritech rater determines the language proficiency level that best characterizes the Writing sample (e.g., Level 3). Then, the rater considers whether in any category the Writing displayed any particular weakness (i.e., was lower in one of the three) or displayed any particular strength (i.e., was higher in one of the three categories). Finally, the rater awards three scores, one for each category: a 3-3-3 represents a solid Level 3 writing sample; a 3-3-2 is a low Level 3 writing sample that is a little weaker than expected in its language control; while a 3-4-3 is a high Level 3 writing sample that is a little stronger than expected in its vocabulary usage. The final score is the sum of the three scores; i.e., 9 for a solid Level 3 paper, 8 for a low Level 3 paper, and 10 for a high Level 3 paper.

In calculating an Overall Composite raw score for Writing, results from the different tasks are given different weights. These weights are intended to reflect the amount of writing that each task may be expected to produce. The weightings for the different tasks are as follows:

• Kindergarten: 1-1-1-2-1

• Grades 1–2 Tier A form: 1-1-1-3

• Grades 1–12 Tier B and C forms: 1-2-3

• Grades 3–12 Tier A forms: 1-1-1

For example, for all grades on Tier B and C tests the three tasks are given weights of 1, 2, and 3. Thus, a student who receives scores of 6, 5, and 4 on the three Writing tasks for that test would have an overall writing raw score of 28 ((6*1) + (5*2) + (4*3)).

1.7.2.1 Scoring Procedures for Writing

Scoring of ACCESS for ELLs is handled at the MetriTech scoring facilities in Illinois.

All constructed-response scoring for ACCESS for ELLs is performed utilizing a proprietary online scoring system (*MTscore*). As with all aspects of ACCESS for ELLs, MetriTech's top concern is security of student data and the items and forms eliciting student responses. Some of the strict security measures implemented as part of *MTscore* include:

- All students' identifying or biographical data (including name, ID number, gender, etc.)
 will be stripped from scorer images and will not be included in data transferred into MTscore
- Students' constructed responses will have an untraceable, non-identifying index number
- Item and student response images will be available only through *MTscore* and cannot be accessed by any outside network or saved on any media
- No image or portion of student response image can be printed, with the exception of Master Scorers only needing to print student responses in cases of alert papers.
- Score session access restrictions, requiring scorer login during predetermined times and dates only

With scoring centers located near several universities, MetriTech has a large pool of qualified scoring applicants from which to choose. Applicants must possess a minimum of a bachelor's degree and pass proprietary pre-employment tests found to predict performance. Many have backgrounds in education and are active or retired teachers.

Applicants are required to attend a pre-employment testing session where they review their already completed online application, answer additional questions specific to the project for which they are applying, and complete a series of proprietary pre-employment screening tests that reliably predict scorer performance. Hiring criteria include, but are not limited to, completion of at least a bachelor's degree from an accredited college or university; work experience, particularly teaching or education-related experience; and test scores.

Lead scoring staff members include master scorers and trainers (already on staff at the start of each project), as well as table leaders and senior scorers for each content area (usually assigned to specific projects based on their content qualifications and background). Before scorer training begins, group leaders and senior scorers are trained by master scoring staff so that they are familiar with the rubrics, annotated anchor papers (originally provided by CAL and augmented by senior MetriTech staff each year), training sets, calibration sets, and scoring procedures. MetriTech master scoring staff has been working with scoring protocols for various programs and states for an average of seven years. This core group works closely with the CAL development staff, augmenting originally supplied training materials for each year of ACCESS scoring.

Each potential reader has been selected to train on a particular grade-span. The training process starts with an on-line training session, where each reader will review the rubrics, the elements of analytic scoring, and anchor papers. Each score point on each rubric is defined, and approved examples of student work that meet the criteria for each score point are presented and analyzed. Following this presentation, the readers work through selected modules of sample papers. Each paper in a training module has already been reviewed and scored by the master reader. As the readers finish the training module, their recorded scores and rationales for their scoring are systematically scored. Discrepancies are noted and feedback and additional modules are presented to the reader to provide further training. Finally, each reader is given a post-test module containing sample student responses. The readers score these modules independently, and the final scores that they assign are compared with those assigned by the master reader. Readers need to reach the criterion of 70% exact agreement with the master reader's score to complete training and to be approved to score live test material. This process is repeated for each scorer selected for training. Training sessions utilizing one-on-one on-line interactive modular trainings supported by printed training manuals and master trainer Q&A provide readers by grade-cluster and typically include eight hours of material.

How scorers are supervised during the scoring process.

Group Leaders

- Prioritize work assignments for the scorers in their group for each shift
- Assign scorers work for each shift
- Review completed scoring for their group
- Track scorer attendance

• Monitor decorum within their group

Room Leaders

- Coordinate all Group Leaders on a shift
- Prioritize work assignments for the room for each shift
- Track scorer productivity on each shift
- Monitor decorum for the room

Master Scorers and Trainers

- Complete quality control/scoring checks on all employees on a daily basis, at predetermined rates
- Provide written as well as verbal one-on-one feedback to scorers on a daily basis
- Provide retraining as needed
- Recommend scorer reassignment as needed

For the ACCESS for ELLs constructed-response scoring, papers from each scorer are randomly directed to the group leader for re-checking. If a group leader finds that a scorer's rates fall below the expected standard, the scorer is directed to retraining.

To monitor that the scoring rubric is being applied consistently across scoring sessions, specially prepared calibration sets are routed to each scorer daily. To the scorer, the calibration student images look like regular student responses. However, master scorers have already reviewed each response in these sets, and the master scorer has created a key of expected scores for each sample. Once the scorer completes the set, the scores that he or she assigned are immediately checked against the master key by the system. This approach allows for the immediate detection and correction of scorer drift. Exact agreement levels between the active and master scorer must exceed the standards established for the project (80% exact agreement) or the scorer is locked out of the system until they have successfully completed a retraining with the master scorer.

Twenty percent of all constructed-response items are blindly re-scored by another reader to provide overall inter-rater reliability. This information is kept for future analysis, reporting in the technical report, and reporting to the master scorer, allowing another avenue of feedback to the individual scorers.

1.7.3 Speaking

The Speaking test is administered individually to each test taker. Each task is immediately scored by the administrator while the test is being given. The administration and scoring procedure were designed together to be quite simple to implement. As described previously, the Speaking tasks are designed around the PIs to allow students to demonstrate mastery of the performance level for which the task is designed. After administering each task and listening to the student's responses, the administrator decides whether the student's performance exceeds, meets, or approaches task-level expectations. Specifically, the possible ratings are defined as follows:

Exceeds: The student's performance exceeds task-level expectations in quantity and/or quality.

Meets: The student's performance meets task-level expectations in quantity and quality.

Approaches: The student's performance approaches task-level expectations, but falls short in quantity and/or quality.

No Response: The student's performance is quite inadequate: there is no response, the response is incomprehensible or in a language other than English, or the student is unable to understand the task directions.

Operationally, a score of 1 is given for every task that either meets or exceeds expectations, and a 0 is given for any task that is rated as approaches or no response. The sum of those scores is the total Speaking raw score for that student.

Table 1.7.3A presents the WIDA Consortium's Speaking Rubric, which summarizes the expectations for each task level on the Speaking assessment. These expectations are drawn from the performance level descriptions of the WIDA ELD Standards and are divided into three components (Linguistic Complexity, Vocabulary Usage, and Language Control). The training for test administrators consists of familiarizing them with the tasks at each level and listening to responses to those tasks, determining whether they meet the task-level expectations or not.

1.7.3.1 Training Procedures for Scoring Speaking

The Speaking Test is the only portion of ACCESS for ELLs that the test administrator scores. Test administrators must complete the Speaking Test module of the online ACCESS for ELLs Test Administrator Training and the accompanying quiz. The training focuses on developing the test administrator's ability to conduct the test using standardized testing procedures and to score the test reliably. Test administrators are provided training on test administration procedures such as navigating the test, scores and ratings. To reliably score the test, test administrators are then trained on the Speaking Rubric of the WIDA Consortium (see Table 1.7.3A). Test administrators must study the rubric thoroughly to understand each of the requirements for speech, demonstrating proficiency at each of the different levels. Speaking Rubric training is accomplished by listening to online ACCESS for ELLs Test Administrator Training speech samples. Each sample presents a task targeted at a particular proficiency level to allow test administrators to evaluate the responses against the three criteria described in the rubric for the task. Scores and rationales that are provided for each sample demonstrate how and why a particular score is assigned. To be considered certified to administer the ACCESS for ELLs Grades 1–12 Speaking test, test administrators will then need to take the Speaking test guiz that accompanies the training test module.

Table 1.7.3A WIDA Consortium's Speaking Rubric

Task Level	Linguistic Complexity	Vocabulary Usage	Language Control
1 Entering	Single words, set phrases, or chunks of memorized oral language	Highest frequency vocabulary from school setting and content areas	Generally comprehensible and fluent when using memorized language; communication may be significantly impeded when going beyond the highly familiar
2 Emerging	Phrases, short oral sentences	General language related to the content area; groping for vocabulary when going beyond the highly familiar is evident	Generally comprehensible and fluent when using simple discourse; communication may be impeded by groping for language structures or by phonological, syntactic, or semantic errors when going beyond phrases and short, simple sentences
3 Developing	Simple and expanded oral sentences; responses show emerging complexity used to add detail	General and some specific language related to the content area; may grope for needed vocabulary at times	Generally comprehensible and fluent when communicating in sentences; communication may from time to time be impeded by groping for language structures or by phonological, syntactic, or semantic errors, especially when attempting more complex oral discourse
4 Expanding	A variety of oral sentence lengths of varying linguistic complexity; responses show emerging cohesion used to provide detail and clarity	Specific and some technical language related to the content area; groping for needed vocabulary may be occasionally evident	Generally comprehensible and fluent at all times, though phonological, syntactic, or semantic errors that don't impede the overall meaning of the communication may appear at times; such errors may reflect first language interference
5 Bridging	A variety of sentence lengths of varying linguistic complexity in extended oral discourse; responses show cohesion and organization used to support main ideas	Technical language related to the content area; facility with needed vocabulary is evident	Approaching comparability to that of English proficient peers; errors don't impede communication and may be typical of those an English proficient peer may make

2. An Assessment Use Argument for ACCESS for ELLs: Focus on Assessment Records

Validity is "the degree to which evidence and theory support the interpretations of test scores for proposed uses of tests" (American Educational Research Association, American Psychological Association, & National Council on Measurement in Education [AERA, APA, & NCME], 2014, p. 11). Evaluations of test validity assess whether there is evidence that supports the appropriateness and adequacy of the interpretations and decisions made about test takers on the basis of their performance on a test. This chapter contextualizes the information presented in this Annual Technical Report within an argument-based approach to addressing validity (Bachman & Palmer, 2010; Chapelle, Enright, & Jamieson, 2008; Kane, 2002, 2013; Mislevy, Almond, & Lukas, 2004) for ACCESS for ELLs.

A fully developed validation framework, including an Assessment Use Argument (AUA) (Bachman & Palmer, 2010), consists of several steps (described in Section 2.1 below) that connect test design and administration to intended and actual score interpretation and consequences. This chapter begins the process of developing a complete validation framework for ACCESS for ELLs. This argument-based structure organizes the information in this Annual Technical Report to support claims about Assessment Records (i.e., test scores and proficiency level descriptions collected via ACCESS for ELLs). Specifically, tables and figures from this report are explicitly linked to questions related assessment data. Chapelle, Enright, & Jamieson (2010) support using such a structure to present information to assessment users because "based on an analysis of four points of comparison—framing the intended score interpretation, outlining the essential research, structuring research results into a validity argument, and challenging the validity argument—we conclude that an argument-based approach to validity introduces some new and useful concepts and practices" (p.3). A larger, though yet undocumented (as of 2014), validity argument for the complete assessment from its inception to its consequences is currently under development by WIDA.

The complete validity argument that will be employed to support the use of ACCESS for ELLs will show the path from test design to test taker performance to the uses and interpretations of test scores and the subsequent consequences of test use. This framework is structured around assertions, or claims, about the assessment. The claims are presented as a series of statements that connect some aspect of the assessment process to the intended purposes of the assessment. Evidence for each claim is then organized by the action that is used to ensure each claim, and it includes results from analyses of test data, outside documentation, and other resources. In the complete validation argument, this process of identifying evidence to support claims will encompass the entire testing process, from the commencement of the test design to the consequences of test use (Bachman & Palmer, 2010; Llosa, 2008); Figure 2A shows the process by which evidence supports validation actions, which are used to establish larger claims about ACCESS for ELLs.

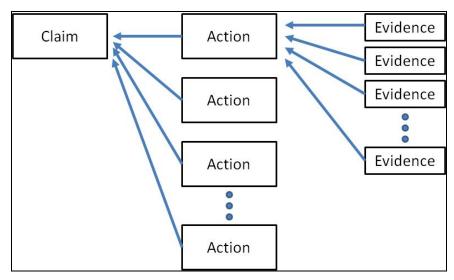


Figure 2A: General Argument Structure for Assessment Validation (simplified from Toulmin, 2003)

2.1 The Generic Validation Framework for ACCESS

The generic validation framework that will be applied to the entire ACCESS for ELLs testing process was developed at the Center for Applied Linguistics (CAL) and is hereafter referred to as CAL's Validation Framework. CAL's Validation Framework, shown in Figure 2.1A, combines models for both test development (i.e., Evidence-Centered Design [Mislevy, Almond, & Lukas, 2004]) and assessment validation (i.e., Bachman and Palmer's (2010) AUA) to cover the assessment development and implementation process from initial conceptualization to the score interpretations and consequences of using the assessment. This framework constantly looks both forward and backward; for example, during the initial *Plan* step (Step 7), test developers state the anticipated decisions and consequences of implementing the assessment program, which are investigated in the *Decisions* step (Step 2) and *Consequences* step (Step 1). Because each subsequent step depends upon the strength of the step below it, the steps are numbered from 7 to 1, with Consequences being the culmination of the previous steps. This structure highlights the fact that any weakness in a lower step affects the steps above it.

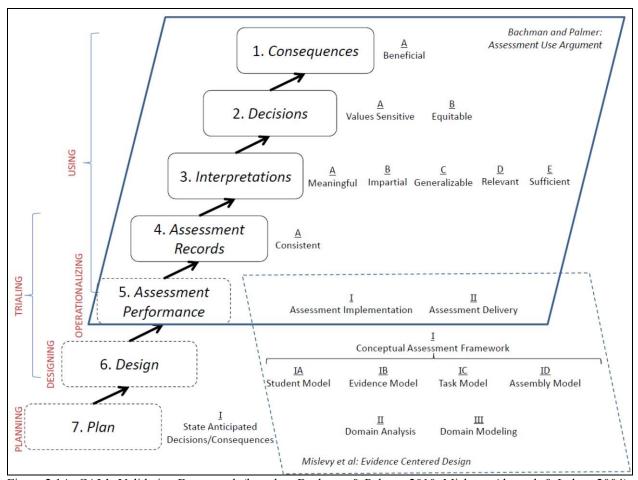


Figure 2.1A: CAL's Validation Framework (based on Bachman & Palmer, 2010; Mislevy, Almond, & Lukas, 2004)

In CAL's Validation Framework, the *Plan* step involves an examination of possible decisions states might make and consequences that might result from the assessment. This leads to the consideration of several models during the *Design* step, where specifications that answer such critical questions as "What are we measuring?" and "How do we measure it?" are developed (Mislevy, Almond, & Lukas, 2004). The subsequent steps of the validation framework highlight the trialing, implementation, and use of the assessment results, beginning with test takers' performance on the assessment (*Assessment Performance*) and continuing through the collection of test scores (*Assessment Records*), interpretations of those test scores (*Interpretations*), decisions made based on the test scores (*Decisions*), and the consequences of test use (*Consequences*).

The WIDA Consortium is using CAL's Validation Framework to present a complete validity argument, which will be updated as needed, for ACCESS for ELLs. To date, information related to Step 4, *Assessment Records*, has been explored and is found in this chapter.

2.2 Focus on Assessment Records

Although the complete validation framework for ACCESS for ELLs contains seven steps (see Figure 2.1A), the data presented in this document cover the Assessment Records step, which is part of Bachman and Palmer's (2010) AUA. By focusing on Assessment Records (i.e., test scores and proficiency level descriptions), the information in the Annual Technical Report will

be used to support claims related to the quality and consistency of the assessment data gathered and analyzed using ACCESS for ELLs. The claims in this step of the AUA all pertain to the general question "How do we know that the reported language domain scores and composite scores on ACCESS for ELLs are consistent and dependable?" Other questions about the development, administration, and outcomes of ACCESS for ELLs will be evaluated in a forthcoming document, currently in development by WIDA.

The diagram in Figure 2.2A shows a visual representation of an argument-based approach for supporting claims related to Assessment Records. The figure shows how the Assessment Records step, Step 4 of the complete validation framework, will fit in the generic validation framework and be expanded into a series of claims and corresponding actions in this chapter of the Annual Technical Report. Evidence in the form of data from this report or other sources will be presented to support these claims as they relate to ACCESS for ELLs.

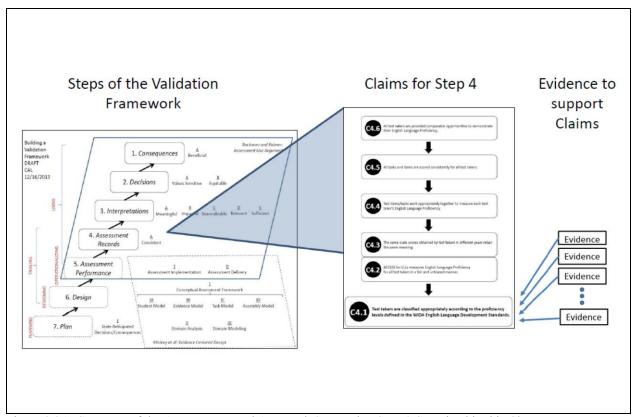


Figure 2.2A: Structure of the Argument-Based Approach Supporting Step 4 Contained in this Chapter

2.2.1 Breakdown of Claims for the *Assessment Records* Produced in the ACCESS for ELLs Assessment Program

The general *Assessment Records* step, Step 4 of the complete ACCESS for ELLs validation framework, is broken down into the following six claims:

- C4.6. All test takers are provided comparable opportunities to demonstrate their English Language Proficiency.
- C4.5. All tasks and items are scored consistently for all test takers.

- C4.4. Test items/tasks work appropriately together to measure each test taker's English Language Proficiency.
- C4.3. The same scale scores obtained by test takers in different years retain the same meaning.
- C4.2. ACCESS for ELLs measures English Language Proficiency for all test takers in a fair and unbiased manner.
- C4.1. Test takers are classified appropriately according to the proficiency levels defined in the WIDA English Language Development Standards.

As shown in Figure 2.2.1A, these claims depend upon each other, again moving from (C4.6) up to (C4.1). Within this organizational structure, each successive claim builds upon the previous one(s) (e.g., ratings are only useful to test developers and stakeholders if all test takers are provided comparable opportunities to demonstrate their proficiency). In the next section, these claims are broken down even further into actions that are taken to ensure the consistency and reliability of the assessment records.

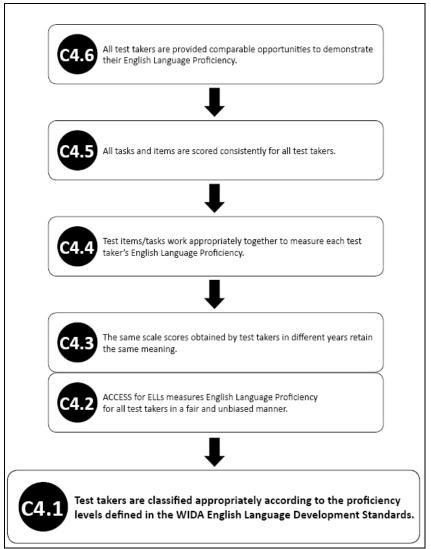


Figure 2.2.1A: Progression of Claims for Step 4: Assessment Records

2.3 Evidence for Assessment Records Claims of ACCESS for ELLs

In this section, evidence in the form of data or other sources (e.g., Test Administration Manuals, other information within this report, etc.) is connected to each of the *Assessment Records* claims via the actions taken to ensure those claims. This section denotes the tables, figures, and external sources that provide evidence related to each action. A summary table of the information presented in this section, including hyperlinks to the detailed description of each table or figure in Chapters 5 and 7 of this Annual Technical Report, is contained in Section 2.4. Information on how to navigate the tables and figures throughout this report is presented in Section 2.5.

Because these claims relate to Step 4 of the overall validation framework, their numbering begins with 4. The second number (after the decimal) denotes the level of the claim within Step 4. This numbering system is used in anticipation of the development of more complete documentation of a validity argument for ACCESS for ELLs, which will be completed by WIDA. Individual actions to ensure each claim are denoted by the final letter (a, b, c, and so on).

Claim 4.6 - All test takers are provided comparable opportunities to demonstrate their English Language Proficiency.

<u>Action 4.6a</u>: Well-specified procedures were developed for test administrators so that they are able to administer the test consistently.

Evidence: Procedures for administering the test and producing reported scores are documented in the ACCESS for ELLs Test Administration Manual (WIDA, 2012a).

<u>Action 4.6b</u>: Test administrators document and report any irregularities that may occur so that appropriate action may be taken.

Evidence: Test administration procedures are documented in the ACCESS for ELLs Test Administration Manual (WIDA, 2012a).

Claim 4.5 – All items and tasks are scored consistently for all test takers.

<u>Action 4.5a</u>: Raters of performance-based tasks undergo thorough training so that they know how to score appropriately.

<u>Evidence</u>: Section 1.7 of this report specifies the scoring procedure for ACCESS for ELLs, with Section 1.7.2 providing information on the Writing domain and Section 1.7.3 explicating the procedure for Speaking tasks. Raters of Writing tasks are trained by MetriTech to follow the Writing rubric (see Table 1.7.2B). Since Speaking tasks are scored locally, raters are trained through an online program on the WIDA website to follow the Speaking rubric (see Table 1.7.3A).

<u>Action 4.5b</u>: Listening and Reading items are scored electronically using a carefully checked key.

<u>Evidence</u>: Section 1.7 of this report specifies the scoring procedure for ACCESS for ELLs. Listening and Reading items are dichotomous and are scored electronically by MetriTech (see Section 1.7.1).

<u>Action 4.5c</u>: Raters of performance-based tasks are certified, demonstrating that they can score appropriately.

<u>Evidence</u>: Section 1.7 of this report specifies the scoring procedure for ACCESS for ELLs. Writing tasks are centrally scored at MetriTech, and all raters are pre-screened and subsequently trained (see Section 1.7.2). Speaking is scored by the test administrator after the completion of training on test administration and on the Speaking rubric (see Section 1.7.3).

<u>Action 4.5d</u>: Raters of Writing tasks are monitored daily to ensure that they are scoring appropriately.

<u>Evidence</u>: MetriTech provides Raters of Writing tasks with specially prepared calibration sets each day to monitor that the scoring rubric is being applied consistently across scoring sessions (see Section 1.7.2.1).

<u>Action 4.5e</u>: Scoring data for Writing tasks are analyzed for rater agreement to understand how closely raters agree.

<u>Evidence</u>: Interrater reliability is calculated for each of the three or four Writing tasks. The percentage of agreement between two raters is calculated in terms of three features (i.e., Linguistic Complexity, Vocabulary Usage, and Language Control). When the two raters agree on a score, this is counted as exact agreement. If the two raters provide feature scores that differ by one point, this is counted as adjacent agreement (see Table 6F for percentages of exact and adjacent agreement).

Claim 4.4 - Test items/tasks work appropriately together to measure each test taker's English Language Proficiency.

<u>Action 4.4a</u>: For each test form (e.g., Reading 6–8B), item and task analyses are performed and psychometric properties of the items and tasks are evaluated to confirm that scores are internally consistent.

<u>Evidence</u>: Reliability and accuracy information based on Classical Test Theory is calculated for each test form (i.e., for each tier within each grade-level cluster). This information includes Cronbach's alpha, which is a measure of internal consistency. Cronbach's coefficient alpha is widely used as an estimate of reliability and expresses how well the items on a test appear to work together to measure the same construct (see Table 6F).

<u>Action 4.4b</u>: For each domain and composite score across tiers, item and task analyses are performed and psychometric properties of the items and tasks are evaluated to confirm that scores are internally consistent.

<u>Evidence</u>: A single reliability estimate, a stratified Cronbach's alpha (Cronbach, Schonemann, & McKie, 1965), is calculated across the three tiers for each domain. Cronbach's alpha indicates the extent to which items work together to measure the same construct. The stratified Cronbach's alpha is an average reliability, and it is used when test takers are administered several related subtests but are then evaluated based on a composite of those subtest scores. Table 8D presents the data used to calculate an estimate of the reliability of the composite scores using a stratified Cronbach's alpha.

<u>Action 4.4c</u>: Analyses of Rasch model fit statistics are conducted to show that individual tasks perform appropriately.

Evidence: The Complete Items Properties table includes information on the Rasch fit statistics for each test item (see Table 6H). These statistics, called outfit mean square and infit mean square statistics, are calculated by comparing the observed empirical data with the values that the Rasch model expects test takers to produce. Infit and outfit statistics indicate any consistently unusual performance in relation to the item's difficulty measure by measuring the degree to which examinees' responses to items deviate from expected responses. Both statistics have an expected value of 1.0. Items with infit and outfit mean square statistics between 0.5 and 1.5 are considered "productive for measurement" (Linacre, 2002). Values between 1.5 and 2.0 are "unproductive for construction of measurement, but not degrading." Values greater than 2.0 might "distort or degrade the measurement system." Values below 0.5 are "less productive for measurement, but not degrading." Infit helps ensure that test takers within range of the targeted proficiency level perform as expected. It is not as sensitive to outliers as Outfit. Outfit can be skewed if test takers with extreme (i.e., high-level or low-level) proficiency do not perform as expected. High infit is a bigger threat to validity, but is more difficult to explain than high outfit (Linacre, 2002). The infit and outfit mean square statistics are part of the evaluation criteria used to select the items and tasks that appear on the final operational forms.

Claim 4.3 - The same scale scores obtained by test takers in different years retain the same meaning.

<u>Action 4.3a</u>: A sufficient number of items and tasks are used as anchor items across adjacent years to maintain a consistent scale from year to year.

<u>Evidence</u>: Each year, while a certain percentage of items on each ACCESS for ELLs test form is refreshed, a number of items and tasks are retained from the previous year's assessment. These retained "anchor items" ensure that performances on the newer form may be interpreted in the same frame of reference as the previous year. For Listening and Reading, a majority of test items are anchor items, while one of three Writing tasks and one of three Speaking folders are retained annually as anchor tasks. Table 6E displays information on the anchor items for each test form.

<u>Action 4.3b</u>: New items and tasks are calibrated with anchor items to ensure that their difficulty measures are on the same consistent scale that is used from year to year.

Evidence: Both new and previously used items and tasks (i.e., anchor items) are included on each test form (see Table 6H for a list of new and anchored test items/tasks).

<u>Action 4.3c</u>: The same scaling equation is applied from year to year to ensure that scale scores are obtained consistently over time.

<u>Evidence</u>: The scaling equation table is used to convert a test taker's ability measure, which is calculated based on test performance using Rasch modeling, into an ACCESS for ELLs scale score (see Table 6D). The same equation is used across all tiers and grade-level clusters within each domain.

Claim 4.2 - ACCESS for ELLs measures English Language Proficiency for all test takers in a fair and unbiased manner.

<u>Action 4.2a</u>: Differential item functioning (DIF) analyses are conducted to determine whether any items or tasks may be biased against certain subgroups.

<u>Evidence</u>: The Item/Task Analysis Summary provides a summary of the findings of the DIF analyses, which look for measurement bias in test items (see Table 6G). Analyses search for bias in contrasting groups based on gender (male versus female) and ethnicity (Hispanic versus non-Hispanic). This table shows the number of items that favored one group or the other at all levels of DIF.

The Complete Items Properties table includes more detailed information on the DIF analyses, showing the degree of measurement bias for each item and which group is favored (ATR Table 6H). Each item is categorized into three levels of DIF: A, B, or C (Zieky, 1993). An item exhibiting A level DIF shows little or no evidence of bias toward a particular group, an item exhibiting B level DIF is displays a moderate amount of bias, and an item exhibiting C level DIF is considered to display considerable evidence for potential bias and should be closely examined by test developers to identify any construct irrelevant factors that may contribute to DIF.

<u>Action 4.2b</u>: Items that show evidence of DIF are carefully reviewed so that any that indicate bias are not used for scoring and are removed from future test forms.

<u>Evidence</u>: As described in Chapter 1.4.5 (*DIF Items*), ethnicity and gender DIF analyses are conducted using all test taker data. Information on DIF is gathered at different points in the testing cycle and is provided to the test development team. The test development team uses this information to guide the item development and review process for future items.

Claim 4.1 - Test takers are classified appropriately according to the proficiency levels defined in the WIDA English Language Development Standards.

<u>Action 4.1a</u>: Distributions of scale scores and proficiency levels for each domain are analyzed to confirm that ACCESS for ELLs effectively measures the performance of test takers across the range of English Language Proficiency levels as defined by the WIDA English Language Development (ELD) Standards.

<u>Evidence</u>: The distribution of test takers' raw scores on ACCESS for ELLs, organized by individual test form (e.g., Reading 3–5B), shows the extent to which ACCESS for ELLs effectively measures the performance of test takers across the range of ELD abilities that each form was designed to assess (see Table 6A; see Figure 6A).

The distribution of test takers' scale scores on ACCESS for ELLs, organized by test form (e.g., Reading 3–5B), shows that ACCESS for ELLs effectively measures the performance of test takers across the range of ELD abilities that each form was designed to assess (see Table 6B; see Figure 6B).

The proficiency level distribution of test takers' scores on ACCESS for ELLs, organized by individual test form (e.g., Reading 3–5B), shows that ACCESS for ELLs effectively measures the performance of test takers across the range of proficiency levels that each form was designed to assess (see Table 6C; see Figure 6C).

The Raw Score to Proficiency Level Score table shows the interpretive proficiency level score associated with each raw score (see Table 6J). This distribution of scores shows that ACCESS for ELLs effectively measures the performance of test takers across the range of proficiency levels that each form was designed to assess.

The Test Characteristic Curve for each test form graphically shows the relationship between test takers' ability measure (which is calculated based on test performance using Rasch modeling) on the horizontal axis and the expected raw scores on the vertical axis (see Figure 6D). Five vertical lines indicate the five cut scores for the highest grade in the cluster, dividing the figure into six sections for each of the six WIDA proficiency levels. The curve shows that higher expected raw scores are required to be placed into higher language proficiency levels.

<u>Action 4.1b</u>: Distributions of scale scores and proficiency levels, organized by grade-level cluster, are analyzed to confirm that ACCESS for ELLs effectively measures the performance of test takers across the range of English Language Proficiency levels as defined by the WIDA English Language Development (ELD) Standards.

<u>Evidence</u>: The distribution of test takers' scale scores on ACCESS for ELLs, organized by grade-level cluster, shows that ACCESS for ELLs effectively measures the performance of test takers across the range of ELD abilities as described by the WIDA ELD Standards (see Table 8A; see Figure 8A).

The proficiency level distribution of test takers' scores on ACCESS for ELLs, organized by grade-level cluster, shows that ACCESS for ELLs effectively measures the performance of test takers across the range of proficiency levels as defined by the WIDA ELD Standards (see Table 8B; see Figure 8B).

The Test Characteristic Curve reflects test takers' mean raw scores by domain on ACCESS for ELLs across the entire test for Kindergarten and across the three tiers for the other grade-level clusters (see Figure 8C). It also graphically illustrates how the tiers differ in difficulty, showing that ACCESS for ELLs effectively captures a range of ELD ability levels. Tier A is represented by a dotted curve, Tier B by a light solid curve, and Tier C by a dark solid curve. As shown, Tier B is more difficult than Tier A, and Tier C is more difficult than Tier B.

<u>Action 4.1c</u>: For each test form, analyses are run to confirm that English Language Proficiency is measured with high precision at the cut points pertinent to each tier.

<u>Evidence</u>: The Test Information Function graphically shows how well the test is measuring across the ability measure spectrum, which is calculated based on test performance using Rasch modeling (see Figure 6E). High values indicate more accuracy in measurement. Test forms for different tiers are designed to measure most accurately at certain proficiency levels (i.e., PL1 through PL3 for Tier A, PL2 through PL4 for Tier B, and PL3 and up for Tier C), and the expected peak of the distribution occurs within the desired range of the cut scores.

In the Raw Score to Scale Score Conversion Chart, the proficiency level associated with each raw score shows the distribution of proficiency level scores associated with each raw score/scale score for each grade in the cluster, along with the percentage of test takers in that grade who scored at that raw score/scale score/proficiency level score (see Table 6I). Additionally, this table presents the conditional standard error for each scale score, along with the upper and lower bound of the scale scores within this standard error of measurement. This value indicates how accurately or precisely the test is measuring test takers at a particular ability level by estimating the error measurement at each score point. Because there is usually more information about test takers with scores in the middle of the score distribution on each form, the conditional standard error values are usually smallest and scores are more reliable in that region of the score distribution.

<u>Action 4.1d</u>: Across domains, analyses are run to confirm that English Language Proficiency is measured with high precision at the cut points pertinent to each tier.

<u>Evidence</u>: The conditional standard error of measurement provides information on how precisely test takers' performances on ACCESS for ELLs are measured at the cut points between language proficiency levels. These cut points are critical because they are the points at which decisions are made about test taker placements. Because the cut points depend on the grade level, information for each domain is provided for each grade level within the cluster. From Table 8C, it is possible to examine how well the different tiers measure the English Language Proficiency of test takers at the appropriate proficiency level cut scores (i.e., PL1 through PL3 for Tier A, PL2 through PL4 for Tier B, and PL3 and up for Tier C).

The Test Information Function reflects the precision of measurement by graphically presenting the standard error of measurement across tiers for grade-level clusters (see Figure 8D). Tier A is represented by a dotted curve, Tier B by a light solid curve, and Tier C by a dark solid curve. As shown, Tier B is more difficult than Tier A, and Tier C is more difficult than Tier B. As in Figure C, the cut scores at the highest grade in each cluster are indicated by vertical lines. These lines make it easy to see that the test forms for different tiers measure most accurately at the proficiency levels they are meant to capture.

<u>Action 4.1e</u>: Classification and accuracy analyses are conducted by grade level to confirm that proficiency level classifications are reliable for all domain and composite scores.

<u>Evidence</u>: Information related to the accuracy of test takers' proficiency-level classifications is presented in multiple ways (see Table 8E). A separate table is provided for each grade level in a cluster. The table provides overall indices related to the accuracy and consistency of

classification. These indices indicate the percent of all test takers who would be classified into the same language proficiency level by both the administered test and either the true score distribution (accuracy) or a parallel test (consistency). Cohen's kappa, which is a statistical measure of interrater agreement between two raters that takes chance agreement between raters into account, is also presented. A kappa value of 1 indicates complete agreement between the two raters, while a kappa value of 0 indicates no agreement other than what would be expected by chance. Table 8E also shows accuracy and consistency information conditional on level and provides indices of classification accuracy and consistency at the cut points.

2.4 Summary of Assessment Records Claims, Actions, and Evidence

Table 2.4ASummary of *Assessment Records* Claims, Actions, and Evidence

Claim	Actions	Evidence
6. All test takers are provided comparable opportunities to demonstrate their	a. Well-specified procedures were developed for test administrators so that they are able to administer the test consistently.	a. Test Administration Manual
English Language Proficiency.	b. Test administrators document and report any irregularities that may occur so that appropriate action may be taken.	b.Test Administration Manual
5. All items and tasks are scored consistently for all test takers.	a. Raters of performance-based tasks undergo thorough training so that they know how to score appropriately.	a. <u>Chapter 1.7.2 (Scoring - Writing);</u> <u>Chapter 1.7.3 (Scoring - Speaking)</u>
	b.Listening and Reading items are scored electronically onsite at MetriTech.	b. <u>Chapter 1.7.1 (Scoring - Listening</u> and Reading)
	c. Raters are of performance-based tasks are certified, demonstrating that they can score appropriately.	c. <u>Chapter 1.7.2 (Scoring - Writing)</u> ; <u>Chapter 1.7.3 (Scoring - Speaking)</u>
	d. Raters of Writing tasks are monitored daily to ensure that they are scoring appropriately.	d. Chapter 1.7.2.1 (Scoring Procedures for Writing)
	e. Scoring data for Writing tasks are analyzed for rater agreement to understand how closely raters agree.	e. <u>Table 6F</u> (<i>Reliability</i>)
4. Test items/tasks work appropriately together to measure each test taker's English Language Proficiency.	a. For each test form (e.g., Reading 6-8B), item and task analyses are performed and psychometric properties of the items and tasks are evaluated to confirm that scores are internally consistent.	a. Table 6F (Reliability)
	b. For each domain and composite score across tiers, item and task analyses are performed and psychometric properties of the items and tasks are evaluated to confirm that scores are internally consistent.	b. Table 8D (Reliability)
	c. Analyses of Rasch model fit statistics are conducted to show that individual tasks perform appropriately	c. <u>Table 6H</u> (Complete Item Analysis)

3. The same scale scores obtained by test takers in different years retain the same	a. A sufficient number of items and tasks are used as anchor items across adjacent years to maintain a consistent scale from year to year.	a. <u>Table 6E</u> (Equating Summary)
meaning.	b. New items and tasks are calibrated with anchor items to ensure that their difficulty measures are on the same consistent scale that is used from year to year.	b. Table 6D (Scaling Equation)
	c. The same scaling equation is applied from year to year to ensure that scale scores are obtained consistently over time.	c. <u>Table 6H</u> (Complete Item Analysis)
2. ACCESS for ELLs	a. Differential item functioning (DIF) analyses	a. Table 6H (Complete Item Analysis);
measures English Language Proficiency for all test takers in a	are conducted to determine whether any items or tasks are biased against certain subgroups.	Table 6G (Item/Task Analysis Summary)
fair and unbiased	b.Items that show evidence of DIF are carefully	b. Chapter 1.4.5 (DIF Items)
manner.	reviewed so that any that indicate bias are not	o. enapter 1.1.0 (BIT Items)
mamer.	used for scoring and are removed from future	
	test forms.	
1 Toot toloom one		a Figure (A (D Carner) & Talala (A
1. Test takers are classified appropriately according to the proficiency levels defined in the WIDA English Language Development Standards.	a. Distributions of scale scores and proficiency levels for each domain are analyzed to confirm that ACCESS for ELLs effectively measures the performance of test takers across the range of English Language Proficiency levels as defined by the WIDA English Language Development Standards.	a. Figure 6A (Raw Scores) & Table 6A (Raw Score Descriptive Statistics); Figure 6B (Scale Scores) & Table 6B (Scale Score Descriptive Statistics); Figure 6C (Proficiency Level) & Table 6C (Proficiency Level Distribution); Table 6J (Raw Score to Proficiency Level Score Conversion Chart); Figure 6D (Test Characteristic Curve)
	b. Distributions of scale scores and proficiency levels, organized by grade-level cluster, are analyzed to confirm that ACCESS for ELLs effectively measures the performance of test takers across the range of English Language Proficiency levels as defined by the WIDA English Language Development Standards.	b. Figure 8A (Scale Scores) & Table 8A (Scale Score Descriptive Statistics); Figure 8B (Proficiency Level) & Table 8B (Proficiency Level Distribution); Figure 8C (Test Characteristic Curve)
	c. For each test form, analyses are run to confirm that English Language Proficiency is measured with high precision at the cut points pertinent to each tier.	c. Figure 6E (Test Information Function); Table 6I (Raw Score to Scale Score Conversion Chart)
	d. Across domains, analyses are run to confirm that English Language Proficiency is measured with high precision at the cut points pertinent to each tier.	d. <u>Table 8C</u> (Conditional Standard Error of Measurement) & Figure 8D (Test Information Function)
	e. Classification and accuracy analyses are conducted by grade-level to confirm that proficiency level classifications are reliable for all domain and composite scores.	e. <u>Table 8E</u> (Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices)

2.5 Visual Guide to Tables and Figures

This section provides navigational support for the tables and figures contained in the ACCESS for ELLs Annual Technical Report. The Visual Guide to Tables and Figures, shown in Figures 2.5.1 through 2.5.3, serves as a resource to quickly identify which table and/or figure to look for when seeking specific information based on grade, grade-level cluster, tier, and demographic characteristics, such as state, gender, and ethnicity and race, as well as domains and domain composites.

To use the Visual Guide to Tables and Figures as a navigational tool, click on the links in Figures 2.5.1 through 2.5.3 to navigate to the selected tables and figures in the Annual Technical Report. A link is provided at the end of each section in Chapters 4, 6, and 8. Detailed descriptions of the information in each of the tables and figures is included in the preceding chapters (i.e., Chapter 5 contains information on tables and figures in Chapter 6, and Chapter 7 contains information on tables and figures in Chapter 8). These descriptions may be accessed through links in Table 2.4A Summary of Assessment Records Claims, Actions, and Evidence.

Figure 2.5.1 displays the tables in Chapter 4 that provide information on participation, scale score, and proficiency level results, as well as results by standard. The key in the upper left corner of the figure describes the tables contained in each section of the chapter. For example, tables in Section 4.1 contain information about participation. To find specific information in Chapter 4, select the Grade or Grade Cluster tab, Domain or Tier tab, and then choose from three categories: Demographic Characteristics, Domain Composites, or Domains. Within each of these categories, several additional options organize information so that individual tables can be accessed. For example, to find a table that displays information on the number of female Grade 2 students who completed the Speaking section, refer to Figure 2.5.1 and complete the following steps: one, select Grade; two, select Domains; three, select Demographic Characteristics; four, select Gender. The information is found in Table 4.2.2.2. Click on 4.2.2.2 to go to the appropriate table in Chapter 4.

Figure 2.5.2 displays the sections in Chapter 6 that contains analyses for each ACCESS for ELLs test form by grade-level cluster, tier, and domain. The key above the figure describes specific information in each table and figure. For example, to find the Reliability table for Grade-level Cluster 9–12C in the Reading domain, refer to Figure 2.5.2 and complete the following steps: one, select Grade Cluster 9–12; two, select Tier C; three, select Reading under Domains. Information for 9–12C Reading is shown in section 6.5.2.3. Finally, look at the key that explains that reliability information is located in table F. The result is Table 6.5.2.3F. Click on 6.5.2.3 to go to the appropriate section, and then locate Table F.

Figure 2.5.3 displays the sections in Chapter 8 that contain analyses across tiers, organized by grade-level cluster, domain composites, and domains. The key above the figure describes the specific information in each table and figure. For example, to find the Conditional Standard Error of Measurement table for Grade-level Cluster 6–8 in the Writing domain, refer to Figure 2.5.3 and complete the following steps: one, select Grade Cluster 6–8; two, select Domain; three, select Writing. Information for 6–8 Writing is shown in section 8.5.3. Finally, look at the key and find Conditional Standard of Error Measurement table. The result is 8.5.3C. Click on 8.5.3 to go to the appropriate section, and then locate Table C.

2.5.1 Chapter 4 Visual Guide to Tables and Figures

			Tes	t Form Ch	naracterist	ics	
	Participation Cale Score Results						
20000	Proficiency Level Results		Grade		Grade	e-Level Cl	uster
1000	Results by Standard		E			<u>_</u>	
		Tier	Domain		Tier	Domain	
			ă		ALC: N	ă	
ohic	State			4.1.2.1			4.1.1.1
Demographic Characteristics	Gender		4.2.2.2	4.1.2.2	4.1.3.3	4.2.1.2	4.1.1.2
Char	Ethnicity and Race		4.2.2.3	4.1.2.3	4.1.3.4	4.2.1.3	4.1.1.3
	Overall	4.3.8.2	4.3.8.3		4.3.8.1		
Domain Composites	Oral Language	4.3.5.2	4.3.5.3		4.3.5.1		
Don	Literacy	4.3.6.2	4.3.6.3		4.3.6.1		
	Comprehension	4.3.7.2	4.3.7.3		4.3.7.1	4.4.	1.1
	Across All Domains	4.1.3.2	4.2	.2.1	4.1.3.1	4.2. 4.2	
SI	Listening	4.3.1.2	4.3.1.3		4.3.1.1		
Domains	Reading	4.3.2.2	4.3.2.3		4.3.2.1		
	Writing	4.3.3.2		.3.3	4.3.3.1	4.4.	2.1
	Speaking	4.3.4.2	4.3.4.3 4.4.3.2		4.3.4.1	4.4.3.1	

Figure 2.5.1 Chapter 4 Visual Guide to Tables and Figures

2.5.2 Chapter 6 Visual Guide to Tables and Figures

Table A and Figure A	Raw Score Information		
Table B and Figure B	Scale Score Information		
Table C and Figure C	Proficiency and Distribution		
Table D	Scaling Equation Table		
Table E	Equating Summary		
Figure D	Test Characteristic Curve		
Figure E	Test Information Function		
Table F	Reliability		
Table G	Item/Task Analysis Summary		
Table H	Complete Item Analysis Table		
Table I	Complete Raw Score to Scale Score Conversion Table		
Table J	Raw Score to Proficiency Level Score Conversion		

				Dom	nains	
			Listening	Reading	Writing	Speaking
	K		6.1.1	6.1.2	6.1.3	6.1.4
		A	6.2.1.1	6.2.2.1	6.2.3.1	
[1-2	В	6.2.1.2	6.2.2.2	6.2.3.2	6.2.4
Tier		С	6.2.1.3	6.2.2.3	6.2.3.3	
and		A	6.3.1.1	6.3.2.1	6.3.3.1	
ster	3-5	В	6.3.1.2	6.3.2.2	6.3.3.2	6.3.4
Clu		С	6.3.1.3	6.3.2.3	6.3.3.3	
Grade-Level Cluster and Tier		A	6.4.1.1	6.4.2.1	6.4.3.1	
de-L	6-8	В	6.4.1.2	6.4.2.2	6.4.3.2	6.4.4
Gra		С	6.4.1.3	6.4.2.3	6.4.3.3	
		A	6.5.1.1	6.5.2.1	6.5.3.1	
\		В	6.5.1.2	6.5.2.2	6.5.3.2	6.5.4
		С	6.5.1.3	6.5.2.3	6.5.3.3	

Figure 2.5.2 Chapter 6 Visual Guide to Tables and Figures

2.5.3 Chapter 8 Visual Guide to Tables and Figures

Table A and Figure A	Scale Score Information
Table B and Figure B	Proficiency Level Information
Table C and Figures C and D	Conditional Standard Error Measurement
Table D	Reliability Information
Table E	Accuracy and Consistency of Classification

		Grade-Level Cluster						
		К	1-2	3-5	6-8	9-12		
	Overall	8.1.8	8.2.8	8.3.8	8.4.8	8.5.8		
Domain Composites	Oral Language	8.1.5	8.2.5	8.3.5	8.4.5	8.5.5		
Don	Literacy	8.1.6	8.2.6	8.3.6	8.4.6	8.5.6		
	Comprehension	8.1.7	8.2.7	8.3.7	8.4.7	8.5.7		
	Listening	8.1.1	8.2.1	8.3.1	8.4.1	8.5.1		
Domains	Reading	8.1.2	8.2.2	8.3.2	8.4.2	8.5.2		
Dom	Writing	8.1.3	8.2.3	8.3.3	8.4.3	8.5.3		
	Speaking	8.1.4	8.2.4	8.3.4	8.4.4	8.5.4		

3. Descriptions of Student Results

Chapter 3 provides a description of the tables that appear in Chapter 4.

3.1 Participation

Participation in ACCESS for ELLs is shown in three ways: grade-level cluster; grade, and tier.

3.1.1 Grade-Level Cluster

Section 4.1.1 gives information on participation by *grade-level cluster*.

Table 4.1.1.1 shows participation across the 33 WIDA states that participated in the operational testing program in 2013–2014. The first row shows the grade-level cluster, the next 33 rows show the number of students in that grade-level cluster who took the test, by state, and the final row shows the total number of participants across all 33 states.

Table 4.1.1.2 shows participation by cluster by gender across all 33 states combined, while Table 4.1.1.3 shows participation by cluster by ethnicity across all 33 states.

3.1.2 Grade

Section 4.1.2 gives similar data as in the previous section, but broken out by *grade* rather than by grade-level cluster.

3.1.3 Tier

Finally, Section 4.1.3 gives participation by *tier*.

Table 4.1.3.1 shows this information by cluster, tier, and domain. Because, for example, Listening in the 1–2 grade-level cluster for Tier A represents a specific test form, this table indicates how many students took each test form. Note that because Speaking is not administered by tiers, the total number shows how many took that cluster's Speaking test.

Table 4.1.3.2 shows the same information, but by grade rather than by grade-level cluster.

Table 4.1.3.3 shows the breakdown by grade-level cluster and tier for gender. When reviewing data on DIF in Chapter 6, it may be useful to refer to these tables to understand the size of the comparison groups on each form.

Table 4.1.3.4 shows the same information for ethnicity (Hispanic vs. Non-Hispanic). Consortium member states use the Census Bureau categories for student ethnicity. Again, this data may be useful when reviewing analyses of DIF in tables G and H in Chapter 6.

Note that in some circumstances there was a mismatch between a student's reported grade and the reported cluster of the test the student took (for example, a student who was reported to be in Kindergarten but who was administered a test in the 1–2 grade-level cluster). In all, 334 students were administered a test form from a cluster other than the grade in which they were reported to be. Table 3.1 below shows the number of students in each grade who were administered out-of-grade-level tests, and the test form that they were administered. The data for these students was eliminated from all analyses in this report.

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Table 3.1Students Excluded from Analysis due to Grade/Cluster Mismatch

Grade/Cluster Tier	K	1-2A	1-2B	1-2C	3-5A	3-5B	3-5C	6-8A	6-8B	6-8C	9-12A	9-12B	9-12C	Total
K		40	23	13	4	3	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	86
1	0				6	6	4	1	0	0	0	0	1	18
2	0				8	18	8	0	0	0	0	1	0	35
3	0	20	37	18				0	1	0	0	0	0	76
4	0	3	3	2				0	0	1	1	0	0	10
5	0	3	2	1				3	22	8	0	0	0	39
6	0	0	1	0	13	12	8				0	1	0	35
7	0	0	0	0	0	3	0				1	0	0	4
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				2	9	3	14
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	3				15
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				0
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				0
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1				2
Total	0	66	66	34	31	42	21	7	33	13	6	11	4	334

(Note that the apparent number of Kindergarten students reported as taking tests in the higher grade-level clusters is at least in part spurious. In some states, when a grade level has not been defined for a student before the identification labels for the operational test are sent out, the "Grade" field is filled in with a placeholder of 0, the same code that is used for Kindergarten. If that information is never updated, the grade for the operational data is recorded as Kindergarten. Thus, many of the students who are reported here as Kindergarten students taking tests from higher grade-level clusters may in fact be students for whom the grade level was never defined.)

3.2 Scale Score Results

3.2.1 Mean Scale Scores Across Domain and Composite Scores Section

4.2.1 shows mean (average) scale scores by *grade-level cluster* across the eight scores awarded on ACCESS, first for the four domains (Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing) and then for the four composites (Oral Language, Literacy, Comprehension, and Overall). In this section, under each average, the number of students in each group is also given.

Table 4.2.1.1 shows mean scale scores by grade-level cluster, while Table 4.2.1.2 shows the same information broken down by gender, and Table 4.2.1.3 shows the same information broken down by ethnicity and race. In 2010, the Census Bureau introduced a new approach to reporting race and ethnicity. Previously, race and ethnicity had been a single category with six values (Hispanic, Asian/Pacific Islander/Hawaiian, Black/African American, American Indian/Alaskan Native, White - Non Hispanic, and Multi-racial/Other). Under the new approach, ethnicity has become a binary category (Hispanic or Non-Hispanic), with five categories for race (American Indian/Alaskan Native, Asian, Black/African American, Pacific Islander/Hawaiian, and White) that are not mutually exclusive. Thus, for example, Student A may be labeled as Hispanic for ethnicity and Asian for race, while Student B may be labeled as Non-Hispanic for ethnicity and both American Indian/Alaskan Native and Black/African American for race. Starting with Series 202, students who are labeled as Hispanic are included in the Hispanic (Of Any Race) category, regardless of how many racial categories that they are included in. Students who are identified as one of the racial categories (e.g., Asian) and have not been identified as Hispanic are identified in only one racial category; if they are identified in more than one racial category, and have not been identified as Hispanic, then they are labeled Non-Hispanic Multi-racial.

Section 4.2.2 shows the mean scale scores broken down by *grade* rather than by grade-level cluster. Table 4.2.2.1 shows mean scale scores by grade, while Table 4.2.2.2 shows the same information broken down by gender, and Table 4.2.2.3 shows the same information broken down by ethnicity and race.

3.2.2 Correlations

Tables 4.2.3A through 4.2.3E show correlations among the four domain scale scores by grade-level clusters across all tiers, as well as the number of students included in each correlation. Table 4.2.3A shows the results for Kindergarten, Table 4.2.3B shows the results for the 1–2 grade-level cluster, Table 4.2.3C shows the results for the 3–5 grade-level cluster, Table 4.2.3D shows the results for the 6–8 grade-level cluster, and Table 4.2.3E shows the results for the 9–12 grade-level cluster. Beginning with Series 101, caps were placed on students taking Tier A and Tier B test forms in Listening and Reading. This capping of scores may raise the correlation between those two scores, while decreasing the correlation of those two scores with Speaking

and Writing. Note, all correlations in Tables 4.2.3A through 4.2.3E are significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed).

3.3 Proficiency Level Results

Proficiency level results show the distribution of students falling into the six language proficiency levels outlined by the WIDA ELD Standards. The results are presented in eight subsections by count and percentage:

- 4.3.1 Listening
- 4.3.2 Reading
- 4.3.3 Writing
- 4.3.4 Speaking
- 4.3.5 Oral Language Composite
- 4.3.6 Literacy Composite
- 4.3.7 Comprehension Composite
- 4.3.8 Overall Composite

Within each section, results are first presented by *grade-level cluster* and tier in Section 4.3.*.1 (note that the * indicates a subsection variable). Tables 4.3.*.1A shows the number of students who were classified into each language proficiency level, while Table 4.3.*.1B shows the percent of students (within each row) classified into each language proficiency category. These tables clearly show the effect of the capping of scores on Tier A and Tier B for Listening and Reading.

Following the presentation by tier and cluster, results are presented by *grade* and tier in Section 4.3.*.2. Again, the first table in this section shows the number of students classified into each language proficiency level, while the second table shows the results in terms of percentages within each row.

Finally, in Section 4.3.*.3, results are presented by *grade alone*, that is, without the tiers. Again, the first table shows the number of students classified into each language proficiency level, while the second table shows the results in terms of percentages within each row.

3.4 Mean Raw Score Results by Standards

The tables in this section show information on mean raw score results by the five WIDA ELD Standards. These results are in terms of raw scores (i.e., the number of correct responses in Listening/Reading or Speaking or the points on the Writing rubric). Note that scores for Kindergarten students were not categorized by Standard; therefore, these tables include information only for grades 1–12.

3.4.1 Comprehension Composite

Section 4.4.1 shows the results for Comprehension (combined Listening and Reading items). The first section (4.4.1.1) shows results by *grade-level cluster*, while the second section (4.4.1.2) shows the results by *grade*. Within each table, the third column shows the Standard (Social and Instructional Language, Language of Language Arts, Language of Math, Language of Science,

and Language of Social Studies). The fourth column shows the maximum possible raw score by Standard, the fifth column shows the mean raw score, and the sixth column shows the mean raw score as a percentage of the maximum.

3.4.2 Writing

Section 4.4.2 shows the results for Writing. Again, the first section (4.4.2.1) shows results by *grade-level cluster*, while the second section (4.4.2.2) shows the results by *grade*. Within each table, the third column shows the Standard (Social and Instructional Language, Language of Language Arts/Social Studies, and Language of Mathematics/Science). The next three columns show the mean raw scores (out of a maximum of 6) of the three sub scores for the Writing test: Linguistic Complexity, Vocabulary Usage, and Language Control. The seventh column shows the total mean raw score for each Standard (out of a maximum of 18). The final column shows the mean raw score as a percentage of the maximum possible score.

3.4.3 Speaking

Finally, Section 4.4.3 presents the results for Speaking. As in the previous sections, the first section (4.4.3.1) shows results by *grade-level cluster*, while the second section (4.4.3.2) shows the results by *grade*. Note that the Speaking assessment itself is adaptive but not tiered. Student results are categorized here by tier according to the tier of the group-administered assessment that they took. Within each table, the third column shows the Standard (Social and Instructional Language, Language of Language Arts/Social Studies, and Language of Mathematics/Science). The fourth column shows the maximum possible score, the fifth columns shows the mean raw score, and the sixth column shows the mean raw score as a percentage of the maximum possible score.

4. Student Results

4.1 Participation

4.1.1 Participation by Grade-level Cluster

4.1.1.1 By State

Table 4.1.1.1 Participation by Cluster by State S302

			Cluster			
State	K	1-2	3-5	6-8	9-12	Total
AK	1,569	3,560	4,063	2,924	2,884	15,000
AL	3,762	6,298	3,651	2,105	1,972	17,788
CO	12,525	25,972	30,932	21,189	16,576	107,194
DC	1,149	1,793	1,194	852	1,024	6,012
DE	1,792	2,915	1,854	888	923	8,372
GA	17,917	33,137	23,045	10,822	8,223	93,144
HI	2,456	3,947	3,777	2,985	3,477	16,642
IL	30,799	60,513	45,318	22,284	17,475	176,389
KY	3,280	6,244	5,038	2,898	2,712	20,172
MA	10,003	18,876	19,031	12,608	13,678	74,196
MD	10,110	17,921	13,922	7,573	7,919	57,445
ME	522	1,021	1,273	1,161	1,280	5,257
MI	10,503	19,024	21,483	14,936	15,522	81,468
MN	8,608	16,237	18,901	13,223	11,123	68,092
MO	4,618	7,788	7,423	4,399	3,556	27,784
MP	63	255	543	534	222	1,617
MS	1,312	2,391	2,376	1,357	1,034	8,470
MT	321	790	1,135	697	478	3,421
NC	14,123	27,576	25,140	15,990	13,632	96,461
ND	418	718	830	684	764	3,414
NH	407	1,085	1,092	715	897	4,196
NJ	11,768	19,239	12,843	7,940	10,816	62,606
NM	6,433	13,595	15,266	11,187	8,919	55,400
NV	9,663	20,134	20,690	12,804	7,866	71,157
OK	7,291	13,057	11,260	6,797	5,275	43,680
PA	4,754	10,926	12,025	9,989	11,995	49,689
RI	1,228	2,464	2,589	1,646	1,869	9,796
SD	662	1,107	1,157	826	853	4,605
UT	5,559	10,916	8,207	5,718	5,526	35,926
VA	14,803	27,739	23,153	13,731	15,813	95,239
VT	196	366	392	227	352	1,533
WI	5,792	11,932	13,497	9,005	7,616	47,842
WY	422	726	770	484	397	2,799
Total	204,828	390,262	353,870	221,178	202,668	1,372,806

4.1.1.2 By Gender

Table 4.1.1.2 Participation by Cluster by Gender S302

Cluster		F	M	Missing	Total
K	Count	96,381	107,416	1,031	204,828
K	% within Cluster	47.1%	52.4%	0.5%	100.0%
1.2	Count	183,929	203,920	2,413	390,262
1-2	% within Cluster	47.1%	52.3%	0.6%	100.0%
3-5	Count	161,237	188,972	3,661	353,870
3-3	% within Cluster	45.6%	53.4%	1.0%	100.0%
6.0	Count	97,779	121,107	2,292	221,178
6-8	% within Cluster	44.2%	54.8%	1.0%	100.0%
0.12	Count	89,173	111,305	2,190	202,668
9-12	% within Cluster	44.0%	54.9%	1.1%	100.0%
Total	Count	628,499	732,720	11,587	1,372,806
	% within Cluster	45.8%	53.4%	0.8%	100.0%

4.1.1.3 By Ethnicity

Table 4.1.1.3 Participation by Cluster by Ethnicity S302

		Hispa			
Cluster		Hispanic	Other	Missing	Total
17	Count	137,915	63,871	3,042	204,828
K	% within Cluster	67.3%	31.2%	1.5%	100.0%
1.2	Count	269,735	115,964	4,563	390,262
1-2	% within Cluster	69.1%	29.7%	1.2%	100.0%
2.5	Count	242,064	107,037	4,769	353,870
3-5	% within Cluster	68.4%	30.2%	1.3%	100.0%
(0	Count	146,739	70,573	3,866	221,178
6-8	% within Cluster	66.3%	31.9%	1.7%	100.0%
9-12	Count	121,693	76,619	4,356	202,668
	% within Cluster	60.0%	37.8%	2.1%	100.0%
Total	Count	918,146	434,064	20,596	1,372,806
	% within Cluster	66.9%	31.6%	1.5%	100.0%

4.1.2 Participation by Grade

4.1.2.1 By State

Table 4.1.2.1 Participation by Grade by State S302

p articip	Grade													
State	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total
AK	1,569	1,797	1,763	1,614	1,374	1,075	1,005	1,032	887	1,012	720	573	579	15,000
AL	3,762	3,434	2,864	2,075	924	652	614	706	785	944	467	352	209	17,788
СО	12,525	12,914	13,058	12,212	9,801	8,919	7,658	7,246	6,285	5,529	4,152	3,391	3,504	107,194
DC	1,149	994	799	559	356	279	292	253	307	560	197	123	144	6,012
DE	1,792	1,624	1,291	1,018	484	352	299	286	303	465	225	135	98	8,372
GA	17,917	17,589	15,548	12,871	5,947	4,227	3,540	3,781	3,501	4,418	1,841	1,120	844	93,144
HI	2,456	2,074	1,873	1,895	997	885	819	1,026	1,140	1,602	799	560	516	16,642
IL	30,799	31,002	29,511	25,508	11,678	8,132	6,917	7,782	7,585	8,053	4,111	3,116	2,195	176,389
KY	3,280	3,298	2,946	2,475	1,479	1,084	936	1,033	929	1,085	738	504	385	20,172
MA	10,003	9,742	9,134	7,895	5,946	5,190	4,379	4,316	3,913	5,018	3,435	3,005	2,220	74,196
MD	10,110	9,430	8,491	7,266	3,763	2,893	2,554	2,682	2,337	3,991	2,022	999	907	57,445
ME	522	544	477	505	423	345	347	414	400	394	331	288	267	5,257
MI	10,503	9,732	9,292	8,191	7,150	6,142	5,577	4,941	4,418	4,646	4,480	3,325	3,071	81,468
MN	8,608	8,265	7,972	7,470	6,259	5,172	4,660	4,530	4,033	3,969	2,676	2,464	2,014	68,092
MO	4,618	3,992	3,796	3,315	2,276	1,832	1,528	1,481	1,390	1,336	972	705	543	27,784
MP	63	115	140	276	134	133	206	165	163	151	33	18	20	1,617
MS	1,312	1,282	1,109	1,040	766	570	516	457	384	462	300	168	104	8,470
MT	321	362	428	407	410	318	262	229	206	187	130	94	67	3,421
NC	14,123	13,968	13,608	12,951	6,782	5,407	5,222	5,383	5,385	6,728	3,284	2,071	1,549	96,461
ND	418	389	329	373	246	211	246	236	202	263	189	175	137	3,414
NH	407	511	574	593	276	223	228	234	253	349	227	179	142	4,196
NJ	11,768	10,475	8,764	6,459	3,679	2,705	2,513	2,650	2,777	3,615	3,120	2,421	1,660	62,606
NM	6,433	6,967	6,628	6,253	5,139	3,874	3,681	3,769	3,737	3,885	2,245	1,573	1,216	55,400
NV	9,663	10,261	9,873	9,172	6,414	5,104	4,676	4,516	3,612	2,824	1,876	1,648	1,518	71,157
ок	7,291	6,997	6,060	5,355	3,327	2,578	2,353	2,229	2,215	2,409	1,261	917	688	43,680
PA	4,754	5,396	5,530	4,834	3,821	3,370	3,310	3,404	3,275	3,907	3,246	2,561	2,281	49,689
RI	1,228	1,338	1,126	1,098	839	652	555	565	526	637	534	391	307	9,796
SD	662	580	527	539	329	289	276	268	282	334	233	163	123	4,605
UT	5,559	5,918	4,998	2,869	2,817	2,521	2,100	1,834	1,784	1,543	1,615	1,363	1,005	35,926
VA	14,803	14,438	13,301	11,730	6,747	4,676	4,220	4,596	4,915	7,228	3,836	3,142	1,607	95,239
VT	196	193	173	202	100	90	70	77	80	108	89	92	63	1,533
WI	5,792	6,027	5,905	5,416	4,750	3,331	2,750	3,175	3,080	3,184	1,706	1,476	1,250	47,842
WY	422	368	358	402	221	147	158	168	158	148	115	68	66	2,799
Total	204,828	202,016	188,246	164,838	105,654	83,378	74,467	75,464	71,247	80,984	51,205	39,180	31,299	1,372,806

4.1.2.2 By Gender

Table 4.1.2.2 Participation by Grade by Gender S302

Grade		F	M	Missing	Total
V	Count	96,381	107,416	1,031	204,828
K	% within Grade	47.1%	52.4%	0.5%	100.0%
1	Count	95,146	105,468	1,402	202,016
1	% within Grade	47.1%	52.2%	0.7%	100.0%
2	Count	88,783	98,452	1,011	188,246
2	% within Grade	47.2%	52.3%	0.5%	100.0%
2	Count	76,740	86,591	1,507	164,838
3	% within Grade	46.6%	52.5%	0.9%	100.0%
4	Count	47,511	57,027	1,116	105,654
4	% within Grade	45.0%	54.0%	1.1%	100.0%
_	Count	36,986	45,354	1,038	83,378
5	% within Grade	44.4%	54.4%	1.2%	100.0%
6	Count	32,757	40,644	1,066	74,467
0	% within Grade	44.0%	54.6%	1.4%	100.0%
7	Count	33,339	41,475	650	75,464
/	% within Grade	44.2%	55.0%	0.9%	100.0%
8	Count	31,683	38,988	576	71,247
O	% within Grade	44.5%	54.7%	0.8%	100.0%
9	Count	34,392	45,683	909	80,984
9	% within Grade	42.5%	56.4%	1.1%	100.0%
10	Count	22,430	28,241	534	51,205
10	% within Grade	43.8%	55.2%	1.0%	100.0%
11	Count	17,700	21,075	405	39,180
11	% within Grade	45.2%	53.8%	1.0%	100.0%
12	Count	14,651	16,306	342	31,299
12	% within Grade	46.8%	52.1%	1.1%	100.0%
Total	Count	628,499	732,720	11,587	1,372,806
Total	% within Grade	45.8%	53.4%	0.8%	100.0%

4.1.2.3 By Ethnicity

Table 4.1.2.3 Participation by Grade by Ethnicity S302

Grade		Hispanic	Other	Missing	Total
K	Count	137,915	63,871	3,042	204,828
K	% within Grade	67.3%	31.2%	1.5%	100.0%
1	Count	139,362	60,097	2,557	202,016
1	% within Grade	69.0%	29.7%	1.3%	100.0%
2	Count	130,373	55,867	2,006	188,246
2	% within Grade	69.3%	29.7%	1.1%	100.0%
3	Count	114,418	48,304	2,116	164,838
3	% within Grade	69.4%	29.3%	1.3%	100.0%
4	Count	71,817	32,386	1,451	105,654
4	% within Grade	68.0%	30.7%	1.4%	100.0%
5	Count	55,829	26,347	1,202	83,378
3	% within Grade	67.0%	31.6%	1.4%	100.0%
6	Count	49,476	23,694	1,297	74,467
0	% within Grade	66.4%	31.8%	1.7%	100.0%
7	Count	50,397	23,798	1,269	75,464
,	% within Grade	66.8%	31.5%	1.7%	100.0%
8	Count	46,866	23,081	1,300	71,247
o	% within Grade	65.8%	32.4%	1.8%	100.0%
9	Count	52,380	26,592	2,012	80,984
9	% within Grade	64.7%	32.8%	2.5%	100.0%
10	Count	30,577	19,653	975	51,205
10	% within Grade	59.7%	38.4%	1.9%	100.0%
1.1	Count	21,793	16,603	784	39,180
11	% within Grade	55.6%	42.4%	2.0%	100.0%
12	Count	16,943	13,771	585	31,299
	% within Grade	54.1%	44.0%	1.9%	100.0%
Total	Count	918,146	434,064	20,596	1,372,806
Total	% within Grade	66.9%	31.6%	1.5%	100.0%

4.1.3 Participation by Tier

4.1.3.1 By Cluster by Domain (Test Form)

Table 4.1.3.1 Participation by Cluster by Tier by Domain S302

				Don	nain	
Cluster			Listening	Reading	Writing	Speaking
K	Tier	-	204,694	204,696	204,695	204,695
		A	85,814	85,814	85,796	85,767
1-2	Tier	В	194,463	194,455	194,419	194,369
1-2		С	109,741	109,727	109,703	109,720
	Te	otal	390,018	389,996	389,918	389,856
	Tier	A	29,801	29,798	29,776	29,783
3-5		В	149,400	149,393	149,366	149,346
3-3		С	174,440	174,438	174,398	174,378
	Te	otal	353,641	353,629	353,540	353,507
		A	24,231	24,234	24,227	24,211
6-8	Tier	В	82,801	82,798	82,761	82,710
0-8		С	113,712	113,714	113,682	113,611
	Te	otal	220,744	220,746	220,670	220,532
		A	29,646	29,662	29,636	29,613
0.12	Tier	В	76,791	76,841	76,740	76,687
9-12		С	93,536	93,623	93,462	93,366
	To	otal	199,973	200,126	199,838	199,666

4.1.3.2 By Grade by Domain (Test Form)

Table 4.1.3.2 Participation by Grade by Tier by Domain S302

rarriespo	ation by G	rade of Tie	r by Domain S		nain	
Grade			Listening	Reading	Writing	Speaking
K	Tier	_	204,694	204,696	204,695	204,695
		Α	67,720	67,723	67,709	67,677
	Tier	В	91,390	91,381	91,365	91,336
1	1101	C	42,772	42,760	42,756	42,764
	Т	otal	201,882	201,864	201,830	201,777
		A	18,094	18,091	18,087	18,090
	Tier	В	103,073	103,074	103,054	103,033
2	1101	C	66,969	66,967	66,947	66,956
	Т	otal	188,136	188,132	188,088	188,079
		A	13,017	13,012	12,999	13,006
	Tier	В	75,144	75,143	75,128	75,123
3	1 101	C	76,578	76,575	76,564	76,555
-	Т	otal	164,739	164,730	164,691	164,684
	1	A	8,979	8,979	8,974	8,970
	Tier	B	42,670	42,666	42,663	42,656
4	1 101	C	53,939	53,941	53,931	53,929
-	Total		105,588	105,586	105,568	105,555
	Total	A	7,805	7,807	7,803	7,807
	Tier	B	31,586	31,584	31,575	
5	1 161	С				31,567
-	т		43,923	43,922	43,903	43,894
	1	otal	83,314	83,313	83,281	83,268
	Tion	A B	8,119	8,119	8,112	8,107
6	Tier		28,182	28,181	28,170	28,154
	т	C	38,065	38,068	38,054	38,033
	1	otal A	74,366	74,368	74,336	74,294
	т:	-	8,020	8,021	8,021	8,021
7	Tier	B C	28,312	28,314	28,296	28,285
-	т	otal	38,976	38,983	38,971	38,951
	1		75,308	75,318	75,288	75,257
	т:	A B	8,092	8,094	8,094	8,083
8	Tier	С	26,307	26,303	26,295	26,271
-	т	otal	36,671	36,663	36,657	36,627
	1	_	71,070	71,060	71,046	70,981
	т:	A	15,914	15,918	15,906	15,894
9	Tier	В	28,723	28,755	28,715	28,700
-	T	C	35,485	35,508	35,465	35,419
	1	otal	80,122	80,181	80,086	80,013
	т:	A	7,297	7,297	7,290	7,293
10	Tier	В	20,068	20,075	20,059	20,034
		C C	23,285	23,298	23,274	23,233
	T	otal	50,650	50,670	50,623	50,560
	Tr:	A	4,103	4,111	4,110	4,107
11	Tier	В	15,695	15,702	15,686	15,679
	C		18,846 18,870 18,826			18,810
	Т	otal	38,644	38,683	38,622	38,596
	m:	A	2,332	2,336	2,330	2,319
12	Tier	В	12,305	12,309	12,280	12,274
	_	C	15,920	15,947	15,897	15,904
	Total		30,557	30,592	30,507	30,497

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4.1.3.3 By Cluster by Gender

Table 4.1.3.3 Participation by Cluster by Tier by Gender S302

				Gender		
Cluster	Tier		F	M	Missing	Total
K		Count	96,381	107,416	1,031	204,828
K	1	% within Tier	47.1%	52.4%	0.5%	100.0%
	A	Count	38,715	46,380	793	85,888
	Α	% within Tier	45.1%	54.0%	0.9%	100.0%
1-2	D	Count	91,147	102,564	868	194,579
1-2	В	% within Tier	46.8%	52.7%	0.4%	100.0%
	С	Count	54,067	54,976	752	109,795
	C	% within Tier	49.2%	50.1%	0.7%	100.0%
	A	Count	13,280	15,948	611	29,839
	A	% within Tier	44.5%	53.4%	2.0%	100.0%
3-5	В	Count	66,075	82,278	1,148	149,501
3-3		% within Tier	44.2%	55.0%	0.8%	100.0%
	С	Count	81,882	90,746	1,902	174,530
		% within Tier	46.9%	52.0%	1.1%	100.0%
	A	Count	10,783	12,947	541	24,271
	А	% within Tier	44.4%	53.3%	2.2%	100.0%
6-8	В	Count	35,626	46,894	492	83,012
0-8	В	% within Tier	42.9%	56.5%	0.6%	100.0%
	С	Count	51,370	61,266	1,259	113,895
	C	% within Tier	45.1%	53.8%	1.1%	100.0%
	A	Count	12,368	17,012	559	29,939
	А	% within Tier	41.3%	56.8%	1.9%	100.0%
9-12	В	Count	34,152	43,080	607	77,839
9-12	D	% within Tier	43.9%	55.3%	0.8%	100.0%
		Count	42,653	51,213	1,024	94,890
	С	% within Tier	44.9%	54.0%	1.1%	100.0%

4.1.3.4 By Cluster by Ethnicity

Table 4.1.3.4 Participation by Cluster by Tier by Ethnicity S302

			His	panic/Non-His pa	nic	
Cluster	Tier		Hispanic	Other	Missing	Total
TZ.		Count	137,915	63,871	3,042	204,828
K	-	% within Tier	67.3%	31.2%	1.5%	100.0%
	Δ.	Count	62,323	22,281	1,284	85,888
	A	% within Tier	72.6%	25.9%	1.5%	100.0%
1-2	D	Count	139,218	53,049	2,312	194,579
1-2	В	% within Tier	71.5%	27.3%	1.2%	100.0%
	С	Count	68,194	40,634	967	109,795
	C	% within Tier	62.1%	37.0%	0.9%	100.0%
	A	Count	17,358	11,394	1,087	29,839
	A	% within Tier	58.2%	38.2%	3.6%	100.0%
3-5	В	Count	103,927	43,607	1,967	149,501
3-3		% within Tier	69.5%	29.2%	1.3%	100.0%
	С	Count	120,779	52,036	1,715	174,530
		% within Tier	69.2%	29.8%	1.0%	100.0%
	٨	Count	14,277	8,886	1,108	24,271
	A	% within Tier	58.8%	36.6%	4.6%	100.0%
6-8	В	Count	52,345	29,285	1,382	83,012
0-8	Б	% within Tier	63.1%	35.3%	1.7%	100.0%
	С	Count	80,117	32,402	1,376	113,895
	C	% within Tier	70.3%	28.4%	1.2%	100.0%
	A	Count	18,745	9,953	1,241	29,939
	А	% within Tier	62.6%	33.2%	4.1%	100.0%
9-12	В	Count	43,832	32,425	1,582	77,839
9-12	ь	% within Tier	56.3%	41.7%	2.0%	100.0%
	С	Count	59,116	34,241	1,533	94,890
		% within Tier	62.3%	36.1%	1.6%	100.0%

4.2 Scale Score Results

4.2.1 Mean Scale Scores by Grade-level Cluster Across Domain and Composite Scores

4.2.1.1 By Cluster

Table 4.2.1.1Mean Scale Scores by Cluster S302

Cluster		List	Read	Writ	Spek	Oral	Litr	Cphn	Over
K	Mean	269.99	192.18	210.63	302.51	286.48	201.65	215.52	226.90
K	N	203,841	203,853	203,840	203,827	203,823	203,837	203,837	203,809
1-2	Mean	311.79	296.51	276.02	346.38	329.35	286.56	301.17	299.16
1-2	N	388,944	388,669	388,786	388,802	388,584	388,428	388,557	388,056
3-5	Mean	357.86	338.60	345.45	357.86	358.12	342.28	344.52	346.83
3-3	N	352,289	351,942	352,025	352,105	351,940	351,617	351,832	351,277
6-8	Mean	384.46	358.42	354.70	372.24	378.64	356.82	366.31	363.16
0-8	N	219,478	219,320	219,327	219,219	218,979	219,028	219,163	218,525
9-12	Mean	385.46	375.73	397.54	380.05	383.05	386.92	378.73	385.57
9-12	N	197,907	198,037	197,712	197,615	196,703	197,316	197,563	196,059

4.2.1.2 By Cluster by Gender

Table 4.2.1.2Mean Scale Scores by Cluster by Gender S302

Cluster	Gender		List	Read	Writ	Spek	Oral	Litr	Cphn	Over
	F	M ean	273.79	195.70	216.67	306.29	290.26	206.43	219.11	231.37
	Г	N	95,911	95,914	95,908	95,907	95,905	95,908	95,909	95,899
K	М	M ean	266.61	189.15	205.37	299.21	283.14	197.51	212.39	223.00
Λ.	IVI	N	106,900	106,908	106,901	106,890	106,888	106,898	106,898	106,880
	Missino	M ean	266.77	179.18	194.14	293.99	280.58	186.87	205.50	214.87
	Missing	N	1,030	1,031	1,031	1,030	1,030	1,031	1,030	1,030
	F	Mean	312.83	297.86	278.65	347.66	330.50	288.54	302.43	300.89
	Г	N	183,366	183,264	183,316	183,309	183,210	183,162	183,214	182,999
1-2	М	M ean	310.86	295.32	273.65	345.29	328.34	284.78	300.05	297.61
1-2	IVI	N	203,321	203,147	203,213	203,231	203,117	203,010	203,086	202,802
	Missino	M ean	310.75	293.74	275.94	341.41	326.30	285.17	298.90	297.30
Missing	N	2,257	2,258	2,257	2,262	2,257	2,256	2,257	2,255	
	F	M ean	358.23	339.55	348.75	357.95	358.35	344.40	345.30	348.38
	Г	N	160,656	160,531	160,559	160,575	160,502	160,405	160,477	160,255
3-5	M	M ean	357.38	337.69	342.54	357.75	357.83	340.37	343.73	345.41
3-3	IVI	N	188,280	188,057	188,112	188,174	188,085	187,858	188,002	187,669
	Missing	M ean	366.94	344.45	350.64	358.95	363.17	347.80	351.33	352.19
	IVI ISSIIIg	N	3,353	3,354	3,354	3,356	3,353	3,354	3,353	3,353
	F	M ean	385.45	359.81	358.61	370.65	378.33	359.47	367.57	364.91
	Г	N	97,139	97,090	97,087	97,028	96,933	96,982	97,021	96,773
6-8	M	M ean	383.62	357.29	351.56	373.52	378.86	354.69	365.27	361.74
0-0	141	N	120,355	120,248	120,262	120,223	120,078	120,070	120,161	119,785
	Missing	M ean	386.54	358.95	353.62	372.89	380.05	356.57	367.29	363.40
	WISSING	N	1,984	1,982	1,978	1,968	1,968	1,976	1,981	1,967
	F	M ean	385.68	377.49	401.52	378.83	382.54	389.77	380.03	387.41
	•	N	87,303	87,377	87,260	87,128	86,770	87,110	87,183	86,543
9-12	M	M ean	385.45	374.31	394.41	381.19	383.62	384.67	377.75	384.17
		N	108,752	108,806	108,604	108,639	108,100	108,358	108,530	107,686
	Missing	M ean	376.29	375.38	393.34	370.58	373.78	384.63	375.71	381.11
	Missing	N	1,852	1,854	1,848	1,848	1,833	1,848	1,850	1,830

4.2.1.3 By Cluster by Ethnicity

Table 4.2.1.3Mean Scale Scores by Cluster by Ethnicity S302

Cluster	Ethnicity		List	Read	Writ	Spek	Oral	Litr	Cphn	Over
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	280.02	219.99	233.95	309.54	295.01	227.24	237.98	247.36
	Asian	N	27,047	27,046	27,044	27,047	27,046	27,042	27,045	27,042
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	260.69	182.03	202.85	303.97	282.56	192.68	205.66	219.45
	Pacific Islander	N	1,891	1,892	1,892	1,891	1,891	1,892	1,891	1,891
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	277.75	205.70	223.69	317.81	298.02	214.95	227.31	239.67
	Black	N	8,944	8,943	8,943	8,942	8,942	8,943	8,943	8,941
	Hispanic (Of	Mean	265.40	184.23	203.60	298.12	281.99	194.16	208.57	220.31
K	Any Race)	N	137,415	137,423	137,413	137,404	137,402	137,413	137,414	137,395
K	Non-Hispanic	Mean	269.89	181.82	192.49	300.37	285.35	187.39	208.23	216.58
	American Indian	N	3,539	3,540	3,540	3,539	3,538	3,540	3,539	3,538
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	304.73	223.73	238.55	336.70	320.95	231.40	248.11	258.14
	Multi-racial	N	967	969	969	966	966	969	967	966
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	284.48	204.71	225.05	315.90	300.41	215.14	228.63	240.51
	White	N	20,220	20,220	20,219	20,220	20,220	20,218	20,220	20,218
	Missins	Mean	264.83	190.13	204.94	296.52	280.88	197.77	212.55	222.53
	Missing	N	3,818	3,820	3,820	3,818	3,818	3,820	3,818	3,818
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	316.21	304.57	284.22	349.09	332.91	294.69	308.13	305.91
	Asian	N	48,036	48,015	48,009	48,000	47,982	47,984	48,004	47,940
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	305.25	292.39	277.01	341.87	323.86	284.97	296.36	296.42
	Pacific Islander	N	3,467	3,460	3,464	3,459	3,458	3,457	3,458	3,449
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	312.16	297.97	277.24	351.51	332.10	287.90	302.27	300.92
	Black	N	17,362	17,349	17,354	17,358	17,347	17,336	17,343	17,321
	Hispanic (Of	Mean	310.61	294.56	274.06	344.70	327.92	284.60	299.45	297.36
1-2	Any Race)	N	269,122	268,915	269,035	269,048	268,896	268,763	268,840	268,519
1-2	Non-Hispanic	Mean	308.16	292.64	271.65	340.18	324.46	282.45	297.36	294.84
	American Indian	N	7,091	7,085	7,073	7,089	7,079	7,066	7,079	7,050
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	322.42	305.90	282.07	363.99	343.49	294.27	310.90	308.83
	Multi-racial	N	1,675	1,676	1,676	1,674	1,672	1,676	1,674	1,671
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	316.37	301.00	279.99	354.45	335.66	290.79	305.67	304.02
	White	N	36,073	36,055	36,065	36,060	36,047	36,041	36,046	36,013
	Missing	Mean	306.01	292.61	273.84	341.87	324.22	283.53	296.68	295.50
	Missing	N	6,118	6,114	6,110	6,114	6,103	6,105	6,113	6,093

Cluster	Ethnicity		List	Read	Writ	Spek	Oral	Litr	Cphn	Over
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	363.03	344.70	350.87	355.15	359.34	348.03	350.35	351.23
	Asian	N	42,185	42,169	42,157	42,168	42,156	42,139	42,159	42,113
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	352.54	335.61	346.15	352.08	352.54	341.14	340.85	344.39
	Pacific Islander	N	3,453	3,455	3,448	3,452	3,450	3,448	3,450	3,443
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	358.28	337.81	344.21	359.38	359.09	341.27	344.08	346.43
	Black	N	18,777	18,735	18,753	18,768	18,757	18,715	18,728	18,700
	Hispanic (Of	Mean	356.72	337.43	344.56	357.99	357.61	341.25	343.35	345.96
3-5	Any Race)	N	241,418	241,163	241,268	241,288	241,168	240,955	241,089	240,697
3-3	Non-Hispanic	Mean	350.03	332.90	338.50	350.71	350.65	336.00	338.18	340.19
	American Indian	N	8,534	8,533	8,514	8,525	8,517	8,508	8,528	8,495
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	370.69	345.57	350.27	371.96	371.59	348.15	353.25	354.98
	Multi-racial	N	1,248	1,249	1,249	1,248	1,248	1,249	1,248	1,248
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	362.43	342.22	348.31	363.27	363.10	345.52	348.42	350.59
	White	N	29,727	29,694	29,704	29,713	29,706	29,673	29,689	29,659
	Missing	Mean	355.38	336.32	341.72	351.58	353.75	339.28	342.19	343.44
	Wissing	N	6,947	6,944	6,932	6,943	6,938	6,930	6,941	6,922
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	386.68	364.63	359.36	367.24	377.23	362.26	371.31	366.54
	Asian	N	27,373	27,375	27,360	27,362	27,348	27,347	27,360	27,315
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	377.38	353.63	352.95	369.36	373.67	353.56	360.88	359.43
	Pacific Islander	N	2,453	2,455	2,449	2,459	2,449	2,446	2,451	2,441
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	383.88	358.59	353.26	373.13	378.82	356.19	366.24	362.77
	Black	N	14,241	14,210	14,235	14,235	14,216	14,198	14,200	14,172
	Hispanic (Of	Mean	384.71	357.20	353.98	373.33	379.30	355.85	365.52	362.67
6-8	Any Race)	N	145,998	145,874	145,893	145,778	145,623	145,682	145,773	145,319
0-8	Non-Hispanic	Mean	376.67	353.72	351.37	370.17	373.70	352.83	360.67	358.88
	American Indian	N	6,619	6,615	6,600	6,600	6,583	6,591	6,608	6,552
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	393.59	366.17	358.96	380.69	387.34	362.84	374.45	369.98
	M ulti-racial	N	647	647	647	645	644	645	647	642
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	386.38	362.38	357.45	375.50	381.22	360.17	369.66	366.27
	White	N	17,472	17,466	17,465	17,466	17,454	17,451	17,455	17,431
	Missing	Mean	371.73	353.11	349.05	356.19	364.31	351.35	358.81	355.07
	141 155111g	N	4,675	4,678	4,678	4,674	4,662	4,668	4,669	4,653

Cluster	Ethnicity		List	Read	Writ	Spek	Oral	Litr	Cphn	Over
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	388.72	381.22	401.80	376.92	383.11	391.78	383.57	389.00
	Asian	N	31,283	31,292	31,289	31,250	31,177	31,249	31,243	31,112
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	383.89	372.63	398.52	386.64	385.67	385.94	376.20	385.78
	Pacific Islander	N	2,384	2,399	2,381	2,385	2,354	2,377	2,377	2,338
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	382.64	375.85	396.96	379.04	381.12	386.68	377.96	384.81
	Black	N	17,062	17,082	17,055	17,047	16,985	17,026	17,027	16,922
	Hispanic (Of	Mean	384.07	373.93	396.34	379.90	382.28	385.43	377.06	384.29
9-12	Any Race)	N	118,990	119,066	118,831	118,812	118,170	118,551	118,764	117,734
9-12	Non-Hispanic	Mean	390.97	372.10	398.23	384.52	388.03	385.49	377.83	386.04
	American Indian	N	5,021	5,014	4,995	4,971	4,947	4,985	5,009	4,926
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	396.45	383.40	403.18	391.39	394.19	393.79	387.31	393.65
	Multi-racial	N	605	606	606	606	604	604	605	602
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	394.43	380.87	400.85	390.81	392.88	391.12	385.03	391.45
	White	N	17,496	17,499	17,501	17,488	17,446	17,475	17,476	17,421
	Missina	M ean	370.57	369.91	388.00	360.18	365.76	379.27	370.18	375.04
	Missing	N	5,066	5,079	5,054	5,056	5,020	5,049	5,062	5,004

4.2.2 Mean Scale Scores by Grade Across Domain and Composite Scores

4.2.2.1 By Grade

Table 4.2.2.1Mean Scale Scores by Grade S302

Grade		List	Read	Writ	Spek	Oral	Litr	Cphn	Over
K	Mean	269.99	192.18	210.63	302.51	286.48	201.65	215.52	226.90
N.	N	203,841	203,853	203,840	203,827	203,823	203,837	203,837	203,809
1	Mean	299.11	283.48	266.82	337.37	318.47	275.44	288.17	288.11
1	N	201,336	201,177	201,249	201,244	201,132	201,059	201,119	200,853
2	Mean	325.40	310.49	285.90	356.05	341.02	298.49	315.11	311.00
2	N	187,608	187,492	187,537	187,558	187,452	187,369	187,438	187,203
3	Mean	349.43	331.68	340.82	355.70	352.84	336.47	337.18	341.21
3	N	164,211	164,072	164,071	164,141	164,066	163,916	164,030	163,789
4	Mean	360.74	340.84	346.85	358.06	359.63	344.14	346.95	348.57
4	N	105,153	105,032	105,084	105,094	105,043	104,940	104,998	104,822
5	Mean	370.90	349.48	352.81	361.87	366.65	351.43	355.99	355.77
3	N	82,925	82,838	82,870	82,870	82,831	82,761	82,804	82,666
6	Mean	377.12	351.16	349.34	369.61	373.63	350.51	359.00	357.25
0	N	73,891	73,817	73,833	73,805	73,741	73,722	73,777	73,582
7	Mean	385.15	358.84	355.17	372.59	379.15	357.27	366.83	363.63
/	N	74,881	74,844	74,840	74,819	74,722	74,744	74,773	74,562
0	Mean	391.41	365.56	359.80	374.63	383.33	362.95	373.39	368.85
8	N	70,706	70,659	70,654	70,595	70,516	70,562	70,613	70,381
9	Mean	381.43	372.59	394.61	376.09	379.05	383.90	375.34	382.26
9	N	79,568	79,602	79,499	79,452	79,128	79,349	79,449	78,900
10	Mean	385.08	374.91	396.88	379.28	382.45	386.19	378.04	384.87
10	N	50,140	50,148	50,096	50,051	49,875	49,998	50,057	49,719
11	Mean	389.92	379.46	400.95	383.57	387.04	390.50	382.67	389.27
11	N	38,200	38,245	38,170	38,164	37,978	38,092	38,136	37,857
12	Mean	391.12	380.63	402.05	387.37	389.60	391.62	383.88	390.85
12	N	29,999	30,042	29,947	29,948	29,722	29,877	29,921	29,583

4.2.2.2 By Grade by Gender

Table 4.2.2.2Mean Scale Scores by Grade by Gender S302

Scale	Gender		List	Read	Writ	Spek	Oral	Litr	Cphn	Over
	Б	M ean	273.79	195.70	216.67	306.29	290.26	206.43	219.11	231.37
	F	N	95,911	95,914	95,908	95,907	95,905	95,908	95,909	95,899
17	M	M ean	266.61	189.15	205.37	299.21	283.14	197.51	212.39	223.00
K	IVI	N	106,900	106,908	106,901	106,890	106,888	106,898	106,898	106,880
	Missing	M ean	266.77	179.18	194.14	293.99	280.58	186.87	205.50	214.87
	Wissing	N	1,030	1,031	1,031	1,030	1,030	1,031	1,030	1,030
	F	M ean	300.26	284.74	269.20	338.87	319.78	277.26	289.40	289.78
	Г	N	94,848	94,786	94,822	94,804	94,761	94,740	94,763	94,651
1	M	M ean	298.05	282.36	264.64	336.08	317.30	273.79	287.07	286.61
1	IVI	N	105,143	105,045	105,082	105,095	105,026	104,974	105,011	104,858
	Missing	M ean	300.17	282.78	268.96	333.35	316.97	276.20	288.02	288.22
	Wissing	N	1,345	1,346	1,345	1,345	1,345	1,345	1,345	1,344
	F	M ean	326.30	311.92	288.78	357.07	341.98	300.63	316.38	312.80
	1	N	88,518	88,478	88,494	88,505	88,449	88,422	88,451	88,348
2	M	M ean	324.59	309.20	283.31	355.15	340.17	296.55	313.95	309.39
	171	N	98,178	98,102	98,131	98,136	98,091	98,036	98,075	97,944
	Missing	M ean	326.34	309.90	286.25	353.23	340.06	298.40	314.94	310.69
	Wissing	N	912	912	912	917	912	911	912	911
	F	M ean	350.02	332.69	344.19	356.44	353.50	338.65	338.06	342.92
	•	N	76,520	76,477	76,474	76,506	76,471	76,426	76,457	76,382
3	M	M ean	348.72	330.67	337.74	355.03	352.15	334.43	336.26	339.58
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	111	N	86,303	86,207	86,209	86,247	86,207	86,102	86,185	86,019
	Missing	M ean	361.38	338.73	346.53	356.50	359.20	342.85	345.67	347.56
	ivi issuing	N	1,388	1,388	1,388	1,388	1,388	1,388	1,388	1,388
	F	M ean	361.36	341.95	350.31	357.85	359.83	346.42	347.92	350.24
	_	N	47,331	47,277	47,303	47,297	47,277	47,237	47,260	47,181
4	М	M ean	360.17	339.86	343.90	358.21	359.43	342.17	346.09	347.13
		N	56,806	56,739	56,765	56,779	56,750	56,687	56,722	56,625
	Missing	M ean	363.37	343.82	350.89	359.94	361.85	347.64	349.86	351.66
		N	1,016	1,016	1,016	1,018	1,016	1,016	1,016	1,016
	F	M ean	371.29	350.74	356.20	361.25	366.54	353.75	356.99	357.37
		N	36,805	36,777	36,782	36,772	36,754	36,742	36,760	36,692
5	M	M ean	370.42	348.36	349.98	362.38	366.66	349.46	355.06	354.40
		N	45,171	45,111	45,138	45,148	45,128	45,069	45,095	45,025
	Missing	M ean	378.88	353.49	356.38	361.46	370.41	355.21	361.19	359.52
	1111331115	N	949	950	950	950	949	950	949	949

Scale	Gender		List	Read	Writ	Spek	Oral	Litr	Cphn	Over
	Г	M ean	378.22	352.40	353.39	368.13	373.43	353.14	360.20	359.02
	F	N	32,547	32,517	32,525	32,509	32,488	32,484	32,500	32,430
	3.6	Mean	376.10	350.12	346.04	370.79	373.72	348.34	357.97	355.76
6	M	N	40,406	40,362	40,374	40,368	40,325	40,305	40,340	40,224
	3.61	Mean	382.36	353.33	350.79	369.65	376.45	352.38	362.11	359.42
	Missing	N	938	938	934	928	928	933	937	928
	Г	M ean	386.23	360.43	359.25	370.85	378.82	360.10	368.27	365.50
	F	N	33,119	33,117	33,109	33,099	33,056	33,078	33,083	33,001
7	M	M ean	384.22	357.52	351.88	373.95	379.37	354.97	365.62	362.08
7	M	N	41,209	41,175	41,179	41,171	41,117	41,114	41,138	41,012
	Minaina	M ean	389.13	362.39	356.24	376.44	382.95	359.56	370.49	366.32
	Missing	N	553	552	552	549	549	552	552	549
	F	Mean	392.11	366.82	363.35	373.05	382.88	365.35	374.47	370.38
	Г	N	31,473	31,456	31,453	31,420	31,389	31,420	31,438	31,342
8	M	Mean	390.84	364.54	356.96	375.91	383.68	361.02	372.51	367.61
0	IVI	N	38,740	38,711	38,709	38,684	38,636	38,651	38,683	38,549
	Missing	Mean	391.56	365.82	356.05	375.04	383.62	361.17	373.58	367.67
	IVI ISSIIIg	N	493	492	492	491	491	491	492	490
	F	M ean	382.87	374.90	399.50	376.52	379.97	387.47	377.38	385.04
	r	N	33,845	33,864	33,827	33,768	33,642	33,777	33,802	33,559
9	M	M ean	380.60	370.90	391.05	376.02	378.60	381.29	373.91	380.31
	171	N	44,902	44,916	44,853	44,866	44,675	44,753	44,827	44,530
	Missing	M ean	367.80	370.44	387.62	362.12	365.32	379.32	369.70	374.84
	Wissing	N	821	822	819	818	811	819	820	811
	F	M ean	384.26	376.33	400.52	377.13	380.96	388.70	378.78	386.16
	1	N	22,040	22,051	22,028	21,987	21,933	21,997	22,017	21,887
10	M	M ean	385.79	373.73	394.00	381.07	383.71	384.17	377.44	383.84
10	171	N	27,671	27,668	27,639	27,635	27,516	27,572	27,612	27,407
	Missing	M ean	381.71	378.02	396.34	374.10	378.14	387.44	379.20	384.49
		N	429	429	429	429	426	429	428	425
	F	M ean	389.25	380.68	404.05	381.08	385.44	392.64	383.32	390.28
		N	17,308	17,331	17,310	17,300	17,215	17,273	17,285	17,169
11	M	M ean	390.61	378.44	398.37	385.76	388.50	388.71	382.16	388.47
		N	20,566	20,587	20,536	20,536	20,440	20,495	20,525	20,367
	Missing	M ean	382.32	379.29	398.59	377.27	380.24	389.18	380.22	386.14
		N	326	327	324	328	323	324	326	321
	F	M ean	390.21	381.60	404.80	384.26	387.61	393.47	384.28	391.53
	-	N	14,110	14,131	14,095	14,073	13,980	14,063	14,079	13,928
12	M	M ean	392.03	379.74	399.60	390.26	391.50	389.96	383.54	390.27
		N	15,613	15,635	15,576	15,602	15,469	15,538	15,566	15,382
	Missing	M ean	386.00	381.37	399.52	382.33	384.47	390.69	382.83	388.58
		N	276	276	276	273	273	276	276	273

4.2.2.3 By Grade by Ethnicity

Table 4.2.2.3Mean Scale Scores by Grade by Ethnicity S302

Grade	Ethnicity		List	Read	Writ	Spek	Oral	Litr	Cphn	Over
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	280.02	219.99	233.95	309.54	295.01	227.24	237.98	247.36
	Asian	N	27,047	27,046	27,044	27,047	27,046	27,042	27,045	27,042
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	260.69	182.03	202.85	303.97	282.56	192.68	205.66	219.45
	Pacific Islander	N	1,891	1,892	1,892	1,891	1,891	1,892	1,891	1,891
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	277.75	205.70	223.69	317.81	298.02	214.95	227.31	239.67
	Black	N	8,944	8,943	8,943	8,942	8,942	8,943	8,943	8,941
	Hispanic (Of	M ean	265.40	184.23	203.60	298.12	281.99	194.16	208.57	220.31
K	Any Race)	N	137,415	137,423	137,413	137,404	137,402	137,413	137,414	137,395
K	Non-Hispanic	M ean	269.89	181.82	192.49	300.37	285.35	187.39	208.23	216.58
	American Indian	N	3,539	3,540	3,540	3,539	3,538	3,540	3,539	3,538
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	304.73	223.73	238.55	336.70	320.95	231.40	248.11	258.14
	M ulti-racial	N	967	969	969	966	966	969	967	966
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	284.48	204.71	225.05	315.90	300.41	215.14	228.63	240.51
	White	N	20,220	20,220	20,219	20,220	20,220	20,218	20,220	20,218
	Missing	M ean	264.83	190.13	204.94	296.52	280.88	197.77	212.55	222.53
	-	N	3,818	3,820	3,820	3,818	3,818	3,820	3,818	3,818
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	304.16	291.83	275.91	341.54	323.09	284.16	295.51	295.60
	Asian	N	25,105	25,087	25,094	25,083	25,075	25,078	25,084	25,054
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	292.97	279.06	268.01	334.01	313.73	273.81	283.25	285.52
	Pacific Islander	N	1,821	1,817	1,818	1,816	1,816	1,815	1,817	1,811
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	300.03	285.52	268.60	344.74	322.63	277.35	289.87	290.69
	Black	N	8,790	8,780	8,784	8,788	8,781	8,773	8,777	8,765
	Hispanic (Of	M ean	297.63	281.42	264.59	334.96	316.52	273.30	286.30	286.03
1	Any Race)	N	139,025	138,920	138,969	138,967	138,892	138,838	138,879	138,698
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	296.11	280.90	262.45	333.94	315.30	271.98	285.45	284.78
	American Indian	N	3,601	3,596	3,595	3,601	3,594	3,588	3,593	3,579
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	310.06	292.17	273.39	356.23	333.39	283.06	297.49	297.93
	Multi-racial	N	887	888	888	888	886	888	886	885
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	304.26	287.56	270.87	346.83	325.75	279.51	292.56	293.16
	White	N	18,721	18,706	18,721	18,721	18,711	18,702	18,701	18,690
	Missing	M ean	295.11	281.10	265.95	334.66	315.11	273.84	285.30	286.01
	-	N	3,386	3,383	3,380	3,380	3,377	3,377	3,382	3,371

Grade	Ethnicity		List	Read	Writ	Spek	Oral	Litr	Cphn	Over
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	329.40	318.52	293.33	357.35	343.65	306.21	321.94	317.20
	Asian	N	22,931	22,928	22,915	22,917	22,907	22,906	22,920	22,886
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	318.84	307.12	286.94	350.55	335.07	297.31	310.88	308.47
	Pacific Islander	N	1,646	1,643	1,646	1,643	1,642	1,642	1,641	1,638
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	324.59	310.72	286.09	358.46	341.81	298.71	314.99	311.40
	Black	N	8,572	8,569	8,570	8,570	8,566	8,563	8,566	8,556
	Hispanic (Of	M ean	324.48	308.60	284.19	355.11	340.09	296.68	313.51	309.46
2	Any Race)	N	130,097	129,995	130,066	130,081	130,004	129,925	129,961	129,821
2	Non-Hispanic	M ean	320.60	304.73	281.16	346.63	333.91	293.25	309.63	305.22
	American Indian	N	3,490	3,489	3,478	3,488	3,485	3,478	3,486	3,471
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	336.33	321.37	291.86	372.77	354.87	306.91	325.97	321.10
	Multi-racial	N	788	788	788	786	786	788	788	786
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	329.45	315.48	289.84	362.68	346.36	302.95	319.81	315.73
	White	N	17,352	17,349	17,344	17,339	17,336	17,339	17,345	17,323
	Missins	Mean	319.51	306.86	283.59	350.78	335.50	295.52	310.77	307.25
	Missing	N	2,732	2,731	2,730	2,734	2,726	2,728	2,731	2,722
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	355.31	337.60	347.41	354.62	355.23	342.72	343.10	346.30
	Asian	N	19,362	19,360	19,345	19,350	19,345	19,342	19,355	19,328
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	344.70	329.59	342.20	349.43	347.28	336.09	334.25	339.28
	Pacific Islander	N	1,635	1,634	1,630	1,635	1,633	1,630	1,633	1,629
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	350.25	330.62	340.02	357.48	354.10	335.53	336.66	340.94
	Black	N	8,072	8,056	8,058	8,063	8,061	8,048	8,054	8,042
	Hispanic (Of	M ean	347.95	330.49	339.60	355.38	351.94	335.26	335.90	340.09
2	Any Race)	N	114154	114050	114077	114120	114060	113951	114021	113857
3	Non-Hispanic	M ean	338.85	324.04	330.47	345.47	342.47	327.48	328.66	331.77
	American Indian	N	3,331	3,333	3,325	3,327	3,324	3,324	3,331	3,320
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	363.15	338.68	345.86	371.25	367.48	342.48	346.20	349.79
	M ulti-racial	N	619	620	620	619	619	620	619	619
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	355.19	335.64	344.63	361.95	358.84	340.36	341.67	345.71
	White	N	14,065	14,049	14,048	14,055	14,053	14,035	14,048	14,030
	Missing	M ean	350.43	331.30	339.05	352.12	351.57	335.41	337.23	340.09
	Wissing	N	2,973	2,970	2,968	2,972	2,971	2,966	2,969	2,964
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	365.94	347.16	352.10	355.10	360.75	349.91	352.95	352.96
	Asian	N	12,601	12,594	12,595	12,598	12,595	12,587	12,592	12,581
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	354.77	337.62	347.13	353.26	354.26	342.63	342.87	345.89
	Pacific Islander	N	1,013	1,012	1,010	1,012	1,012	1,010	1,012	1,009
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	359.69	338.86	344.64	359.23	359.70	342.05	345.27	347.16
	Black	N	5,812	5,794	5,805	5,811	5,807	5,787	5,792	5,782
	Hispanic (Of	M ean	360.10	339.93	346.27	358.39	359.48	343.39	346.12	348.00
4	Any Race)	N	71,623	71,534	71,592	71,577	71,540	71,482	71,509	71,390
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	351.26	334.09	339.83	351.60	351.66	337.32	339.40	341.43
	American Indian	N	2,838	2,837	2,825	2,836	2,834	2,824	2,836	2,821
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	373.56	348.27	351.64	373.48	373.76	350.24	355.97	357.02
	Multi-racial	N	361	361	361	361	361	361	361	361
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	364.25	343.93	349.08	362.64	363.67	346.80	350.18	351.64
	White	N	8,775	8,769	8,773	8,772	8,769	8,766	8,766	8,759
	Missing	M ean	352.98	335.73	340.78	350.79	352.11	338.51	341.07	342.41
	1111001115	N	2,130	2,131	2,123	2,127	2,125	2,123	2,130	2,119

Grade	Ethnicity		List	Read	Writ	Spek	Oral	Litr	Cphn	Over
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	374.06	355.11	355.92	356.22	365.38	355.79	360.87	358.43
	Asian	N	10,222	10,215	10,217	10,220	10,216	10,210	10,212	10,204
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	365.66	345.25	352.88	355.98	361.06	349.43	351.69	352.84
	Pacific Islander	N	805	809	808	805	805	808	805	805
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	369.85	348.41	350.62	362.68	366.59	349.80	354.92	354.61
	Black	N	4,893	4,885	4,890	4,894	4,889	4,880	4,882	4,876
	Hispanic (Of	M ean	370.37	348.44	352.54	362.81	366.86	350.77	355.10	355.38
_	Any Race)	N	55,641	55,579	55,599	55,591	55,568	55,522	55,559	55,450
5	Non-Hispanic	M ean	364.31	343.98	348.20	357.03	360.96	346.40	350.14	350.57
	American Indian	N	2,365	2,363	2,364	2,362	2,359	2,360	2,361	2,354
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	384.27	357.85	358.61	371.55	378.19	358.47	365.87	364.18
	Multi-racial	N	268	268	268	268	268	268	268	268
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	374.91	353.48	354.82	366.77	371.10	354.44	359.99	359.20
	White	N	6,887	6,876	6,883	6,886	6,884	6,872	6,875	6,870
		M ean	366.12	345.12	347.12	351.61	359.17	346.41	351.49	350.03
	Missing	N	1,844	1,843	1,841	1,844	1,842	1,841	1,842	1,839
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	378.42	356.27	354.40	363.66	371.31	355.59	362.95	360.12
	Asian	N	8,843	8,845	8,843	8,841	8,834	8,838	8,841	8,827
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	369.48	347.86	348.18	364.48	367.26	348.26	354.38	353.78
	Pacific Islander	N	826	826	822	825	825	822	826	821
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	375.66	350.69	347.20	369.41	372.85	349.20	358.22	356.09
	Black	N	4,671	4,660	4,667	4,667	4,661	4,656	4,658	4,648
	Hispanic (Of	M ean	377.50	350.15	348.58	370.88	374.44	349.62	358.42	356.87
(Any Race)	N	49,237	49,176	49,201	49,174	49,131	49,118	49,149	49,021
6	Non-Hispanic	M ean	370.14	347.71	345.79	367.38	369.05	347.02	354.47	353.47
	American Indian	N	2,316	2,315	2,306	2,310	2,306	2,304	2,313	2,294
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	383.88	357.91	352.83	375.44	379.62	355.55	365.73	362.50
	Multi-racial	N	211	211	212	211	210	211	211	210
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	378.96	354.61	352.00	372.58	376.04	353.58	361.96	360.12
	White	N	6,060	6,055	6,057	6,059	6,056	6,050	6,053	6,045
	Missing	M ean	369.30	348.39	346.12	358.58	364.25	347.53	354.76	352.36
	Wissing	N	1,727	1,729	1,725	1,718	1,718	1,723	1,726	1,716
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	387.19	364.85	359.40	367.08	377.39	362.39	371.65	366.67
	Asian	N	9,243	9,245	9,240	9,242	9,237	9,236	9,237	9,226
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	376.54	352.63	352.22	367.59	372.43	352.74	360.08	358.55
	Pacific Islander	N	816	819	818	820	815	817	816	814
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	384.55	359.18	354.03	372.93	379.04	356.87	366.86	363.31
	Black	N	4,796	4,783	4,798	4,797	4,789	4,781	4,778	4,770
	Hispanic (Of	M ean	385.57	357.65	354.51	373.97	380.05	356.34	366.11	363.24
7	Any Race)	N	50,144	50,123	50,112	50,081	50,017	50,051	50,075	49,913
,	Non-Hispanic	M ean	375.12	353.19	351.44	369.45	372.57	352.63	359.87	358.36
	American Indian	N	2,235	2,232	2,229	2,230	2,226	2,225	2,230	2,215
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	392.05	365.55	359.62	382.50	387.54	362.96	373.60	370.17
	Multi-racial	N	235	235	235	235	235	234	235	234
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	387.15	363.28	358.08	375.50	381.60	360.93	370.57	366.93
	White	N	5,884	5,882	5,879	5,882	5,877	5,877	5,878	5,869
	Missing	M ean	371.19	354.06	350.05	354.22	363.07	352.33	359.32	355.37
	141 1551112	N	1,528	1,525	1,529	1,532	1,526	1,523	1,524	1,521

Grade	Ethnicity		List	Read	Writ	Spek	Oral	Litr	Cphn	Over
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	394.04	372.38	364.04	370.81	382.71	368.49	378.94	372.54
	Asian	N	9,287	9,285	9,277	9,279	9,277	9,273	9,282	9,262
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	386.26	360.52	358.53	376.09	381.46	359.79	368.33	366.07
	Pacific Islander	N	811	810	809	814	809	807	809	806
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	391.25	365.71	358.40	376.97	384.43	362.33	373.46	368.75
	Black	N	4,774	4,767	4,770	4,771	4,766	4,761	4,764	4,754
	Hispanic (Of	M ean	391.40	364.15	359.10	375.22	383.62	361.89	372.40	368.20
0	Any Race)	N	46,617	46,575	46,580	46,523	46,475	46,513	46,549	46,385
8	Non-Hispanic	M ean	385.67	361.02	357.51	374.08	380.15	359.53	368.48	365.51
	American Indian	N	2,068	2,068	2,065	2,060	2,051	2,062	2,065	2,043
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	405.59	375.56	364.69	384.11	395.25	370.40	384.58	377.68
	Multi-racial	N	201	201	200	199	199	200	201	198
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	393.71	369.93	362.73	378.68	386.50	366.59	377.12	372.30
	White	N	5,528	5,529	5,529	5,525	5,521	5,524	5,524	5,517
		M ean	375.27	357.83	351.52	355.42	365.72	354.94	363.19	358.02
	Missing	N	1,420	1,424	1,424	1,424	1,418	1,422	1,419	1,416
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	387.92	380.49	401.04	378.51	383.47	391.03	382.84	388.56
	Asian	N	10,632	10,642	10,640	10,629	10,605	10,630	10,624	10,589
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	382.79	370.65	396.30	385.49	384.52	383.85	374.43	383.99
	Pacific Islander	N	1,059	1,066	1,058	1,064	1,046	1,054	1,055	1,038
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	378.58	373.39	393.70	375.03	377.09	383.82	375.03	381.60
	Black	N	5,876	5,882	5,883	5,867	5,852	5,875	5,868	5,839
	Hispanic (Of	M ean	380.35	370.97	393.64	375.40	378.17	382.61	373.88	381.10
0	Any Race)	N	51,569	51,575	51,488	51,476	51,244	51,371	51,478	51,066
9	Non-Hispanic	M ean	388.33	368.12	395.70	382.78	385.78	382.24	374.26	383.10
	American Indian	N	1,953	1,952	1,949	1,939	1,931	1,946	1,951	1,927
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	393.65	381.73	400.95	391.09	392.56	392.03	385.17	391.94
	Multi-racial	N	240	241	241	241	240	240	240	239
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	387.99	377.04	397.44	385.46	387.00	387.50	380.44	387.16
	White	N	5893	5895	5896	5893	5881	5891	5888	5876
	Missins	Mean	358.81	363.00	379.66	347.80	353.58	371.64	361.82	366.03
	Missing	N	2,346	2,349	2,344	2,343	2,329	2,342	2,345	2,326
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	386.84	379.63	400.32	373.75	380.55	390.25	381.88	387.12
	Asian	N	7,855	7,853	7,855	7,848	7,834	7,842	7,842	7,817
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	384.93	373.54	400.16	388.82	387.10	387.14	377.09	387.00
	Pacific Islander	N	607	609	605	607	602	605	605	597
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	382.90	374.94	396.07	378.68	381.02	385.79	377.38	384.11
	Black	N	4,323	4,326	4,321	4,316	4,304	4,313	4,314	4,288
	Hispanic (Of	M ean	383.52	373.04	395.67	379.34	381.71	384.64	376.27	383.58
10	Any Race)	N	30,017	30,025	29,989	29,954	29,829	29,921	29,966	29,729
10	Non-Hispanic	M ean	392.25	373.42	398.55	384.53	388.73	386.31	379.16	386.82
	American Indian	N	1,298	1,296	1,293	1,284	1,280	1,289	1,296	1,275
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	398.30	385.66	404.32	394.08	396.47	395.26	389.52	395.40
	M ulti-racial	N	178	178	178	178	178	178	178	178
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	394.03	379.87	400.08	388.69	391.59	390.26	384.21	390.45
	White	N	4,765	4,764	4,763	4,767	4,759	4,759	4,761	4,752
	Missing	M ean	374.53	371.29	389.94	365.05	370.01	380.97	372.31	377.40
	Missing	N	1,097	1,097	1,092	1,097	1,089	1,091	1,095	1,083

Grade	Ethnicity		List	Read	Writ	Spek	Oral	Litr	Cphn	Over
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	391.05	383.15	403.46	377.06	384.35	393.58	385.59	390.64
	Asian	N	7,092	7,094	7,092	7,081	7,071	7,086	7,085	7,059
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	384.40	374.38	399.05	383.95	384.66	387.09	377.65	386.20
	Pacific Islander	N	419	422	419	417	414	419	419	413
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	385.81	378.35	399.98	380.91	383.61	389.47	380.65	387.52
	Black	N	3,709	3,714	3,707	3,711	3,696	3,700	3,702	3,683
	Hispanic (Of	Mean	388.78	377.92	399.97	384.61	387.00	389.24	381.25	388.37
11	Any Race)	N	21,229	21,261	21,211	21,221	21,087	21,161	21,192	21,015
11	Non-Hispanic	Mean	393.96	375.15	399.74	385.13	389.74	387.83	380.81	388.11
	American Indian	N	954	953	945	943	937	943	950	929
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	396.06	380.41	403.01	387.35	391.95	391.92	385.15	391.71
	Multi-racial	N	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	399.28	384.31	403.85	394.71	397.23	394.33	388.87	395.01
	White	N	3,800	3,798	3,802	3,795	3,783	3,790	3,791	3,773
	Missina	M ean	383.08	377.63	397.94	371.98	378.05	388.12	379.37	385.10
	Missing	N	896	902	893	895	889	892	896	884
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	389.92	382.36	403.21	378.15	384.40	393.05	384.73	390.35
	Asian	N	5,704	5,703	5,702	5,692	5,667	5,691	5,692	5,647
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	384.99	375.37	402.31	390.08	388.31	389.26	378.60	389.10
	Pacific Islander	N	299	302	299	297	292	299	298	290
	Non-Hispanic	Mean	386.14	378.75	400.72	384.77	385.85	390.01	381.06	388.63
	Black	N	3,154	3,160	3,144	3,153	3,133	3,138	3,143	3,112
	Hispanic (Of	Mean	390.78	379.76	401.42	389.12	390.26	390.87	383.16	390.48
12	Any Race)	N	16,175	16,205	16,143	16,161	16,010	16,098	16,128	15,924
12	Non-Hispanic	M ean	391.79	375.97	402.07	387.97	390.37	389.30	380.80	389.52
	American Indian	N	816	813	808	805	799	807	812	795
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	400.94	386.94	407.29	391.41	396.68	397.89	391.24	397.11
	M ulti-racial	N	86	86	86	86	85	85	86	84
	Non-Hispanic	M ean	401.44	385.57	404.92	399.68	400.90	395.51	390.45	396.93
	White	N	3,038	3,042	3,040	3,033	3,023	3,035	3,036	3,020
	Missing	M ean	387.14	380.54	399.78	378.36	383.72	390.47	382.67	388.44
	IVI ISSIIIg	N	727	731	725	721	713	724	726	711

4.2.3 Correlations among Scale Scores by Grade-level Cluster

Table 4.2.3ACorrelations Among Scale Scores: K S302

		Listening	Reading	Writing	Speaking
Ligtoning	Pearson Correlation	1	.537	.555	.783
Listening	N	203,841	203,837	203,824	203,823
D P	Pearson Correlation		1	.720	.496
Reading	N		203,853	203,837	203,823
XX 7	Pearson Correlation			1	.553
Writing	N			203,840	203,813
Charleina	Pearson Correlation				1
Speaking	N				203,827

Table 4.2.3BCorrelations Among Scale Scores: 1-2 S302

		Listening	Reading	Writing	Speaking
Listonina	Pearson Correlation	1	.688	.569	.497
Listening	N	388,944	388,557	388,626	388,584
Dooding	Pearson Correlation		1	.671	.447
Reading	N		388,669	388,428	388,302
Weiting.	Pearson Correlation			1	.467
Writing	N			388,786	388,461
Chaokina	Pearson Correlation				1
Speaking	N				388,802

Table 4.2.3C Correlations Among Scale Scores: 3-5 S302

		Listening	Reading	Writing	Speaking
Listonina	Pearson Correlation	1	.727	.611	.484
Listening	N	352,289	351,832	351,878	351,940
Dooding	Pearson Correlation		1	.676	.472
Reading	N		351,942	351,617	351,579
Weiting.	Pearson Correlation			1	.509
Writing	N			352,025	351,709
Cneeking	Pearson Correlation				1
Speaking	N				352,105

Table 4.2.3DCorrelations Among Scale Scores: 6-8 S302

		Listening	Reading	Writing	Speaking
T istoning	Pearson Correlation	1	.672	.518	.564
Listening	N	219,478	219,163	219,123	218,979
Dooding	Pearson Correlation		1	.593	.479
Reading	N		219,320	219,028	218,791
Widin a	Pearson Correlation			1	.470
Writing	N			219,327	218,869
Cneeking	Pearson Correlation				1
Speaking	N				219,219

Table 4.2.3ECorrelations Among Scale Scores: 9-12 S302

		Listening	Reading	Writing	Speaking
Listonina	Pearson Correlation	1	.700	.648	.600
Listening	N	197,907	197,563	197,133	196,703
Dooding	Pearson Correlation		1	.694	.530
Reading	N		198,037	197,316	196,711
W	Pearson Correlation			1	.597
Writing	N			197,712	196,576
Canalisma	Pearson Correlation				1
Speaking	N				197,615

4.3 Proficiency Level Results

4.3.1 Listening

4.3.1.1 By Cluster by Tier

Table 4.3.1.1A

Proficiency Level by Cluster by Tier (Count): Listening S302

			List	tening Prof	ficiency Ra	nge		
Cluster	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	24,626	11,794	20,693	32,677	62,805	51,246	203,841
K (accountability)	-	51,112	20,746	17,932	11,923	32,179	69,949	203,841
	A	6,345	11,393	21,368	46,277	n/a	n/a	85,383
1-2	В	967	2,783	8,754	8,427	173,061	n/a	193,992
	С	456	2,920	17,081	10,457	29,631	49,024	109,569
	A	2,267	8,556	8,057	10,364	n/a	n/a	29,244
3-5	В	753	6,116	21,657	21,837	98,554	n/a	148,917
	С	259	1,627	13,043	16,456	46,912	95,831	174,128
	Α	5,666	9,476	4,678	3,931	n/a	n/a	23,751
6-8	В	986	10,662	18,978	21,744	30,003	n/a	82,373
	С	251	695	8,043	18,368	40,420	45,577	113,354
	A	13,996	10,413	2,561	2,107	n/a	n/a	29,077
9-12	В	2,893	9,402	20,146	19,391	24,225	n/a	76,057
	С	1,287	3,986	14,401	29,040	24,490	19,569	92,773

Table 4.3.1.1B

Proficiency Level by Cluster by Tier (Percent): Listening S302

			List	tening Prof	ficiency Ra	nge		
Cluster	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	12.1%	5.8%	10.2%	16.0%	30.8%	25.1%	100.0%
K (accountability)	-	25.1%	10.2%	8.8%	5.8%	15.8%	34.3%	100.0%
	A	7.4%	13.3%	25.0%	54.2%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
1-2	В	0.5%	1.4%	4.5%	4.3%	89.2%	n/a	100.0%
	C	0.4%	2.7%	15.6%	9.5%	27.0%	44.7%	100.0%
	A	7.8%	29.3%	27.6%	35.4%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
3-5	В	0.5%	4.1%	14.5%	14.7%	66.2%	n/a	100.0%
	C	0.1%	0.9%	7.5%	9.5%	26.9%	55.0%	100.0%
	A	23.9%	39.9%	19.7%	16.6%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
6-8	В	1.2%	12.9%	23.0%	26.4%	36.4%	n/a	100.0%
	C	0.2%	0.6%	7.1%	16.2%	35.7%	40.2%	100.0%
	A	48.1%	35.8%	8.8%	7.2%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
9-12	В	3.8%	12.4%	26.5%	25.5%	31.9%	n/a	100.0%
	С	1.4%	4.3%	15.5%	31.3%	26.4%	21.1%	100.0%

4.3.1.2 By Grade by Tier

Table 4.3.1.2AProficiency Level by Grade by Tier (Count): Listening S302

Figure 16 Level 6	<i>j j</i>			ening Prof	ficiency Ra	nge		
Grade	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	24,626	11,794	20,693	32,677	62,805	51,246	203,841
K (accountability)	-	51,112	20,746	17,932	11,923	32,179	69,949	203,841
•	A	4,076	7,378	17,731	38,308	n/a	n/a	67,493
1	В	569	1,874	3,972	4,022	80,709	n/a	91,146
	С	247	1,283	9,165	4,588	11,235	16,179	42,697
	A	2,269	4,015	3,637	7,969	n/a	n/a	17,890
2	В	398	909	4,782	4,405	92,352	n/a	102,846
	С	209	1,637	7,916	5,869	18,396	32,845	66,872
	A	574	3,328	3,803	5,094	n/a	n/a	12,799
3	В	260	2,851	11,149	6,756	53,928	n/a	74,944
	С	105	506	4,445	3,448	19,283	48,681	76,468
	A	704	2,700	2,363	3,025	n/a	n/a	8,792
4	В	244	1,798	5,931	8,507	26,038	n/a	42,518
	С	94	578	3,719	6,189	17,031	26,232	53,843
	A	989	2,528	1,891	2,245	n/a	n/a	7,653
5	В	249	1,467	4,577	6,574	18,588	n/a	31,455
	С	60	543	4,879	6,819	10,598	20,918	43,817
	A	1,218	3,140	1,987	1,592	n/a	n/a	7,937
6	В	202	2,876	6,589	7,043	11,305	n/a	28,015
	С	55	177	3,212	5,685	14,516	14,294	37,939
	A	1,888	3,213	1,649	1,117	n/a	n/a	7,867
7	В	322	3,564	7,565	7,664	9,042	n/a	28,157
	С	118	226	3,158	5,609	15,787	13,959	38,857
	A	2,560	3,123	1,042	1,222	n/a	n/a	7,947
8	В	462	4,222	4,824	7,037	9,656	n/a	26,201
	С	78	292	1,673	7,074	10,117	17,324	36,558
	A	7,018	6,560	876	1,289	n/a	n/a	15,743
9	В	540	3,178	7,540	6,755	10,514	n/a	28,527
	С	264	705	3,423	9,577	13,387	7,942	35,298
	A	3,371	2,445	931	395	n/a	n/a	7,142
10	В	666	2,299	5,573	4,669	6,688	n/a	19,895
	С	264	1,139	4,034	7,906	5,261	4,499	23,103
	A	2,188	954	588	254	n/a	n/a	3,984
11	В	721	2,482	3,093	5,263	3,984	n/a	15,543
	С	313	849	3,202	6,095	4,187	4,027	18,673
	A	1,419	454	166	169	n/a	n/a	2,208
12	В	966	1,443	3,940	2,704	3,039	n/a	12,092
	С	446	1,293	3,742	5,462	1,655	3,101	15,699

Table 4.3.1.2BProficiency Level by Grade by Tier (Percent): Listening S302

Proficiency Level b	y Grade by			ening Prof	ficiency Ra	nge		
Grade	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	12.1%	5.8%	10.2%	16.0%	30.8%	25.1%	100.0%
K (accountability)	_	25.1%	10.2%	8.8%	5.8%	15.8%	34.3%	100.0%
37	A	6.0%	10.9%	26.3%	56.8%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
1	В	0.6%	2.1%	4.4%	4.4%	88.5%	n/a	100.0%
	С	0.6%	3.0%	21.5%	10.7%	26.3%	37.9%	100.0%
	A	12.7%	22.4%	20.3%	44.5%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
2	В	0.4%	0.9%	4.6%	4.3%	89.8%	n/a	100.0%
	С	0.3%	2.4%	11.8%	8.8%	27.5%	49.1%	100.0%
	A	4.5%	26.0%	29.7%	39.8%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
3	В	0.3%	3.8%	14.9%	9.0%	72.0%	n/a	100.0%
	С	0.1%	0.7%	5.8%	4.5%	25.2%	63.7%	100.0%
	A	8.0%	30.7%	26.9%	34.4%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
4	В	0.6%	4.2%	13.9%	20.0%	61.2%	n/a	100.0%
	С	0.2%	1.1%	6.9%	11.5%	31.6%	48.7%	100.0%
	A	12.9%	33.0%	24.7%	29.3%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
5	В	0.8%	4.7%	14.6%	20.9%	59.1%	n/a	100.0%
	С	0.1%	1.2%	11.1%	15.6%	24.2%	47.7%	100.0%
	A	15.3%	39.6%	25.0%	20.1%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
6	В	0.7%	10.3%	23.5%	25.1%	40.4%	n/a	100.0%
	С	0.1%	0.5%	8.5%	15.0%	38.3%	37.7%	100.0%
	A	24.0%	40.8%	21.0%	14.2%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
7	В	1.1%	12.7%	26.9%	27.2%	32.1%	n/a	100.0%
	С	0.3%	0.6%	8.1%	14.4%	40.6%	35.9%	100.0%
	A	32.2%	39.3%	13.1%	15.4%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
8	В	1.8%	16.1%	18.4%	26.9%	36.9%	n/a	100.0%
	С	0.2%	0.8%	4.6%	19.4%	27.7%	47.4%	100.0%
	A	44.6%	41.7%	5.6%	8.2%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
9	В	1.9%	11.1%	26.4%	23.7%	36.9%	n/a	100.0%
	С	0.7%	2.0%	9.7%	27.1%	37.9%	22.5%	100.0%
	A	47.2%	34.2%	13.0%	5.5%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
10	В	3.3%	11.6%	28.0%	23.5%	33.6%	n/a	100.0%
	С	1.1%	4.9%	17.5%	34.2%	22.8%	19.5%	100.0%
	A	54.9%	23.9%	14.8%	6.4%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
11	В	4.6%	16.0%	19.9%	33.9%	25.6%	n/a	100.0%
	С	1.7%	4.5%	17.1%	32.6%	22.4%	21.6%	100.0%
	A	64.3%	20.6%	7.5%	7.7%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
12	В	8.0%	11.9%	32.6%	22.4%	25.1%	n/a	100.0%
	С	2.8%	8.2%	23.8%	34.8%	10.5%	19.8%	100.0%

4.3.1.3 By Grade

Table 4.3.1.3AProficiency Level by Grade (Count): Listening S302

		Lis	stening Pro	ficiency Rar	ıge		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	24,626	11,794	20,693	32,677	62,805	51,246	203,841
K (accountability)	51,112	20,746	17,932	11,923	32,179	69,949	203,841
1	4,892	10,535	30,868	46,918	91,944	16,179	201,336
2	2,876	6,561	16,335	18,243	110,748	32,845	187,608
3	939	6,685	19,397	15,298	73,211	48,681	164,211
4	1,042	5,076	12,013	17,721	43,069	26,232	105,153
5	1,298	4,538	11,347	15,638	29,186	20,918	82,925
6	1,475	6,193	11,788	14,320	25,821	14,294	73,891
7	2,328	7,003	12,372	14,390	24,829	13,959	74,881
8	3,100	7,637	7,539	15,333	19,773	17,324	70,706
9	7,822	10,443	11,839	17,621	23,901	7,942	79,568
10	4,301	5,883	10,538	12,970	11,949	4,499	50,140
11	3,222	4,285	6,883	11,612	8,171	4,027	38,200
12	2,831	3,190	7,848	8,335	4,694	3,101	29,999

Table 4.3.1.3BProficiency Level by Grade (Percent): Listening S302

		Lis	stening Pro	ficiency Ran	ige		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	12.1%	5.8%	10.2%	16.0%	30.8%	25.1%	100.0%
K (accountability)	25.1%	10.2%	8.8%	5.8%	15.8%	34.3%	100.0%
1	2.4%	5.2%	15.3%	23.3%	45.7%	8.0%	100.0%
2	1.5%	3.5%	8.7%	9.7%	59.0%	17.5%	100.0%
3	0.6%	4.1%	11.8%	9.3%	44.6%	29.6%	100.0%
4	1.0%	4.8%	11.4%	16.9%	41.0%	24.9%	100.0%
5	1.6%	5.5%	13.7%	18.9%	35.2%	25.2%	100.0%
6	2.0%	8.4%	16.0%	19.4%	34.9%	19.3%	100.0%
7	3.1%	9.4%	16.5%	19.2%	33.2%	18.6%	100.0%
8	4.4%	10.8%	10.7%	21.7%	28.0%	24.5%	100.0%
9	9.8%	13.1%	14.9%	22.1%	30.0%	10.0%	100.0%
10	8.6%	11.7%	21.0%	25.9%	23.8%	9.0%	100.0%
11	8.4%	11.2%	18.0%	30.4%	21.4%	10.5%	100.0%
12	9.4%	10.6%	26.2%	27.8%	15.6%	10.3%	100.0%

4.3.2 Reading

4.3.2.1 By Cluster by Tier

Table 4.3.2.1A

Proficiency Level by Cluster by Tier (Count): Reading S302

			Re	ading Profi	iciency Rai	ıge		
Cluster	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	44,927	28,198	39,920	17,097	20,656	53,055	203,853
K (accountability)	-	136,612	14,186	9,412	10,849	32,794	0	203,853
	A	20,639	20,757	16,980	26,948	n/a	n/a	85,324
1-2	В	2,772	7,977	33,604	28,812	120,726	n/a	193,891
	C	1,444	4,440	16,953	14,111	29,797	42,709	109,454
	A	9,265	9,527	4,175	6,202	n/a	n/a	29,169
3-5	В	2,858	15,465	36,434	13,600	80,382	n/a	148,739
	С	661	4,241	22,564	17,162	56,469	72,937	174,034
	A	9,353	9,416	2,900	2,060	n/a	n/a	23,729
6-8	В	3,800	21,123	29,125	5,607	22,636	n/a	82,291
	C	1,488	20,293	36,822	15,335	21,116	18,246	113,300
	A	11,232	10,882	3,455	3,537	n/a	n/a	29,106
9-12	В	9,437	29,538	13,788	6,258	17,051	n/a	76,072
	С	1,598	13,021	14,112	12,626	20,505	30,997	92,859

Table 4.3.2.1BProficiency Level by Cluster by Tier (Percent): Reading S302

			Re	ading Profi	iciency Raı	ıge		
Cluster	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	22.0%	13.8%	19.6%	8.4%	10.1%	26.0%	100.0%
K (accountability)	-	67.0%	7.0%	4.6%	5.3%	16.1%	0.0%	100.0%
	A	24.2%	24.3%	19.9%	31.6%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
1-2	В	1.4%	4.1%	17.3%	14.9%	62.3%	n/a	100.0%
	C	1.3%	4.1%	15.5%	12.9%	27.2%	39.0%	100.0%
	A	31.8%	32.7%	14.3%	21.3%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
3-5	В	1.9%	10.4%	24.5%	9.1%	54.0%	n/a	100.0%
	C	0.4%	2.4%	13.0%	9.9%	32.4%	41.9%	100.0%
	A	39.4%	39.7%	12.2%	8.7%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
6-8	В	4.6%	25.7%	35.4%	6.8%	27.5%	n/a	100.0%
	C	1.3%	17.9%	32.5%	13.5%	18.6%	16.1%	100.0%
	A	38.6%	37.4%	11.9%	12.2%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
9-12	В	12.4%	38.8%	18.1%	8.2%	22.4%	n/a	100.0%
	С	1.7%	14.0%	15.2%	13.6%	22.1%	33.4%	100.0%

4.3.2.2 By Grade by Tier

Table 4.3.2.2AProficiency Level by Grade by Tier (Count): Reading S302

Proficiency Level b	y Grade by	Tier (cour		ading Profi	ciency Ra	nge		
Grade	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	44,927	28,198	39,920	17,097	20,656	53,055	203,853
K (accountability)	-	136,612	14,186	9,412	10,849	32,794	0	203,853
()	A	14,711	16,370	14,832	21,554	n/a	n/a	67,467
1	В	1,642	2,562	15,264	17,879	53,726	n/a	91,073
	C	778	1,578	7,254	7,083	11,510	14,434	42,637
	A	5,928	4,387	2,148	5,394	n/a	n/a	17,857
2	В	1,130	5,415	18,340	10,933	67,000	n/a	102,818
	С	666	2,862	9,699	7,028	18,287	28,275	66,817
	A	2,812	4,716	2,106	3,126	n/a	n/a	12,760
3	В	664	4,488	17,361	5,752	46,621	n/a	74,886
	С	184	953	4,827	4,793	29,796	35,873	76,426
	A	3,065	2,857	1,032	1,818	n/a	n/a	8,772
4	В	1,166	5,812	9,982	5,648	19,836	n/a	42,444
	С	244	1,074	7,425	9,001	14,114	21,958	53,816
	A	3,388	1,954	1,037	1,258	n/a	n/a	7,637
5	В	1,028	5,165	9,091	2,200	13,925	n/a	31,409
	С	233	2,214	10,312	3,368	12,559	15,106	43,792
	A	2,138	3,826	1,151	811	n/a	n/a	7,926
6	В	1,001	5,776	11,188	1,962	8,048	n/a	27,975
	С	354	5,457	14,100	6,390	6,520	5,095	37,916
	A	3,108	2,966	1,124	666	n/a	n/a	7,864
7	В	1,291	7,271	10,507	1,850	7,218	n/a	28,137
	С	532	7,263	12,179	6,052	6,964	5,853	38,843
	A	4,107	2,624	625	583	n/a	n/a	7,939
8	В	1,508	8,076	7,430	1,795	7,370	n/a	26,179
	С	602	7,573	10,543	2,893	7,632	7,298	36,541
	A	6,219	6,002	2,001	1,525	n/a	n/a	15,747
9	В	2,382	9,946	7,692	1,717	6,802	n/a	28,539
	С	298	3,492	5,588	4,817	7,704	13,417	35,316
	A	2,518	2,816	741	1,069	n/a	n/a	7,144
10	В	2,416	9,077	2,560	2,052	3,787	n/a	19,892
	С	345	3,638	4,397	3,260	4,658	6,814	23,112
	A	1,503	1,451	465	581	n/a	n/a	4,000
11	В	2,299	5,816	1,984	1,785	3,657	n/a	15,541
	С	491	3,223	2,222	2,535	3,878	6,355	18,704
	A	992	613	248	362	n/a	n/a	2,215
12	В	2,340	4,699	1,552	704	2,805	n/a	12,100
	С	464	2,668	1,905	2,014	4,265	4,411	15,727

Table 4.3.2.2BProficiency Level by Grade by Tier (Percent): Reading S302

Proficiency Level b	y Grade by	Tier (Fere		ading Profi	ciency Rai	nge		
Grade	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	22.0%	13.8%	19.6%	8.4%	10.1%	26.0%	100.0%
K (accountability)	_	67.0%	7.0%	4.6%	5.3%	16.1%	0.0%	100.0%
3 /	A	21.8%	24.3%	22.0%	31.9%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
1	В	1.8%	2.8%	16.8%	19.6%	59.0%	n/a	100.0%
	С	1.8%	3.7%	17.0%	16.6%	27.0%	33.9%	100.0%
	A	33.2%	24.6%	12.0%	30.2%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
2	В	1.1%	5.3%	17.8%	10.6%	65.2%	n/a	100.0%
	С	1.0%	4.3%	14.5%	10.5%	27.4%	42.3%	100.0%
	A	22.0%	37.0%	16.5%	24.5%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
3	В	0.9%	6.0%	23.2%	7.7%	62.3%	n/a	100.0%
	С	0.2%	1.2%	6.3%	6.3%	39.0%	46.9%	100.0%
	A	34.9%	32.6%	11.8%	20.7%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
4	В	2.7%	13.7%	23.5%	13.3%	46.7%	n/a	100.0%
	С	0.5%	2.0%	13.8%	16.7%	26.2%	40.8%	100.0%
	A	44.4%	25.6%	13.6%	16.5%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
5	В	3.3%	16.4%	28.9%	7.0%	44.3%	n/a	100.0%
	С	0.5%	5.1%	23.5%	7.7%	28.7%	34.5%	100.0%
	A	27.0%	48.3%	14.5%	10.2%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
6	В	3.6%	20.6%	40.0%	7.0%	28.8%	n/a	100.0%
	С	0.9%	14.4%	37.2%	16.9%	17.2%	13.4%	100.0%
	A	39.5%	37.7%	14.3%	8.5%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
7	В	4.6%	25.8%	37.3%	6.6%	25.7%	n/a	100.0%
	С	1.4%	18.7%	31.4%	15.6%	17.9%	15.1%	100.0%
	A	51.7%	33.1%	7.9%	7.3%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
8	В	5.8%	30.8%	28.4%	6.9%	28.2%	n/a	100.0%
	С	1.6%	20.7%	28.9%	7.9%	20.9%	20.0%	100.0%
	A	39.5%	38.1%	12.7%	9.7%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
9	В	8.3%	34.9%	27.0%	6.0%	23.8%	n/a	100.0%
	С	0.8%	9.9%	15.8%	13.6%	21.8%	38.0%	100.0%
	A	35.2%	39.4%	10.4%	15.0%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
10	В	12.1%	45.6%	12.9%	10.3%	19.0%	n/a	100.0%
	С	1.5%	15.7%	19.0%	14.1%	20.2%	29.5%	100.0%
	A	37.6%	36.3%	11.6%	14.5%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
11	В	14.8%	37.4%	12.8%	11.5%	23.5%	n/a	100.0%
	С	2.6%	17.2%	11.9%	13.6%	20.7%	34.0%	100.0%
	A	44.8%	27.7%	11.2%	16.3%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
12	В	19.3%	38.8%	12.8%	5.8%	23.2%	n/a	100.0%
	С	3.0%	17.0%	12.1%	12.8%	27.1%	28.0%	100.0%

4.3.2.3 By Grade

Table 4.3.2.3AProficiency Level by Grade (Count): Reading S302

		R	eading Profi	iciency Ran	ge		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	44,927	28,198	39,920	17,097	20,656	53,055	203,853
K (accountability)	136,612	14,186	9,412	10,849	32,794	0	203,853
1	17,131	20,510	37,350	46,516	65,236	14,434	201,177
2	7,724	12,664	30,187	23,355	85,287	28,275	187,492
3	3,660	10,157	24,294	13,671	76,417	35,873	164,072
4	4,475	9,743	18,439	16,467	33,950	21,958	105,032
5	4,649	9,333	20,440	6,826	26,484	15,106	82,838
6	3,493	15,059	26,439	9,163	14,568	5,095	73,817
7	4,931	17,500	23,810	8,568	14,182	5,853	74,844
8	6,217	18,273	18,598	5,271	15,002	7,298	70,659
9	8,899	19,440	15,281	8,059	14,506	13,417	79,602
10	5,279	15,531	7,698	6,381	8,445	6,814	50,148
11	4,293	10,490	4,671	4,901	7,535	6,355	38,245
12	3,796	7,980	3,705	3,080	7,070	4,411	30,042

Table 4.3.2.3BProficiency Level by Grade (Percent): Reading S302

		R	eading Profi	ciency Ran	ge		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	22.0%	13.8%	19.6%	8.4%	10.1%	26.0%	100.0%
K (accountability)	67.0%	7.0%	4.6%	5.3%	16.1%	0.0%	100.0%
1	8.5%	10.2%	18.6%	23.1%	32.4%	7.2%	100.0%
2	4.1%	6.8%	16.1%	12.5%	45.5%	15.1%	100.0%
3	2.2%	6.2%	14.8%	8.3%	46.6%	21.9%	100.0%
4	4.3%	9.3%	17.6%	15.7%	32.3%	20.9%	100.0%
5	5.6%	11.3%	24.7%	8.2%	32.0%	18.2%	100.0%
6	4.7%	20.4%	35.8%	12.4%	19.7%	6.9%	100.0%
7	6.6%	23.4%	31.8%	11.4%	18.9%	7.8%	100.0%
8	8.8%	25.9%	26.3%	7.5%	21.2%	10.3%	100.0%
9	11.2%	24.4%	19.2%	10.1%	18.2%	16.9%	100.0%
10	10.5%	31.0%	15.4%	12.7%	16.8%	13.6%	100.0%
11	11.2%	27.4%	12.2%	12.8%	19.7%	16.6%	100.0%
12	12.6%	26.6%	12.3%	10.3%	23.5%	14.7%	100.0%

4.3.3 Writing

4.3.3.1 By Cluster by Tier

Table 4.3.3.1A

Proficiency Level by Cluster by Tier (Count): Writing S302

			Wı	riting Prof	iciency Rai	nge		
Cluster	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	36,149	60,841	34,266	28,805	38,130	5,649	203,840
K (accountability)	-	119,172	40,889	25,262	12,868	5,649	0	203,840
	A	11,849	54,991	18,534	0	1	0	85,375
1-2	В	13,720	85,270	93,667	1,251	1	0	193,909
	C	2,667	21,936	73,696	11,159	43	1	109,502
	A	3,727	7,522	11,201	6,506	218	1	29,175
3-5	В	1,782	10,591	44,693	85,068	6,653	53	148,840
	C	361	2,034	13,244	110,455	46,309	1,607	174,010
	Α	4,493	8,027	9,442	1,735	30	2	23,729
6-8	В	4,037	12,607	45,557	19,731	390	3	82,325
	C	1,955	9,078	68,680	33,087	468	5	113,273
	A	3,991	8,656	14,473	1,902	45	1	29,068
9-12	В	3,864	4,983	25,079	34,648	6,998	411	75,983
	С	1,812	1,864	13,041	41,755	30,897	3,292	92,661

Table 4.3.3.1BProficiency Level by Cluster by Tier (Percent): Writing S302

			Wı	riting Profi	iciency Rai	nge		
Cluster	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	17.7%	29.8%	16.8%	14.1%	18.7%	2.8%	100.0%
K (accountability)	-	58.5%	20.1%	12.4%	6.3%	2.8%	0.0%	100.0%
	A	13.9%	64.4%	21.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
1-2	В	7.1%	44.0%	48.3%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	2.4%	20.0%	67.3%	10.2%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	A	12.8%	25.8%	38.4%	22.3%	0.7%	0.0%	100.0%
3-5	В	1.2%	7.1%	30.0%	57.2%	4.5%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.2%	1.2%	7.6%	63.5%	26.6%	0.9%	100.0%
	A	18.9%	33.8%	39.8%	7.3%	0.1%	0.0%	100.0%
6-8	В	4.9%	15.3%	55.3%	24.0%	0.5%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	1.7%	8.0%	60.6%	29.2%	0.4%	0.0%	100.0%
	Α	13.7%	29.8%	49.8%	6.5%	0.2%	0.0%	100.0%
9-12	В	5.1%	6.6%	33.0%	45.6%	9.2%	0.5%	100.0%
	С	2.0%	2.0%	14.1%	45.1%	33.3%	3.6%	100.0%

4.3.3.2 By Grade by Tier

Table 4.3.3.2AProficiency Level by Grade by Tier (Count): Writing S302

Figure 16 Level 6	<i>j j</i>			iting Profi	ciency Ra	nge		
Grade	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	36,149	60,841	34,266	28,805	38,130	5,649	203,840
K (accountability)	-	119,172	40,889	25,262	12,868	5,649	0	203,840
•	A	8,045	41,655	17,787	0	1	0	67,488
1	В	8,283	44,277	37,824	707	1	0	91,092
	С	1,656	11,473	25,425	4,101	13	1	42,669
	A	3,804	13,336	747	0	0	0	17,887
2	В	5,437	40,993	55,843	544	0	0	102,817
	С	1,011	10,463	48,271	7,058	30	0	66,833
	A	1,169	2,883	4,554	3,982	168	1	12,757
3	В	672	4,888	17,131	46,798	5,376	43	74,908
	С	141	657	4,768	43,355	26,437	1,048	76,406
	A	1,224	2,468	3,440	1,610	36	0	8,778
4	В	522	3,329	13,836	23,815	983	6	42,491
	С	111	796	3,481	35,493	13,534	400	53,815
	A	1,334	2,171	3,207	914	14	0	7,640
5	В	588	2,374	13,726	14,455	294	4	31,441
	С	109	581	4,995	31,607	6,338	159	43,789
	A	708	2,904	3,246	1,040	20	1	7,919
6	В	1,170	3,743	13,623	9,226	239	1	28,002
	С	648	2,574	18,512	15,870	307	1	37,912
	A	1,551	2,578	3,204	523	7	1	7,864
7	В	1,387	3,920	15,450	7,262	119	2	28,140
	С	722	2,755	24,577	10,670	111	1	38,836
	A	2,234	2,545	2,992	172	3	0	7,946
8	В	1,480	4,944	16,484	3,243	32	0	26,183
	C	585	3,749	25,591	6,547	50	3	36,525
	A	2,232	4,803	7,318	1,340	33	1	15,727
9	В	940	1,611	6,324	14,667	4,687	283	28,512
	C	409	500	2,492	9,710	19,693	2,456	35,260
	A	865	2,019	3,854	387	10	0	7,135
10	В	1,148	1,354	6,418	9,476	1,404	80	19,880
	C	425	489	3,077	11,725	6,847	518	23,081
	A	501	1,022	2,336	138	2	0	3,999
11	В	919	973	6,159	6,724	712	35	15,522
	C	398	398	3,402	11,114	3,109	228	18,649
	A	393	812	965	37	0	0	2,207
12	В	857	1,045	6,178	3,781	195	13	12,069
	С	580	477	4,070	9,206	1,248	90	15,671

Table 4.3.3.2BProficiency Level by Grade by Tier (Percent): Writing S302

Proficiency Level 6	j Grade e j	1101 (1 010			iciency Ra	nge		
Grade	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	17.7%	29.8%	16.8%	14.1%	18.7%	2.8%	100.0%
K (accountability)	-	58.5%	20.1%	12.4%	6.3%	2.8%	0.0%	100.0%
3/	A	11.9%	61.7%	26.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
1	В	9.1%	48.6%	41.5%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	3.9%	26.9%	59.6%	9.6%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	A	21.3%	74.6%	4.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
2	В	5.3%	39.9%	54.3%	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	1.5%	15.7%	72.2%	10.6%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	A	9.2%	22.6%	35.7%	31.2%	1.3%	0.0%	100.0%
3	В	0.9%	6.5%	22.9%	62.5%	7.2%	0.1%	100.0%
	С	0.2%	0.9%	6.2%	56.7%	34.6%	1.4%	100.0%
	A	13.9%	28.1%	39.2%	18.3%	0.4%	0.0%	100.0%
4	В	1.2%	7.8%	32.6%	56.0%	2.3%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.2%	1.5%	6.5%	66.0%	25.1%	0.7%	100.0%
	A	17.5%	28.4%	42.0%	12.0%	0.2%	0.0%	100.0%
5	В	1.9%	7.6%	43.7%	46.0%	0.9%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.2%	1.3%	11.4%	72.2%	14.5%	0.4%	100.0%
	A	8.9%	36.7%	41.0%	13.1%	0.3%	0.0%	100.0%
6	В	4.2%	13.4%	48.7%	32.9%	0.9%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	1.7%	6.8%	48.8%	41.9%	0.8%	0.0%	100.0%
	A	19.7%	32.8%	40.7%	6.7%	0.1%	0.0%	100.0%
7	В	4.9%	13.9%	54.9%	25.8%	0.4%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	1.9%	7.1%	63.3%	27.5%	0.3%	0.0%	100.0%
	A	28.1%	32.0%	37.7%	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
8	В	5.7%	18.9%	63.0%	12.4%	0.1%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	1.6%	10.3%	70.1%	17.9%	0.1%	0.0%	100.0%
	A	14.2%	30.5%	46.5%	8.5%	0.2%	0.0%	100.0%
9	В	3.3%	5.7%	22.2%	51.4%	16.4%	1.0%	100.0%
	С	1.2%	1.4%	7.1%	27.5%	55.9%	7.0%	100.0%
	A	12.1%	28.3%	54.0%	5.4%	0.1%	0.0%	100.0%
10	В	5.8%	6.8%	32.3%	47.7%	7.1%	0.4%	100.0%
	С	1.8%	2.1%	13.3%	50.8%	29.7%	2.2%	100.0%
	A	12.5%	25.6%	58.4%	3.5%	0.1%	0.0%	100.0%
11	В	5.9%	6.3%	39.7%	43.3%	4.6%	0.2%	100.0%
	С	2.1%	2.1%	18.2%	59.6%	16.7%	1.2%	100.0%
	A	17.8%	36.8%	43.7%	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
12	В	7.1%	8.7%	51.2%	31.3%	1.6%	0.1%	100.0%
	С	3.7%	3.0%	26.0%	58.7%	8.0%	0.6%	100.0%

4.3.3.3 By Grade

Table 4.3.3.3AProficiency Level by Grade (Count): Writing S302

		W	riting Profi	iciency Ran	ge		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	36,149	60,841	34,266	28,805	38,130	5,649	203,840
K (accountability)	119,172	40,889	25,262	12,868	5,649	0	203,840
1	17,984	97,405	81,036	4,808	15	1	201,249
2	10,252	64,792	104,861	7,602	30	0	187,537
3	1,982	8,428	26,453	94,135	31,981	1,092	164,071
4	1,857	6,593	20,757	60,918	14,553	406	105,084
5	2,031	5,126	21,928	46,976	6,646	163	82,870
6	2,526	9,221	35,381	26,136	566	3	73,833
7	3,660	9,253	43,231	18,455	237	4	74,840
8	4,299	11,238	45,067	9,962	85	3	70,654
9	3,581	6,914	16,134	25,717	24,413	2,740	79,499
10	2,438	3,862	13,349	21,588	8,261	598	50,096
11	1,818	2,393	11,897	17,976	3,823	263	38,170
12	1,830	2,334	11,213	13,024	1,443	103	29,947

Table 4.3.3.3BProficiency Level by Grade (Percent): Writing S302

		W	riting Prof	iciency Ran	ge		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	17.7%	29.8%	16.8%	14.1%	18.7%	2.8%	100.0%
K (accountability)	58.5%	20.1%	12.4%	6.3%	2.8%	0.0%	100.0%
1	8.9%	48.4%	40.3%	2.4%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
2	5.5%	34.5%	55.9%	4.1%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
3	1.2%	5.1%	16.1%	57.4%	19.5%	0.7%	100.0%
4	1.8%	6.3%	19.8%	58.0%	13.8%	0.4%	100.0%
5	2.5%	6.2%	26.5%	56.7%	8.0%	0.2%	100.0%
6	3.4%	12.5%	47.9%	35.4%	0.8%	0.0%	100.0%
7	4.9%	12.4%	57.8%	24.7%	0.3%	0.0%	100.0%
8	6.1%	15.9%	63.8%	14.1%	0.1%	0.0%	100.0%
9	4.5%	8.7%	20.3%	32.3%	30.7%	3.4%	100.0%
10	4.9%	7.7%	26.6%	43.1%	16.5%	1.2%	100.0%
11	4.8%	6.3%	31.2%	47.1%	10.0%	0.7%	100.0%
12	6.1%	7.8%	37.4%	43.5%	4.8%	0.3%	100.0%

4.3.4 Speaking

4.3.4.1 By Cluster by Tier

Table 4.3.4.1A

Proficiency Level by Cluster by Tier (Count): Speaking S302

			Spe	aking Prof	iciency Ra	nge		
Cluster	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	47,008	16,092	31,076	34,064	22,635	52,952	203,827
K (accountability)	-	47,008	47,168	34,064	22,635	52,952	0	203,827
	A	18,932	30,606	13,802	5,141	3,658	13,208	85,347
1-2	В	7,889	39,061	39,135	19,772	17,716	70,325	193,898
	С	1,499	8,893	13,748	9,641	10,576	65,200	109,557
	A	14,926	7,166	2,867	1,113	811	2,347	29,230
3-5	В	9,034	31,055	33,191	17,558	15,577	42,432	148,847
	С	3,618	17,324	27,975	21,930	24,741	78,440	174,028
	Α	12,653	4,911	2,789	1,545	523	1,325	23,746
6-8	В	3,759	9,173	16,851	18,296	9,133	25,055	82,267
	С	1,466	4,543	13,536	23,871	16,236	53,554	113,206
	A	18,440	4,779	2,503	1,285	532	1,513	29,052
9-12	В	7,673	10,819	13,106	10,991	7,316	26,066	75,971
	C	2,245	4,409	10,136	13,026	11,697	51,079	92,592

Table 4.3.4.1B

Proficiency Level by Cluster by Tier (Percent): Speaking S302

			Spe	aking Prof	iciency Ra	nge		
Cluster	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	23.1%	7.9%	15.2%	16.7%	11.1%	26.0%	100.0%
K (accountability)	-	23.1%	23.1%	16.7%	11.1%	26.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	A	22.2%	35.9%	16.2%	6.0%	4.3%	15.5%	100.0%
1-2	В	4.1%	20.1%	20.2%	10.2%	9.1%	36.3%	100.0%
	С	1.4%	8.1%	12.5%	8.8%	9.7%	59.5%	100.0%
	A	51.1%	24.5%	9.8%	3.8%	2.8%	8.0%	100.0%
3-5	В	6.1%	20.9%	22.3%	11.8%	10.5%	28.5%	100.0%
	С	2.1%	10.0%	16.1%	12.6%	14.2%	45.1%	100.0%
	A	53.3%	20.7%	11.7%	6.5%	2.2%	5.6%	100.0%
6-8	В	4.6%	11.2%	20.5%	22.2%	11.1%	30.5%	100.0%
	С	1.3%	4.0%	12.0%	21.1%	14.3%	47.3%	100.0%
	A	63.5%	16.4%	8.6%	4.4%	1.8%	5.2%	100.0%
9-12	В	10.1%	14.2%	17.3%	14.5%	9.6%	34.3%	100.0%
	С	2.4%	4.8%	10.9%	14.1%	12.6%	55.2%	100.0%

4.3.4.2 By Grade by Tier

Table 4.3.4.2AProficiency Level by Grade by Tier (Count): Speaking S302

Fronciency Levero	<u>, </u>			aking Prof	iciency Ra	nge		
Grade	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	47,008	16,092	31,076	34,064	22,635	52,952	203,827
K (accountability)	-	47,008	47,168	34,064	22,635	52,952	0	203,827
	A	12,401	26,010	11,295	4,205	2,968	10,577	67,456
1	В	3,750	23,312	19,287	9,069	7,789	27,888	91,095
	С	643	5,161	6,585	4,156	4,077	22,071	42,693
	A	6,531	4,596	2,507	936	690	2,631	17,891
2	В	4,139	15,749	19,848	10,703	9,927	42,437	102,803
	С	856	3,732	7,163	5,485	6,499	43,129	66,864
	A	5,858	3,787	1,298	478	339	1,025	12,785
3	В	4,063	17,954	17,376	8,593	7,483	19,450	74,919
	С	1,374	8,945	13,159	9,631	10,663	32,665	76,437
	A	4,830	1,840	821	332	258	702	8,783
4	В	3,012	8,006	9,248	5,171	4,601	12,454	42,492
	С	1,375	5,224	8,759	7,095	7,795	23,571	53,819
	A	4,238	1,539	748	303	214	620	7,662
5	В	1,959	5,095	6,567	3,794	3,493	10,528	31,436
	С	869	3,155	6,057	5,204	6,283	22,204	43,772
	A	3,657	1,923	1,043	654	181	468	7,926
6	В	1,048	2,997	5,659	7,550	2,939	7,796	27,989
	С	501	1,650	4,729	9,990	5,385	15,635	37,890
	Α	4,452	1,218	1,001	628	170	407	7,876
7	В	1,430	2,332	5,277	7,299	3,146	8,638	28,122
	С	524	1,065	3,962	9,291	5,614	18,365	38,821
	Α	4,544	1,770	745	263	172	450	7,944
8	В	1,281	3,844	5,915	3,447	3,048	8,621	26,156
	C	441	1,828	4,845	4,590	5,237	19,554	36,495
	A	10,938	1,836	1,250	809	239	653	15,725
9	В	2,624	2,404	4,117	6,005	3,040	10,312	28,502
	С	672	783	2,616	6,381	4,520	20,253	35,225
	A	4,304	1,477	616	214	148	386	7,145
10	В	2,382	3,549	3,725	2,084	1,789	6,335	19,864
	С	577	1,341	3,010	2,666	3,021	12,427	23,042
	A	2,145	930	402	159	80	272	3,988
11	В	1,554	2,865	2,989	1,636	1,384	5,108	15,536
	С	512	1,179	2,484	2,185	2,266	10,014	18,640
	A	1,053	536	235	103	65	202	2,194
12	В	1,113	2,001	2,275	1,266	1,103	4,311	12,069
	C	484	1,106	2,026	1,794	1,890	8,385	15,685

Table 4.3.4.2BProficiency Level by Grade by Tier (Percent): Speaking S302

Proficiency Level 6	<i>j</i> ====================================			aking Prof	iciency Ra	nge		
Grade	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	23.1%	7.9%	15.2%	16.7%	11.1%	26.0%	100.0%
K (accountability)	-	23.1%	23.1%	16.7%	11.1%	26.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	A	18.4%	38.6%	16.7%	6.2%	4.4%	15.7%	100.0%
1	В	4.1%	25.6%	21.2%	10.0%	8.6%	30.6%	100.0%
	С	1.5%	12.1%	15.4%	9.7%	9.5%	51.7%	100.0%
	A	36.5%	25.7%	14.0%	5.2%	3.9%	14.7%	100.0%
2	В	4.0%	15.3%	19.3%	10.4%	9.7%	41.3%	100.0%
	С	1.3%	5.6%	10.7%	8.2%	9.7%	64.5%	100.0%
	A	45.8%	29.6%	10.2%	3.7%	2.7%	8.0%	100.0%
3	В	5.4%	24.0%	23.2%	11.5%	10.0%	26.0%	100.0%
	С	1.8%	11.7%	17.2%	12.6%	14.0%	42.7%	100.0%
	A	55.0%	20.9%	9.3%	3.8%	2.9%	8.0%	100.0%
4	В	7.1%	18.8%	21.8%	12.2%	10.8%	29.3%	100.0%
	С	2.6%	9.7%	16.3%	13.2%	14.5%	43.8%	100.0%
	A	55.3%	20.1%	9.8%	4.0%	2.8%	8.1%	100.0%
5	В	6.2%	16.2%	20.9%	12.1%	11.1%	33.5%	100.0%
	С	2.0%	7.2%	13.8%	11.9%	14.4%	50.7%	100.0%
	A	46.1%	24.3%	13.2%	8.3%	2.3%	5.9%	100.0%
6	В	3.7%	10.7%	20.2%	27.0%	10.5%	27.9%	100.0%
	С	1.3%	4.4%	12.5%	26.4%	14.2%	41.3%	100.0%
	A	56.5%	15.5%	12.7%	8.0%	2.2%	5.2%	100.0%
7	В	5.1%	8.3%	18.8%	26.0%	11.2%	30.7%	100.0%
	С	1.3%	2.7%	10.2%	23.9%	14.5%	47.3%	100.0%
	A	57.2%	22.3%	9.4%	3.3%	2.2%	5.7%	100.0%
8	В	4.9%	14.7%	22.6%	13.2%	11.7%	33.0%	100.0%
	С	1.2%	5.0%	13.3%	12.6%	14.3%	53.6%	100.0%
	A	69.6%	11.7%	7.9%	5.1%	1.5%	4.2%	100.0%
9	В	9.2%	8.4%	14.4%	21.1%	10.7%	36.2%	100.0%
	С	1.9%	2.2%	7.4%	18.1%	12.8%	57.5%	100.0%
	A	60.2%	20.7%	8.6%	3.0%	2.1%	5.4%	100.0%
10	В	12.0%	17.9%	18.8%	10.5%	9.0%	31.9%	100.0%
	С	2.5%	5.8%	13.1%	11.6%	13.1%	53.9%	100.0%
	A	53.8%	23.3%	10.1%	4.0%	2.0%	6.8%	100.0%
11	В	10.0%	18.4%	19.2%	10.5%	8.9%	32.9%	100.0%
	С	2.7%	6.3%	13.3%	11.7%	12.2%	53.7%	100.0%
	A	48.0%	24.4%	10.7%	4.7%	3.0%	9.2%	100.0%
12	В	9.2%	16.6%	18.8%	10.5%	9.1%	35.7%	100.0%
	С	3.1%	7.1%	12.9%	11.4%	12.0%	53.5%	100.0%

4.3.4.3 By Grade

Table 4.3.4.3AProficiency Level by Grade (Count): Speaking S302

		Sp	eaking Prof	iciency Ran	ge		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	47,008	16,092	31,076	34,064	22,635	52,952	203,827
K (accountability)	47,008	47,168	34,064	22,635	52,952	0	203,827
1	16,794	54,483	37,167	17,430	14,834	60,536	201,244
2	11,526	24,077	29,518	17,124	17,116	88,197	187,558
3	11,295	30,686	31,833	18,702	18,485	53,140	164,141
4	9,217	15,070	18,828	12,598	12,654	36,727	105,094
5	7,066	9,789	13,372	9,301	9,990	33,352	82,870
6	5,206	6,570	11,431	18,194	8,505	23,899	73,805
7	6,406	4,615	10,240	17,218	8,930	27,410	74,819
8	6,266	7,442	11,505	8,300	8,457	28,625	70,595
9	14,234	5,023	7,983	13,195	7,799	31,218	79,452
10	7,263	6,367	7,351	4,964	4,958	19,148	50,051
11	4,211	4,974	5,875	3,980	3,730	15,394	38,164
12	2,650	3,643	4,536	3,163	3,058	12,898	29,948

Table 4.3.4.3BProficiency Level by Grade (Percent): Speaking S302

		Sp	eaking Prof	ficiency Ran	ige		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	23.1%	7.9%	15.2%	16.7%	11.1%	26.0%	100.0%
K (accountability)	23.1%	23.1%	16.7%	11.1%	26.0%	0.0%	100.0%
1	8.3%	27.1%	18.5%	8.7%	7.4%	30.1%	100.0%
2	6.1%	12.8%	15.7%	9.1%	9.1%	47.0%	100.0%
3	6.9%	18.7%	19.4%	11.4%	11.3%	32.4%	100.0%
4	8.8%	14.3%	17.9%	12.0%	12.0%	34.9%	100.0%
5	8.5%	11.8%	16.1%	11.2%	12.1%	40.2%	100.0%
6	7.1%	8.9%	15.5%	24.7%	11.5%	32.4%	100.0%
7	8.6%	6.2%	13.7%	23.0%	11.9%	36.6%	100.0%
8	8.9%	10.5%	16.3%	11.8%	12.0%	40.5%	100.0%
9	17.9%	6.3%	10.0%	16.6%	9.8%	39.3%	100.0%
10	14.5%	12.7%	14.7%	9.9%	9.9%	38.3%	100.0%
11	11.0%	13.0%	15.4%	10.4%	9.8%	40.3%	100.0%
12	8.8%	12.2%	15.1%	10.6%	10.2%	43.1%	100.0%

4.3.5 Oral Language Composite

4.3.5.1 By Cluster by Tier

Table 4.3.5.1A

Proficiency Level by Cluster by Tier (Count): Oral S302

			Oral I	anguage P	roficiency	Range		
Cluster	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	29,747	18,588	24,444	41,756	45,977	43,311	203,823
K (accountability)	-	51,598	29,375	33,562	17,908	28,069	43,311	203,823
	A	11,305	21,318	31,714	8,565	12,372	0	85,274
1-2	В	1,821	9,002	59,496	37,141	86,351	0	193,811
	С	598	3,383	13,116	15,331	35,904	41,167	109,499
	A	8,285	9,772	7,050	1,896	2,195	0	29,198
3-5	В	1,761	10,930	37,649	43,908	54,537	0	148,785
	С	499	3,017	14,673	28,869	57,223	69,676	173,957
	A	10,390	6,767	3,874	1,649	1,024	0	23,704
6-8	В	1,670	8,283	17,127	28,130	26,969	0	82,179
	С	482	1,005	6,366	20,153	38,503	46,587	113,096
	Α	16,354	7,830	2,692	1,331	727	0	28,934
9-12	В	3,167	11,033	15,884	19,721	25,809	0	75,614
	C	1,506	2,739	9,730	22,616	31,411	24,153	92,155

Table 4.3.5.1BProficiency Level by Cluster by Tier (Percent): Oral S302

Oral Language Proficiency Range 1 2 6 Cluster Tier 3 Total K (instructional) 14.6% 9.1% 12.0% 20.5% 22.6% 21.2% 100.0% K (accountability) 25.3% 14.4% 16.5% 8.8% 13.8% 21.2% 100.0% 25.0% 37.2% 10.0% 14.5% 100.0% 13.3% 0.0% A 1-2 В 0.9% 4.6% 30.7% 19.2% 44.6% 0.0% 100.0% \mathbf{C} 0.5% 3.1% 12.0% 14.0% 32.8% 37.6% 100.0% 0.0% A 28.4% 33.5% 24.1% 6.5% 7.5% 100.0% 3-5 В 1.2% 7.3% 25.3% 29.5% 36.7% 0.0% 100.0% \mathbf{C} 0.3% 1.7% 8.4% 32.9% 40.1% 100.0% 16.6% A 43.8% 28.5% 16.3% 7.0% 4.3% 0.0% 100.0% 6-8 2.0% 10.1% 20.8% 34.2% 32.8% 0.0% 100.0% В C 0.4% 0.9% 5.6% 17.8% 34.0% 41.2% 100.0% A 56.5% 27.1% 9.3% 4.6% 2.5% 0.0% 100.0% 9-12 В 4.2% 14.6% 21.0% 26.1% 34.1% 0.0%100.0% \mathbf{C} 1.6% 3.0% 10.6% 24.5% 34.1% 26.2% 100.0%

4.3.5.2 By Grade by Tier

Table 4.3.5.2AProficiency Level by Grade by Tier (Count): Oral S302

Figure 12 Level 6	<i>,</i>			anguage P	roficiency	Range		
Grade	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	29,747	18,588	24,444	41,756	45,977	43,311	203,823
K (accountability)	-	51,598	29,375	33,562	17,908	28,069	43,311	203,823
	A	7,278	16,702	26,494	6,957	9,978	0	67,409
1	В	1,009	5,353	32,356	17,304	35,034	0	91,056
	C	276	1,896	6,752	6,244	12,444	15,055	42,667
	A	4,027	4,616	5,220	1,608	2,394	0	17,865
2	В	812	3,649	27,140	19,837	51,317	0	102,755
	C	322	1,487	6,364	9,087	23,460	26,112	66,832
	A	2,925	4,645	3,420	805	982	0	12,777
3	В	694	5,310	20,769	22,342	25,774	0	74,889
	С	190	1,175	5,793	12,445	22,323	34,474	76,400
	A	2,554	2,865	2,111	587	655	0	8,772
4	В	565	2,955	10,322	12,684	15,948	0	42,474
	C	163	982	5,276	9,021	17,472	20,883	53,797
	A	2,806	2,262	1,519	504	558	0	7,649
5	В	502	2,665	6,558	8,882	12,815	0	31,422
	C	146	860	3,604	7,403	17,428	14,319	43,760
	A	2,895	2,468	1,446	705	402	0	7,916
6	В	430	2,410	5,532	10,408	9,188	0	27,968
	C	125	365	2,062	7,251	13,726	14,328	37,857
	A	3,589	2,128	1,295	518	328	0	7,858
7	В	565	2,886	6,161	8,886	9,590	0	28,088
	C	177	298	2,291	7,031	12,412	16,567	38,776
	A	3,906	2,171	1,133	426	294	0	7,930
8	В	675	2,987	5,434	8,836	8,191	0	26,123
	C	180	342	2,013	5,871	12,365	15,692	36,463
	A	9,155	4,252	1,213	603	440	0	15,663
9	В	899	3,216	4,682	7,992	11,579	0	28,368
	C	412	504	2,156	6,751	12,871	12,403	35,097
	A	3,825	1,990	829	275	201	0	7,120
10	В	860	3,457	4,099	4,935	6,453	0	19,804
	C	356	614	2,645	5,774	8,518	5,044	22,951
	A	2,156	1,082	384	261	86	0	3,969
11	В	710	2,419	3,993	3,699	4,642	0	15,463
	C	332	800	2,307	5,368	5,362	4,377	18,546
	A	1,218	506	266	192	0	0	2,182
12	В	698	1,941	3,110	3,095	3,135	0	11,979
	С	406	821	2,622	4,723	4,660	2,329	15,561

Table 4.3.5.2BProficiency Level by Grade by Tier (Percent): Oral S302

Proficiency Level b	y Grade by				roficiency	Range		
Grade	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	14.6%	9.1%	12.0%	20.5%	22.6%	21.2%	100.0%
K (accountability)	_	25.3%	14.4%	16.5%	8.8%	13.8%	21.2%	100.0%
37	A	10.8%	24.8%	39.3%	10.3%	14.8%	0.0%	100.0%
1	В	1.1%	5.9%	35.5%	19.0%	38.5%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.6%	4.4%	15.8%	14.6%	29.2%	35.3%	100.0%
	A	22.5%	25.8%	29.2%	9.0%	13.4%	0.0%	100.0%
2	В	0.8%	3.6%	26.4%	19.3%	49.9%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.5%	2.2%	9.5%	13.6%	35.1%	39.1%	100.0%
	A	22.9%	36.4%	26.8%	6.3%	7.7%	0.0%	100.0%
3	В	0.9%	7.1%	27.7%	29.8%	34.4%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.2%	1.5%	7.6%	16.3%	29.2%	45.1%	100.0%
	A	29.1%	32.7%	24.1%	6.7%	7.5%	0.0%	100.0%
4	В	1.3%	7.0%	24.3%	29.9%	37.5%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.3%	1.8%	9.8%	16.8%	32.5%	38.8%	100.0%
	A	36.7%	29.6%	19.9%	6.6%	7.3%	0.0%	100.0%
5	В	1.6%	8.5%	20.9%	28.3%	40.8%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.3%	2.0%	8.2%	16.9%	39.8%	32.7%	100.0%
	A	36.6%	31.2%	18.3%	8.9%	5.1%	0.0%	100.0%
6	В	1.5%	8.6%	19.8%	37.2%	32.9%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.3%	1.0%	5.4%	19.2%	36.3%	37.8%	100.0%
	A	45.7%	27.1%	16.5%	6.6%	4.2%	0.0%	100.0%
7	В	2.0%	10.3%	21.9%	31.6%	34.1%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.5%	0.8%	5.9%	18.1%	32.0%	42.7%	100.0%
	A	49.3%	27.4%	14.3%	5.4%	3.7%	0.0%	100.0%
8	В	2.6%	11.4%	20.8%	33.8%	31.4%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.5%	0.9%	5.5%	16.1%	33.9%	43.0%	100.0%
	A	58.4%	27.1%	7.7%	3.8%	2.8%	0.0%	100.0%
9	В	3.2%	11.3%	16.5%	28.2%	40.8%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	1.2%	1.4%	6.1%	19.2%	36.7%	35.3%	100.0%
	A	53.7%	27.9%	11.6%	3.9%	2.8%	0.0%	100.0%
10	В	4.3%	17.5%	20.7%	24.9%	32.6%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	1.6%	2.7%	11.5%	25.2%	37.1%	22.0%	100.0%
	A	54.3%	27.3%	9.7%	6.6%	2.2%	0.0%	100.0%
11	В	4.6%	15.6%	25.8%	23.9%	30.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	1.8%	4.3%	12.4%	28.9%	28.9%	23.6%	100.0%
	A	55.8%	23.2%	12.2%	8.8%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
12	В	5.8%	16.2%	26.0%	25.8%	26.2%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	2.6%	5.3%	16.8%	30.4%	29.9%	15.0%	100.0%

4.3.5.3 By Grade

Table 4.3.5.3AProficiency Level by Grade (Count): Oral S302

			Oral Profici	iency Range	:		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	29,747	18,588	24,444	41,756	45,977	43,311	203,823
K (accountability)	51,598	29,375	33,562	17,908	28,069	43,311	203,823
1	8,563	23,951	65,602	30,505	57,456	15,055	201,132
2	5,161	9,752	38,724	30,532	77,171	26,112	187,452
3	3,809	11,130	29,982	35,592	49,079	34,474	164,066
4	3,282	6,802	17,709	22,292	34,075	20,883	105,043
5	3,454	5,787	11,681	16,789	30,801	14,319	82,831
6	3,450	5,243	9,040	18,364	23,316	14,328	73,741
7	4,331	5,312	9,747	16,435	22,330	16,567	74,722
8	4,761	5,500	8,580	15,133	20,850	15,692	70,516
9	10,466	7,972	8,051	15,346	24,890	12,403	79,128
10	5,041	6,061	7,573	10,984	15,172	5,044	49,875
11	3,198	4,301	6,684	9,328	10,090	4,377	37,978
12	2,322	3,268	5,998	8,010	7,795	2,329	29,722

Table 4.3.5.3BProficiency Level by Grade (Percent): Oral S302

			Oral Profici	iency Range	!		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	14.6%	9.1%	12.0%	20.5%	22.6%	21.2%	100.0%
K (accountability)	25.3%	14.4%	16.5%	8.8%	13.8%	21.2%	100.0%
1	4.3%	11.9%	32.6%	15.2%	28.6%	7.5%	100.0%
2	2.8%	5.2%	20.7%	16.3%	41.2%	13.9%	100.0%
3	2.3%	6.8%	18.3%	21.7%	29.9%	21.0%	100.0%
4	3.1%	6.5%	16.9%	21.2%	32.4%	19.9%	100.0%
5	4.2%	7.0%	14.1%	20.3%	37.2%	17.3%	100.0%
6	4.7%	7.1%	12.3%	24.9%	31.6%	19.4%	100.0%
7	5.8%	7.1%	13.0%	22.0%	29.9%	22.2%	100.0%
8	6.8%	7.8%	12.2%	21.5%	29.6%	22.3%	100.0%
9	13.2%	10.1%	10.2%	19.4%	31.5%	15.7%	100.0%
10	10.1%	12.2%	15.2%	22.0%	30.4%	10.1%	100.0%
11	8.4%	11.3%	17.6%	24.6%	26.6%	11.5%	100.0%
12	7.8%	11.0%	20.2%	26.9%	26.2%	7.8%	100.0%

4.3.6 Literacy Composite

4.3.6.1 By Cluster by Tier

Table 4.3.6.1A

Proficiency Level by Cluster by Tier (Count): Literacy S302

			Lit	eracy Profi	ciency Rai	nge		
Cluster	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	35,756	50,231	37,594	25,398	41,480	13,378	203,837
K (accountability)	-	130,672	24,411	24,653	16,739	7,362	0	203,837
	A	14,422	40,333	30,528	1	0	0	85,284
1-2	В	3,770	41,938	141,538	6,522	1	0	193,769
	C	1,080	12,036	41,307	33,761	18,698	2,493	109,375
	A	5,056	10,071	9,198	4,723	52	0	29,100
3-5	В	1,460	10,991	46,374	82,937	6,863	1	148,626
	C	301	911	16,158	57,529	74,659	24,333	173,891
	Α	6,265	9,640	6,796	978	9	0	23,688
6-8	В	2,795	17,396	42,224	19,417	352	1	82,185
	C	885	10,954	59,272	31,887	8,517	1,640	113,155
	A	6,172	12,513	8,620	1,686	26	0	29,017
9-12	В	4,007	13,933	27,815	23,782	6,253	27	75,817
	С	1,166	3,011	15,659	28,418	30,496	13,732	92,482

Table 4.3.6.1B

Proficiency Level by Cluster by Tier (Percent): Literacy S302

			Lit	eracy Profi	iciency Rar	nge		
Cluster	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	17.5%	24.6%	18.4%	12.5%	20.3%	6.6%	100.0%
K (accountability)	-	64.1%	12.0%	12.1%	8.2%	3.6%	0.0%	100.0%
	A	16.9%	47.3%	35.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
1-2	В	1.9%	21.6%	73.0%	3.4%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	1.0%	11.0%	37.8%	30.9%	17.1%	2.3%	100.0%
	A	17.4%	34.6%	31.6%	16.2%	0.2%	0.0%	100.0%
3-5	В	1.0%	7.4%	31.2%	55.8%	4.6%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.2%	0.5%	9.3%	33.1%	42.9%	14.0%	100.0%
	A	26.4%	40.7%	28.7%	4.1%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
6-8	В	3.4%	21.2%	51.4%	23.6%	0.4%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.8%	9.7%	52.4%	28.2%	7.5%	1.4%	100.0%
	Α	21.3%	43.1%	29.7%	5.8%	0.1%	0.0%	100.0%
9-12	В	5.3%	18.4%	36.7%	31.4%	8.2%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	1.3%	3.3%	16.9%	30.7%	33.0%	14.8%	100.0%

4.3.6.2 By Grade by Tier

Table 4.3.6.2AProficiency Level by Grade by Tier (Count): Literacy S302

Figure 16 Level 6	<i>,</i>			eracy Profi	ciency Ra	nge		
Grade	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	35,756	50,231	37,594	25,398	41,480	13,378	203,837
K (accountability)	-	130,672	24,411	24,653	16,739	7,362	0	203,837
•	A	9,558	32,337	25,543	1	0	0	67,439
1	В	1,764	21,038	64,581	3,631	1	0	91,015
	С	570	5,997	17,610	11,653	5,845	930	42,605
	A	4,864	7,996	4,985	0	0	0	17,845
2	В	2,006	20,900	76,957	2,891	0	0	102,754
	С	510	6,039	23,697	22,108	12,853	1,563	66,770
	A	1,352	4,327	4,216	2,779	45	0	12,719
3	В	445	3,928	19,574	45,675	5,208	0	74,830
	С	111	183	3,185	18,513	40,755	13,620	76,367
	A	1,590	3,150	2,754	1,259	5	0	8,758
4	В	429	3,547	13,706	23,439	1,287	1	42,409
	С	118	295	5,157	21,574	20,092	6,537	53,773
	A	2,114	2,594	2,228	685	2	0	7,623
5	В	586	3,516	13,094	13,823	368	0	31,387
	С	72	433	7,816	17,442	13,812	4,176	43,751
	A	1,239	3,324	2,756	581	6	0	7,906
6	В	599	5,066	13,762	8,308	211	0	27,946
	С	212	2,955	19,653	11,707	2,777	566	37,870
	A	2,165	3,124	2,265	298	2	0	7,854
7	В	955	5,761	14,383	6,888	108	1	28,096
	С	312	3,691	20,084	11,176	2,967	564	38,794
	A	2,861	3,192	1,775	99	1	0	7,928
8	В	1,241	6,569	14,079	4,221	33	0	26,143
	C	361	4,308	19,535	9,004	2,773	510	36,491
	A	3,462	6,715	4,366	1,132	20	0	15,695
9	В	991	3,594	10,104	9,685	4,060	13	28,447
	C	269	583	3,836	9,101	14,167	7,251	35,207
	A	1,333	3,127	2,246	411	6	0	7,123
10	В	1,102	3,980	7,428	6,017	1,307	9	19,843
	С	247	757	4,177	7,534	7,527	2,790	23,032
	A	770	1,746	1,367	111	0	0	3,994
11	В	949	3,371	5,639	4,816	705	4	15,484
	C	275	722	3,745	6,409	5,192	2,271	18,614
	A	607	925	641	32	0	0	2,205
12	В	965	2,988	4,644	3,264	181	1	12,043
	C	375	949	3,901	5,374	3,610	1,420	15,629

Table 4.3.6.2BProficiency Level by Grade by Tier (Percent): Literacy S302

Proficiency Level 6	j Grade e j	1101 (1 010		eracy Profi	iciency Rai	nge		
Grade	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	17.5%	24.6%	18.4%	12.5%	20.3%	6.6%	100.0%
K (accountability)	-	64.1%	12.0%	12.1%	8.2%	3.6%	0.0%	100.0%
	A	14.2%	47.9%	37.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
1	В	1.9%	23.1%	71.0%	4.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	1.3%	14.1%	41.3%	27.4%	13.7%	2.2%	100.0%
	A	27.3%	44.8%	27.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
2	В	2.0%	20.3%	74.9%	2.8%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.8%	9.0%	35.5%	33.1%	19.2%	2.3%	100.0%
	A	10.6%	34.0%	33.1%	21.8%	0.4%	0.0%	100.0%
3	В	0.6%	5.2%	26.2%	61.0%	7.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.1%	0.2%	4.2%	24.2%	53.4%	17.8%	100.0%
	A	18.2%	36.0%	31.4%	14.4%	0.1%	0.0%	100.0%
4	В	1.0%	8.4%	32.3%	55.3%	3.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.2%	0.5%	9.6%	40.1%	37.4%	12.2%	100.0%
	A	27.7%	34.0%	29.2%	9.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
5	В	1.9%	11.2%	41.7%	44.0%	1.2%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.2%	1.0%	17.9%	39.9%	31.6%	9.5%	100.0%
	A	15.7%	42.0%	34.9%	7.3%	0.1%	0.0%	100.0%
6	В	2.1%	18.1%	49.2%	29.7%	0.8%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.6%	7.8%	51.9%	30.9%	7.3%	1.5%	100.0%
	A	27.6%	39.8%	28.8%	3.8%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
7	В	3.4%	20.5%	51.2%	24.5%	0.4%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.8%	9.5%	51.8%	28.8%	7.6%	1.5%	100.0%
	A	36.1%	40.3%	22.4%	1.2%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
8	В	4.7%	25.1%	53.9%	16.1%	0.1%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	1.0%	11.8%	53.5%	24.7%	7.6%	1.4%	100.0%
	A	22.1%	42.8%	27.8%	7.2%	0.1%	0.0%	100.0%
9	В	3.5%	12.6%	35.5%	34.0%	14.3%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.8%	1.7%	10.9%	25.8%	40.2%	20.6%	100.0%
	A	18.7%	43.9%	31.5%	5.8%	0.1%	0.0%	100.0%
10	В	5.6%	20.1%	37.4%	30.3%	6.6%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	1.1%	3.3%	18.1%	32.7%	32.7%	12.1%	100.0%
	A	19.3%	43.7%	34.2%	2.8%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
11	В	6.1%	21.8%	36.4%	31.1%	4.6%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	1.5%	3.9%	20.1%	34.4%	27.9%	12.2%	100.0%
	A	27.5%	42.0%	29.1%	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
12	В	8.0%	24.8%	38.6%	27.1%	1.5%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	2.4%	6.1%	25.0%	34.4%	23.1%	9.1%	100.0%

4.3.6.3 By Grade

Table 4.3.6.3AProficiency Level by Grade (Count): Literacy S302

		Li	teracy Profi	iciency Ran	ge		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	35,756	50,231	37,594	25,398	41,480	13,378	203,837
K (accountability)	130,672	24,411	24,653	16,739	7,362	0	203,837
1	11,892	59,372	107,734	15,285	5,846	930	201,059
2	7,380	34,935	105,639	24,999	12,853	1,563	187,369
3	1,908	8,438	26,975	66,967	46,008	13,620	163,916
4	2,137	6,992	21,617	46,272	21,384	6,538	104,940
5	2,772	6,543	23,138	31,950	14,182	4,176	82,761
6	2,050	11,345	36,171	20,596	2,994	566	73,722
7	3,432	12,576	36,732	18,362	3,077	565	74,744
8	4,463	14,069	35,389	13,324	2,807	510	70,562
9	4,722	10,892	18,306	19,918	18,247	7,264	79,349
10	2,682	7,864	13,851	13,962	8,840	2,799	49,998
11	1,994	5,839	10,751	11,336	5,897	2,275	38,092
12	1,947	4,862	9,186	8,670	3,791	1,421	29,877

Table 4.3.6.3BProficiency Level by Grade (Percent): Literacy S302

		Li	teracy Profi	iciency Ran	ge		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	17.5%	24.6%	18.4%	12.5%	20.3%	6.6%	100.0%
K (accountability)	64.1%	12.0%	12.1%	8.2%	3.6%	0.0%	100.0%
1	5.9%	29.5%	53.6%	7.6%	2.9%	0.5%	100.0%
2	3.9%	18.6%	56.4%	13.3%	6.9%	0.8%	100.0%
3	1.2%	5.1%	16.5%	40.9%	28.1%	8.3%	100.0%
4	2.0%	6.7%	20.6%	44.1%	20.4%	6.2%	100.0%
5	3.3%	7.9%	28.0%	38.6%	17.1%	5.0%	100.0%
6	2.8%	15.4%	49.1%	27.9%	4.1%	0.8%	100.0%
7	4.6%	16.8%	49.1%	24.6%	4.1%	0.8%	100.0%
8	6.3%	19.9%	50.2%	18.9%	4.0%	0.7%	100.0%
9	6.0%	13.7%	23.1%	25.1%	23.0%	9.2%	100.0%
10	5.4%	15.7%	27.7%	27.9%	17.7%	5.6%	100.0%
11	5.2%	15.3%	28.2%	29.8%	15.5%	6.0%	100.0%
12	6.5%	16.3%	30.7%	29.0%	12.7%	4.8%	100.0%

4.3.7 Comprehension Composite

4.3.7.1 By Cluster by Tier

Table 4.3.7.1A

Proficiency Level by Cluster by Tier (Count): Comprehension S302

			Compr	ehension P	roficiency	Range		
Cluster	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	25,081	30,698	43,899	29,078	30,330	44,751	203,837
K (accountability)	-	120,340	14,043	14,430	13,518	25,262	16,244	203,837
	A	10,391	23,289	30,315	21,285	n/a	n/a	85,280
1-2	В	1,393	3,083	32,275	43,076	114,006	n/a	193,833
	С	499	2,560	14,327	15,359	35,404	41,295	109,444
	Α	4,744	11,712	7,478	5,207	n/a	n/a	29,141
3-5	В	890	9,118	37,231	33,343	68,114	n/a	148,696
	C	257	1,113	15,253	18,246	62,063	77,063	173,995
	Α	7,642	10,240	4,431	1,391	n/a	n/a	23,704
6-8	В	1,217	16,036	31,877	18,351	14,748	n/a	82,229
	С	364	4,247	27,849	20,784	36,308	23,678	113,230
	A	12,065	11,721	4,111	1,136	n/a	n/a	29,033
9-12	В	4,461	21,858	22,397	15,256	11,925	n/a	75,897
	C	1,102	6,373	16,936	19,683	25,277	23,262	92,633

Table 4.3.7.1B

Proficiency Level by Cluster by Tier (Percent): Comprehension S302

			Compr	Comprehension Proficiency Range								
Cluster	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total				
K (instructional)	-	12.3%	15.1%	21.5%	14.3%	14.9%	22.0%	100.0%				
K (accountability)	-	59.0%	6.9%	7.1%	6.6%	12.4%	8.0%	100.0%				
	A	12.2%	27.3%	35.5%	25.0%	n/a	n/a	100.0%				
1-2	В	0.7%	1.6%	16.7%	22.2%	58.8%	n/a	100.0%				
	C	0.5%	2.3%	13.1%	14.0%	32.3%	37.7%	100.0%				
	A	16.3%	40.2%	25.7%	17.9%	n/a	n/a	100.0%				
3-5	В	0.6%	6.1%	25.0%	22.4%	45.8%	n/a	100.0%				
	С	0.1%	0.6%	8.8%	10.5%	35.7%	44.3%	100.0%				
	A	32.2%	43.2%	18.7%	5.9%	n/a	n/a	100.0%				
6-8	В	1.5%	19.5%	38.8%	22.3%	17.9%	n/a	100.0%				
	C	0.3%	3.8%	24.6%	18.4%	32.1%	20.9%	100.0%				
	Α	41.6%	40.4%	14.2%	3.9%	n/a	n/a	100.0%				
9-12	В	5.9%	28.8%	29.5%	20.1%	15.7%	n/a	100.0%				
	C	1.2%	6.9%	18.3%	21.2%	27.3%	25.1%	100.0%				

4.3.7.2 By Grade by Tier

Table 4.3.7.2AProficiency Level by Grade by Tier (Count): Comprehension S302

Figure 12 Level 6	<i>,</i>			ehension P		Range		
Grade	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	25,081	30,698	43,899	29,078	30,330	44,751	203,837
K (accountability)	-	120,340	14,043	14,430	13,518	25,262	16,244	203,837
	A	6,765	18,250	25,773	16648	n/a	n/a	67,436
1	В	1,002	1,274	13,373	25,386	50,017	n/a	91,052
	С	310	880	6,125	6,973	14,848	13,495	42,631
	A	3,626	5,039	4,542	4637	n/a	n/a	17,844
2	В	391	1,809	18,902	17,690	63,989	n/a	102,781
	С	189	1,680	8,202	8,386	20,556	27,800	66,813
	A	1,125	5,270	3,768	2,587	n/a	n/a	12,750
3	В	273	2,679	15,218	16,825	39,874	n/a	74,869
	С	109	165	2,277	5,312	28,119	40,429	76,411
	A	1,491	3,687	2,036	1,547	n/a	n/a	8,761
4	В	283	3,034	12,542	9,945	16,628	n/a	42,432
	С	94	314	5,814	7,155	19,057	21,371	53,805
	A	2,128	2,755	1,674	1,073	n/a	n/a	7,630
5	В	334	3,405	9,471	6,573	11,612	n/a	31,395
	С	54	634	7,162	5,779	14,887	15,263	43,779
	A	1,656	3,733	1,953	579	n/a	n/a	7,921
6	В	202	4,111	11,540	6,576	5,533	n/a	27,962
	С	99	910	9,878	7,608	12,464	6,935	37,894
	A	2,705	3,309	1,412	426	n/a	n/a	7,852
7	В	395	5,590	11,337	6,364	4,421	n/a	28,107
	С	144	1,509	10,016	6,900	12,015	8,230	38,814
	A	3,281	3,198	1,066	386	n/a	n/a	7,931
8	В	620	6,335	9,000	5,411	4,794	n/a	26,160
	С	121	1,828	7,955	6,276	11,829	8,513	36,522
	A	6,697	6,294	2,089	639	n/a	n/a	15,719
9	В	880	6,471	10,543	5,506	5,069	n/a	28,469
	С	273	1,151	5,834	6,876	10,990	10,137	35,261
	A	2,650	3,095	1,151	236	n/a	n/a	7,132
10	В	987	6,285	6,000	3,727	2,864	n/a	19,863
	С	233	1,662	4,964	4,976	6,228	4,999	23,062
	A	1,609	1,647	572	151	n/a	n/a	3,979
11	В	1,193	5,298	3,187	3,552	2,278	n/a	15,508
	С	257	1,818	3,188	4,421	4,363	4,602	18,649
	A	1,109	685	299	110	n/a	n/a	2,203
12	В	1,401	3,804	2,667	2,471	1,714	n/a	12,057
	С	339	1,742	2,950	3,410	3,696	3,524	15,661

Table 4.3.7.2BProficiency Level by Grade by Tier (Percent): Comprehension S302

Proficiency Level 6	<i>j</i> =========		.	ehension P		Range		
Grade	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	12.3%	15.1%	21.5%	14.3%	14.9%	22.0%	100.0%
K (accountability)	-	59.0%	6.9%	7.1%	6.6%	12.4%	8.0%	100.0%
	A	10.0%	27.1%	38.2%	24.7%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
1	В	1.1%	1.4%	14.7%	27.9%	54.9%	n/a	100.0%
	С	0.7%	2.1%	14.4%	16.4%	34.8%	31.7%	100.0%
	A	20.3%	28.2%	25.5%	26.0%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
2	В	0.4%	1.8%	18.4%	17.2%	62.3%	n/a	100.0%
	С	0.3%	2.5%	12.3%	12.6%	30.8%	41.6%	100.0%
	A	8.8%	41.3%	29.6%	20.3%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
3	В	0.4%	3.6%	20.3%	22.5%	53.3%	n/a	100.0%
	С	0.1%	0.2%	3.0%	7.0%	36.8%	52.9%	100.0%
	A	17.0%	42.1%	23.2%	17.7%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
4	В	0.7%	7.2%	29.6%	23.4%	39.2%	n/a	100.0%
	С	0.2%	0.6%	10.8%	13.3%	35.4%	39.7%	100.0%
	A	27.9%	36.1%	21.9%	14.1%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
5	В	1.1%	10.8%	30.2%	20.9%	37.0%	n/a	100.0%
	С	0.1%	1.4%	16.4%	13.2%	34.0%	34.9%	100.0%
	A	20.9%	47.1%	24.7%	7.3%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
6	В	0.7%	14.7%	41.3%	23.5%	19.8%	n/a	100.0%
	С	0.3%	2.4%	26.1%	20.1%	32.9%	18.3%	100.0%
	A	34.4%	42.1%	18.0%	5.4%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
7	В	1.4%	19.9%	40.3%	22.6%	15.7%	n/a	100.0%
	С	0.4%	3.9%	25.8%	17.8%	31.0%	21.2%	100.0%
	A	41.4%	40.3%	13.4%	4.9%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
8	В	2.4%	24.2%	34.4%	20.7%	18.3%	n/a	100.0%
	С	0.3%	5.0%	21.8%	17.2%	32.4%	23.3%	100.0%
	A	42.6%	40.0%	13.3%	4.1%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
9	В	3.1%	22.7%	37.0%	19.3%	17.8%	n/a	100.0%
	С	0.8%	3.3%	16.5%	19.5%	31.2%	28.7%	100.0%
	A	37.2%	43.4%	16.1%	3.3%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
10	В	5.0%	31.6%	30.2%	18.8%	14.4%	n/a	100.0%
	С	1.0%	7.2%	21.5%	21.6%	27.0%	21.7%	100.0%
	A	40.4%	41.4%	14.4%	3.8%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
11	В	7.7%	34.2%	20.6%	22.9%	14.7%	n/a	100.0%
	С	1.4%	9.7%	17.1%	23.7%	23.4%	24.7%	100.0%
	A	50.3%	31.1%	13.6%	5.0%	n/a	n/a	100.0%
12	В	11.6%	31.6%	22.1%	20.5%	14.2%	n/a	100.0%
	С	2.2%	11.1%	18.8%	21.8%	23.6%	22.5%	100.0%

4.3.7.3 By Grade

Table 4.3.7.3AProficiency Level by Grade (Count): Comprehension S302

		Comp	rehension P	roficiency I	Range		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	25,081	30,698	43,899	29,078	30,330	44,751	203,837
K (accountability)	120,340	14,043	14,430	13,518	25,262	16,244	203,837
1	8,077	20,404	45,271	49,007	64,865	13,495	201,119
2	4,206	8,528	31,646	30,713	84,545	27,800	187,438
3	1,507	8,114	21,263	24,724	67,993	40,429	164,030
4	1,868	7,035	20,392	18,647	35,685	21,371	104,998
5	2,516	6,794	18,307	13,425	26,499	15,263	82,804
6	1,957	8,754	23,371	14,763	17,997	6,935	73,777
7	3,244	10,408	22,765	13,690	16,436	8,230	74,773
8	4,022	11,361	18,021	12,073	16,623	8,513	70,613
9	7,850	13,916	18,466	13,021	16,059	10,137	79,449
10	3,870	11,042	12,115	8,939	9,092	4,999	50,057
11	3,059	8,763	6,947	8,124	6,641	4,602	38,136
12	2,849	6,231	5,916	5,991	5,410	3,524	29,921

Table 4.3.7.3BProficiency Level by Grade (Percent): Comprehension S302

		Comp	rehension F	Proficiency I	Range		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	12.3%	15.1%	21.5%	14.3%	14.9%	22.0%	100.0%
K (accountability)	59.0%	6.9%	7.1%	6.6%	12.4%	8.0%	100.0%
1	4.0%	10.1%	22.5%	24.4%	32.3%	6.7%	100.0%
2	2.2%	4.5%	16.9%	16.4%	45.1%	14.8%	100.0%
3	0.9%	4.9%	13.0%	15.1%	41.5%	24.6%	100.0%
4	1.8%	6.7%	19.4%	17.8%	34.0%	20.4%	100.0%
5	3.0%	8.2%	22.1%	16.2%	32.0%	18.4%	100.0%
6	2.7%	11.9%	31.7%	20.0%	24.4%	9.4%	100.0%
7	4.3%	13.9%	30.4%	18.3%	22.0%	11.0%	100.0%
8	5.7%	16.1%	25.5%	17.1%	23.5%	12.1%	100.0%
9	9.9%	17.5%	23.2%	16.4%	20.2%	12.8%	100.0%
10	7.7%	22.1%	24.2%	17.9%	18.2%	10.0%	100.0%
11	8.0%	23.0%	18.2%	21.3%	17.4%	12.1%	100.0%
12	9.5%	20.8%	19.8%	20.0%	18.1%	11.8%	100.0%

4.3.8 Overall Composite

4.3.8.1 By Cluster by Tier

Table 4.3.8.1A

Proficiency Level by Cluster by Tier (Count): Overall S302

			Ov	erall Profi	ciency Ran	ige		
Cluster	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	28,669	41,422	40,481	36,103	43,506	13,628	203,809
K (accountability)	-	108,070	32,479	29,796	19,836	11,866	1,762	203,809
	A	10,171	35,943	38,921	122	0	0	85,157
1-2	В	1,603	20,388	122,352	49,220	17	0	193,580
	С	389	4,881	30,572	39,444	29,432	4,601	109,319
	A	6,102	10,070	8,917	3,822	135	0	29,046
3-5	В	859	8,816	44,265	79,344	15,204	0	148,488
	C	192	664	11,764	48,616	79,469	33,038	173,743
	Α	7,956	8,780	5,607	1,279	11	0	23,633
6-8	В	1,313	12,243	35,405	30,846	2,170	0	81,977
	С	318	2,905	30,883	50,791	24,572	3,446	112,915
	A	9,643	12,176	5,767	1,222	42	0	28,850
9-12	В	2,628	12,216	25,408	24,990	10,081	14	75,337
	C	835	2,136	12,591	29,239	32,837	14,234	91,872

Table 4.3.8.1B

Proficiency Level by Cluster by Tier (Percent): Overall S302

			Ov	erall Profi	ciency Ran	ige		
Cluster	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	14.1%	20.3%	19.9%	17.7%	21.3%	6.7%	100.0%
K (accountability)	-	53.0%	15.9%	14.6%	9.7%	5.8%	0.9%	100.0%
	A	11.9%	42.2%	45.7%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
1-2	В	0.8%	10.5%	63.2%	25.4%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	C	0.4%	4.5%	28.0%	36.1%	26.9%	4.2%	100.0%
	A	21.0%	34.7%	30.7%	13.2%	0.5%	0.0%	100.0%
3-5	В	0.6%	5.9%	29.8%	53.4%	10.2%	0.0%	100.0%
	C	0.1%	0.4%	6.8%	28.0%	45.7%	19.0%	100.0%
	A	33.7%	37.2%	23.7%	5.4%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
6-8	В	1.6%	14.9%	43.2%	37.6%	2.6%	0.0%	100.0%
	C	0.3%	2.6%	27.4%	45.0%	21.8%	3.1%	100.0%
	A	33.4%	42.2%	20.0%	4.2%	0.1%	0.0%	100.0%
9-12	В	3.5%	16.2%	33.7%	33.2%	13.4%	0.0%	100.0%
	C	0.9%	2.3%	13.7%	31.8%	35.7%	15.5%	100.0%

4.3.8.2 By Grade by Tier

Table 4.3.8.2AProficiency Level by Grade by Tier (Count): Overall S302

Fioriciency Levero	<i>y</i> ====================================			erall Profi	ciency Rar	ıge		
Grade	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	28,669	41,422	40,481	36,103	43,506	13,628	203,809
K (accountability)	-	108,070	32,479	29,796	19,836	11,866	1,762	203,809
•	A	6,224	28,518	32,494	106	0	0	67,342
1	В	957	10,892	61,866	17,210	6	0	90,931
	С	187	2,615	14,904	13,940	9,225	1,709	42,580
	A	3,947	7,425	6,427	16	0	0	17,815
2	В	646	9,496	60,486	32,010	11	0	102,649
	С	202	2,266	15,668	25,504	20,207	2,892	66,739
	A	1,814	4,455	4,299	2,021	110	0	12,699
3	В	259	3,161	20,013	40,919	10,425	0	74,777
	С	79	167	2,644	15,709	38,945	18,769	76,313
	A	1,999	3,059	2,581	1,079	15	0	8,733
4	В	292	2,904	13,315	22,528	3,321	0	42,360
	С	67	238	4,291	17,451	23,098	8,584	53,729
	A	2,289	2,556	2,037	722	10	0	7,614
5	В	308	2,751	10,937	15,897	1,458	0	31,351
	С	46	259	4,829	15,456	17,426	5,685	43,701
	A	1,984	2,984	2,255	656	8	0	7,887
6	В	255	3,484	11,343	11,733	1,085	0	27,900
	С	75	785	9,955	17,919	7,823	1,238	37,795
	A	2,715	2,898	1,847	376	2	0	7,838
7	В	439	4,091	12,467	10,185	828	0	28,010
	С	112	979	10,971	16,486	8,998	1,168	38,714
	A	3,257	2,898	1,505	247	1	0	7,908
8	В	619	4,668	11,595	8,928	257	0	26,067
	С	131	1,141	9,957	16,386	7,751	1,040	36,406
	A	5,577	6,337	2,951	711	37	0	15,613
9	В	646	3,120	8,603	10,139	5,752	8	28,268
	С	209	416	2,729	8,741	15,112	7,812	35,019
	A	2,053	3,240	1,486	313	5	0	7,097
10	В	691	3,564	6,811	6,243	2,429	4	19,742
	С	176	492	3,289	7,835	8,203	2,885	22,880
	A	1,205	1,749	874	137	0	0	3,965
11	В	621	3,052	5,358	4,942	1,428	2	15,403
	С	200	528	3,156	6,684	5,697	2,224	18,489
	A	808	850	456	61	0	0	2,175
12	В	670	2,480	4,636	3,666	472	0	11,924
	C	250	700	3,417	5,979	3,825	1,313	15,484

Table 4.3.8.2BProficiency Level by Grade by Tier (Percent): Overall S302

Proficiency Level 6	j Grade oj	1101 (1 010		erall Profi	ciency Rar	nge		
Grade	Tier	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	-	14.1%	20.3%	19.9%	17.7%	21.3%	6.7%	100.0%
K (accountability)	-	53.0%	15.9%	14.6%	9.7%	5.8%	0.9%	100.0%
•	A	9.2%	42.3%	48.3%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
1	В	1.1%	12.0%	68.0%	18.9%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.4%	6.1%	35.0%	32.7%	21.7%	4.0%	100.0%
	A	22.2%	41.7%	36.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
2	В	0.6%	9.3%	58.9%	31.2%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	C	0.3%	3.4%	23.5%	38.2%	30.3%	4.3%	100.0%
	A	14.3%	35.1%	33.9%	15.9%	0.9%	0.0%	100.0%
3	В	0.3%	4.2%	26.8%	54.7%	13.9%	0.0%	100.0%
	C	0.1%	0.2%	3.5%	20.6%	51.0%	24.6%	100.0%
	A	22.9%	35.0%	29.6%	12.4%	0.2%	0.0%	100.0%
4	В	0.7%	6.9%	31.4%	53.2%	7.8%	0.0%	100.0%
	C	0.1%	0.4%	8.0%	32.5%	43.0%	16.0%	100.0%
	A	30.1%	33.6%	26.8%	9.5%	0.1%	0.0%	100.0%
5	В	1.0%	8.8%	34.9%	50.7%	4.7%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.1%	0.6%	11.1%	35.4%	39.9%	13.0%	100.0%
	A	25.2%	37.8%	28.6%	8.3%	0.1%	0.0%	100.0%
6	В	0.9%	12.5%	40.7%	42.1%	3.9%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.2%	2.1%	26.3%	47.4%	20.7%	3.3%	100.0%
	A	34.6%	37.0%	23.6%	4.8%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
7	В	1.6%	14.6%	44.5%	36.4%	3.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.3%	2.5%	28.3%	42.6%	23.2%	3.0%	100.0%
	A	41.2%	36.6%	19.0%	3.1%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
8	В	2.4%	17.9%	44.5%	34.3%	1.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.4%	3.1%	27.3%	45.0%	21.3%	2.9%	100.0%
	A	35.7%	40.6%	18.9%	4.6%	0.2%	0.0%	100.0%
9	В	2.3%	11.0%	30.4%	35.9%	20.3%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.6%	1.2%	7.8%	25.0%	43.2%	22.3%	100.0%
	A	28.9%	45.7%	20.9%	4.4%	0.1%	0.0%	100.0%
10	В	3.5%	18.1%	34.5%	31.6%	12.3%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	0.8%	2.2%	14.4%	34.2%	35.9%	12.6%	100.0%
	A	30.4%	44.1%	22.0%	3.5%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
11	В	4.0%	19.8%	34.8%	32.1%	9.3%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	1.1%	2.9%	17.1%	36.2%	30.8%	12.0%	100.0%
	A	37.1%	39.1%	21.0%	2.8%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
12	В	5.6%	20.8%	38.9%	30.7%	4.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	С	1.6%	4.5%	22.1%	38.6%	24.7%	8.5%	100.0%

4.3.8.3 By Grade

Table 4.3.8.3AProficiency Level by Grade (Count): Overall S302

		0	verall Profi	ciency Rang	ge		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	28,669	41,422	40,481	36,103	43,506	13,628	203,809
K (accountability)	108,070	32,479	29,796	19,836	11,866	1,762	203,809
1	7,368	42,025	109,264	31,256	9,231	1,709	200,853
2	4,795	19,187	82,581	57,530	20,218	2,892	187,203
3	2,152	7,783	26,956	58,649	49,480	18,769	163,789
4	2,358	6,201	20,187	41,058	26,434	8,584	104,822
5	2,643	5,566	17,803	32,075	18,894	5,685	82,666
6	2,314	7,253	23,553	30,308	8,916	1,238	73,582
7	3,266	7,968	25,285	27,047	9,828	1,168	74,562
8	4,007	8,707	23,057	25,561	8,009	1,040	70,381
9	6,432	9,873	14,283	19,591	20,901	7,820	78,900
10	2,920	7,296	11,586	14,391	10,637	2,889	49,719
11	2,026	5,329	9,388	11,763	7,125	2,226	37,857
12	1,728	4,030	8,509	9,706	4,297	1,313	29,583

Table 4.3.8.3BProficiency Level by Grade (Percent): Overall S302

		0	verall Profi	ciency Rang	ge		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
K (instructional)	14.1%	20.3%	19.9%	17.7%	21.3%	6.7%	100.0%
K (accountability)	53.0%	15.9%	14.6%	9.7%	5.8%	0.9%	100.0%
1	3.7%	20.9%	54.4%	15.6%	4.6%	0.9%	100.0%
2	2.6%	10.2%	44.1%	30.7%	10.8%	1.5%	100.0%
3	1.3%	4.8%	16.5%	35.8%	30.2%	11.5%	100.0%
4	2.2%	5.9%	19.3%	39.2%	25.2%	8.2%	100.0%
5	3.2%	6.7%	21.5%	38.8%	22.9%	6.9%	100.0%
6	3.1%	9.9%	32.0%	41.2%	12.1%	1.7%	100.0%
7	4.4%	10.7%	33.9%	36.3%	13.2%	1.6%	100.0%
8	5.7%	12.4%	32.8%	36.3%	11.4%	1.5%	100.0%
9	8.2%	12.5%	18.1%	24.8%	26.5%	9.9%	100.0%
10	5.9%	14.7%	23.3%	28.9%	21.4%	5.8%	100.0%
11	5.4%	14.1%	24.8%	31.1%	18.8%	5.9%	100.0%
12	5.8%	13.6%	28.8%	32.8%	14.5%	4.4%	100.0%

4.4 Mean Raw Score Results by Standards

4.4.1 Comprehension Composite

4.4.1.1 By Cluster

Table 4.4.1.1

Mean Raw Score by Cluster by Tier by Standard: Comprehension S302

	•		Maximum		Percent of
Cluster	Tier	Standard	Score	Mean Score	Maximum
		Social Instructional Language	12	7.77	64.74%
		Language of Language Arts	9	5.97	66.34%
	Α	Language of Math	9	5.27	58.54%
		Language of Science	6	4.16	69.33%
		Language of Social Studies	6	3.66	60.97%
		Social Instructional Language	6	4.51	75.15%
		Language of Language Arts	12	7.36	61.33%
1-2	В	Language of Math	12	7.49	62.43%
		Language of Science	9	6.65	73.89%
		Language of Social Studies	9	6.25	69.47%
		Social Instructional Language	6	4.89	81.53%
		Language of Language Arts	12	8.86	73.83%
	C	Language of Math	12	6.95	57.94%
		Language of Science	9	5.71	63.46%
		Language of Social Studies	9	6.24	69.35%
		Social Instructional Language	12	7.10	59.15%
		Language of Language Arts	9	4.03	44.76%
	\mathbf{A}	Language of Math	9	4.79	53.18%
		Language of Science	6	3.22	53.60%
		Language of Social Studies	6	3.26	54.33%
		Social Instructional Language	6	4.81	80.09%
		Language of Language Arts	12	7.73	64.38%
3-5	В	Language of Math	12	6.89	57.42%
		Language of Science	9	5.25	58.32%
		Language of Social Studies	9	5.42	60.22%
		Social Instructional Language	6	3.73	62.17%
		Language of Language Arts	12	7.71	64.27%
	C	Language of Math	12	5.10	42.49%
		Language of Science	9	5.05	56.06%
		Language of Social Studies	9	4.33	48.12%

			Maximum		Percent of
Cluster	Tier	Standard	Score	Mean Score	Maximum
		Social Instructional Language	12	5.97	49.77%
	A	Language of Language Arts	9	4.59	50.95%
		Language of Math	9	4.67	51.89%
		Language of Science	6	3.56	59.32%
		Language of Social Studies	6	3.08	51.26%
	() D	Social Instructional Language	6	3.93	65.43%
		Language of Language Arts	12	8.50	70.81%
6-8	В	Language of Math	12	7.15	59.62%
		Language of Science	9	4.78	53.10%
		Language of Social Studies	9	5.50	61.06%
		Social Instructional Language	6	4.22	70.35%
		Language of Language Arts	12	8.01	66.75%
	C	Language of Math	12	7.34	61.14%
		Language of Science	9	5.55	61.65%
		Language of Social Studies	9	4.54	50.41%
		Social Instructional Language	12	5.84	48.67%
		Language of Language Arts	9	5.17	57.45%
	A	Language of Math	9	4.87	54.07%
		Language of Science	6	3.32	55.41%
		Language of Social Studies	6	3.67	61.21%
		Social Instructional Language	6	4.33	72.21%
		Language of Language Arts	12	8.08	67.35%
9-12	В	Language of Math	12	7.22	60.14%
		Language of Science	9	4.91	54.57%
		Language of Social Studies	9	5.18	57.61%
		Social Instructional Language	6	3.79	63.13%
		Language of Language Arts	12	7.44	61.98%
	C	Language of Math	12	7.40	61.68%
		Language of Science	9	5.18	57.55%
		Language of Social Studies	9	4.75	52.81%

4.4.1.2 By Grade

Table 4.4.1.2Mean Raw Score by Grade by Tier by Standard: Comprehension S302

		by Tier by Standard. Completions	Maximum		Percent of
Grade	Tier	Standard	Score	Mean Score	Maximum
		Social Instructional Language	12	7.72	64.30%
		Language of Language Arts	9	5.88	65.34%
	Α	Language of Math	9	5.17	57.49%
		Language of Science	6	4.14	69.01%
		Language of Social Studies	6	3.61	60.23%
		Social Instructional Language	6	4.19	69.84%
		Language of Language Arts	12	6.57	54.75%
1	В	Language of Math	12	6.64	55.32%
		Language of Science	9	6.03	66.98%
		Language of Social Studies	9	5.58	62.02%
		Social Instructional Language	6	4.48	74.75%
		Language of Language Arts	12	7.85	65.44%
	C	Language of Math	12	6.07	50.58%
		Language of Science	9	5.11	56.80%
		Language of Social Studies	9	5.41	60.13%
		Social Instructional Language	12	7.96	66.35%
		Language of Language Arts	9	6.31	70.09%
	Α	Language of Math	9	5.62	62.47%
		Language of Science	6	4.23	65.34% 57.49% 69.01% 60.23% 69.84% 54.75% 55.32% 66.98% 62.02% 74.75% 65.44% 50.58% 56.80% 60.13% 66.35% 70.09%
		Language of Social Studies	6	3.82	63.72%
		Social Instructional Language	6	4.79	79.86%
		Language of Language Arts	12	8.06	67.17%
2	В	Language of Math	12	8.25	68.74%
		Language of Science	9	7.20	50.58% 56.80% 60.13% 66.35% 70.09% 62.47% 70.54% 63.72% 79.86% 67.17% 68.74% 80.02% 76.08%
		Language of Social Studies	9	6.85	76.08%
		Social Instructional Language	6	5.15	64.30% 65.34% 57.49% 69.01% 60.23% 69.84% 54.75% 55.32% 66.98% 62.02% 74.75% 65.44% 50.58% 56.80% 60.13% 66.35% 70.09% 62.47% 70.54% 63.72% 79.86% 67.17% 68.74% 80.02% 76.08% 85.86% 79.19% 62.63% 67.72%
		Language of Language Arts	12	9.50	79.19%
	C	Language of Math	12	7.52	62.63%
		Language of Science	9	6.09	Maximum 64.30% 65.34% 57.49% 69.01% 60.23% 69.84% 54.75% 55.32% 66.98% 62.02% 74.75% 65.44% 50.58% 56.80% 60.13% 66.35% 70.09% 62.47% 70.54% 63.72% 79.86% 67.17% 68.74% 80.02% 76.08% 85.86% 79.19% 62.63% 67.72%
		Language of Social Studies	9	6.77	75.25%

			Maximum		Percent of
Grade	Tier	Standard	Score	Mean Score	Maximum
		Social Instructional Language	12	6.92	57.63%
		Language of Language Arts	9	3.81	42.30%
	A	Language of Math	9	4.58	50.87%
		Language of Science	6	3.06	51.00%
		Language of Social Studies	6	3.03	50.50%
		Social Instructional Language	6	4.64	77.37%
		Language of Language Arts	12	7.26	60.51%
3	В	Language of Math	12	6.52	54.30%
		Language of Science	9	4.95	55.02%
		Language of Social Studies	9	5.11	56.76%
		Social Instructional Language	6	3.53	58.77%
		Language of Language Arts	12	7.31	60.88%
	C	Language of Math	12	4.66	38.80%
		Language of Science	9	4.73	52.59%
		Language of Social Studies	9	3.96	44.03%
		Social Instructional Language	12	7.13	59.39%
		Language of Language Arts	9	4.10	45.50%
	A	Language of Math	9	4.87	54.11%
		Language of Science	6	3.25	54.21%
		Language of Social Studies	6	3.33	55.57%
		Social Instructional Language	6	4.89	81.49%
		Language of Language Arts	12	7.95	66.25%
4	В	Language of Math	12	7.06	58.85%
		Language of Science	9	5.39	59.85%
		Language of Social Studies	9	5.54	61.57%
		Social Instructional Language	6	3.76	62.66%
		Language of Language Arts	12	7.75	64.59%
	C	Language of Math	12	5.18	43.13%
		Language of Science	9	5.07	56.39%
		Language of Social Studies	9	4.35	48.37%

			Maximum		Percent of
Grade	Tier	Standard	Score	Mean Score	Maximum
		Social Instructional Language	12	7.37	61.40%
		Language of Language Arts	9	4.32	48.01%
	A	Language of Math	9	5.04	55.94%
		Language of Science	6	3.43	57.23%
		Language of Social Studies	6	3.56	59.31%
		Social Instructional Language	6	5.08	84.66%
		Language of Language Arts	12	8.53	71.06%
5	В	Language of Math	12	7.55	62.90%
		Language of Science	9	5.77	64.13%
		Language of Social Studies	9	6.00	66.63%
		Social Instructional Language	6	4.05	67.49%
		Language of Language Arts	12	8.37	69.79%
	C	Language of Math	12	5.78	48.13%
		Language of Science	9	5.55	61.70%
		Language of Social Studies	9	4.94	54.93%
		Social Instructional Language	12	5.84	48.69%
		Language of Language Arts	9	4.47	49.64%
	A	Language of Math	9	4.51	50.07%
		Language of Science	6	3.47	57.84%
		Language of Social Studies	6	2.97	49.43%
		Social Instructional Language	6	3.76	62.62%
		Language of Language Arts	12	8.16	68.04%
6	В	Language of Math	12	6.79	56.56%
		Language of Science	9	4.53	50.29%
		Language of Social Studies	9	5.09	56.52%
		Social Instructional Language	6	3.93	65.51%
		Language of Language Arts	12	7.23	60.29%
	C	Language of Math	12	6.81	56.77%
		Language of Science	9	5.14	Maximum 61.40% 48.01% 55.94% 57.23% 59.31% 84.66% 71.06% 62.90% 64.13% 66.63% 67.49% 69.79% 48.13% 61.70% 54.93% 48.69% 49.64% 50.07% 57.84% 62.62% 68.04% 56.56% 50.29% 65.51% 60.29%
		Language of Social Studies	9	3.94	43.78%

			Maximum		Percent of
Grade	Tier	Standard	Score	Mean Score	Maximum
		Social Instructional Language	12	5.98	49.83%
		Language of Language Arts	9	4.58	Maximum
	A	Language of Math	9	4.67	51.91%
		Language of Science	6	3.57	59.52%
		Language of Social Studies	6	3.05	50.90%
		Social Instructional Language	6	3.93	65.52%
		Language of Language Arts	12	8.52	71.04%
7	В	Language of Math	12	7.17	59.72%
		Language of Science	9	4.81	53.44%
		Language of Social Studies	9	5.51	61.25%
		Social Instructional Language	6	4.25	70.86%
		Language of Language Arts	12	8.05	67.11%
	C	Language of Math	12	7.35	61.26%
		Language of Science	9	5.56	61.77%
		Language of Social Studies	9	4.56	50.62%
		Social Instructional Language	12	6.10	50.80%
		Language of Language Arts	9	4.71	52.37%
	A	Language of Math	9	4.83	53.70%
		Language of Science	6	3.64	60.60%
		Language of Social Studies	6	3.21	53.45%
		Social Instructional Language	6	4.10	68.35%
		Language of Language Arts	12	8.82	73.53%
8	В	Language of Math	12	7.53	62.78%
		Language of Science	9	5.02	Maximum 49.83% 50.86% 51.91% 59.52% 50.90% 65.52% 71.04% 59.72% 53.44% 61.25% 70.86% 67.11% 61.26% 61.77% 50.62% 50.80% 52.37% 53.70% 60.60% 53.45% 68.35% 73.53% 62.78% 55.76% 65.70% 74.82% 73.09% 66.24%
		Language of Social Studies	9	5.91	65.70%
		Social Instructional Language	6	4.49	74.82%
		Language of Language Arts	12	8.77	73.09%
	C	Language of Math	12	7.87	65.55%
		Language of Science	9	5.96	66.24%
		Language of Social Studies	9	5.14	57.06%

			Maximum		Percent of
Grade	Tier	Standard	Score	Mean Score	Maximum
		Social Instructional Language	12	5.52	46.01%
		Language of Language Arts	9	4.94	54.86%
	A	Language of Math	9	4.70	52.22%
		Language of Science	6	3.19	53.21%
		Language of Social Studies	6	3.56	59.32%
		Social Instructional Language	6	4.38	73.04%
		Language of Language Arts	12	8.10	67.51%
9	В	Language of Math	12	7.12	59.32%
		Language of Science	9	4.86	54.04%
		Language of Social Studies	9	5.16	57.37%
		Social Instructional Language	6	3.89	64.85%
		Language of Language Arts	12	7.57	63.11%
	C	Language of Math	12	7.43	61.90%
		Language of Science	9	5.20	57.82%
		Language of Social Studies	9	4.74	52.64%
		Social Instructional Language	12	6.05	50.44%
		Language of Language Arts	9	5.36	59.57%
	A	Language of Math	9	5.00	55.58%
		Language of Science	6	3.45	57.55%
		Language of Social Studies	6	3.77	62.85%
		Social Instructional Language	6	4.28	71.30%
		Language of Language Arts	12	7.96	66.35%
10	В	Language of Math	12	7.15	59.60%
		Language of Science	9	4.85	53.90%
		Language of Social Studies	9	5.12	56.91%
		Social Instructional Language	6	3.75	62.43%
		Language of Language Arts	12	7.33	61.10%
	C	Language of Math	12	7.27	60.60%
		Language of Science	9	5.08	Maximum 46.01% 54.86% 52.22% 53.21% 59.32% 73.04% 67.51% 59.32% 54.04% 57.37% 64.85% 63.11% 61.90% 57.82% 52.64% 50.44% 59.57% 55.58% 62.85% 71.30% 66.35% 59.60% 53.90% 66.43% 61.10%
		Language of Social Studies	9	4.66	51.80%

			Maximum		Percent of
Grade	Tier	Standard	Score	Mean Score	Maximum
		Social Instructional Language	12	6.44	53.63%
		Language of Language Arts	9	5.55	61.71%
	A	Language of Math	9	5.18	57.59%
		Language of Science	6	3.56	59.34%
		Language of Social Studies	6	3.90	65.00%
		Social Instructional Language	6	4.33	72.23%
		Language of Language Arts	12	8.17	68.10%
11	В	Language of Math	12	7.40	61.66%
		Language of Science	9	5.02	55.79%
		Language of Social Studies	9	5.26	58.50%
		Social Instructional Language	6	3.73	62.21%
		Language of Language Arts	12	7.43	61.92%
	C	Language of Math	12	7.49	62.46%
		Language of Science	9	5.26	58.43%
		Language of Social Studies	9	4.85	53.85%
		Social Instructional Language	12	6.30	52.52%
		Language of Language Arts	9	5.49	61.03%
	A	Language of Math	9	5.02	55.74%
		Language of Science	6	3.40	56.74%
		Language of Social Studies	6	3.74	62.26%
		Social Instructional Language	6	4.30	71.74%
		Language of Language Arts	12	8.12	67.67%
12	В	Language of Math	12	7.32	60.98%
		Language of Science	9	4.98	Maximum 53.63% 61.71% 57.59% 59.34% 65.00% 72.23% 68.10% 61.66% 55.79% 58.50% 62.21% 61.92% 62.46% 58.43% 53.85% 52.52% 61.03% 55.74% 56.74% 62.26% 71.74% 67.67%
		Language of Social Studies	9	5.23	58.15%
		Social Instructional Language	6	3.68	61.39%
		Language of Language Arts	12	7.30	60.82%
	C	Language of Math	12	7.42	Maximum 53.63% 61.71% 57.59% 59.34% 65.00% 72.23% 68.10% 61.66% 55.79% 58.50% 62.21% 61.92% 62.46% 58.43% 53.85% 52.52% 61.03% 55.74% 62.26% 71.74% 67.67% 60.98% 55.32% 61.39% 60.82% 61.83% 57.55%
		Language of Science	9	5.18	
		Language of Social Studies	9	4.81	53.42%

4.4.2 Writing

4.4.2.1 By Cluster

Table 4.4.2.1

Mean Raw Score by Cluster by Tier by Standard: Writing S302

		by Cluster by Tier by Standard. Writing 5502		Mean Raw	Score		
			Linguistic	Vocabulary	Language		Percent of
Cluster	Tier	Standard	Complexity	Usage	Control	Total	Maximum
	A	Social Instructional Language	5.18	4.81	4.24	14.23	19.76%
		Social Instructional Language	1.18	1.92	1.20	4.30	23.88%
	В	Language of Math / Science	2.37	2.23	1.92	6.52	36.24%
1-2		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	2.48	2.31	1.74	6.54	36.32%
		Social Instructional Language	2.72	2.45	2.08	7.25	40.26%
	C	Language of Math / Science	2.85	2.73	2.19	7.76	43.13%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	2.94	2.63	2.19	7.75	43.07%
		Social Instructional Language	2.05	1.88	1.54	5.47	30.38%
	Α	Language of Math / Science	2.12	2.22	1.73	6.06	33.69%
		Language of Language Arts	2.14	1.91	1.64	5.70	31.68%
		Social Instructional Language	2.96	3.12	2.46	8.53	47.41%
3-5	В	Language of Math / Science	2.94	3.06	3.06 2.56 8.55	47.50%	
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	2.84	2.30	2.29	7.43	41.25%
		Social Instructional Language	3.23	3.45	2.78	9.46	52.58%
	C	Language of Math / Science	3.12	2.97	2.67	8.76	48.68%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	3.13	2.58	2.61	8.32	46.22%
		Social Instructional Language	2.23	1.94	1.81	5.98	33.21%
	A	Language of Math / Science	2.12	1.67	1.74	5.53	30.70%
		Language of Language Arts	2.29	2.07	1.73	6.10	33.88%
		Social Instructional Language	3.30	2.92	2.68	8.90	49.43%
6-8	В	Language of Math / Science	3.18	3.32	2.65	9.15	50.85%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	3.18	2.65	2.56	8.38	46.58%
		Social Instructional Language	3.63	3.12	3.01	9.76	54.25%
	C	Language of Math / Science	3.66	3.73	3.06	10.45	58.05%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	3.55	2.98	2.91	9.45	52.48%
		Social Instructional Language	2.17	2.03	1.85	6.05	33.61%
	Α	Language of Math / Science	2.23	2.05	1.69	5.98	33.20%
		Language of Language Arts	2.42	2.16	1.76	6.34	35.22%
		Social Instructional Language	3.52	2.93	3.01	9.45	52.50%
9-12	В	Language of Math / Science	3.35	2.96	2.84	9.15	50.86%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	3.29	3.17	2.72	9.18	50.99%
		Social Instructional Language	3.82	3.24	3.39	10.45	58.07%
	C	Language of Math / Science	3.36	3.64	3.04	10.04	55.78%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	3.73	3.61	3.17	10.52	58.45%

4.4.2.2 By Grade

Table 4.4.2.2Mean Raw Score by Grade by Tier by Standard: Writing S302

				Mean Raw	Score		
			Linguistic	Vocabulary	Language		Percent of
Grade	Tier	Standard	Complexity	Usage	Control	Total	Maximum
	A	Social Instructional Language	5.13	4.76	4.15	14.04	19.50%
		Social Instructional Language	1.21	1.88	1.11	4.19	23.27%
	В	Language of Math / Science	2.12	2.04	1.69	5.86	32.53%
1		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	2.15	2.06	1.44	5.65	31.38%
		Social Instructional Language	2.51	2.22	1.82	6.55	36.38%
	С	Language of Math / Science	2.51	2.53	1.87	6.91	38.39%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	2.60	2.38	1.85	6.82	37.91%
	A	Social Instructional Language	5.39	4.99	4.55	14.93	20.74%
		Social Instructional Language	1.16	1.96	1.28	4.40	24.42%
	В	Language of Math / Science	2.60	2.40	2.12	7.11	39.52%
2		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	2.78	2.54	2.01	7.33	40.71%
		Social Instructional Language	2.85	2.61	2.24	7.69	42.74%
	С	Language of Math / Science	3.07	2.85	2.39	8.31	46.15%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	3.15	2.78	2.41	8.35	46.37%
		Social Instructional Language	1.98	1.80	1.45	5.23	29.05%
	Α	Language of Math / Science	2.06	2.15	1.65	5.85	32.53%
		Language of Language Arts	2.07	1.86	1.56	5.49	30.49%
		Social Instructional Language	2.86	2.99	2.34	8.19	45.52%
3	В	Language of Math / Science	2.87	2.93	2.46	8.26	45.86%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	2.71	2.16	2.16	7.03	39.08%
		Social Instructional Language	3.13	3.33	2.67	9.12	50.66%
	C	Language of Math / Science	3.02	2.91	2.57	8.50	47.20%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	2.99	2.41	2.48	7.89	43.85%
		Social Instructional Language	2.05	1.89	1.55	5.49	30.51%
	Α	Language of Math / Science	2.13	2.22	1.74	6.09	33.83%
		Language of Language Arts	2.16	1.92	1.67	5.74	31.88%
		Social Instructional Language	3.00	3.18	2.51	8.68	48.23%
4	В	Language of Math / Science	2.97	3.12	2.60	8.68	48.24%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	2.89	2.35	2.33	7.57	42.08%
		Social Instructional Language	3.25	3.47	2.79	9.50	52.80%
	С	Language of Math / Science	3.14	2.97	2.68	8.80	48.88%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	3.15	2.60	2.62	8.37	46.50%

				Mean Raw	Score		
			Linguistic	Vocabulary	Language		Percent of
Grade	Tier	Standard	Complexity	Usage	Control	Total	Maximum
		Social Instructional Language	2.17	2.00	1.67	5.84	32.44%
	Α	Language of Math / Science	2.23	2.31	1.84	6.39	35.48%
		Language of Language Arts	2.26	2.01	1.75	6.01	33.41%
		Social Instructional Language	3.13	3.34	2.67	9.15	50.81%
5	В	Language of Math / Science	3.06	3.28	2.73	9.07	50.40%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	3.07	2.57	2.52	8.16	45.31%
		Social Instructional Language	3.40	3.63	2.98	10.01	55.64%
	С	Language of Math / Science	3.29	3.06	2.84	9.19	51.04%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	3.33	2.85	2.82	9.00	50.00%
		Social Instructional Language	2.17	1.88	1.75	5.80	32.23%
	Α	Language of Math / Science	2.05	1.62	1.67	5.34	29.65%
		Language of Language Arts	2.25	2.05	1.70	6.00	33.32%
	В	Social Instructional Language	3.18	2.83	2.54	8.55	47.49%
6		Language of Math / Science	3.03	3.17	2.52	8.71	48.40%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	3.01	2.49	2.41	7.91	43.94%
		Social Instructional Language	3.46	3.01	2.83	9.30	51.67%
	C	Language of Math / Science	3.48	3.59	2.88	9.94	55.23%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	3.34	2.77	2.70	8.81	48.97%
		Social Instructional Language	2.23	1.93	1.80	5.95	33.07%
	Α	Language of Math / Science	2.12	1.67	1.74	5.54	30.75%
		Language of Language Arts	2.29	2.07	1.72	6.08	33.75%
		Social Instructional Language	3.31	2.92	2.68	8.92	49.55%
7	В	Language of Math / Science	3.19	3.35	2.67	9.21	51.18%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	3.19	2.65	2.57	8.41	46.72%
		Social Instructional Language	3.64	3.12	3.02	9.79	54.40%
	С	Language of Math / Science	3.67	3.75	3.07	10.49	58.29%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	3.56	2.98	2.92	9.47	52.62%
		Social Instructional Language	2.30	2.01	1.87	6.18	34.34%
	Α	Language of Math / Science	2.19	1.71	1.80	5.71	31.70%
		Language of Language Arts	2.35	2.10	1.77	6.22	34.56%
		Social Instructional Language	3.43	3.01	2.81	9.25	51.37%
8	В	Language of Math / Science	3.31	3.46	2.78	9.56	53.11%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	3.34	2.81	2.71	8.87	49.26%
		Social Instructional Language	3.79	3.24	3.18	10.22	56.77%
	С	Language of Math / Science	3.84	3.85	3.23	10.93	60.70%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	3.76	3.20	3.11	10.07	55.97%

				Mean Raw	Score		
			Linguistic	Vocabulary	Language		Percent of
Grade	Tier	Standard	Complexity	Usage	Control	Total	Maximum
		Social Instructional Language	2.06	1.95	1.75	5.77	32.04%
	Α	Language of Math / Science	2.08	1.93	1.57	5.58	31.01%
		Language of Language Arts	2.26	2.05	1.62	5.94	33.00%
		Social Instructional Language	3.50	2.89	3.02	9.41	52.30%
9	В	Language of Math / Science	3.35	2.93	2.87	9.15	50.86%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	3.29	3.15	2.73	9.16	50.89%
		Social Instructional Language	3.84	3.22	3.44	10.49	58.30%
	C	Language of Math / Science	3.40	3.68	3.09	10.17	56.53%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	3.76	3.63	3.22	10.60	58.91%
		Social Instructional Language	2.25	2.09	1.93	6.28	34.87%
	A	Language of Math / Science	2.36	2.14	1.79	6.28	34.90%
		Language of Language Arts	2.55	2.25	1.86	6.66	37.00%
		Social Instructional Language	3.49	2.90	2.97	9.35	51.93%
10	В	Language of Math / Science	3.32	2.94	2.81	9.07	50.40%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	3.23	3.12	2.66	9.01	50.03%
		Social Instructional Language	3.80	3.21	3.36	10.38	57.65%
	С	Language of Math / Science	3.33	3.61	3.00	9.93	55.17%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	3.70	3.58	3.14	10.42	57.91%
		Social Instructional Language	2.37	2.17	2.02	6.56	36.44%
	Α	Language of Math / Science	2.50	2.26	1.90	6.66	37.01%
		Language of Language Arts	2.68	2.35	1.98	7.01	38.94%
		Social Instructional Language	3.55	2.97	3.03	9.55	53.08%
11	В	Language of Math / Science	3.39	3.00	2.86	9.25	51.36%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	3.34	3.23	2.75	9.32	51.78%
		Social Instructional Language	3.84	3.28	3.37	10.49	58.26%
	C	Language of Math / Science	3.38	3.65	3.03	10.06	55.89%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	3.75	3.64	3.17	10.56	58.68%
		Social Instructional Language	2.31	2.09	1.98	6.38	35.43%
	Α	Language of Math / Science	2.45	2.18	1.87	6.49	36.08%
		Language of Language Arts	2.64	2.26	1.97	6.88	38.24%
		Social Instructional Language	3.55	2.99	3.02	9.57	53.15%
12	В	Language of Math / Science	3.37	2.97	2.83	9.17	50.96%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	3.34	3.24	2.75	9.32	51.78%
		Social Instructional Language	3.81	3.28	3.34	10.43	57.96%
	С	Language of Math / Science	3.32	3.58	2.97	9.88	54.87%
		Language of Language Arts / Social Studies	3.71	3.60	3.12	10.43	57.95%

4.4.3 Speaking

4.4.3.1 By Cluster

Table 4.4.3.2Mean Raw Score by Cluster by Tier by Standard: Speaking S302

CI.	re:			Mean Raw	
Cluster	Tier	Standard	Score	Score	Maximum
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.35	78.46%
	A	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	2.87	57.47%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	2.41	48.27%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.84	94.72%
1-2	В	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	3.98	79.53%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	3.57	71.44%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.93	97.68%
	С	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	4.50	90.01%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	4.24	84.82%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	1.72	57.27%
	A	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	2.01	40.21%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	1.62	32.39%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.82	93.96%
3-5	В	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	3.73	74.52%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	3.49	69.81%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.92	97.36%
	С	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	4.24	84.82%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	4.10	81.95%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	1.69	56.24%
	A	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	1.80	35.93%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	1.46	29.30%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.83	94.24%
6-8	В	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	3.97	79.48%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	3.55	70.91%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.93	97.55%
	С	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	4.44	88.88%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	4.11	82.21%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	1.65	55.00%
	A	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	1.63	32.61%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	1.47	29.33%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.77	92.17%
9-12	В	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	3.83	76.56%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	3.44	68.77%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.90	96.73%
	С	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	4.50	89.99%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	4.16	83.23%

4.4.3.2 By Grade

Table 4.4.3.1Mean Raw Score by Grade by Tier by Standard: Speaking S302

			Maximum	Mean Raw	Percent of
Grade	Tier	Standard	Score	Score	Maximum
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.40	80.05%
	A	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	2.93	58.66%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	2.47	49.42%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.80	93.47%
1	В	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	3.79	75.90%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	3.39	67.75%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.90	96.79%
	С	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	4.33	86.66%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	4.05	80.90%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.18	72.52%
	A	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	2.65	53.03%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	2.20	43.96%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.87	95.82%
2	В	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	4.14	82.74%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	3.74	74.72%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.95	98.25%
	С	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	4.61	92.14%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	4.37	87.33%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	1.77	58.98%
	A	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	2.06	41.23%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	1.62	32.46%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.81	93.75%
3	В	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	3.65	73.04%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	3.39	67.87%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.92	97.31%
	С	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	4.18	83.62%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	4.03	80.60%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	1.68	56.05%
	A	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	1.97	39.47%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	1.60	32.03%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.82	93.94%
4	В	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	3.76	75.14%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	3.53	70.61%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.92	97.21%
	С	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	4.23	84.59%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	4.08	81.53%

Grade	Tier	Standard	Maximum Score	Mean Raw Score	Percent of Maximum
		Social and Instructional Language	3	1.67	55.81%
	A	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	1.97	39.38%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	1.63	32.69%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.84	94.51%
5	В	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	3.86	77.20%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	3.67	73.36%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.93	97.62%
	С	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	4.36	87.19%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	4.24	84.81%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	1.73	57.81%
	A	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	1.86	37.24%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	1.52	30.42%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.82	93.91%
6	В	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	3.91	78.29%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	3.47	69.46%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.91	97.09%
	C	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	4.34	86.80%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	3.97	79.45%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	1.67	55.64%
	A	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	1.76	35.22%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	1.43	28.67%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.83	94.31%
7	В	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	3.98	79.60%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	3.55	71.07%
	С	Social and Instructional Language	3	2.93	97.66%
		Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	4.45	89.09%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	4.12	82.34%
	A	Social and Instructional Language	3	1.66	55.25%
		Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	1.77	35.33%
8		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	1.44	28.79%
	В	Social and Instructional Language	3	2.84	94.51%
		Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	4.03	80.63%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	3.61	72.29%
	С	Social and Instructional Language	3	2.94	97.93%
		Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	4.54	90.83%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	4.25	84.94%
9	A	Social and Instructional Language	3	1.50	50.07%
		Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	1.46	29.12%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	1.32	26.32%
	В	Social and Instructional Language	3	2.78	92.76%
		Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	3.94	78.86%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	3.53	70.68%
	С	Social and Instructional Language	3	2.92	97.31%
		Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	4.58	91.65%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	4.24	84.73%

Grade	Tier	Standard	Maximum Score	Mean Raw Score	Percent of Maximum
	A	Social and Instructional Language	3	1.74	58.00%
		Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	1.72	34.30%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	1.55	30.97%
	В	Social and Instructional Language	3	2.74	91.38%
10		Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	3.72	74.33%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	3.34	66.73%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	2.90	96.65%
	С	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	4.49	89.74%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	4.14	82.86%
		Social and Instructional Language	3	1.88	62.77%
	A	Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	1.91	38.12%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	1.69	33.83%
	В	Social and Instructional Language	3	2.77	92.20%
11		Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	3.77	75.34%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	3.38	67.68%
	С	Social and Instructional Language	3	2.90	96.58%
		Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	4.45	88.90%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	4.12	82.43%
	A	Social and Instructional Language	3	1.97	65.55%
12		Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	2.07	41.41%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	1.84	36.83%
	В	Social and Instructional Language	3	2.76	92.04%
		Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	3.82	76.39%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	3.45	69.02%
	С	Social and Instructional Language	3	2.87	95.76%
		Language of Language Arts/Social Studies	5	4.40	87.95%
		Language of Mathematics/Science	5	4.07	81.36%

World-Class Instructional Design and Assessment



Annual Technical Report for ACCESS for ELLs English Language Proficiency Test, Series 302, 2013-2014 Administration

Annual Technical Report No. 10 Volume 2 of 3: Analyses of Test Forms

Prepared by:

Center for Applied Linguistics

CAL/WIDA Partnership Activities Psychometrics/Research Team

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5. Analyses of Test Forms: Overview

This chapter contains two parts. The first part provides some background on the technical measurement and statistical tools used to analyze ACCESS for ELLs. The second part explains the results that are presented for each test form in Chapter 6.

5.1 Background

5.1.1 Measurement Models Used

The measurement model that forms the basis of the analysis for the development of ACCESS for ELLs is the Rasch measurement model (Wright & Stone, 1979). Additional information on its use in the development of the test is available in WIDA Technical Report 1, *Development and Field Test of ACCESS for ELLs* (Kenyon, 2006). The test was developed using Rasch measurement principles, and in that sense the Rasch model guided all decisions throughout the development of the assessment and was not just a tool for the statistical analysis of the data. Thus, for example, data based on Rasch fit statistics guided the inclusion, revision, or deletion of items during the development and field testing of the test forms, and will continue to guide the refinement and further development of the test.

For Listening, Reading, and Speaking, the dichotomous Rasch model was used as the measurement model. Mathematically, the measurement model may be presented as

$$\log(\frac{P_{ni1}}{P_{ni0}}) = B_n - D_i$$

where

 P_{ni1} = probability of a correct response "1" by person "n" on item "i"

 P_{ni0} = probability of an incorrect response "0" by person "n" on item "i"

 B_n = ability of person "n"

 D_i = difficulty of item "i"

When the probability of a person getting a correct answer equals the probability of a person getting an incorrect answer (i.e., 50% probability of getting it right and 50% probability of getting it wrong), P_{ni1}/P_{ni0} is equal to 1. The log of 1 is 0. This is the point at which a person's ability equals the difficulty of an item. For example, a person whose ability is 1.56 on the Rasch logit scale encountering an item whose difficulty is 1.56 on the Rasch logit scale would have a 50% probability of answering that question correctly.

For the Writing tasks, a Rasch Rating Scale model was used. Mathematically, this can be represented as

$$\log(\frac{P_{nik}}{P_{nik-1}}) = B_n - D_i - F_k$$

where

 P_{nik} = probability of person "n" on task "i" receiving a rating at level "k" on the rating scale

 P_{nik-1} = probability of person "n" on task "i" receiving a rating at level "k - 1" on the rating scale (i.e., the next lowest rating)

 B_n = ability of person "n"

 D_i = difficulty of task "i"

 F_k = calibration of step "k" on the rating scale

All Rasch analyses were conducted using the Rasch measurement software program *Winsteps* (Linacre, 2006). Rasch statistics are presented in several of the tables that follow. When speaking of the measure of examinee ability, we use the term *ability measure* (rather than *theta* used commonly when discussing models based on Item Response Theory). When speaking of the measure of how hard an item was, we use the term *item difficulty measure* (rather than the *b parameter* used commonly when discussing models based on IRT). *Step measures* refer to the calibration of the steps in the Rasch Rating Scale model presented above. All three measures (ability, difficulty, and step) are expressed in terms of Rasch logits, which then are converted into scores on the ACCESS for ELLs score scale for reporting purposes (see Technical Report 1 for more details).

Rasch model standard errors also appear in the tables. These are an indication of the precision with which the measures have been estimated. Unlike the Standard Error of Measurement (SEM) based on classical test theory, which posits the same SEM for all persons, regardless of where on the ability distribution they are, Rasch model standard errors are conditional on the individual's ability measure. All things being equal, if a person gets few items correct or few items incorrect, the standard error of that person's measure will be greater than if a person gets a moderate number of items correct. In addition, for ability measures, standard errors are a function of the number of items on a test form as well as the distribution and quality of the items (i.e., their fit to the Rasch model).

Also included in some of the tables are fit statistics for the Rasch model. These statistics are calculated by comparing the observed empirical data with the data that would be expected to be produced by the Rasch model. Of the several statistics available, the mean square fit statistics were used to flag items in the development of ACCESS for ELLs that needed to be deleted or revised and are presented in the appropriate tables. Outfit mean square statistics are influenced by outliers. For example, a difficult item that for some reason some low ability examinees get correct will have a high outfit mean square statistic that indicates that the item may not be measuring the same thing as other items on the test. Infit mean square statistics are influenced by more aberrant response patterns and generally indicate a more serious measurement problem. The expectation for both of these statistics is 1.00 and values near 1.00 are not of great concern. Values less than 1.00 indicate that the observations are too predictable and thus redundant, but are not of great concern. High values are more of a concern.

Linacre (2002, Autumn), the author of the Winsteps program, provides more guidance on how to interpret these statistics for test items. He writes:

- values greater than 2.0 "distort or degrade the measurement system"
- values between 1.5 and 2.0 are "unproductive for construction of measurement, but not degrading"

- values between 0.5 and 1.5 should be considered "productive for measurement"
- values below 0.5 Linacre calls "less productive for measurement, but not degrading"

Linacre also states in this guidance that infit problems are more serious to the construction of measurement than are outfit problems.

Because conservative guidelines were followed in the development of ACCESS for ELLs, the vast majority of items and tasks on the test forms have mean square fit statistics in the range of 0.75 and 1.25, and fit the range that is "productive for measurement" according to the guidelines above.

5.1.2 Sampling

The results presented in most of the tables in Chapter 6 are based on the full data set of all students who were administered operational Series 302 of ACCESS for ELLs in the academic year 2013–2014. Exceptions are Tables E, G, H, and I. The equating summary tables (Table E) use data from a sample of about 1,000 students rather than the entire population of students, because the equating was done in the midst of the operational scoring. The item or task analysis summary tables (Table G), the complete item analysis tables (Table H), and the raw score to scale score conversion tables (Table I) use item and task difficulties from this equating.

5.1.3 Equating and Scaling

Complete information on the horizontal and vertical scaling of ACCESS for ELLs scores is provided in Technical Report 1, *Development and Field Test of ACCESS for ELLs*[®]. In brief, this scaling was accomplished during the field test based on an elaborate common item design, both across tiers and across grade-level clusters, which spanned two series of complete test forms. Concurrent calibration was used to determine item difficulty measures. These item difficulty measures were used to create the ACCESS for ELLs scale scores used for reporting results on the test. Table D in Section 6 for each form provides the equation for converting Rasch ability measures in logits to ACCESS for ELLs scale scores.

The operational test forms in Series 302 represent a partial refreshment of Series 301. That is, while many items were common on both forms, certain folders on Series 301 were replaced with new items (see Chapter 1.4). Thus, to place results on Series 302 onto the ACCESS for ELLs scale score, items that were not revised or otherwise changed were anchored to the difficulty values from Series 301, which itself had been anchored to Series 203. Table E in Section 6 for each test form provides explicit information on the anchor items used for equating Series 302 results to those of Series 301.

5.1.4 DIF Analyses

Differential item analyses (DIF) attempt to investigate whether performances on items were influenced by factors extraneous to English language proficiency (i.e., the construct being measured on the test). In other words, it attempts to find items that may be functioning differently for different groups based on criteria irrelevant to what is being tested. The performance of students on the ACCESS for ELLs items was compared by dividing students into two different groupings: first, males versus females; second, students of Hispanic ethnic background versus students of all other backgrounds. (For both analyses, students for whom gender or ethnicity was missing were excluded.) Two commonly used procedures for detecting

DIF were used: one for dichotomously scored items (Listening, Reading, and Speaking) and one for polytomously scored items (Writing).

5.1.4.1 Dichotomous Items

Following procedures originally proposed by the Educational Testing Service (ETS), the Mantel-Haenszel Chi-square statistic was used for dichotomous items. This procedure compares item-level performances of students in the two groups (e.g., males versus females) who are divided into subgroups based on their performance on the total test. It is assumed that, if there is no DIF, at any ability level (based on performance on the total test), a similar percentage of students in each group should get the item correct. The Mantel-Haenszel Chi-square statistic is used to check the probability that the two groups performed the same on each item across the ability groupings. The statistic is transformed into a scale called the "M-H delta" scale. This scale is symmetrical around zero, with a delta zero interpreted as indicating that neither group is favored. A positive result indicates that one group is favored; a negative result indicates that the other group is favored.

Because DIF is measured on a continuous scale, and because most items are likely to show some degree of DIF, it is useful to have guidelines to determine when the level of DIF is worrying. We follow the guidance provided by ETS to classify items into DIF levels as follows:

- A (no DIF), when the absolute value of delta was less than 1.0
- B (weak DIF), when the absolute value of delta was between 1.0 and 1.5
- C (strong DIF), when the absolute value of the delta was greater than 1.5

The software program *EZDIF* (Waller, n.d.) was used to run the DIF analyses for all forms containing dichotomous items. For each test form, the greatest number of ability level groupings is used; however, for many test forms, students scoring some of the lowest and highest raw scores need to be grouped together in order to have enough cases in each cell for the statistics to be appropriately calculated. (Note that this software program uses a two-step purification process; that is, items with C-level DIF in the first pass are removed from the matching variable in the second stage, and the DIF is then recalculated for the remaining items.)

(For information on procedures for dealing with items with C-level DIF, see Section 1.4.5.)

5.1.4.2 Polytomous Items

For polytomous items (i.e., the Writing tasks), a similar approach is used. It is based on the Mantel Chi-square statistic and the standardized mean difference following procedures again developed by ETS. As with dichotomous items, the underlying assumption is that students who performed similarly overall on the test should perform similarly on the individual tasks. To test this assumption, students are placed into 6 groups based on their total raw score on the Writing test. We determined these categories by calculating what the total raw score of a student scoring WIDA Proficiency Levels 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 in each category would be. For example, a student consistently scoring 1 would have a total score of 18 on a Tier B or Tier C form. A student consistently scoring 2 would score a 36.

To divide the students into performance groups in this way, cut points were made halfway between the above totals, such that students in Group 1 would have a total score of 0 to 27;

Group 2 totaled 28 to 45; Group 3 totaled 46 to 63; Group 4 totaled 64 to 81; and Group 5 totaled 82 to 108. (Note that Group 5 contained students scoring in the 6 range. These two groups were combined because there are so few students in that category.)

For each Writing task, performance was similarly categorized according to the scoring rubric. Thus, raw scores of 0 to 4 were category 1 (i.e., up to a score totaling 4, such as 2-1-1, which is a high 1 but not yet a 2); the raw scores of 5 to 7 were category 2; the raw scores of 8 to 10 were category 3; the raw scores of 11 to 13 were category 4; the raw scores of 14 to 16 were category 5; and the raw scores of 17 to 18 were category 6. (The only exception to this was Kindergarten Writing tasks, where there was much smaller spread of scores on the Writing tasks. In such cases, total raw scores were used to determine categories.)

Following formulae provided by Zwick, Donoghue, and Grima (1993), an Excel spreadsheet was programmed to take cross-tabulated data output by SPSS and calculate the Mantel statistic and determine its probability of significance. This statistic gives an indication of the probability that observed differences are the result of chance but does not indicate how significant that difference is. To indicate how significant the difference is, the standardized mean difference (SMD) between the performances of the two groups being compared is calculated. The standardized mean difference compares the means of the two groups, adjusting for differences in the distribution of the two groups being compared across the values of the matching variable. To standardize the outcome, this difference is divided by the standard deviation (SD) of the item for the total group. This calculation is also programmed into the Excel spreadsheet.

Following guidance proposed by ETS, polytomously scaled items are classified into DIF levels as follows:

- AA (no DIF), when the Mantel Chi-square statistic is not significant; or, when it is significant and the absolute value of (SMD/SD) is less than or equal to .17
- BB (weak DIF), when the Mantel Chi-square statistic is significant and the absolute value of (SMD/SD) is greater than .17 but less than or equal to .25
- CC (strong DIF), when the Mantel Chi-square statistic is significant and the absolute value of (SMD/SD) is greater than .25

5.2 Descriptions

The following paragraphs describe the tables that follow and are repeated for each test form in each domain.

5.2.1 Raw Score Information (Figure A and Table A)

Figure A and Table A relate to the *raw scores* on each test form. Listening, Reading, and Speaking were scored dichotomously (i.e., right or wrong). Thus, the highest possible score was the number of items on the test form. Each Writing task, however, could be awarded up to 18 points. Additionally, certain Writing tasks are weighted because of their potential to elicit higher levels of writing ability. For cluster 1–2, Tier A has a weight of 3 for the fourth task. For clusters 1–2, 3–5, 6–8, and 9–12, Tiers B and C have a weight of 2 for the second task and a weight of 3 for the third task. Thus, the maximum number of points on each Writing test form varies from 54 for the Tier A forms for clusters 3–5, 6–8, and 9–12 to 108 for the Tier B and C forms and cluster 1–2 Tier A (see Chapter 1.7.2).

For each test form, Figure A shows the distribution of the raw scores. The horizontal axis shows the raw scores. The vertical axis shows the number of students (count). Each bar shows how many students were awarded each raw score.

Table A shows, by each grade in the cluster and by total for the cluster:

- The number of students in the analyses (the number of students who were not absent, invalid, refused, exempt, or in the wrong cluster)
- The minimum observed raw score
- The maximum observed raw score
- The mean (average) raw score
- The standard deviation (std. dev.) of the raw scores

5.2.2 Scale Score Information (Figure B and Table B)

Figure B and Table B relate to the ACCESS for ELLs *scale scores* on each test form. For each test form, raw scores were converted to vertically-equated scale scores. (The raw score to scale score conversion table for each test form is given as the last table—Table I—in each section.)

Thus, for each test form, Figure B shows the distribution of the scale scores. The horizontal axis shows the scale scores based on performances on the test form. To provide full perspective, it extends somewhat below and above the range of possible or observed scale scores. The vertical axis shows the number of students (count). Each bar shows how many students were awarded each scale score.

Table B shows, by each grade in the cluster and by total for the cluster:

- Number of students in the analyses
- The minimum observed scale score
- The maximum observed scale score
- The mean (average) scale score

• The standard deviation (std. dev.) of the scale scores

Note that scale scores for Tier A and Tier B in Listening and Reading are capped. Within each grade, the highest possible scale score for Tier A is the scale score corresponding to the cut score for Proficiency Level 4 (i.e., proficiency level score of 4.0). For Tier B, the highest possible scale score within each grade is the score corresponding to the cut score for Proficiency Level 5 (i.e., proficiency level score of 5.0). Because of these grade-level cut scores, the scale score associated with a given proficiency level score increases by grade level within a cluster, and so the cap also increases by grade level. For example, for Listening 3–5A, the scale score is capped at 325 for Grade 3, 338 for Grade 4, and 350 for Grade 5 (see Table 6.3.1.1B). Thus, a third grade student with a raw score of 18 (out of 18) on that test will have a scale score of 325, a fourth grader with the same raw score will have a scale score of 350. However, all three students would have a proficiency level score of 4.0. For more information, see WIDA Technical Report 1, *Development and Field Test of ACCESS for ELLs* (Kenyon, 2006).

Also note that, because the scale is vertically equated, the range of scale scores moves up the scale from one cluster to the next. Thus, a second grade student with a raw score of 0 on the Listening Tier A test would have a scale score of 108, while a fifth grade student with a raw score of 0 on the Listening Tier A test would have a scale score of 120.

Similarly, scale scores at the lower end may be truncated so that the lowest achievable proficiency level score is 1.0. Again, this results in a lower minimum scale score for students in lower grade levels within a grade-level cluster.

The influence of these cuts will also be noticed in Figure B, as well as in many other tables throughout the report.

5.2.3 Proficiency Level Information (Figure C and Table C)

Figure C and Table C provide information on the proficiency level distribution of the students who took the test form based on their performance. Thus, for each test form, Figure C shows the information graphically for the cluster as a whole. The horizontal axis shows the six WIDA Proficiency Levels. The vertical axis shows the percent of students. Each bar shows the percent of students who were placed into each Proficiency Level in the domain being tested on this test form.

Each row of Table C shows, by each grade in the cluster and by total for the cluster:

- The WIDA Proficiency Level designation (1 to 6)
- The number of students (count) whose performance on the test form placed them into that Proficiency Level in the domain being tested
- The percent of students, out of the total number of students taking the form (by grade or by total for the cluster), who were placed into that Proficiency Level in the domain being tested

(Note that for some domains for Kindergarten and Tier A tests, it was not possible to place into all proficiency levels. Figure C and Table C also clearly show the effect of the scoring cap on Tiers A and B.)

For Kindergarten this information is provided for scores based on both the Accountability cut scores and the Instructional cut scores.

5.2.4 Scaling Equation Table (Table D)

For each test form, Table D provides the scaling equation for that domain. This equation is used to convert an examinee's ability measure into the scale score. Because ACCESS for ELLs is vertically equated (see 5.1.3 above), though each domain has its own equation, the same equation is used across all tiers and grade-level clusters within each domain.

5.2.5 Equating Summary (Table E)

Each year a certain percentage of items on each ACCESS for ELLs test form are refreshed. A post-equating procedure known as common item equating is used to equate results on new forms to the older forms. This means that the difficulty measure of items appearing on the new form that are the same as those on the older form are kept constant across both forms. Thus, performances on the newer form may be interpreted in the same frame of reference.

Many items appearing on ACCESS for ELLs Series 302 also appeared on Series 301. All items common to both forms were anchored in the first equating run. After the first equating run, some items that were originally anchored proved to have changed in their difficulty measure. This change is measured by the "Displacement" statistic. This statistic shows the difference between the difficulty value of the anchored item and what its difficulty value would have been had it not been anchored. For Listening and Reading items, and for Writing and Speaking tasks, if this value was large (i.e., usually above .30 or below -.30), that item was unanchored in the final equating run (i.e., it was treated as if it were a new item).

Table E presents a summary of the common item equating procedures. The first section of the table compares the current test (i.e., the Series 302 version of that test form) to the previous year's test (i.e., the Series 301 version of that test form). The number of items, the average item difficulty, the standard deviation of the item difficulty values, as well as the difficulty value of the easiest and hardest item on each test form is presented. These values are in terms of logits used in the Rasch measurement model.

The second section of the table presents information on the anchoring items. The total number of possible anchors (i.e., all common items) is shown, as well as the standard deviation of those items. Next, the number of items that were actually anchored (i.e., in general, those items whose displacement values were below .30 or above -.30) in the final equating run is shown, again with the average item difficulty and standard deviation. Finally, the percentage of items that served as anchors and the average displacement value is given. Generally speaking, the greater the number of tasks anchored and the closer the average displacement is to 0.00, the more trustworthy the equating results will be.

The final section of Table E shows the location of the anchor items or tasks, both by order on the test form and by order of difficulty. It is desirable that the anchored items appear throughout the test form in order to ensure that no systematic bias affects performance on them (e.g., if they all appear at the end of a test form, there may be a fatigue effect). It is also desirable that the anchor items represent a wide range of difficulties across the entire spectrum of the item difficulty values on a test form. The greater the representation across the difficulty range, the more trustworthy the equating results will be. This section also provides information on displacement;

that is, the difference between the difficulty value of the anchored item and what that difficulty value would have been had the item not been anchored. Smaller displacement statistics indicate more consistency between the item's difficulty value on the Series 302 test form and on the Series 301 test form. Typically, random displacements of less than 0.5 logits are unlikely to have much impact on measurement in a test instrument (Linacre, n.d.).

Note that for the Writing tasks, this table also provides the anchored step measures for the total score on each task. For the ACCESS Writing tasks, a rating scale model is used (see 5.1.1 above). Because a single generic rubric based on the generic WIDA Performance Level definitions is used to score all of the Writing tasks across all of the grade-level clusters, we modeled a rating scale that has the same step difficulty values across all Writing tasks across all grade-level clusters. Thus, these values are the same for every Writing task on ACCESS. These constant step difficulty values help to provide anchors in the calibration of new Writing tasks onto the common WIDA score scale each year.

Note that because the Kindergarten test form was newly created for Series 200, it was not equated to the Series 103 test. Therefore, Table E is not included for Kindergarten. For technical details on the Kindergarten test, see MacGregor, Kenyon, Gibson, and Evans, (2009). In addition, in the other grade-level clusters, scores for the Speaking test are based on a content analysis rather than on equating to previous forms; therefore, Table E is included only to verify that the raw score to scale score conversion remains within reasonable parameters.

Note that for Series 302, no equating was performed for Writing Tiers A for all grade clusters. Also, no equating was performed for all Reading grade clusters. The results of the unequated tests needed for certain tables were taken from the results of Series 301.

5.2.6 Test Characteristic Curve (Figure D)

For each test form, Figure D graphically shows the relationship between the ability measure (in logits) on the horizontal axis and the expected raw score on the vertical axis. Five vertical lines indicate the five cut scores for the highest grade in the cluster for the test form, dividing the figure into six sections for each of the WIDA proficiency levels (Levels 1–6) for the domain being tested. (Note that for some domains for Kindergarten and Tier A tests, it was not possible to place into all six language proficiency levels. As would be expected, higher raw scores are required to be placed into higher language proficiency levels. The relative width of each section between the cut score lines, however, gives an indication of how many items on that form must be answered correctly (or points on the Writing section must be earned) to be placed into a WIDA language Proficiency Level.

5.2.7 Test Information Function (Figure E)

With the Rasch measurement model, as with any measurement model following Item Response Theory (IRT), the relationship between the ability measure (in logits) and the accuracy of test scores can be modeled. It is recognized that tests measure most accurately when the abilities of the examinees and the difficulty of the items are most appropriate for each other. If a test is too difficult for an examinee (i.e., the examinee scores close to zero), or if the test is too easy for an examinee (i.e., the examinee "tops out"), accurate measurement of the examinee's ability cannot be made. The test information function shows graphically how well the test is measuring across

the ability measure spectrum. High values indicate more accuracy in measurement. Thus, for each test form, Figure E shows the relationship between the ability measure (in logits) on the horizontal axis and measurement accuracy, represented as the Fisher information value (which is the inverse squared of the standard error), on the vertical axis. The test information function, then, reflects the conditional standard error of measurement.

Again, as in Figure D, five vertical lines in Figure E indicate the five cut scores for the highest grade in the cluster for the test form, dividing the figure into six sections for each of the WIDA language proficiency levels (1–6) for the domain being tested. (Note that for some domains for Kindergarten and Tier A tests, it was not possible to place into all six language proficiency levels. Note also that, although Listening and Reading scores on Tiers A and B were capped, all 5 horizontal lines indicating the cut points remain in this figure.) It is important that each test form measure most accurately in the areas for which it is primarily used to make classification decisions. In other words, optimally the test information function should be high for the cuts between 1/2 and 2/3 for Tier A test forms; between 2/3, 3/4, and 4/5 for Tier B test forms; and between 3/4, 4/5, and 5/6 for Tier C test forms.

5.2.8 Reliability (Table F)

In contrast to Figure E, which is based on the Rasch measurement model, Table F presents reliability and accuracy information based on Classical Test Theory. It shows:

- The number of students
- The number of items
- Cronbach's coefficient alpha (as a measure of internal consistency)
- The classical standard error of measurement (SEM) in terms of *raw scores*

Cronbach's coefficient alpha is widely used as an estimate of reliability, particularly of the internal consistency of test items. It expresses how well the items on a test appear to measure the same construct. Conceptually, it may be thought of as the correlation obtained between performances on two halves of the test, if every possibility of dividing the test items in two were attempted. Thus, Cronbach's alpha may be low if some items are measuring something other than what the majority of the items are measuring. As with any reliability index, it is affected by the number of test items (or test score points that may be awarded). That is, all things being equal, the greater the number of items, the higher the reliability.

Cronbach's alpha is also affected by the distribution of ability within the group of students tested. All things being equal, the greater the heterogeneity of abilities within the group of students tested (i.e., the more widely the scores are distributed), the higher the reliability. In this sense, Cronbach's alpha is *sample dependent*. It is widely recognized that reliability can be as much a function of the test as of the sample of students tested. That is, the exact same test can produce widely disparate reliability indices based on ability distribution of the group of students tested. Because ACCESS for ELLs is a tiered test (that is, because each form in Tier A, B, or C targets only a certain range of the entire ability distribution), results for reliability on any one form, particularly for the shorter Listening test, may at times be lower than typically expected.

The formula for Cronbach's alpha is

$$\alpha = \frac{n}{n-1} \left[1 - \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} \sigma_i^2}{\sigma_t^2} \right]$$

where

n = number of items i

 σ_i^2 = variance of score on item i

 σ_t^2 = variance of total score

Table F also presents the *standard error of measurement* (SEM) based on classical test theory. Unlike IRT, in this approach, SEM is seen as a constant across the spread of test scores (ability continuum). Thus, it is *not* conditional on ability being measured. It is, however, a function of two statistics: the reliability of the test and the (observed) standard deviation of the test scores. It is calculated as

$$SEM = SD\sqrt{1 - reliability}$$

Traditionally, SEM has been used to create a band around an examinee's observed score, with the assertion in the view of classical test theory, that the examinee's true score (i.e., what the examinee's score would be if it could be measured without error) would lie with a certain degree of probability within this band. Statistically speaking, then, there is an expectation that an examinee's true score has a 68% probability of lying within the band extending from the observed score minus 1 SEM to the observed score plus 1 SEM.

For the Writing tests (except Kindergarten, which is scored by the test administrator), information on inter-rater reliability is also provided in Table F. This portion of the table shows, for each of the three or four Writing tasks, the percent of agreement between two raters in terms of the three features being rated: Linguistic Complexity (LX), Vocabulary Usage (VU), and Language Control (LC). In this part of the table, the first column shows the Writing task (i.e., the first, second, third, or fourth, if applicable). The second column shows the number of Writing papers that were double scored. This number is generally 25% of all papers scored, chosen at random during the operational scoring process. The next column shows the feature, while the following columns show the rates of agreement: exact, adj (adjacent), and total sum of exact and adjacent. When the two raters agreed on the score, an exact agreement was counted. If the two raters were different in that feature by one point, an adjacent agreement was counted.

5.2.9 Item/Task Analysis Summary (Table G)

Table G provides a summary of the analyses of the items (for Listening and Reading) or the tasks (for Writing and Speaking). The top part of the table gives an item or task summary. The first column in this part states the type of item (MC for multiple choice or ECR for extended constructed response). The next column shows the number of items or tasks on the test form. The next column gives the average item or task difficulty value in logits. For the multiple-choice items, the next column shows the average p-value. This is the average percent of correct items. The last two columns give information on the Rasch model fit statistics (see 5.1.1). The first is

the average infit mean square statistic; the second is the average outfit mean square statistic. Optimally, these values should be close to 1.00.

The next section of Table G provides a summary of the findings of the DIF analyses (see 5.1.4). The first column gives the DIF level: A, B, or C for dichotomous items or AA, BB, or CC for polytomous tasks (i.e., Writing tasks). The next major columns show the contrasting groups in the DIF analyses: either male versus female (Male/Female) or Hispanic versus other ethnicities (Hispanic/Other). Even though DIF may be negligible (category A or AA), this table shows the number of items that were favoring one group or the other at all levels of DIF. Optimally, even when items are all in category A or AA, there should be roughly an even number of items favoring each of the two groups to ensure that there is no systematic biasing test effect across items.

For the Writing tasks, the last part of this table shows the distribution of the raw scores on each task by total score category. (Recall that the total score for a task equals the sum of three feature scores, which are scored from 1 to 6, for a maximum total of 18; however, papers that are written in languages other than English or are totally incomprehensible may receive a score of 0, while papers that demonstrate the ability to copy or write a few words in English may be awarded a score of 1. The total score of 2 is impossible to achieve.)

5.2.10 Complete Item Analysis Table (Table H)

Table H presents results of the analyses of all of the items or tasks on the test form. The first column provides a descriptive name of the item or task. The item or task names vary slightly across domains and grade-level clusters, but they usually consist of characters that represent the domain (e.g., "R" for Reading), the grade-level cluster (e.g., "g91" for Grades 9–12), the tier (e.g., C, if applicable), the unique number in the item database (e.g., 3820), the WIDA Standard (e.g., "MA" for the Language of Mathematics), the language proficiency level targeted (e.g., "p3"), the thematic folder name (e.g., "Cafeteria"), and the test series (e.g., 302). Note that for Writing, "IT" stands for the "integrated" task, which requires more extensive writing and that integrates Model Performance Indicators for WIDA ELD Standards SI, LA, and SS. Also, note that for some Speaking and Kindergarten tasks, the naming system is a bit simpler, e.g., "1.S_A1_K_302", which contains the item order, domain, the folder, the proficiency level, the grade-level cluster, and the test series.

The second column in Table H presents the item difficulty in logits, while the third column indicates whether that item served as a common item (except for Kindergarten), anchoring the measurement scale to the results of the field test. For dichotomously scored items (Listening, Reading, and Speaking), the fourth column shows the p-value (percent of correct answers on that item or, in the case of Speaking, percent of students meeting the expectations of that task). The next two columns show the Rasch fit statistics for the item or task, while the following columns show the results of the two DIF analyses for that item or task. These last columns are interpreted just as in Table G.

Note that in previous years, many of the Speaking tasks had high outfit values. This was especially true for the easier tasks that appeared early in a folder. An investigation into the response patterns to the Speaking test revealed a number of cases where either the test was administered incorrectly or one or more ratings were wrongly recorded. As explained in 1.2.5, if a student cannot meet the expectations of a task in a folder, the remaining tasks in that folder are not administered, and are assigned a score of 0. However, we found many cases in which

students received a score of 0 for one task in a folder, and a score of 1 for a later task in that same folder. As a result, it appears that some students who would be expected to meet the expectations of certain low-level tasks did not meet those expectations; the existence of these outliers would increase the outfit value. Because these patterns indicate that either the test administrator did not follow the administration procedures, or that one or more responses were incorrectly recorded, we removed these responses from the data set when analyzing fit for the Speaking test. Table 5.2.10 shows how many such cases were removed from the analysis for each cluster.

Table 5.2.10Rate of Speaking responses removed from fit analysis S302

Cluster	No. of responses	No. of responses removed	Percent of responses removed
1-2	388,802	15,829	4.1%
3-5	352,105	17,787	5.1%
6-8	219,219	5,977	2.7%
9-12	197,615	7,169	3.6%

Removing these items from the analysis helped to lower the outfit value for many of the Speaking items. However, there are still some items with high outfit values. We continue to investigate potential sources for these high outfit values.

Note also that the Kindergarten test used a new format starting with Series 200 (2008-2009). It was equated to Series 103 through a separate study, reported on in MacGregor, Kenyon, Gibson, and Evans (2009). Thus, the column labeled "Anchored?" is not included in Table H for the Kindergarten test.

5.2.11 Complete Raw Score to Scale Score Conversion Chart (Table I)

The next table in this section, Table I, presents the raw score to scale score conversion table for the test form. The first column shows all possible raw scores. The next one to four columns show the corresponding scale score for each grade level in the grade-level cluster. Note that for Listening and Reading items on Tier A, these have been capped to the scale score that represents the Proficiency Level score of 4.0. On Tier B, these have been capped to the scale score representing the Proficiency Level score of 5.0.

The next column shows the *conditional* standard error (i.e., from the Rasch analysis) in the metric of the scale score. The last two columns show a lower bound (i.e., the scale score minus one standard error) and an upper bound (i.e., the scale score plus one standard error) around the scale score. In some cases the resulting lower bound is below 100, which has been set as the lowest score on the scale. In those cases, the lower bound has been set at 100.

As can be clearly seen from the table, on any dichotomously scored test form, standard errors are very large at the lowest and highest ends of the raw score scale. Because of this phenomenon and because the scale scores are combined to form composite scores, the top scale scores for the Listening and Reading forms were often adjusted for an end-of-scale effect on Tier C by allowing the top scale scores to increase only at the same rate as the preceding scale scores. If they were not adjusted, their effect in the composite scores might be excessive.

Thus, if the scale scores towards the high end of the raw score scale were increasing with each raw score by 9 scale points before the group of adjusted scores, then each of the adjusted scores would increase by only 9 scale points each. Because the lower and upper bounds were calculated

based on the original logit scores, these adjusted scores do not fall in the middle of the range; they fall toward the lower end of the range, but they always fall *within* the range. In other words, the adjusted scale score is a very possible observed score for that number of raw score points obtained.

Because on Tiers A and B the highest possible scores have been capped before the escalation of scale scores due to large standard errors at the highest end of the raw score scale inflates them, there has been no need to make any other adjustment to the scale scores for these tiers at the extreme high end of the raw score range. Since the point at which scale scores are capped depends on the proficiency level associated with the score, the caps take effect at lower scores for lower grades within a cluster. In this case the scores have been marked in Table I as capped, and the standard error, and low and high bound for the capped scale score, has been repeated in the final rows of the table. In addition, at the lower end of the raw score scale, scale scores are truncated when necessary so that the lowest scale score given is the scale score corresponding to a proficiency level score of 1.0. As with the adjusted scores, the standard error and the lower and upper bounds reported in Table I reflect the true scale score, not the truncated score.

5.2.12 Raw Score to Proficiency Level Score Conversion Table (Table J)

The final table, Table J, shows the interpretive Proficiency Level score associated with each raw score. (Note that in previous annual technical reports, some of this information was included in Table I; however, with the grade-level cut scores in effect, we have put this information in a separate table for ease of reading.) The first column in Table J shows the raw score. The remaining columns show the Proficiency Level score associated with each raw score/scale score for each grade in the grade-level cluster, along with the percentage of students in that grade who scored at that raw score/scale score/proficiency level score.

There are two things to note about this table. First, unlike scale scores, which are determined psychometrically and have a one-to-one correspondence to raw scores regardless of the grade level of the student, Proficiency Level scores are interpretations of the scale score. In Series 100 and 101, cut scores between proficiency levels were determined at the grade-level cluster level; thus, for example, in the 3–5 grade-level cluster, a given scale score was associated with the same Proficiency Level score for students in Grades 3, 4, and 5. Such a system, however, fails to take into account that older children can be expected to perform better on the test due to general cognitive growth over and above growth in English language proficiency. This effect can clearly be seen in Tables A and B, where average scores on any test form tend to rise, albeit slightly, by grade level. In order words, we would expect a fifth grader to perform better on the 3–5 gradelevel cluster test form than a third grader at the same underlying level of English proficiency. To account for this effect, the WIDA Consortium adopted grade-level cut scores beginning with Series 102 so that, for any given raw score/scale score, the Proficiency Level score now associated with it differs according to the grade level of the student. (For details on how gradelevel cut scores were determined, see Kenyon et al., 2013.) The effect of this for Table J is to require a separate column for each grade.

Second, because scale scores are capped on Listening and Reading for Tiers A and B at the scale score corresponding to the proficiency level score of 4.0 (for Tier A) and 5.0 (for Tier B), beginning with Series 102, this capped score is now dependent on the grade level (rather than

dependent on the grade-level cluster level). These differences in the cap are also shown in Table J on Tiers A and B for Listening and Reading.

For Kindergarten the Proficiency Level scores are provided based on both the Accountability cut scores and the Instructional cut scores.

6. Analyses of Test Forms: Results

Chapter 6 contains proprietary test information and is not publicly available. State educational agencies (SEAs) may request this information; please contact us at help@wida.us.

World-Class Instructional Design and Assessment



Annual Technical Report for ACCESS for ELLs English Language Proficiency Test, Series 302, 2013-2014 Administration

Annual Technical Report No. 10 Volume 3 of 3: Analyses Across Tiers

Prepared by:

Center for Applied Linguistics

CAL/WIDA Partnership Activities Psychometrics/Research Team

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7. Analysis Across Tiers: Overview

7.1 Background

7.1.1 Reliability of Composites

Four composite scores are reported for ACCESS for ELLs: Oral Language Composite (Oral), Literacy Composite (Litr), Comprehension Composite (Cphn), and Overall Composite (Over). To estimate the reliability of these composite scores, a stratified Cronbach's alpha coefficient (e.g., Kamata, Turhan, & Darandari, 2003, April; Kane & Case, 2004; Rudner, 2001) is computed, weighted by the contribution of each domain score into the composite. Specifically, the formula is

$$\alpha_{c} = 1 - \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{k} w_{j}^{2} \sigma_{j}^{2} (1 - \rho_{j})}{\sigma_{c}^{2}}$$

where

k = number of components j

 w_i = weight of component i

 σ_j^2 = variance of component j

 σ_c^2 = variance of composite

 ρ_j = reliability coefficient of component j.

The data to compute the stratified Cronbach's alpha is provided in the appropriate tables in Chapter 8.

7.1.2 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification

For each domain across tiers, as well as for the four composite scores, we have produced tables that indicate estimates of the accuracy and consistency of classification of examinees into the WIDA ACCESS for ELLs language Proficiency Levels based on their performances on the test. It is important to know the reliability of any student's test score and the degree of precision with which it has been measured (i.e., the estimate of the invariant standard error of measure [SEM] of classical test theory and the estimate of the variable conditional standard error of the Rasch measurement model). However, because decisions about students are ultimately made on the basis of their classification into language proficiency levels on the basis of their performance on ACCESS for ELLs, it is important to know how well these classifications are made. The analyses that we used make use of the methods outlined and implemented in Livingston and Lewis (1995) and Young and Yoon (1998) as implemented in the software program BB-CLASS (Brennan, 2004) (cf. also Lee, Hanson, & Brennan, 2002).

In the approach of Livingston and Lewis (1995), the accuracy of a decision is the extent to which decisions made on the basis of the administered test (i.e., the observed scores) would agree with the decisions that would be made if each student could somehow be tested with all possible parallel forms of the assessments; that is, decisions based on the examinees' "true score." On the

other hand, the consistency of a decision is the extent to which decisions made on the basis of the administered test would agree with the decisions that would be made if the students had taken a different but parallel form of the test. Thus, in every analysis of classification, two parallel analyses are made: accuracy (that is, vis-à-vis "true scores") and consistency (that is, vis-à-vis a second form).

In terms of classifications around a single cut point, students can be misclassified in one of two ways. Students who were below the Proficiency Level cut score (based on their "true score"), but were classified on the basis of the assessment as being above the cut score, are considered to be false positives. Students who were above the proficiency cut score (based on their "true score"), but were classified as being below a cut score, are considered to be false negatives. All other students are considered to be accurately placed either above or below the cut score.

True scores are, of course, unknown. The approach taken by Livingston and Lewis (1995) and implemented here uses information about the reliability of the test, the cut scores, and the observed distribution of scores. Then, using a four-parameter beta distribution, we modeled the distribution of the true scores and of scores on a parallel form. Overall accuracy and consistency indices are produced by comparing the percentage of students classified across all categories the same way by both the observed distribution and modeled distribution. These indices indicate the percent of all students who would be classified into the same language Proficiency Level by both the administered test and either the true score distribution (accuracy) or a parallel test (consistency). (Our tables also provide an estimate of Cohen's kappa statistic, which is a very conservative estimate of the overall classification since it corrects for chance.)

We also look at accuracy and consistency conditional on the language Proficiency Level . These indices examine the percent of students classified by both tests into a level divided by all students classified into that level according either to the true score distribution (accuracy) or based on a parallel test (consistency).

Finally, we look at what may be the most important set of indices, which are the indices at the cut points. That is, at every cut point, using the true score distribution (e.g., accuracy), we provide the percent of students who are consistently placed above and below the cut score, as well as those who are false positives and false negatives. For consistency, only the percent of students classified consistently above and below the cut score is calculated. Thus, for example, to evaluate the degree of confidence that one can have in a decision made based on the Overall Composite score as to whether students are being accurately classified into WIDA language proficiency level 5 ("bridging") or not, one can look at the accuracy index provided in the table for the cut score 4/5.

7.2 Descriptions

7.2.1 Scale Score Information (Figure A and Table A)

Figure A and Table A relate to the ACCESS for ELLs *scale scores* that were achieved by students in the grade-level cluster. Figure A shows the distribution of the scale scores. The horizontal axis shows the full range of all scale scores observed for the grade-level cluster. To provide a full perspective, it extends somewhat below and above the range of observed scale scores. The vertical axis shows the number of students (count). Each bar shows how many

students were awarded each scale score. Note that for Listening and Reading, the effects of capping the scores for Tier A and Tier B can often be clearly detected in this figure.

Table A shows, by each grade in the cluster and by total for the cluster:

- Number of students in the analyses (the number students who were not absent, invalid, refused, exempt, or in the wrong cluster)
- Minimum observed scale score
- Maximum observed scale score
- The mean (average) scale score
- The standard deviation (std. dev.) of the scale scores

7.2.2 Proficiency Level Information (Figure B and Table B)

Figure B and Table B provide information on the proficiency level distribution of the students in the grade-level cluster. Figure B shows the distribution of the proficiency levels. The horizontal axis shows the six WIDA proficiency levels. The vertical axis shows the percent of students. Each bar shows the percent of students who were placed into each language proficiency level.

Each row of Table B shows, by each grade in the cluster and by total for the cluster:

- The WIDA Proficiency Level designation (1 to 6)
- The number of students (count) whose performance on the test form placed them into that proficiency level in the domain being tested (the number students who were not absent, invalid, refused, exempt, or in the wrong cluster)
- The percent of students, out of the total number of students taking the form within a grade or within the total of students in the grade-level cluster, who were placed into that Proficiency Level in the domain being tested

For Kindergarten, this information is provided for scores based on both the Accountability cut scores and the Instructional cut scores.

7.2.3 Conditional Standard Error of Measurement (Table C and Figures C and D)

Table C and Figures C and D provide information across the three overlapping tier forms within a grade-level cluster and on the comparative conditional standard error of measurement. (Note that this information applies only to the domain scores; this information is not applicable to the composite scores.)

Table C presents information on the conditional standard error of measurement at the most important points at which decisions are made about students on the basis of performances on ACCESS for ELLs, the cut points between Language Proficiency levels. Because the cut points depend on the grade level, information is provided for each grade level within the cluster. The leftmost column shows the cut (e.g., 1/2, which is the cut score between level 1 and level 2). The next column shows the grade level. The next column shows the cut score in the scale score metric (e.g., 305). In the last column(s), the corresponding conditional standard error of

measurement is given for each cut score in the scale score metric. For Kindergarten, the SEMs are provided in separate tables for the accountability and instructional cut scores. For each of the other grade-level clusters, the SEMs for the cut scores are provided in one table for the Tiers (A, B, and C).

From this table it is possible to examine how well the different tiers are targeted for making decisions about students at the various cut scores. For example, Tier A is intended for students at the lowest end of the language proficiency continuum. Optimally, Tier A forms should have the lowest conditional SEM of any Tier at the 1/2 cut point, and a relatively low one at the 2/3 cut point. At the other end, Tier C forms should optimally have the lowest conditional SEM at the 5/6 cut point, and also a relatively low one at the 4/5 cut point. Tier B should have low SEM in the mid range. Information from this table provides easily comparable information on how well the three Tier forms are targeted to provide the most accurate measure to place their intended examinees into the language proficiency levels that they target. (Note that because of the capping of scores on Tiers A and B, there is no information given for some of the cuts.)

Figure C shows the test characteristic curve across the entire test for Kindergarten and across the three tiers for the other grade-level clusters. It shows graphically how the tiers differ in difficulty. Tier A is represented by a dotted curve, Tier B by a light solid curve, and Tier C by a dark solid curve. Note that not all tiers have the same number of items. Thus, some curves for Listening and Reading in this figure may not end at the top horizontal line. Five vertical lines in the graphic indicate the cut scores at the highest grade in each cluster only.

Figure D compares the test information function across the entire test for Kindergarten and across the three tiers for the other grade-level clusters. This figure reflects the "SEM" columns in Table C. Again, Tier A is represented by a dotted curve, Tier B by a light solid curve, and Tier C by a dark solid curve. As in Figure C, the cut scores at the highest grade in each cluster are indicated by vertical lines. These lines make it easy to see which form measures most accurately at which cut score.

7.2.4 Reliability Information (Table D)

In order to produce accuracy and consistency of classification tables, it was necessary to produce a single reliability estimate across the three tiers. For the domains, this was a weighted reliability estimate (Cronbach's alpha). In other words, it is the average reliability weighted by the number of students who were administered that tier form. Thus, Table D, based on the information from Table F in Chapter 6, provides the number of students and the reliability estimate for each tier. The final column presents the weighted reliability, an estimate of the reliability of the scale scores across the tiers.

For the composite scores, Table D presents the data used to calculate an estimate of the reliability of the composite using stratified Cronbach's alpha (see Chapter 7.1.1). The first column shows the components forming the composite, the second column the weight of the composite in the total score, the third the variance of the scale scores, and the fourth the reliability of the composite. (Note that these are the weighted reliabilities across the tiers.) Unlike the weighted composite, which is an average, the stratified alpha reflects the fact that there are two or four measures being combined into one single measure. Thus, the reliability of the composite score will be higher than the reliability of any single subscore within the composite.

7.2.5 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Tables (Table E)

Table E presents three rows of information related to the accuracy and consistency of placement into Proficiency Level categories based on WIDA ACCESS (see Chapter 7.1.2). With the adoption of grade-level cut scores with Series 102, placement within a Proficiency Level now depends on the grade level of the student. Therefore, we provide a separate table for each grade level in a grade-level cluster. The first row provides overall indices related to the accuracy and consistency of classification, as well as Cohen's kappa. The second row of information shows accuracy and consistency information conditional on level. The third provides indices of classification accuracy and consistency at the cut points. These indices are perhaps the most important of all when using any of these as an absolute cut-point (i.e., asking the question which students have reached level six and which have not). Note that the consistency is generally higher at the cut points than over the levels. For practical purposes, the primary score used for such decisions are the Overall Composite scores.

Note that because of the scoring caps now imposed on Tier A and Tier B in Listening and Reading, in several cases only a very small percentage of test takers get placed into Proficiency Level 6. This outcome, combined with the range of observed scale scores, (which may be very close to the 5/6 cut), and the reliability of the test, means that the accuracy conditional on level for level 6 cannot be estimated. In such cases a hyphen (-) has been placed in the table. For Writing, this result can also occur for both levels 5 and 6.

For Kindergarten, these tables are provided for both the Accountability cut scores and the Instructional cut scores.

8. Analysis Across Tiers: Results

8.1 Grade: K

8.1.1 Listening K

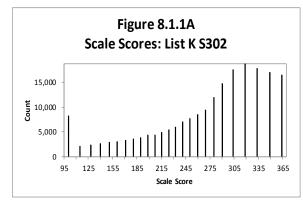


Table 8.1.1AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: List K S302

-				
No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
203,841	100	363	269.99	70.70

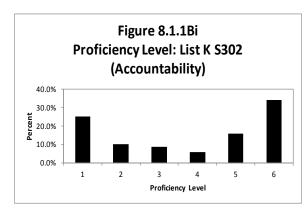


Table 8.1.1BiProficiency Level Distribution: List K S302
(Accountability)

37					
Level	Count	Percent			
1	51,112	25.1%			
2	20,746	10.2%			
3	17,932	8.8%			
4	11,923	5.8%			
5	32,179	15.8%			
6	69,949	34.3%			
Total	203,841	100.0%			

Figure 8.1.1Bii
Proficiency Level: List K S302
(Instructional)

Table 8.1.1BiiProficiency Level Distribution: List K S302 (Instructional)

,				
Level	Count	Percent		
K1	24,626	12.1%		
K2	11,794	5.8%		
К3	20,693	10.2%		
K4	32,677	16.0%		
K5	62,805	30.8%		
K6	51,246	25.1%		
Total	203,841	100.0%		

Table 8.1.1Ci

Conditional Standard Error of Measurement at Cut Scores: List K

S302 (Accountability)

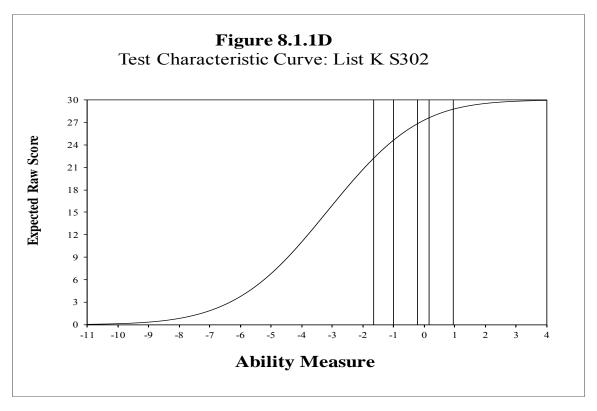
Proficiency Level	Cut Score	SEM
1/2	229	17.28
2/3	251	18.41
3/4	278	20.66
4/5	286	21.42
5/6	308	24.80

Table 8.1.1Cii

Conditional Standard Error of Measurement at Cut Scores: List K

S302 (Instructional)

Proficiency Level	Cut Score	SEM
1/2	175	17.28
2/3	204	16.91
3/4	240	17.66
4/5	279	20.66
5/6	322	27.43



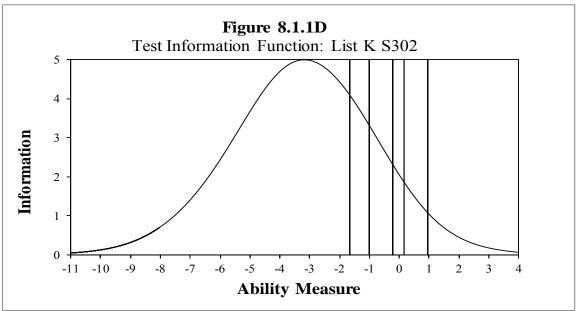


Table 8.1.1D

Reliability: List K S302

Tiers	No. of Students	Reliability	
-	203,841	0.934	

Table 8.1.1E

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: List (Grade K) S302 (Accountability)

Overall	Accuracy	Consistency		Kappa (k)	
Indices	0.679	0.614		0.495	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.8	372	0.8	817
	2	0.4	169	0.3	351
	3	0.3	327	0.2	247
	4	0.2	211	0.155	
	5	0.4	174	0.363	
	6	0.8	324	0.770	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.941	0.033	0.026	0.918
	2/3	0.930 0.027		0.043	0.902
	3/4	0.916 0.049		0.035	0.883
	4/5	0.907	0.045	0.048	0.874
	5/6	0.899	0.035	0.066	0.860

Table 8.1.1E

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: List (Grade K) S302

(Instructional)

Overall	Accuracy	Consistency		Kappa (k)	
Indices	0.677	0.5	574	0.462	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.0	386	0.8	311
	2	0.4	142	0.3	325
	3	0.5	526	0.4	401
	4	0.5	566	0.446	
	5	0.7	702	0.580	
	6	0.7	734	0.656	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.969	0.013	0.018	0.955
	2/3	0.959 0.020		0.021	0.940
	3/4	0.940 0.030		0.030	0.914
	4/5	0.916 0.042		0.042	0.882
	5/6	0.884	0.040	0.077	0.838

8.1.2 Reading K

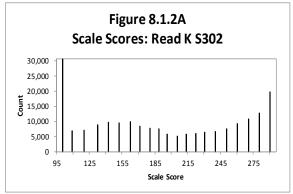


Table 8.1.2AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Read K S302

No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
203,853	100	290	192.18	66.09

Figure 8.1.2Bi
Proficiency Level: Read K S302
(Accountability)

80.0%
40.0%
20.0%
1 2 3 4 5 6
Proficiency Level

Table 8.1.2BiProficiency Level Distribution: Read K S302

(Accountability) Level Count Percent 1 136,612 67.0% 2 14,186 7.0% 3 9,412 4.6% 4 10,849 5.3% 5 32,794 16.1% 6 0.0% 203,853 Total 100.0%

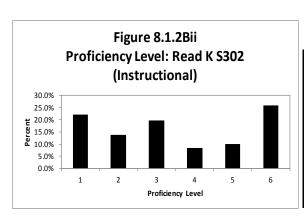


Table 8.1.2Bii

Proficiency Level Distribution: Read K S302 (Instructional)

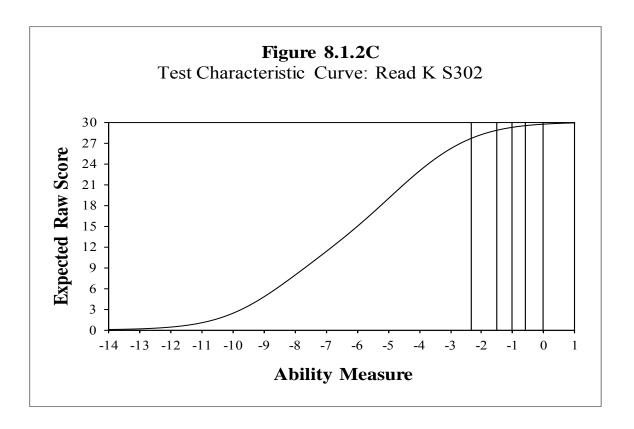
`	,	
Level	Count	Percent
K1	44,927	22.0%
K2	28,198	13.8%
К3	39,920	19.6%
K4	17,097	8.4%
K5	20,656	10.1%
K6	53,055	26.0%
Total	203,853	100.0%

Table 8.1.2CiConditional Standard Error of Measurement at Cut Scores: Read K S302 (Accountability)

	ì	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Proficiency Level	Cut Score	SEM
1/2	238	15.08
2/3	251	16.90
3/4	261	18.98
4/5	274	22.10
5/6	295	30.68

Table 8.1.2CiiConditional Standard Error of Measurement at Cut Scores: Read K S302 (Instructional)

Proficiency Level	Cut Score	SEM
1/2	121	14.04
2/3	159	13.52
3/4	204	13.00
4/5	228	14.04
5/6	255	17.68



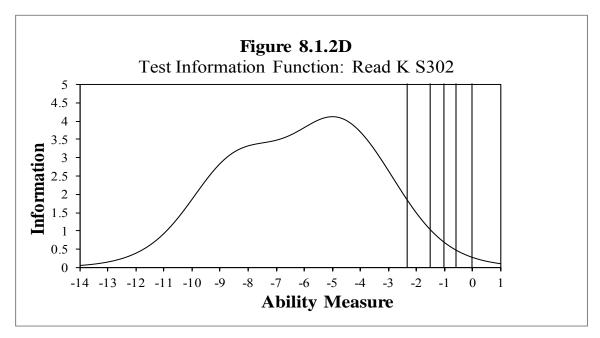


Table 8.1.2D

Reliability: Read K S302

Tiers	No. of Students	Reliability
-	203,853	0.947

Table 8.1.2E

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Read (Grade K) S302 (Accountability)

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	pa (k)
Indices	0.821	0.7	787	0.3	583
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.9	943	0.9	929
	2	0.3	337	0.2	252
	3	0.2	240	0.1	176
	4	0.293		0.2	213
	5	0.8	372	0.7	772
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.934	0.039	0.027	0.910
	2/3	0.937	0.032	0.031	0.913
	3/4	0.943	0.029	0.028	0.919
	4/5	0.948	0.033	0.019	0.926

Table 8.1.2E

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Read (Grade K) S302

(Instructional)

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.771	0.6	599	0.0	503
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.9	902	0.0	335
	2	0.5	574	0.4	159
	3	0.7	700	0.5	589
	4	0.388		0.2	289
	5	0.9	022	0.0	381
Indices at		Accuracy			
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.944	0.020	0.036	0.922
	2/3	0.940	0.033	0.026	0.915
	3/4	0.936	0.029	0.034	0.910
	4/5	0.940	0.032	0.028	0.914

8.1.3 Writing K

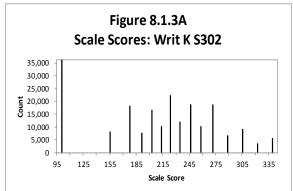


Table 8.1.3AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Writ K S302

No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
203,840	100	339	210.63	65.58

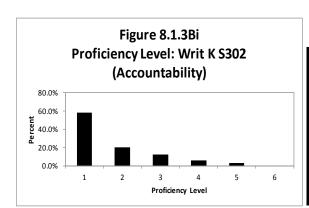


Table 8.1.3Bi

Proficiency Level Distribution: Writ K S302 (Accountability)

(Tree cumulations)			
Level	Count	Percent	
1	119,172	58.5%	
2	40,889	20.1%	
3	25,262	12.4%	
4	12,868	6.3%	
5	5,649	2.8%	
6	0	0.0%	
Total	203,840	100.0%	

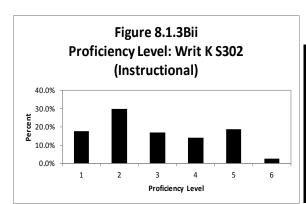


Table 8.1.3Bii

Proficiency Level Distribution: Writ K S302 (Instructional)

Level	Count	Percent
K1	36,149	17.7%
K2	60,841	29.8%
К3	34,266	16.8%
K4	28,805	14.1%
K5	38,130	18.7%
K6	5,649	2.8%
Total	203,840	100.0%

Table 8.1.3Ci

Conditional Standard Error of Measurement at Cut Scores: Writ K

S302 (Accountability)

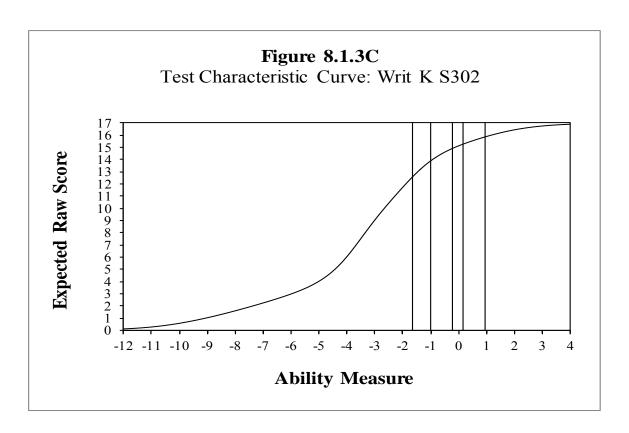
Proficiency Level	Cut Score	SEM
1/2	225	18.35
2/3	259	19.90
3/4	295	26.43
4/5	323	33.90
5/6	350	38.87

Table 8.1.3Cii

Conditional Standard Error of Measurement at Cut Scores: Writ K

S302 (Instructional)

Proficiency Level	Cut Score	SEM
1/2	145	31.10
2/3	218	18.04
3/4	244	19.28
4/5	269	20.83
5/6	326	34.52



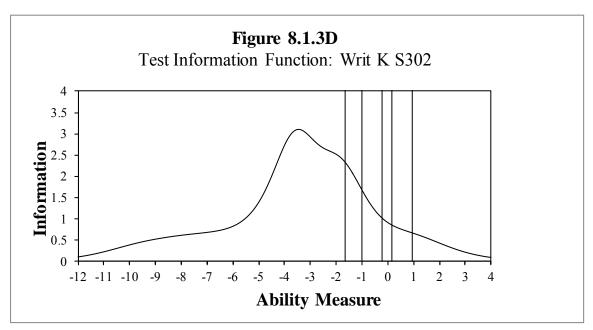


Table 8.1.3D

Reliability: Writ K S302

Tiers	No. of Students	Reliability
-	203,840	0.922

Table 8.1.3E

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Writ (Grade K) S302

(Accountability)

Overall	Accuracy	Consistency		Карр	na (k)
Indices	0.740	0.689		0.482	
Conditional	Level	Accuracy		Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.941		0.914	
	2	0.610		0.465	
	3	0.386		0.344	
	4	-		0.259	
	5	-		0.139	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.922	0.034	0.044	0.893
	2/3	0.902	0.021	0.077	0.863
	3/4	0.909	0.091	0.000	0.898
	4/5	0.972	0.028	0.000	0.971

Table 8.1.3E

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Writ (Grade K) S302

(Instructional)

Overall	Accuracy	Consistency		Kappa (k)	
Indices	0.680	0.588		0.476	
Conditional	Level	Accuracy		Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.865		0.792	
	2	0.791		0.707	
	3	0.515		0.388	
	4	0.365		0.281	
	5	0.245		0.603	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.955	0.025	0.020	0.935
	2/3	0.916	0.041	0.043	0.885
	3/4	0.898	0.031	0.071	0.860
	4/5	0.879	0.045	0.077	0.832

8.1.4 Speaking K

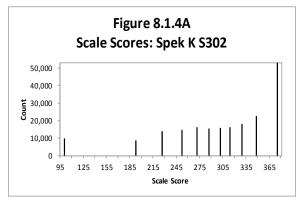


Table 8.1.4AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Spek K S302

No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
203,827	100	375	302.51	69.67

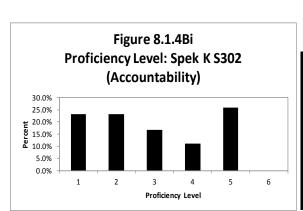


Table 8.1.4BiProficiency Level Distribution: Spek K S302 (Accountability)

(
Level	Count	Percent	
1	47,008	23.1%	
2	47,168	23.1%	
3	34,064	16.7%	
4	22,635	11.1%	
5	52,952	26.0%	
6	0	0.0%	
Total	203,827	100.0%	
10141	203,027	100.070	

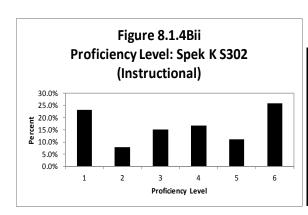


Table 8.1.4Bii

Proficiency Level Distribution: Spek K S302 (Instructional)

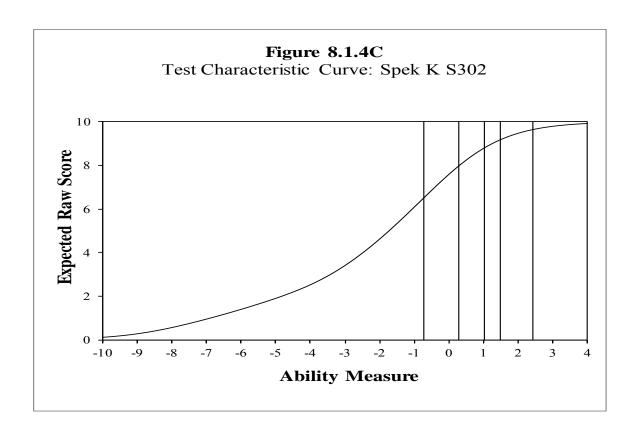
Level	Count	Percent
K1	47,008	23.1%
K2	16,092	7.9%
K3	31,076	15.2%
K4	34,064	16.7%
K5	22,635	11.1%
K6	52,952	26.0%
Total	203,827	100.0%

Table 8.1.4CiConditional Standard Error of
Measurement at Cut Scores: Spek K
S302 (Accountability)

5502 (Mecountability)			
Proficiency Level	Cut Score	SEM	
1/2	269	18.68	
2/3	314	16.27	
3/4	343	20.89	
4/5	366	31.33	
5/6	383	44.99	

Table 8.1.4CiiConditional Standard Error of
Measurement at Cut Scores: Spek K
S302 (Instructional)

Proficiency Level	Cut Score	SEM
1/2	256	20.89
2/3	285	17.07
3/4	308	16.27
4/5	342	20.49
5/6	365	30.53



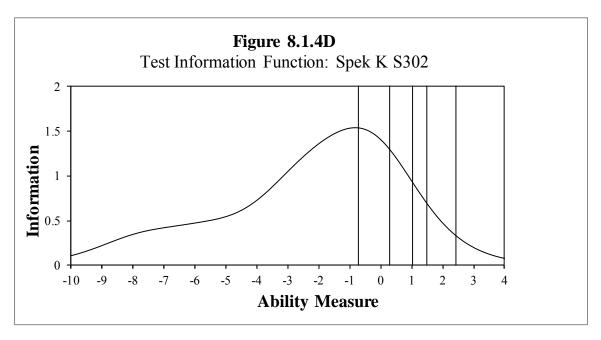


Table 8.1.4D

Reliability: Spek K S302

Tiers	Tiers No. of Students	
-	203,827	0.894

Table 8.1.4E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Spek (Grade K) S302 (Accountability)

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Карр	na (k)
Indices	0.468	0.4	151	0.3	321
Conditional	Level	Accuracy		Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.830		0.7	760
	2	0.6	662	0.5	533
	3	0.377		0.2	260
	4	0.212		0.1	194
	5	-		0.5	563
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.928	0.041	0.031	0.900
	2/3	0.891	0.032	0.077	0.850
	3/4	0.865	0.046	0.089	0.786
	4/5	0.740	0.260	0.000	0.755

Table 8.1.4E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Spek (Grade K) S302 $\,$

(Instructional)

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.652	0.5	563	0.4	119
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.8	371	0.7	797
	2	0.312		0.2	234
	3	0.474		0.3	357
	4	0.360		0.2	264
	5	0.7	794	0.7	721
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.938	0.029	0.033	0.910
	2/3	0.914	0.047	0.039	0.883
	3/4	0.888	0.031	0.081	0.850
	4/5	0.859	0.061	0.080	0.790

8.1.5 Oral Language Composite K

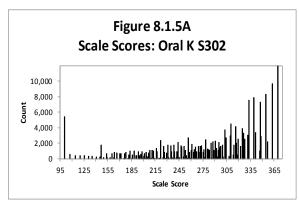


Table 8.1.5AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Oral K S302

No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
203,823	100	369	286.48	66.28

Figure 8.1.5Bi
Proficiency Level: Oral K S302
(Accountability)

25.0%
20.0%
21.0.0%
1 2 3 4 5 6

Table 8.1.5BiProficiency Level Distribution: Oral K S302 (Accountability)

(
Level	Count	Percent			
1	51,598	25.3%			
2	29,375	14.4%			
3	33,562	16.5%			
4	17,908	8.8%			
5	28,069	13.8%			
6	43,311	21.2%			
Total	203,823	100.0%			

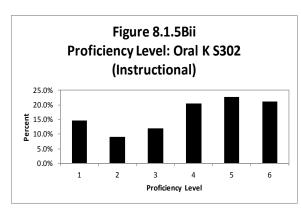


Table 8.1.5BiiProficiency Level Distribution: Oral K S302

(Instructional)

•		
Level	Count	Percent
K1	29,747	14.6%
K2	18,588	9.1%
K3	24,444	12.0%
K4	41,756	20.5%
K5	45,977	22.6%
K6	43,311	21.2%
Total	203,823	100.0%

Table 8.1.5C

n/a

Figure 8.1.5C

Figure 8.1.5D

Table 8.1.5D

Oral Composite Reliability: Oral K S302

Component	Weight	Variance	Reliability
Listening	0.50	4997.123	0.934
Speaking	0.50	4852.854	0.894
Oral		4393.165	0.952

Table 8.1.5E

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Oral (Grade K) S302

(Accountability)

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.628	0.5	546	0.4	147
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.9	908	0.0	362
	2	0.6	533	0.5	514
	3	0.6	509	0.4	188
	4	0.3	338	0.2	226
	5	0.359		0.2	297
	6	0.7	728	0.6	525
Indices at					
Cut Points			Accuracy		
			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.955	0.023	0.021	0.936
	2/3	0.935	0.030	0.035	0.910
	3/4	0.927	0.025	0.047	0.899
	4/5	0.924	0.027	0.049	0.881
	5/6	0.857	0.101	0.042	0.827

Table 8.1.5E Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Oral (Grade K) S302 (Instructional)

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)	
Indices	0.660	0.5	559	0.4	159	
Conditional	Level	Accuracy		Consi	stency	
on Level	1	0.0	383	0.0	821	
	2	0.5	578	0.4	4 51	
	3	0.5	560	0.4	143	
	4	0.6	595	0.5	575	
	5	0.546		0.4	147	
	6	0.7	708	0.6	615	
Indices at				•		
Cut Points			Accuracy			
			False	False		
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency	
	1/2	0.968	0.017	0.015	0.954	
	2/3	0.951	0.023	0.026	0.931	
	3/4	0.938	0.028	0.034	0.914	
	4/5	0.929	0.024	0.047	0.899	
	5/6	0.868	0.075	0.057	0.829	

8.1.6 Literacy Composite K

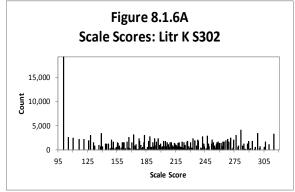


Table 8.1.6AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Litr K S302

No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
203,837	100	315	201.65	61.11

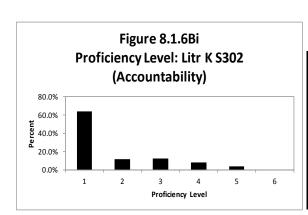


Table 8.1.6BiProficiency Level Distribution: Litr K S302 (Accountability)

Level	Count	Percent
1	130,672	64.1%
2	24,411	12.0%
3	24,653	12.1%
4	16,739	8.2%
5	7,362	3.6%
6	0	0.0%
Total	203,837	100.0%

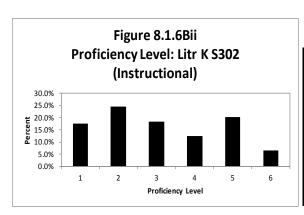


Table 8.1.6BiiProficiency Level Distribution: Litr K S302 (Instructional)

,		
Level	Count	Percent
K1	35,756	17.5%
K2	50,231	24.6%
K3	37,594	18.4%
K4	25,398	12.5%
K5	41,480	20.3%
K6	13,378	6.6%
Total	203,837	100.0%

Table 8.1.6C

n/a

Figure 8.1.6C

Figure 8.1.6D

n/a

Table 8.1.6D

Literacy Composite Reliability: Litr K S302

Component	Weight	Variance	Reliability
Reading	0.50	4368.024	0.947
Writing	0.50	4299.672	0.922
Literacy		3733.607	0.962

Table 8.1.6E

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Litr (Grade K) S302

(Accountability)

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.797	0.7	747	0.5	542
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.9	961	0.9	943
	2	0.5	562	0.4	434
	3	0.5	513	0.3	399
	4	0.452		0.3	390
	5	-		0.2	264
	6		-	0.0	000
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.947	0.025	0.028	0.925
	2/3	0.942	0.024	0.034	0.918
	3/4	0.933	0.034	0.033	0.906
	4/5	0.964	0.036	0.000	0.955
	5/6	1.000	0.000	0.000	1.000

Table 8.1.6E Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Litr (Grade K) S302 (Instructional)

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kap	pa (k)
Indices	0.747	0.6	571	0	594
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	istency
on Level	1	0.9	917	0.	870
	2	0.8	335	0.	769
	3	0.7	730	0.0	624
	4	0.575		0.4	450
	5	0.650		0.0	619
	6		-	0.4	410
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False]
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.969	0.014	0.017	0.956
	2/3	0.952	0.025	0.024	0.932
	3/4	0.944	0.024	0.032	0.922
	4/5	0.946	0.023	0.032	0.922
	5/6	0.934	0.066	0.000	0.926

8.1.7 Comprehension Composite K

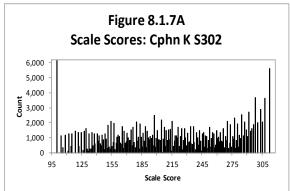


Table 8.1.7AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Cphn K S302

No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
203,837	100	312	215.52	60.34

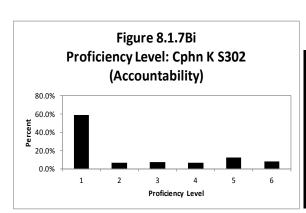


Table 8.1.7BiProficiency Level Distribution: Cphn K S302 (Accountability)

Count	Percent
120,340	59.0%
14,043	6.9%
14,430	7.1%
13,518	6.6%
25,262	12.4%
16,244	8.0%
203,837	100.0%
	120,340 14,043 14,430 13,518 25,262 16,244

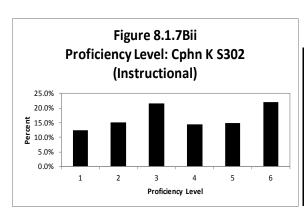


Table 8.1.7Bii

Proficiency Level Distribution: Cr

Proficiency Level Distribution: Cphn K S302 (Instructional)

Level	Count	Percent
K1	25,081	12.3%
K2	30,698	15.1%
К3	43,899	21.5%
K4	29,078	14.3%
K5	30,330	14.9%
K6	44,751	22.0%
Total	203,837	100.0%

Table 8.1.7C

n/a

Figure 8.1.7C

Figure 8.1.7D

n/a

Table 8.1.7D

Comprehension Composite Reliability: Cphn K S302

	1	<i>J</i> 1	
Component	Weight	Variance	Reliability
Listening	0.30	4997.123	0.934
Reading	0.70	4368.024	0.947
Comprehension		3641.051	0.961

Table 8.1.7E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Cphn (Grade K) S302

(Accountability)

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapr	na (k)
Indices	0.763		708		529
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.9	961	0.9	943
	2	0.3	391	0.2	285
	3	0.3	392	0.2	285
	4	0.350		0.2	257
	5	0.560		0.4	162
	6	0.6	571	0.5	531
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.949	0.023	0.028	0.928
	2/3	0.950	0.025	0.024	0.928
	3/4	0.946	0.029	0.025	0.923
	4/5	0.941	0.031	0.028	0.918
	5/6	0.945	0.032	0.023	0.925

Table 8.1.7E-1 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Cphn (Grade K) S302 (Instructional)

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Карр	na (k)
Indices	0.767	0.678		0.6	510
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.0	394	0.8	330
	2	0.7	757	0.6	659
	3	0.7	775	0.6	686
	4	0.6	535	0.5	514
	5	0.631		0.5	511
	6	0.0	384	0.8	332
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.972	0.013	0.016	0.960
	2/3	0.955	0.021	0.023	0.937
	3/4	0.946	0.024	0.030	0.924
	4/5	0.949	0.024	0.028	0.927
	5/6	0.944	0.032	0.025	0.920

8.1.8 Overall Composite K

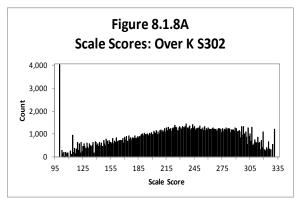


Table 8.1.8AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Over K S302

No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
203,809	100	331	226.90	57.10

Figure 8.1.8Bi
Proficiency Level: Over K S302
(Accountability)

60.0%
40.0%
20.0%
10.0%
1 2 3 4 5 6

Proficiency Level

Table 8.1.8BiProficiency Level Distribution: Over K S302 (Accountability)

Level	Count	Percent
1	108,070	53.0%
2	32,479	15.9%
3	29,796	14.6%
4	19,836	9.7%
5	11,866	5.8%
6	1,762	0.9%
Total	203,809	100.0%

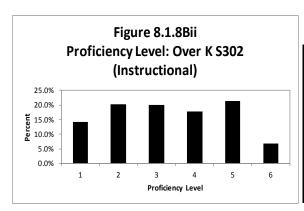


Table 8.1.8BiiProficiency Level Distribution: Over K S302 (Instructional)

Level	Count	Percent
K1	28,669	14.1%
K2	41,422	20.3%
K3	40,481	19.9%
K4	36,103	17.7%
K5	43,506	21.3%
K6	13,628	6.7%
Total	203,809	100.0%

Table 8.1.8C

n/a

Figure 8.1.8C

Figure 8.1.8D

n/a

Table 8.1.8D Overall Composite Reliability: Over K S302

Component	Weight	Variance	Reliability
Listening	0.15	4997.123	0.934
Reading	0.35	4368.024	0.947
Speaking	0.15	4852.854	0.894
Writing	0.35	4299.672	0.922
Overall Composite		3260.417	0.973

Table 8.1.8E Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Over (Grade K) S302 (Accountability)

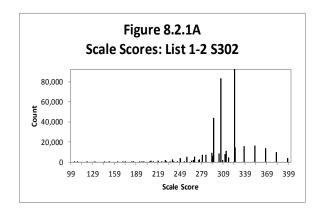
Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kap	pa(k)
Indices	0.807	0.7	747	0.0	616
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.9	956	0.9	936
	2	0.7	704	0.3	593
	3	0.6	580	0.3	561
	4	0.5	533	0.444	
	5	0.2	253	0.477	
	6		_	0.149	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	1
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.953	0.023	0.024	0.933
	2/3	0.951	0.023	0.026	0.931
	3/4	0.955	0.021	0.024	0.935
	4/5	0.953	0.035	0.011	0.941
	5/6	0.991	0.009	0.000	0.991

Table 8.1.8E Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Over (Grade K) S302 (Instructional)

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapı	na (k)
Indices	0.787	0.7	710	0.0	645
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.9	921	0.8	878
	2	0.8	335	0.′	768
	3	0.7	776	0.0	684
	4	0.7	726	0.0	621
	5	0.7	738	0.681	
	6	0.7	710	0.551	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.976	0.011	0.013	0.966
	2/3	0.959	0.021	0.020	0.941
	3/4	0.950	0.023	0.027	0.929
	4/5	0.953	0.021	0.026	0.933
	5/6	0.950	0.038	0.012	0.938

8.2 Grades: 1–2

8.2.1 Listening 1-2



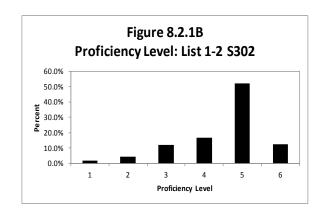


Table 8.2.1AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: List 1-2 S302

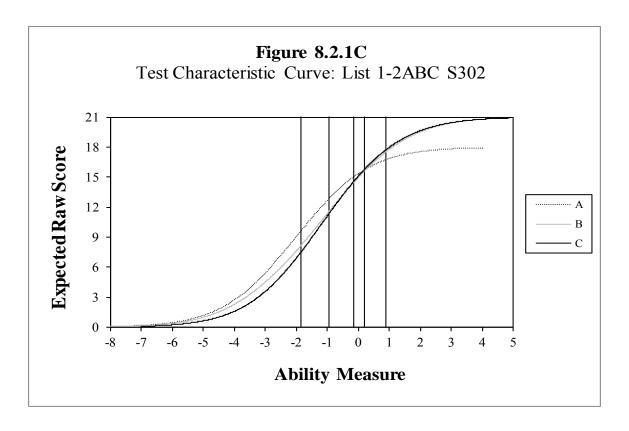
Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
1	201,336	104	397	299.11	27.35
2	187,608	108	397	325.40	28.51
Total	388,944	104	397	311.79	30.85

Table 8.2.1BProficiency Level Distribution: List 1-2 S302

	Gra	Grade 1		Grade 2		Total	
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	
1	4,892	2.4%	2,876	1.5%	7,768	2.0%	
2	10,535	5.2%	6,561	3.5%	17,096	4.4%	
3	30,868	15.3%	16,335	8.7%	47,203	12.1%	
4	46,918	23.3%	18,243	9.7%	65,161	16.8%	
5	91,944	45.7%	110,748	59.0%	202,692	52.1%	
6	16,179	8.0%	32,845	17.5%	49,024	12.6%	
Total	201,336	100.0%	187,608	100.0%	388,944	100.0%	

Table 8.2.1CConditional Standard Error of Measurement at Cut Scores: List 1-2 S302

	•				
Proficiency				SEM	
Level	Grade	Cut Score	Tier A	Tier B	Tier C
1/2	1	238	19.16	19.91	19.16
1/2	2	247	19.16	19.54	18.79
2/2	1	267	19.91	19.16	18.03
2/3	2	281	21.04	19.16	18.41
2/4	1	295	22.92	19.54	18.79
3/4	2	311	25.55	20.29	19.91
	1	305	n/a	19.91	19.16
4/5	2	324	n/a	21.42	21.04
-15	1	330	n/a	n/a	21.79
5/6	2	350	n/a	n/a	24.80



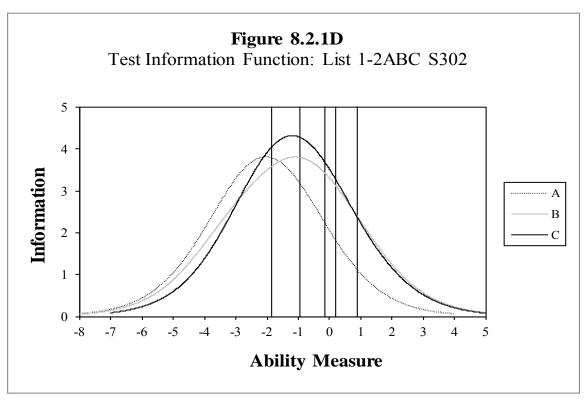


Table 8.2.1D

Weighted Reliability: List 1-2 S302

Tiers	No. of Students	Reliability	Reliability
A	85,383	0.781	
В	193,992	0.672	0.688
С	109,569	0.645	

Table 8.2.1E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: List (Grade 1) S302

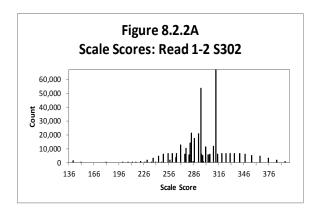
Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	pa(k)
Indices	0.534	0.3	395	0.	160
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.8	308	0.0	615
	2	0.5	534	0.3	342
	3	0.4	129	0.2	274
	4	0.3	354	0.271	
	5	0.6	504	0.561	
	6		_	0.141	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.987	0.003	0.010	0.981
	2/3	0.962	0.013	0.025	0.939
	3/4	0.853 0.077		0.070	0.770
	4/5	0.740	0.097	0.163	0.658

Table 8.2.1E-2

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: List (Grade 2) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	pa(k)
Indices	0.598	0.4	139	0.	149
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	3.0	316	0.0	618
	2	0.5	548	0.3	371
	3	0.4	144	0.2	257
	4	0.2	217	0.	135
	5	0.6	575	0.659	
	6		-	0.265	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.991	0.002	0.007	0.988
	2/3	0.975	0.007	0.017	0.962
	3/4	0.923 0.036		0.042	0.866
	4/5	0.840	0.086	0.074	0.748
	5/6	0.825	0.175	0.000	0.731

8.2.2 Reading 1-2



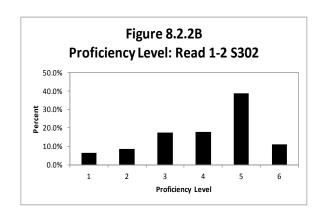


Table 8.2.2AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Read 1-2 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
1	201,177	141	395	283.48	24.82
2	187,492	150	395	310.49	25.84
Total	388,669	141	395	296.51	28.69

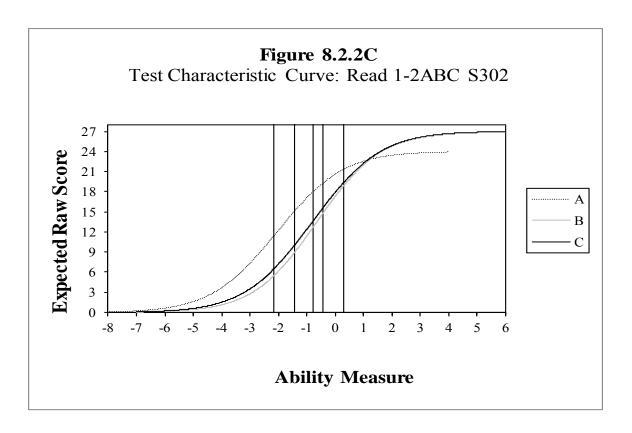
Table 8.2.2BProficiency Level Distribution: Read 1-2 S302

	Gra	de 1	Grade 2		Total	
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	17,131	8.5%	7,724	4.1%	24,855	6.4%
2	20,510	10.2%	12,664	6.8%	33,174	8.5%
3	37,350	18.6%	30,187	16.1%	67,537	17.4%
4	46,516	23.1%	23,355	12.5%	69,871	18.0%
5	65,236	32.4%	85,287	45.5%	150,523	38.7%
6	14,434	7.2%	28,275	15.1%	42,709	11.0%
Total	201,177	100.0%	187,492	100.0%	388,669	100.0%

Table 8.2.2C Conditional Standard Error of Measurement at Cut Scores: Read 1-2 S302*

Proficiency				SEM	
Level	Grade	Cut Score	Tier A	Tier B	Tier C
1/2	1	253	11.96	15.34	14.30
	2	267	11.44	13.00	12.74
2/3	1	269	11.44	12.74	12.48
	2	286	11.70	11.18	11.18
3/4	1	283	11.70	11.44	11.44
	2	303	13.00	10.66	10.92
4/5	1	294	n/a	10.92	10.92
	2	312	n/a	10.66	10.92
5/6	1	314	n/a	n/a	11.18
	2	331	n/a	n/a	11.96

^{*} No equating was performed for S302



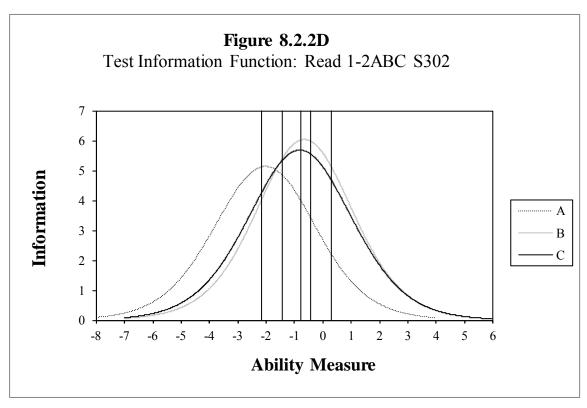


Table 8.2.2D

Weighted Reliability: Read 1-2 S302

Tiers	No. of Students	Reliability	Reliability
A	85,324	0.801	
В	193,891	0.838	0.828
С	109,454	0.832	

Table 8.2.2E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Read (Grade 1) S302

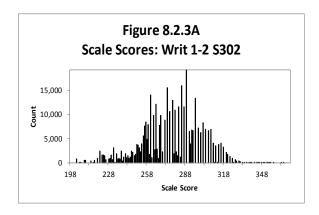
Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kappa (k)	
Indices	0.544	0.4	128	0.272	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.8	314	0.0	671
	2	0.4	182	0.3	340
	3	0.4	173	0.3	354
	4	0.4	133	0.339	
	5	0.5	596	0.527	
	6		-	0.239	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	1
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1 /0			0.004	0.046
	1/2	0.964	0.015	0.021	0.946
	2/3	0.964 0.923	0.015 0.036	0.021	0.946
	2/3	0.923	0.036	0.041	0.886

Table 8.2.2E-2

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Read (Grade 2) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.576	0.4	159	0.291	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.8	802	0.3	592
	2	0.4	153	0.3	307
	3	0.4	184	0.3	349
	4	0.2	259	0.	199
	5	0.7	737	0.651	
	6	0.6	524	0.474	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.976	0.006	0.018	0.966
	2/3	0.944	0.026	0.030	0.913
	3/4	0.878 0.067		0.055	0.822
	4/5	0.828	0.110	0.061	0.771
	5/6	0.892	0.043	0.065	0.838

8.2.3 Writing 1-2



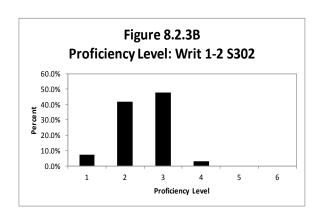


Table 8.2.3AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Writ 1-2 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
1	201,249	203	365	266.82	20.66
2	187,537	209	363	285.90	21.44
Total	388,786	203	365	276.02	23.10

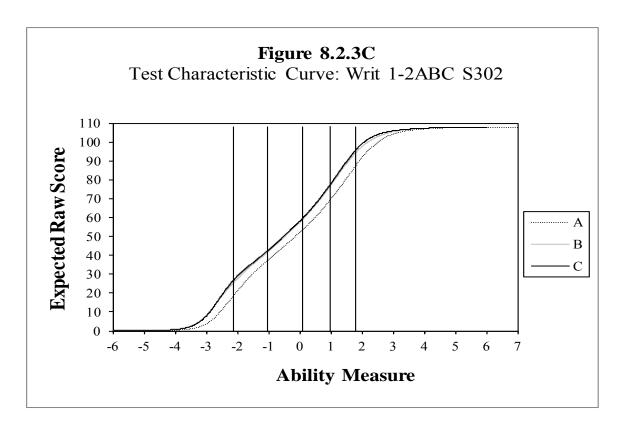
Table 8.2.3BProficiency Level Distribution: Writ 1-2 S302

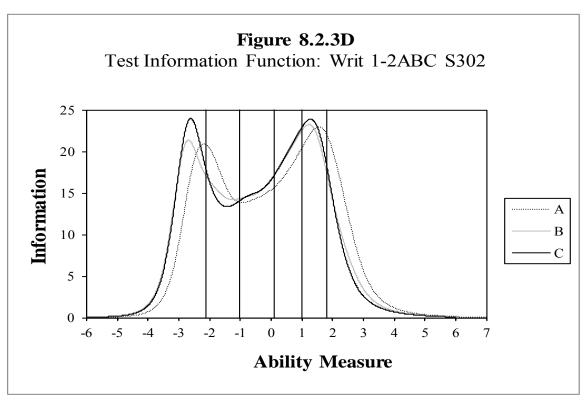
	Gra	de 1	Grade 2		To	tal
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	17,984	8.9%	10,252	5.5%	28,236	7.3%
2	97,405	48.4%	64,792	34.5%	162,197	41.7%
3	81,036	40.3%	104,861	55.9%	185,897	47.8%
4	4,808	2.4%	7,602	4.1%	12,410	3.2%
5	15	0.0%	30	0.0%	45	0.0%
6	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.0%
Total	201,249	100.0%	187,537	100.0%	388,786	100.0%

Table 8.2.3C Conditional Standard Error of Measurement at Cut Scores: Writ 1-2 S302*

Proficiency			SEM		
Level	Grade	Cut Score	Tier A	Tier B	Tier C
1/2	1	238	7.15	6.84	6.53
1/2	2	251	6.84	7.46	7.46
	1	272	7.77	8.09	8.40
2/3	2	285	8.40	8.09	8.40
2/4	1	308	8.09	7.77	7.77
3/4	2	320	7.77	7.46	7.46
4/5	1	336	n/a	6.84	6.84
4/5	2	348	n/a	6.53	6.53
	1	362	n/a	n/a	6.53
5/6	2	373	n/a	n/a	7.46

^{*} No equating was performed for Writing Tier A S302





500

Table 8.2.3D

Weighted Reliability: Writ 1-2 S302

Tiers	No. of Students	Reliability	Reliability
A	85,375	0.896	
В	193,909	0.926	0.925
С	109,502	0.945	

Table 8.2.3E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Writ (Grade 1) S302

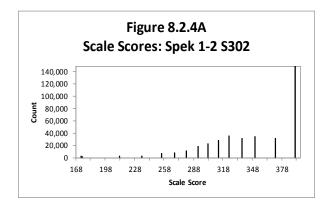
Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kappa (k)	
Indices	0.863	0.8	315	0.0	586
Conditional	Level	Accı	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.0	351	0.	750
	2	0.8	381	0.8	838
	3	0.0	346	0.812	
	4	0.791		0.458	
	5		-	1.000	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.970	0.013	0.018	0.956
	2/3	0.917	0.040	0.043	0.883
	3/4	0.977	0.023	0.000	0.975
	4/5	1.000	0.000	0.000	1.000

Table 8.2.3E-2

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Writ (Grade 2) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Карр	pa(k)
Indices	0.864	0.8	316	0.6	668
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.8	331	0.7	727
	2	0.8	365	0.0	305
	3	0.8	366	0.0	347
	4		-	0.300	
	5		-	1.000	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.981	0.009	0.010	0.972
	2/3	0.923	0.036	0.041	0.892
	3/4	0.959	0.041	0.000	0.953
	4/5	1.000	0.000	0.000	1.000

8.2.4 Speaking 1-2



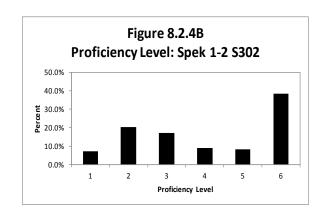


Table 8.2.4AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Spek 1-2 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
1	201,244	173	391	337.37	47.84
2	187,558	174	391	356.05	42.90
Total	388,802	173	391	346.38	46.47

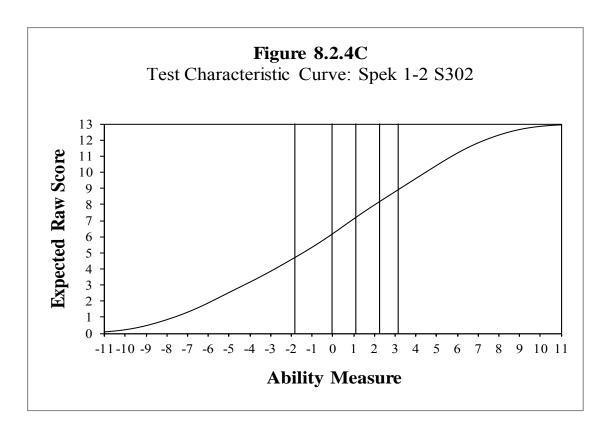
Table 8.2.4BProficiency Level Distribution: Spek 1-2 S302

	Gra	de 1	Grade 2		Total	
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	16,794	8.3%	11,526	6.1%	28,320	7.3%
2	54,483	27.1%	24,077	12.8%	78,560	20.2%
3	37,167	18.5%	29,518	15.7%	66,685	17.2%
4	17,430	8.7%	17,124	9.1%	34,554	8.9%
5	14,834	7.4%	17,116	9.1%	31,950	8.2%
6	60,536	30.1%	88,197	47.0%	148,733	38.3%
Total	201,244	100.0%	187,558	100.0%	388,802	100.0%

Table 8.2.4C Conditional Standard Error of Measurement at Cut Scores: Spek 1-2 S302*

Proficiency Level	Grade	Cut Score	SEM
1/2	1	278	20.89
1/2	2	286	19.88
2/2	1	318	18.28
2/3	2	322	18.28
3/4	1	344	19.08
3/4	2	345	19.08
4/5	1	367	20.08
4/5	2	368	20.08
516	1	385	20.69
5/6	2	386	20.69

^{*}No equating was performed for S302



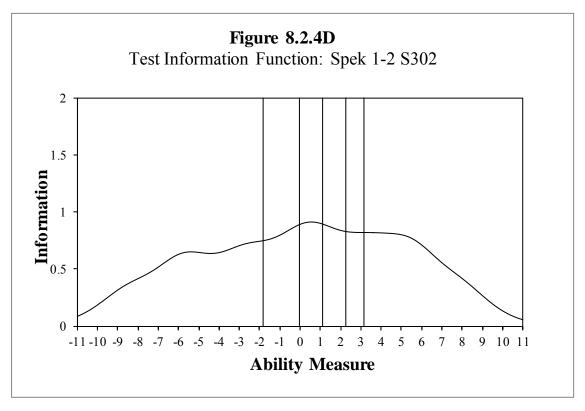


Table 8.2.4D

Reliability: Spek 1-2 S302

Tiers	No. of Students	Reliability
-	388,802	0.891

Table 8.2.4E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Spek (Grade 1) S302

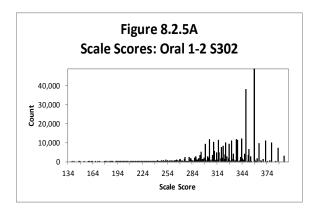
Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.610	0.519		0.409	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consistency	
on Level	1	0.599		0.4	167
	2	0.7	717	0.6	523
	3	0.5	530	0.4	127
	4	0.3	366	0.249	
	5	0.2	277	0.207	
	6	0.9	947	0.883	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.938	0.043	0.020	0.908
	2/3	0.888	0.047	0.064	0.853
	3/4	0.921 0.024		0.055	0.884
	4/5	0.949	0.028	0.023	0.916
	5/6	0.890	0.098	0.011	0.873

Table 8.2.4E-2

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Spek (Grade 2) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consistency		Карр	pa (k)
Indices	0.653	0.582		0.441	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consistency	
on Level	1	0.687		0.5	542
	2	0.5	576	0.4	168
	3	0.5	61	0.4	165
	4	0.3	370	0.2	269
	5	0.3	305	0.223	
	6	0.9	955	0.906	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.964	0.021	0.015	0.945
	2/3	0.922	0.039	0.039	0.897
	3/4	0.918 0.023		0.060	0.888
	4/5	0.945	0.026	0.029	0.910
	5/6	0.880	0.103	0.017	0.856

8.2.5 Oral Language Composite 1-2



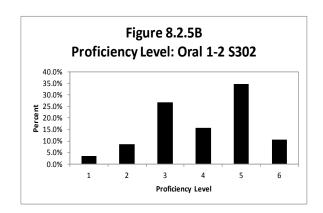


Table 8.2.5AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Oral 1-2 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
1	201,132	139	394	318.47	32.54
2	187,452	141	394	341.02	30.79
Total	388,584	139	394	329.35	33.65

Table 8.2.5BProficiency Level Distribution: Oral 1-2 S302

	Grade 1		Gra	Grade 2		Total	
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	
1	8,563	4.3%	5,161	2.8%	13,724	3.5%	
2	23,951	11.9%	9,752	5.2%	33,703	8.7%	
3	65,602	32.6%	38,724	20.7%	104,326	26.8%	
4	30,505	15.2%	30,532	16.3%	61,037	15.7%	
5	57,456	28.6%	77,171	41.2%	134,627	34.6%	
6	15,055	7.5%	26,112	13.9%	41,167	10.6%	
Total	201,132	100.0%	187,452	100.0%	388,584	100.0%	

Table 8.2.5C

n/a

Figure 8.2.5C

Figure 8.2.5D

Table 8.2.5D

Oral Composite Reliability: Oral 1-2 S302

Component	Weight	Variance	Reliability	
Listening	0.50	950.266	0.688	
Speaking	0.50	2155.715	0.891	
Oral		1131.001	0.882	

^{*}Variances from students who had results in all four domains

Table 8.2.5E-1

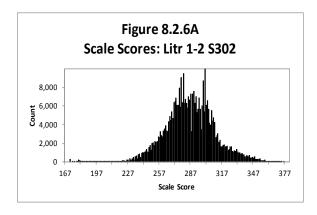
Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Oral (Grade 1) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consistency		Kapp	pa(k)
Indices	0.630	0.516		0.379	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consistency	
on Level	1	0.838		0.7	717
	2	0.6	665	0.5	528
	3	0.7	773	0.0	565
	4	0.3	366	0.272	
	5	0.6	537	0.574	
	6		-	0.300	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.984	0.006	0.010	0.976
	2/3	0.939	0.033	0.029	0.911
	3/4	0.885 0.035		0.080	0.841
	4/5	0.882	0.063	0.054	0.828
	5/6	0.925	0.075	0.000	0.898

Table 8.2.5E-2 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Oral (Grade 2) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consistency		Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.631	0.514		0.347	
Conditional	Level	Accı	ıracy	Consistency	
on Level	1	0.877		0.7	177
	2	0.578		0.431	
	3	0.7	775	0.654	
	4	0.4	148	0.326	
	5	0.0	543	0.611	
	6	,	_	0.328	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.991	0.003	0.006	0.987
	2/3	0.967	0.020	0.013	0.950
	3/4	0.916	0.024	0.059	0.887
	4/5	0.889	0.047	0.064	0.834
	5/6	0.861	0.139	0.000	0.813

8.2.6 Literacy Composite 1-2



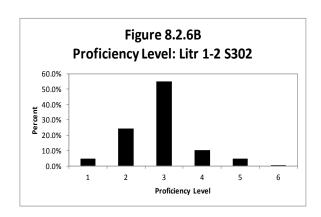


Table 8.2.6AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Litr 1-2 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
1	201,059	172	369	275.44	19.98
2	187,369	180	376	298.49	21.47
Total	388,428	172	376	286.56	23.70

Table 8.2.6BProficiency Level Distribution: Litr 1-2 S302

	Grade 1		Gra	Grade 2		Total	
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	
1	11,892	5.9%	7,380	3.9%	19,272	5.0%	
2	59,372	29.5%	34,935	18.6%	94,307	24.3%	
3	107,734	53.6%	105,639	56.4%	213,373	54.9%	
4	15,285	7.6%	24,999	13.3%	40,284	10.4%	
5	5,846	2.9%	12,853	6.9%	18,699	4.8%	
6	930	0.5%	1,563	0.8%	2,493	0.6%	
Total	201,059	100.0%	187,369	100.0%	388,428	100.0%	

Table 8.2.6C

n/a

Figure 8.2.6C

Figure 8.2.6D

Table 8.2.6D

Literacy Composite Reliability: Litr 1-2 S302

Component	Weight	Variance	Reliability
Reading	0.50	822.466	0.828
Writing	0.50	532.856	0.925
Literacy		561.317	0.919

Table 8.2.6E-1

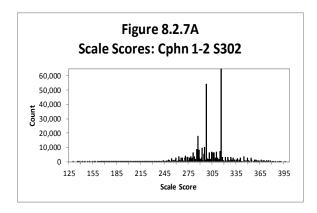
Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Litr (Grade 1) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	pa(k)
Indices	0.813	0.740		0.590	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.7	795	0.0	599
	2	3.0	802	0.7	721
	3	0.8	380	0.8	840
	4	0.5	527	0.407	
	5	0.7	763	0.673	
	6		-	0.997	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.975	0.012	0.013	0.966
	2/3	0.910	0.049	0.042	0.875
	3/4	0.945	0.023	0.032	0.922
	4/5	0.978	0.021	0.001	0.978
	5/6	0.995	0.005	0.000	0.999

Table 8.2.6E-2 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Litr (Grade 2) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consistency		Kappa (k)	
Indices	0.794	0.715		0.560	
Conditional	Level	Accuracy		Consistency	
on Level	1	0.827		0.724	
	2	0.752		0.648	
	3	0.891 0.562		0.851	
	4			0.451	
	5	0.745		0.642	
	6	-		0.872	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.984	0.006	0.010	0.978
	2/3	0.928	0.040	0.032	0.898
	3/4	0.923	0.027	0.050	0.890
	4/5	0.964	0.030	0.006	0.955
	5/6	0.992	0.008	0.000	0.993

8.2.7 Comprehension Composite 1-2



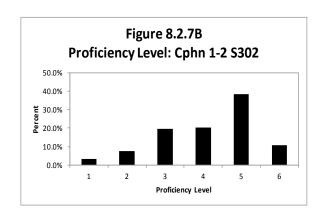


Table 8.2.7AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Cphn 1-2 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
1	201,119	130	396	288.17	23.06
2	187,438	137	396	315.11	24.50
Total	388,557	130	396	301.17	27.31

Table 8.2.7BProficiency Level Distribution: Cphn 1-2 S302

	Grade 1		Gra	de 2	Total	
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	8,077	4.0%	4,206	2.2%	12,283	3.2%
2	20,404	10.1%	8,528	4.5%	28,932	7.4%
3	45,271	22.5%	31,646	16.9%	76,917	19.8%
4	49,007	24.4%	30,713	16.4%	79,720	20.5%
5	64,865	32.3%	84,545	45.1%	149,410	38.5%
6	13,495	6.7%	27,800	14.8%	41,295	10.6%
Total	201,119	100.0%	187,438	100.0%	388,557	100.0%

Table 8.2.7C

n/a

Figure 8.2.7C

Figure 8.2.7D

Table 8.2.7D

Comprehension Composite Reliability: Cphn 1-2 S302

Component	Weight	Variance	Reliability
Listening	0.30	950.266	0.688
Reading	0.70	822.466	0.828
Comprehension		745.518	0.871

^{*}Variances from students who had results in all four domains

Table 8.2.7E-1

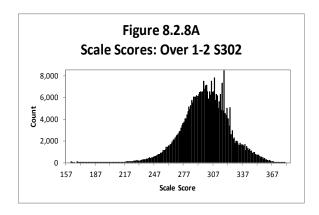
Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Cphn (Grade 1) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)	
Indices	0.623	0.5	510	0.363		
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consistency		
on Level	1	0.7	798	0.0	551	
	2	0.6	555	0.5	505	
	3	0.6	505	0.4	186	
	4	0.5	526	0.4	120	
	5	0.6	662	0.584		
	6	0.6	532	0.388		
Indices at			Accuracy			
Cut Points			False	False		
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency	
	1/2	0.982	0.007	0.011	0.973	
	2/3	0.946 0.023		0.031	0.922	
	3/4	0.879 0.066		0.055	0.831	
	4/5	0.858	0.059	0.083	0.807	
	5/6	0.942	0.045	0.013	0.918	

Table 8.2.7E-2 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Cphn (Grade 2) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kap	pa (k)	
Indices	0.656	0.5	540	0.377		
Conditional	Level	Accı	ıracy	Consi	stency	
on Level	1	0.8	375	0.	733	
	2	0.5	539	0	387	
	3	0.0	541	0.4	495	
	4	0.4	4 11	0	313	
	5	0.763		0.683		
	6	0.6	580	0.532		
Indices at			Accuracy			
Cut Points			False	False	1	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency	
	1/2	0.990	0.002	0.009	0.986	
	2/3	0.969	0.016	0.015	0.951	
	3/4	0.908	0.046	0.046	0.867	
	4/5	0.865	0.076	0.059	0.814	
Ì	5/6	0.908	0.043	0.050	0.864	

8.2.8 Overall Composite 1-2



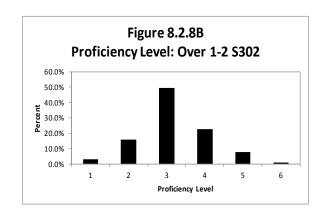


Table 8.2.8AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Over 1-2 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
1	200,853	162	376	288.11	21.19
2	187,203	168	380	311.00	22.06
Total	388,056	162	380	299.16	24.46

Table 8.2.8BProficiency Level Distribution: Over 1-2 S302

	Grade 1		Gra	de 2	Total	
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	7,368	3.7%	4,795	2.6%	12,163	3.1%
2	42,025	20.9%	19,187	10.2%	61,212	15.8%
3	109,264	54.4%	82,581	44.1%	191,845	49.4%
4	31,256	15.6%	57,530	30.7%	88,786	22.9%
5	9,231	4.6%	20,218	10.8%	29,449	7.6%
6	1,709	0.9%	2,892	1.5%	4,601	1.2%
Total	200,853	100.0%	187,203	100.0%	388,056	100.0%

Table 8.2.8C

n/a

Figure 8.2.8C

n/a

Figure 8.2.8D

n/a

Table 8.2.8DOverall Composite Reliability: Over 1-2 S302

Component	Weight	Variance	Reliability
Listening	0.15	950.266	0.688
Reading	0.35	822.466	0.828
Speaking	0.15	2155.715	0.891
Writing	0.35	532.856	0.925
Overall Composite		598.100	0.943

^{*}Variances from students who had results in all four domains

Table 8.2.8E-1Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Over (Grade 1) S302

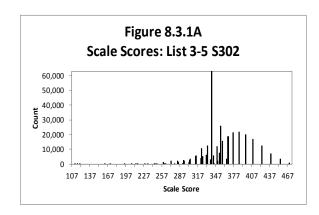
Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	pa(k)	
Indices	0.829	0.7	765	0.636		
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consistency		
on Level	1	0.7	787	0.7	763	
	2	3.0	320	0.7	741	
	3	3.0	396	0.8	860	
	4	0.6	574	0.5	573	
	5	0.7	723	0.591		
	6		-	0.9	995	
Indices at			Accuracy			
Cut Points			False	False		
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency	
	1/2	0.985	0.008	0.007	0.983	
	2/3	0.938 0.035		0.028	0.915	
	3/4	0.930 0.031		0.040	0.905	
	4/5	0.970	0.024	0.006	0.966	
	5/6	0.991	0.009	0.000	0.995	

Table 8.2.8E-2 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Over (Grade 2) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Conci	stency	Kappa (k)		
			•			
Indices	0.802	0.7	734	0.0	517	
Conditional	Level	Accı	ıracy	Consistency		
on Level	1	0.6	579	0.8	809	
	2	0.7	767	0.0	658	
	3	0.8	383	0.0	834	
	4	0.7	748	0.0	674	
	5	0.7	718	0.599		
	6		-	0.997		
Indices at			Accuracy			
Cut Points			False	False		
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency	
	1/2	0.985	0.010	0.005	0.989	
	2/3	0.956 0.028		0.016	0.946	
	3/4	0.911 0.039		0.050	0.884	
	4/5	0.936	0.042	0.022	0.922	
	5/6	0.985	0.015	0.000	0.992	

8.3 Grades: 3-5

8.3.1 **Listening 3-5**



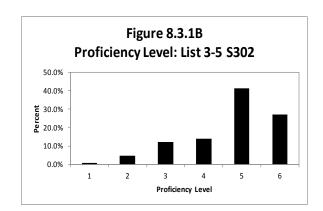


Table 8.3.1AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: List 3-5 S302

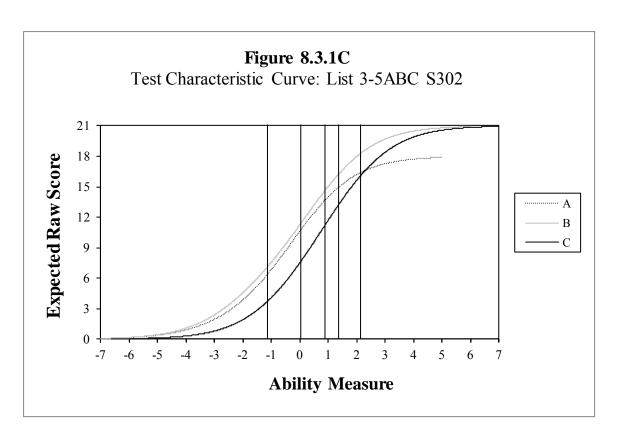
Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
3	164,211	112	469	349.43	34.80
4	105,153	116	469	360.74	36.54
5	82,925	120	469	370.90	38.07
Total	352,289	112	469	357.86	37.15

Table 8.3.1BProficiency Level Distribution: List 3-5 S302

	Gra	Grade 3		Grade 4		de 5	To	tal
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	939	0.6%	1,042	1.0%	1,298	1.6%	3,279	0.9%
2	6,685	4.1%	5,076	4.8%	4,538	5.5%	16,299	4.6%
3	19,397	11.8%	12,013	11.4%	11,347	13.7%	42,757	12.1%
4	15,298	9.3%	17,721	16.9%	15,638	18.9%	48,657	13.8%
5	73,211	44.6%	43,069	41.0%	29,186	35.2%	145,466	41.3%
6	48,681	29.6%	26,232	24.9%	20,918	25.2%	95,831	27.2%
Total	164,211	100.0%	105,153	100.0%	82,925	100.0%	352,289	100.0%

Table 8.3.1C Conditional Standard Error of Measurement at Cut Scores: List 3-5 S302

Duoficiones				SEM	
Proficiency Level	Grade	Cut Score	Tier A	Tier B	Tier C
	3	255	22.54	22.17	27.05
1/2	4	264	21.79	21.42	25.17
	5	274	20.66	20.66	23.29
	3	295	19.54	19.54	20.66
2/3	4	307	19.16	19.16	19.54
	5	318	19.54	19.16	18.79
	3	325	19.54	19.16	18.41
3/4	4	338	20.29	19.16	18.03
	5	350	21.42	19.91	18.03
	3	340	n/a	19.54	18.03
4/5	4	355	n/a	20.29	18.41
	5	368	n/a	21.42	18.79
	3	367	n/a	n/a	18.41
5/6	4	383	n/a	n/a	19.54
	5	397	n/a	n/a	20.66



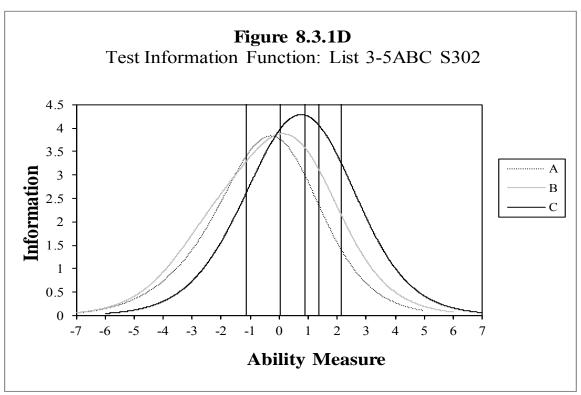


Table 8.3.1DWeighted Reliability: List 3-5 S302

Tiers	No. of Students	Reliability	Weighted Reliability
A	29,244	0.761	
В	148,917	0.663	0.657
С	174,128	0.634	

Table 8.3.1E-1Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: List (Grade 3) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Карр	na (k)
Indices	0.537	0.4	128	0.213	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consistency	
on Level	1	0.7	711	0.2	258
	2	0.5	509	0.2	270
	3	0.4	114	0.2	267
	4	0.1	.83	0.1	137
	5	0.6	516	0.540	
	6	0.6	577	0.544	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.994	0.000	0.005	0.993
	2/3	0.962	0.962 0.007		0.939
	3/4	0.883	0.883 0.051		0.818
	4/5	0.811	0.120	0.069	0.739
	5/6	0.806	0.101	0.093	0.734

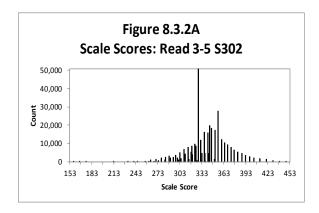
Table 8.3.1E-2Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: List (Grade 4) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	Kappa (k)		
Indices	0.505	0.3	393	0.1	186		
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency		
on Level	1	0.7	744	0.3	396		
	2	0.5	524	0.3	303		
	3	0.3	381	0.2	249		
	4	0.3	313	0.2	237		
	5	0.5	555	0.485			
	6	0.6	507	0.464			
Indices at			Accuracy				
Cut Points			False	False			
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency		
	1/2	0.992	0.001	0.007	0.988		
	2/3	0.959	0.959 0.011		0.933		
	3/4	0.880 0.058		0.062	0.817		
	4/5	0.795	0.100	0.105	0.726		
	5/6	0.804	0.099	0.097	0.729		

Table 8.3.1E-3 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: List (Grade 5) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.483		378	0.1	182
Conditional	Level	Accı	ıracy	Consistency	
on Level	1	0.7	764	0.4	1 47
	2	0.4	186	0.2	295
	3	0.4	1 15	0.284	
	4	0.3	341	0.260	
	5	0.486		0.421	
	6	0.6	525	0.468	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.988	0.002	0.010	0.983
	2/3	0.953 0.015 0.868 0.059		0.032	0.924
	3/4			0.073	0.808
	4/5	0.794	0.088	0.119	0.723
	5/6	0.802	0.117	0.081	0.730

8.3.2 Reading 3-5



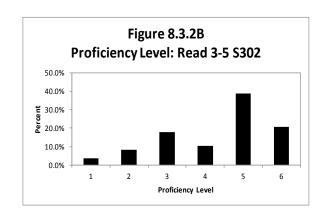


Table 8.3.2AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Read 3-5 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
3	164,072	158	448	331.68	25.63
4	105,032	166	448	340.84	27.35
5	82,838	175	448	349.48	29.27
Total	351,942	158	448	338.60	27.98

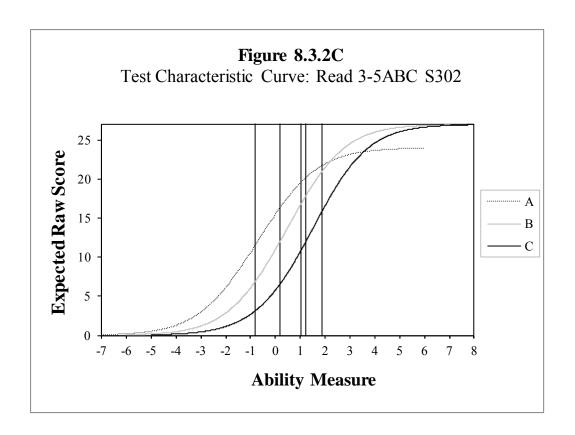
Table 8.3.2BProficiency Level Distribution: Read 3-5 S302

	Gra	Grade 3 Grade 4		Grade 4		de 5	To	tal
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	3,660	2.2%	4,475	4.3%	4,649	5.6%	12,784	3.6%
2	10,157	6.2%	9,743	9.3%	9,333	11.3%	29,233	8.3%
3	24,294	14.8%	18,439	17.6%	20,440	24.7%	63,173	17.9%
4	13,671	8.3%	16,467	15.7%	6,826	8.2%	36,964	10.5%
5	76,417	46.6%	33,950	32.3%	26,484	32.0%	136,851	38.9%
6	35,873	21.9%	21,958	20.9%	15,106	18.2%	72,937	20.7%
Total	164,072	100.0%	105,032	100.0%	82,838	100.0%	351,942	100.0%

Table 8.3.2C Conditional Standard Error of Measurement at Cut Scores: Read 3-5 S302*

Proficiency				SEM	
Level	Grade	Cut Score	Tier A	Tier B	Tier C
1/2	3	279	12.48	15.34	22.88
1/2	4	291	11.96	13.52	19.24
	5	302	11.70	12.48	16.38
	3	302	11.70	12.48	16.38
2/3	4	316	11.96	11.44	14.04
	5	328	12.48	10.92	12.48
2/4	3	320	11.96	11.18	13.52
3/4	4	336	13.00	10.92	11.70
	5	350	14.56	11.18	10.92
4/5	3	328	n/a	10.92	12.48
4/5	4	343	n/a	10.92	11.18
	5	355	n/a	11.44	10.66
516	3	347	n/a	n/a	10.92
5/6	4	360	n/a	n/a	10.66
	5	372	n/a	n/a	10.66

^{*} No equating was performed for S302



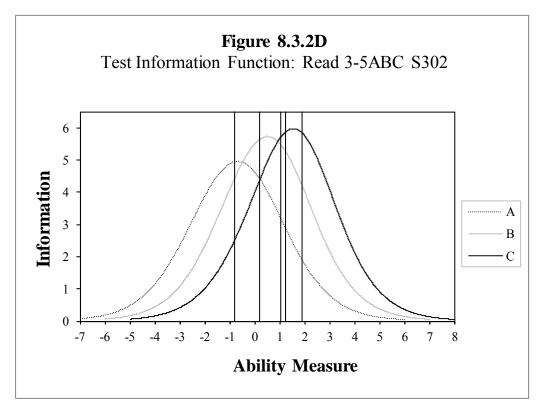


Table 8.3.2D

Weighted Reliability: Read 3-5 S302

Tiers	No. of Students	Reliability	Weighted Reliability
A	29,169	0.838	
В	148,739	0.805	0.779
С	174,034	0.748	

Table 8.3.2E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Read (Grade 3) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.567	0.4	150	0.260	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consistency	
on Level	1	0.7	770	0.5	540
	2	0.5	526	0.3	348
	3	0.4	190	0.3	341
	4	0.1	182	0.1	134
	5	0.6	591	0.605	
	6	0.5	597	0.478	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.986	0.004	0.010	0.980
	2/3	0.953	0.953 0.020		0.926
	3/4	0.885 0.053		0.062	0.829
	4/5	0.840	0.093	0.067	0.777
	5/6	0.832	0.063	0.105	0.768

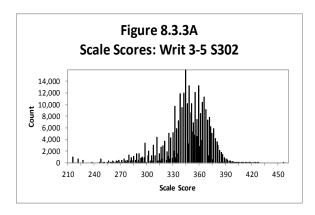
Table 8.3.2E-2 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Read (Grade 4) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.505	0.4	100	0.240	
Conditional	Level	Accı	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.7	795	0.0	508
	2	0.5	549	0.3	380
	3	0.4	146	0.329	
	4	0.2	297	0.2	229
	5	0.507		0.432	
	6	0.5	599	0.463	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.977	0.007	0.016	0.967
	2/3	0.936 0.026 0.851 0.079		0.038	0.902
	3/4			0.069	0.792
	4/5	0.809	0.080	0.112	0.749
	5/6	0.836	0.075	0.090	0.772

Table 8.3.2E-3 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Read (Grade 5) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	pa(k)
Indices	0.516	0.4	408	0.251	
Conditional	Level	Accı	ıracy	Consistency	
on Level	1	0.7	789	0.5	592
	2	0.5	509	0.3	358
	3	0.5	515	0.4	401
	4	0.1	151	0.1	118
	5	0.5	534	0.449	
	6	0.5	593	0.447	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.969	0.009	0.022	0.954
	2/3	0.916	0.916 0.038		0.873
	3/4	0.829	0.829 0.086		0.767
	4/5	0.813	0.095	0.092	0.751
	5/6	0.853	0.069	0.078	0.793

8.3.3 Writing 3-5



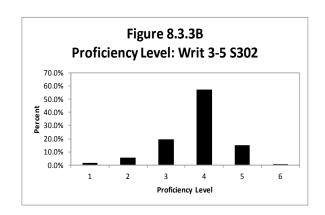


Table 8.3.3AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Writ 3-5 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
3	164,071	215	409	340.82	25.58
4	105,084	221	427	346.85	25.47
5	82,870	227	456	352.81	25.34
Total	352,025	215	456	345.45	25.95

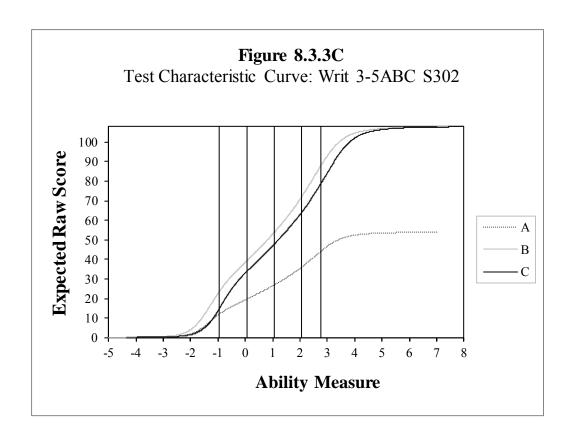
Table 8.3.3BProficiency Level Distribution: Writ 3-5 S302

	Gra	Grade 3		Grade 4		de 5	To	tal
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	1,982	1.2%	1,857	1.8%	2,031	2.5%	5,870	1.7%
2	8,428	5.1%	6,593	6.3%	5,126	6.2%	20,147	5.7%
3	26,453	16.1%	20,757	19.8%	21,928	26.5%	69,138	19.6%
4	94,135	57.4%	60,918	58.0%	46,976	56.7%	202,029	57.4%
5	31,981	19.5%	14,553	13.8%	6,646	8.0%	53,180	15.1%
6	1,092	0.7%	406	0.4%	163	0.2%	1,661	0.5%
Total	164,071	100.0%	105,084	100.0%	82,870	100.0%	352,025	100.0%

Table 8.3.3C
Conditional Standard Error of Measurement at Cut Scores: Writ 3-5 S302*

Proficiency				SEM		
Level	Grade	Cut Score	Tier A	Tier B	Tier C	
	3	264	10.88	7.77	11.82	
1/2	4	275	9.02	6.53	8.09	
	5	287	9.64	6.84	6.53	
	3	297	11.19	7.77	6.53	
2/3	4	308	11.82	8.40	7.46	
	5	319	11.82	8.40	8.40	
	3	330	11.51	8.09	8.40	
3/4	4	340	11.51	8.09	8.40	
	5	350	11.19	7.77	8.09	
	3	360	n/a	7.46	7.77	
4/5	4	371	n/a	7.15	7.77	
	5	381	n/a	6.84	7.15	
	3	384	n/a	n/a	7.15	
5/6	4	394	n/a	n/a	6.84	
	5	403	n/a	n/a	6.53	

^{*} No equating was performed for Writing Tier A S302



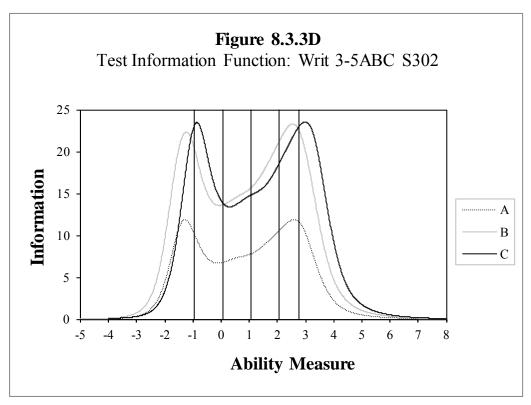


Table 8.3.3D

Weighted Reliability: Writ 3-5 S302

Tiers	No. of Students	Reliability	Weighted Reliability
A	29,175	0.918	
В	148,840	0.935	0.924
С	174,010	0.915	

Table 8.3.3E-3

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Writ (Grade 3) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	pa(k)
Indices	0.742	0.6	570	0.4	461
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.7	785	0.7	756
	2	0.8	311	0.7	716
	3	0.7	799	0.7	702
	4	0.8	326	0.750	
	5	0.481		0.426	
	6		-	0.973	
Indices at			Accuracy		
			False	False	1
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.995	0.003	0.002	0.994
	2/3	0.983 0.008		0.009	0.977
	_, _		0.949 0.024		
	3/4	0.949	0.024	0.027	0.928
		0.949 0.834	0.024 0.070	0.027 0.097	0.928 0.774

Table 8.3.3E-2

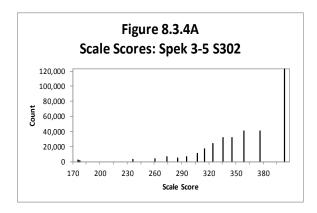
Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Writ (Grade 4) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.779	0.717		0.5	507
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.7	747	0.7	784
	2	3.0	312	0.7	715
	3	3.0	339	0.7	749
	4	0.7	762	0.7	758
	5		-	0.304	
	6		-	1.000	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.992	0.005	0.003	0.993
	2/3	0.978 0.012		0.010	0.973
	3/4	0.944	0.022	0.034	0.924
	4/5	0.858	0.142	0.000	0.828
	5/6	0.996	0.004	0.000	0.999

Table 8.3.3E-3 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Writ (Grade 5) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kap	pa (k)	
Indices	0.820	0.7	766	0	588	
Conditional	Level	Accı	ıracy	Consi	stency	
on Level	1	0.0	337	0.	835	
	2	0.′	768	0.0	658	
	3	0.0	368	0.	785	
	4	0.8	308	0.	792	
	5		_	0.198		
	6		_	1.000		
Indices at			Accuracy			
			False	False		
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency	
	1/2	0.992	0.004	0.003	0.992	
	2/3	0.977	0.013	0.010	0.968	
	3/4	0.929	0.023	0.048	0.903	
	4/5	0.918	0.082	0.000	0.903	
	5/6	0.998	0.002	0.000	1.000	

8.3.4 Speaking 3-5



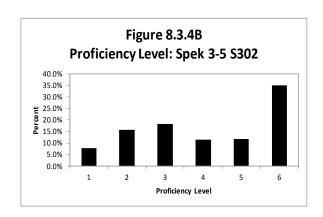


Table 8.3.4AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Spek 3-5 S302

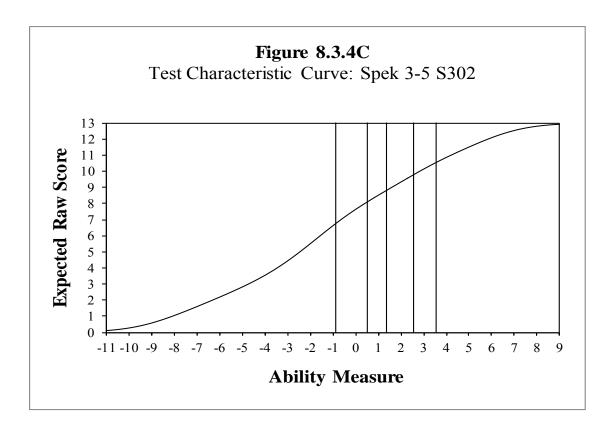
Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
3	164,141	175	403	355.70	44.80
4	105,094	176	403	358.06	45.60
5	82,870	177	403	361.87	46.17
Total	352,105	175	403	357.86	45.43

Table 8.3.4BProficiency Level Distribution: Spek 3-5 S302

	Gra	Grade 3		Grade 4		de 5	To	tal
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	11,295	6.9%	9,217	8.8%	7,066	8.5%	27,578	7.8%
2	30,686	18.7%	15,070	14.3%	9,789	11.8%	55,545	15.8%
3	31,833	19.4%	18,828	17.9%	13,372	16.1%	64,033	18.2%
4	18,702	11.4%	12,598	12.0%	9,301	11.2%	40,601	11.5%
5	18,485	11.3%	12,654	12.0%	9,990	12.1%	41,129	11.7%
6	53,140	32.4%	36,727	34.9%	33,352	40.2%	123,219	35.0%
Total	164,141	100.0%	105,094	100.0%	82,870	100.0%	352,105	100.0%

Table 8.3.4CConditional Standard Error of Measurement at Cut Scores: Spek 3-5 S302

Proficiency Level Grade **Cut Score** SEM 3 293 19.08 1/2 19.48 4 299 5 305 19.68 3 326 20.89 2/3 4 329 21.09 333 5 21.49 3 346 22.29 3/4 348 22.49 4 350 5 22.69 3 369 24.90 4/5 4 371 25.31 5 374 25.71 389 3 27.31 5/6 391 27.52 4 394 27.52 5



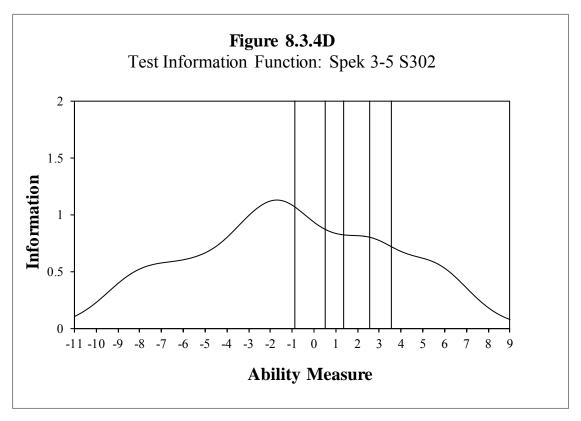


Table 8.3.4D

Reliability: Spek 3-5 S302

Tiers	No. of Students	Reliability
	352,105	0.891

Table 8.3.4E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Spek (Grade 3) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.603	0.5	512	0.3	397
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.6	550	0.4	193
	2	0.6	514	0.5	506
	3	0.5	519	0.4	431
	4	0.3	353	0.261	
	5	0.3	379	0.274	
	6	0.9	915	0.844	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.955	0.028	0.017	0.930
	2/3	0.890	0.050	0.060	0.857
	3/4	0.890	0.029	0.082	0.851
	3/4 4/5	0.890 0.930	0.029 0.033	0.082 0.037	0.851 0.887

Table 8.3.4E-2

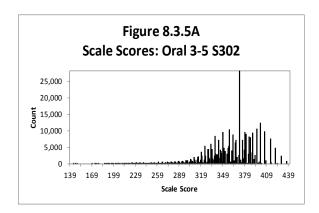
Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Spek (Grade 4) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	pa(k)
Indices	0.591	0.5	501	0.3	380
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.7	718	0.3	576
	2	0.5	524	0.4	420
	3	0.5	513	0.4	426
	4	0.3	360	0.2	269
	5	0.3	350	0.247	
	6	0.9	901	0.825	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.954	0.027	0.019	0.929
	2/3	0.898	0.898 0.050		0.868
	3/4	0.890 0.029		0.082	0.854
	4/5	0.923	0.033	0.044	0.877
	5/6	0.884	0.087	0.029	0.844

Table 8.3.4E-3 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Spek (Grade 5) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapr	na (k)
Indices	0.576		180		345
Conditional	Level	Accı	ıracv	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.7	716		578
	2	0.4	1 75	0.3	378
	3	0.5	505	0.4	120
	4	0.3	347	0.2	259
	5	0.297		0.206	
	6	0.8	386	0.812	
Indices at			Accuracy	•	
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.956	0.027	0.018	0.932
	2/3	0.905 0.049		0.046	0.879
	3/4	0.893 0.026		0.082	0.862
	4/5	0.926	0.031	0.043	0.879
	5/6	0.848	0.115	0.037	0.792

8.3.5 Oral 3-5



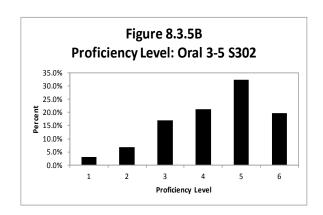


Table 8.3.5AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Oral 3-5 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
3	164,066	144	436	352.84	34.11
4	105,043	146	436	359.63	35.50
5	82,831	149	436	366.65	36.84
Total	351,940	144	436	358.12	35.62

Table 8.3.5BProficiency Level Distribution: Oral 3-5 S302

	Gra	Grade 3		Grade 4		de 5	To	tal
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	3,809	2.3%	3,282	3.1%	3,454	4.2%	10,545	3.0%
2	11,130	6.8%	6,802	6.5%	5,787	7.0%	23,719	6.7%
3	29,982	18.3%	17,709	16.9%	11,681	14.1%	59,372	16.9%
4	35,592	21.7%	22,292	21.2%	16,789	20.3%	74,673	21.2%
5	49,079	29.9%	34,075	32.4%	30,801	37.2%	113,955	32.4%
6	34,474	21.0%	20,883	19.9%	14,319	17.3%	69,676	19.8%
Total	164,066	100.0%	105,043	100.0%	82,831	100.0%	351,940	100.0%

Table 8.3.5C

n/a

Figure 8.3.5C

Figure 8.3.5D

n/a

Table 8.3.5D

Oral Composite Reliability: Oral 3-5 S302

Component	Weight	Variance	Reliability
Listening	0.50	1377.820	0.657
Speaking	0.50	2058.602	0.891
Oral		1266.567	0.863

Table 8.3.5E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Oral (Grade 3) S302

Overall Accuracy Consistency Kappa (

Overall	Accuracy	Consistency		Kapp	pa (k)
Indices	0.612	0.497		0.3	358
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.8	324	0.0	657
	2	0.5	586	0.4	129
	3	0.6	519	0.4	487
	4	0.5	506	0.4	402
	5	0.5	596	0.492	
	6	0.7	727	0.604	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.989	0.003	0.008	0.984
	2/3	0.956 0.023		0.022	0.933
	3/4	0.896 0.044		0.060	0.857
	4/5	0.870	0.056	0.074	0.819
	5/6	0.885	0.057	0.058	0.838

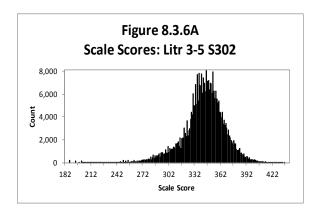
Table 8.3.5E-2 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Oral (Grade 4) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Карр	na (k)
Indices	0.591	0.475		0.3	326
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.0	336	0.6	590
	2	0.5	557	0.4	105
	3	0.6	509	0.4	175
	4	0.5	507	0.3	397
	5	0.5	588	0.492	
	6	0.6	549	0.517	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.986	0.004	0.009	0.980
	2/3	0.957 0.023		0.020	0.935
	3/4	0.902 0.040		0.058	0.865
	4/5	0.869	0.052	0.078	0.818
	5/6	0.860	0.071	0.069	0.809

Table 8.3.5E-3 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Oral (Grade 5) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.581	0.4	168	0.308	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.8	344	0.7	714
	2	0.5	561	0.4	115
	3	0.5	558	0.4	125
	4	0.5	500	0.3	384
	5	0.6	516	0.538	
	6	0.5	560	0.424	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.983	0.006	0.011	0.976
	2/3	0.955 0.022		0.022	0.934
	3/4	0.910 0.037		0.052	0.876
	4/5	0.869	0.054	0.077	0.816
	5/6	0.847	0.082	0.071	0.797

8.3.6 Literacy Composite 3-5



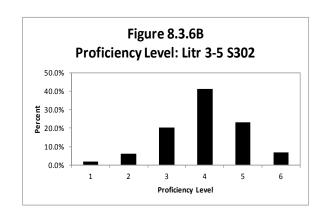


Table 8.3.6AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Litr 3-5 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
3	163,916	187	422	336.47	23.14
4	104,940	194	433	344.14	24.14
5	82,761	201	436	351.43	25.19
Total	351,617	187	436	342.28	24.68

Table 8.3.6BProficiency Level Distribution: Litr 3-5 S302

	Gra	Grade 3		Grade 4		de 5	To	tal
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	1,908	1.2%	2,137	2.0%	2,772	3.3%	6,817	1.9%
2	8,438	5.1%	6,992	6.7%	6,543	7.9%	21,973	6.2%
3	26,975	16.5%	21,617	20.6%	23,138	28.0%	71,730	20.4%
4	66,967	40.9%	46,272	44.1%	31,950	38.6%	145,189	41.3%
5	46,008	28.1%	21,384	20.4%	14,182	17.1%	81,574	23.2%
6	13,620	8.3%	6,538	6.2%	4,176	5.0%	24,334	6.9%
Total	163,916	100.0%	104,940	100.0%	82,761	100.0%	351,617	100.0%

Table 8.3.6C

n/a

Figure 8.3.6C

n/a

Figure 8.3.6D

n/a

Table 8.3.6D

Literacy Composite Reliability: Litr 3-5 S302

Component	Weight	Variance	Reliability
Reading	0.50	781.583	0.779
Writing	0.50	672.252	0.924
Literacy		608.817	0.908

^{*}Variances from students who had results in all four domains

Table 8.3.6E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Litr (Grade 3) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapı	pa(k)
Indices	0.705	0.6	517	0.471	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	3.0	346	0.7	725
	2	0.7	759	0.0	636
	3	0.6	598	0.5	575
	4	0.8	808	0.7	723
	5	0.6	506	0.556	
	6	0.7	714	0.472	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.995	0.002	0.003	0.993
	2/3	0.979	0.979 0.009		0.970
	3/4	0.926 0.041		0.033	0.893
	4/5	0.885	0.036	0.079	0.842
	5/6	0.919	0.079	0.002	0.914

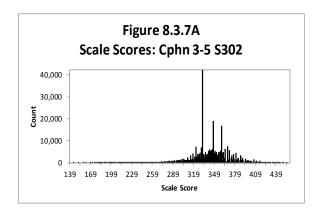
Table 8.3.6E-2Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Litr (Grade 4) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	pa(k)
Indices	0.691	0.5	596	0.444	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	3.0	363	0.7	763
	2	0.7	752	0.0	632
	3	0.7	724	0.0	507
	4	0.8	302	0.7	708
	5	0.5	520	0.455	
	6		-	0.336	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.993	0.003	0.005	0.990
	2/3	0.974 0.012		0.014	0.962
	3/4	0.915 0.044		0.041	0.878
	4/5	0.870	0.034	0.095	0.821
	5/6	0.938	0.062	0.000	0.932

Table 8.3.6E-3Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Litr (Grade 5) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consistency		Kappa (k)	
Indices	0.688	0.588		0.445	
Conditional	Level	Accuracy		Consistency	
on Level	1	0.881		0.794	
	2	0.695		0.566	
	3	0.763		0.659	
	4	0.743		0.641	
	5	0.513		0.439	
	6	-		0.334	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points		False		False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.989	0.004	0.007	0.985
	2/3	0.964	0.018	0.017	0.948
	3/4	0.899	0.047	0.054	0.858
	4/5	0.885	0.037	0.078	0.837
	5/6	0.950	0.050	0.000	0.946

8.3.7 Comprehension Composite 3-5



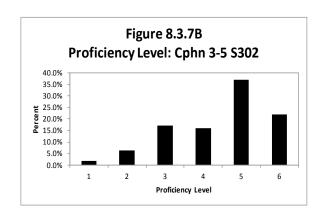


Table 8.3.7AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Cphn 3-5 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
3	164,030	144	454	337.18	26.39
4	104,998	151	454	346.95	27.94
5	82,804	159	454	355.99	29.73
Total	351,832	144	454	344.52	28.70

Table 8.3.7BProficiency Level Distribution: Cphn 3-5 S302

	Grade 3		Grade 4		Grade 5		Total	
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	1,507	0.9%	1,868	1.8%	2,516	3.0%	5,891	1.7%
2	8,114	4.9%	7,035	6.7%	6,794	8.2%	21,943	6.2%
3	21,263	13.0%	20,392	19.4%	18,307	22.1%	59,962	17.0%
4	24,724	15.1%	18,647	17.8%	13,425	16.2%	56,796	16.1%
5	67,993	41.5%	35,685	34.0%	26,499	32.0%	130,177	37.0%
6	40,429	24.6%	21,371	20.4%	15,263	18.4%	77,063	21.9%
Total	164,030	100.0%	104,998	100.0%	82,804	100.0%	351,832	100.0%

Table 8.3.7C

n/a

Figure 8.3.7C

n/a

Figure 8.3.7D

n/a

Table 8.3.7D

Comprehension Composite Reliability: Cphn 3-5 S302

Component	Weight	Variance	Reliability	
Listening	0.30	1377.820	0.657	
Reading	0.70	781.583	0.779	
Comprehension		822.711	0.845	

^{*}Variances from students who had results in all four domains

Table 8.3.7E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Cphn (Grade 3) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consistency		Kappa (k)	
Indices	0.634	0.524		0.356	
Conditional	Level	Accuracy		Consistency	
on Level	1	0.781		0.548	
	2	0.653		0.471	
	3	0.533		0.388	
	4	0.379		0.286	
	5	0.691		0.606	
	6	0.739		0.624	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points		False		False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.994	0.001	0.005	0.992
	2/3	0.970 0.011		0.019	0.954
	3/4	0.908	0.051	0.041	0.863
	4/5	0.856 0.074		0.070	0.805
	5/6	0.877 0.056		0.067	0.824

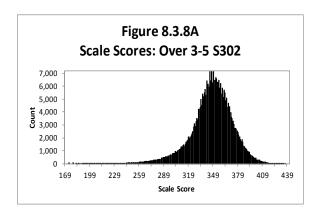
Table 8.3.7E-2 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Cphn (Grade 4) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.597	0.4	185	0.3	334
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.0	801	0.6	613
	2	0.6	524	0.4	154
	3	0.5	594	0.4	162
	4	0.3	398	0.3	309
	5	0.6	509	0.516	
	6	0.7	701	0.570	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.990	0.003	0.007	0.986
	2/3	0.959	0.959 0.018		0.937
	3/4	0.882 0.061		0.057	0.835
	4/5	0.847	0.066	0.086	0.795
Ì	5/6	0.881	0.055	0.063	0.830

Table 8.3.7E-3 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Cphn (Grade 5) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.587	0.4	177	0.332	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.8	326	0.6	556
	2	0.5	592	0.4	135
	3	0.5	593	0.4	171
	4	0.3	356	0.2	276
	5	0.5	595	0.502	
	6	0.7	708	0.564	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.985	0.004	0.012	0.978
	2/3	0.949	0.949 0.024		0.922
	3/4	0.870 0.068		0.062	0.820
	4/5	0.846	0.068	0.086	0.793
	5/6	0.891	0.056	0.053	0.842

8.3.8 Overall Composite 3-5



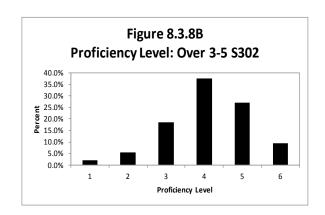


Table 8.3.8AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Over 3-5 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
3	163,789	174	426	341.21	24.49
4	104,822	179	433	348.57	25.59
5	82,666	185	436	355.77	26.81
Total	351,277	174	436	346.83	26.05

Table 8.3.8BProficiency Level Distribution: Over 3-5 S302

	Gra	de 3	Gra	de 4	Gra	de 5	To	tal
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	2,152	1.3%	2,358	2.2%	2,643	3.2%	7,153	2.0%
2	7,783	4.8%	6,201	5.9%	5,566	6.7%	19,550	5.6%
3	26,956	16.5%	20,187	19.3%	17,803	21.5%	64,946	18.5%
4	58,649	35.8%	41,058	39.2%	32,075	38.8%	131,782	37.5%
5	49,480	30.2%	26,434	25.2%	18,894	22.9%	94,808	27.0%
6	18,769	11.5%	8,584	8.2%	5,685	6.9%	33,038	9.4%
Total	163,789	100.0%	104,822	100.0%	82,666	100.0%	351,277	100.0%

Table 8.3.8C

n/a

Figure 8.3.8C

Figure 8.3.8D

n/a

Table 8.3.8D

Overall Composite Reliability: Over 3-5 S302

Component	Weight	Variance	Reliability
Listening	0.15	1377.820	0.657
Reading	0.35	781.583	0.779
Speaking	0.15	2058.602	0.891
Writing	0.35	672.252	0.924
Overall Composite		678.626	0.937

Table 8.3.8E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Over (Grade 3) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consistency		Kap	pa(k)
Indices	0.756	0.6	565	0.548	
Conditional	Level	Accı	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.0	397	0.3	816
	2	0.7	764	0.0	655
	3	0.7	751	0.0	543
	4	0.0	318	0.′	739
	5	0.6	595	0.621	
	6	0.7	774	0.626	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.996	0.001	0.003	0.994
	2/3	0.982	0.009	0.009	0.974
	3/4	0.938 0.033		0.028	0.912
	4/5	0.910	0.910 0.031		0.874
	5/6	0.930	0.052	0.018	0.909

Table 8.3.8E-2 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Over (Grade 4) S302

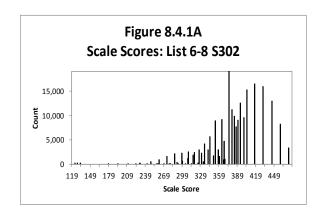
Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	pa(k)
Indices	0.722	0.6	542	0.515	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.9	900	0.8	832
	2	0.7	759	0.0	551
	3	0.7	761	0.0	656
	4	0.8	325	0.7	744
	5	0.5	592	0.546	
	6		-	0.451	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.994	0.002	0.004	0.992
	2/3	0.979	0.979 0.011		0.969
	3/4	0.931 0.037		0.032	0.901
	4/5	0.900	0.028	0.073	0.862
	5/6	0.918	0.082	0.000	0.915

Table 8.3.8E-3 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Over (Grade 5) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kap	pa (k)
Indices	0.720	0.6	535	0.:	509
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.9	004	0.3	841
	2	0.7	735	0.0	623
	3	0.7	766	0.0	662
	4	0.8	808	0.′	720
	5	0.5	584	0.529	
	6		-	0.409	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.992	0.003	0.006	0.989
	2/3	0.974	0.974 0.014		0.963
	3/4	0.925 0.038		0.037	0.893
	4/5	0.897	0.029	0.074	0.858
	5/6	0.931	0.069	0.000	0.928

8.4 Grades: 6-8

8.4.1 **Listening 6-8**



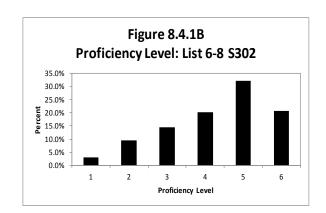


Table 8.4.1AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: List 6-8 S302

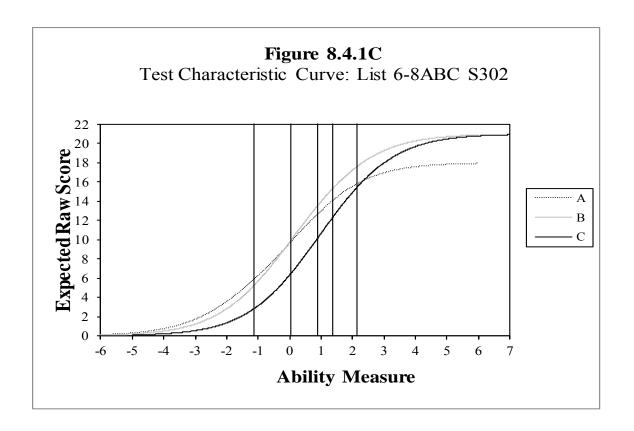
Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
6	73,891	124	473	377.12	41.48
7	74,881	128	473	385.15	44.36
8	70,706	132	473	391.41	46.32
Total	219,478	124	473	384.46	44.45

Table 8.4.1BProficiency Level Distribution: List 6-8 S302

	Gra	de 6	Gra	de 7	Gra	de 8	To	tal
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	1,475	2.0%	2,328	3.1%	3,100	4.4%	6,903	3.1%
2	6,193	8.4%	7,003	9.4%	7,637	10.8%	20,833	9.5%
3	11,788	16.0%	12,372	16.5%	7,539	10.7%	31,699	14.4%
4	14,320	19.4%	14,390	19.2%	15,333	21.7%	44,043	20.1%
5	25,821	34.9%	24,829	33.2%	19,773	28.0%	70,423	32.1%
6	14,294	19.3%	13,959	18.6%	17,324	24.5%	45,577	20.8%
Total	73,891	100.0%	74,881	100.0%	70,706	100.0%	219,478	100.0%

Table 8.4.1CConditional Standard Error of Measurement at Cut Scores: List 6-8 S302

Conditional Standard Enfor of Wedstrement at Cut Scores. Elst 0-0 5302								
Proficiency				SEM				
Level	-		Tier A	Tier B	Tier C			
	6	283	21.04	19.54	23.67			
1/2	7	293	20.66	18.79	21.79			
	8	302	20.29	18.41	20.66			
	6	328	20.29	18.03	18.41			
2/3	7	337	20.66	18.41	18.03			
	8	345	21.04	18.79	17.66			
	6	359	22.17	19.54	17.66			
3/4	7	368	23.29	20.29	18.03			
	8	375	24.05	21.04	18.03			
	6	380	n/a	21.79	18.41			
4/5	7	390	n/a	23.29	19.16			
	8	399	n/a	24.42	19.91			
	6	409	n/a	n/a	21.04			
5/6	7	418	n/a	n/a	22.54			
	8	426	n/a	n/a	23.67			



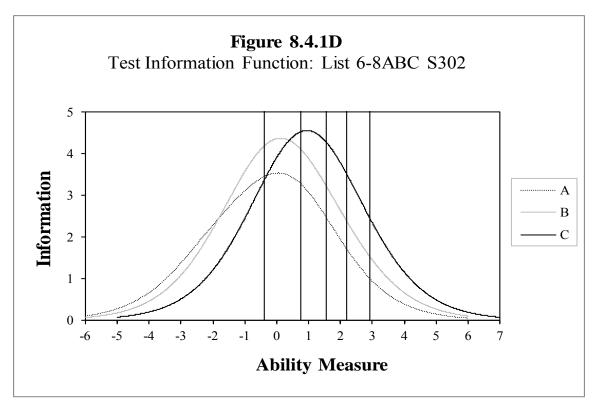


Table 8.4.1D Weighted Reliability: List 6-8 S302

0181100	nacinty: Elet c c ee		
Tiers	No. of Students	Reliability	Reliability
A	23,751	0.750	
В	82,373	0.663	0.645
С	113,354	0.611	

Table 8.4.1E-1 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: List (Grade 6) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Карр	pa(k)	
Indices	0.446	0.343		0.155		
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consistency		
on Level	1	0.6	571	0.3	376	
	2	0.5	519	0.3	331	
	3	0.4	106	0.2	286	
	4	0.3	314	0.2	242	
	5	0.4	180	0.425		
	6	0.5	512	0.353		
Indices at			Accuracy			
Cut Points			False	False		
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency	
	1/2	0.984	0.004	0.012	0.974	
	2/3	0.930 0.023		0.047	0.895	
	3/4	0.848 0.058		0.093	0.784	
	4/5	0.777	0.096	0.128	0.698	
	5/6	0.810	0.124	0.067	0.739	

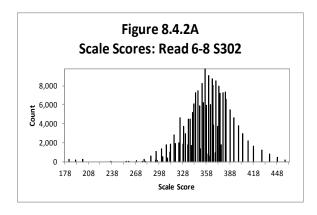
Table 8.4.1E-2 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: List (Grade 7) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Карр	na (k)
Indices	0.427	0.3	328	0.148	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.6	583	0.4	118
	2	0.4	189	0.3	321
	3	0.3	396	0.2	280
	4	0.3	303	0.2	234
	5	0.4	158	0.409	
	6	0.4	162	0.3	322
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.977	0.007	0.016	0.963
	2/3	0.920 0.027		0.053	0.882
	3/4	0.841 0.056		0.102	0.777
	4/5	0.773	0.090	0.137	0.692
	5/6	0.805	0.134	0.061	0.730

Table 8.4.1E-3 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: List (Grade 8) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Карр	na (k)	
Indices	0.400	0.3	326	0.150		
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consistency		
on Level	1	0.6	599	0.4	156	
	2	0.5	508	0.3	344	
	3	0.2	268	0.1	184	
	4	0.3	353	0.2	265	
	5	0.3	378	0.341		
	6	0.5	556	0.406		
Indices at			Accuracy			
Cut Points			False	False		
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency	
	1/2	0.968	0.009	0.023	0.952	
	2/3	0.912 0.023		0.064	0.875	
	3/4	0.861 0.060		0.078	0.793	
	4/5	0.772	0.094	0.133	0.690	
	5/6	0.768	0.180	0.052	0.709	

8.4.2 Reading 6-8



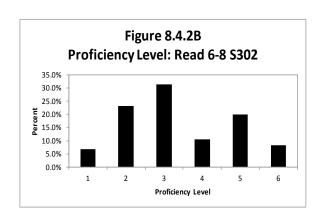


Table 8.4.2AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Read 6-8 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
6	73,817	183	458	351.16	24.27
7	74,844	191	458	358.84	26.35
8	70,659	200	458	365.56	28.63
Total	219,320	183	458	358.42	27.09

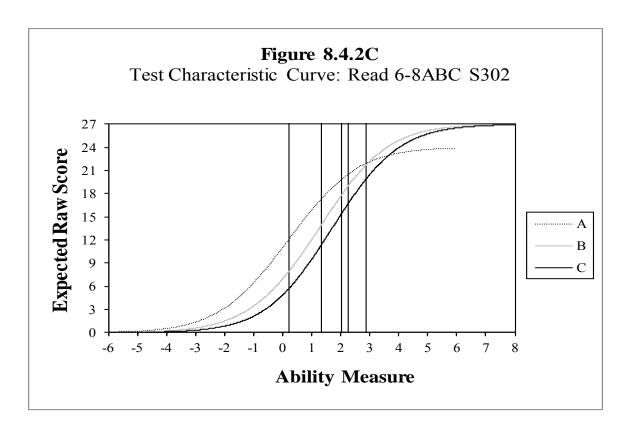
Table 8.4.2BProficiency Level Distribution: Read 6-8 S302

	Gra	de 6	Gra	Grade 7		de 8	Total	
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	3,493	4.7%	4,931	6.6%	6,217	8.8%	14,641	6.7%
2	15,059	20.4%	17,500	23.4%	18,273	25.9%	50,832	23.2%
3	26,439	35.8%	23,810	31.8%	18,598	26.3%	68,847	31.4%
4	9,163	12.4%	8,568	11.4%	5,271	7.5%	23,002	10.5%
5	14,568	19.7%	14,182	18.9%	15,002	21.2%	43,752	19.9%
6	5,095	6.9%	5,853	7.8%	7,298	10.3%	18,246	8.3%
Total	73,817	100.0%	74,844	100.0%	70,659	100.0%	219,320	100.0%

Table 8.4.2C Conditional Standard Error of Measurement at Cut Scores: Read 6-8 S302*

Proficiency				SEM	
Level	Grade	Cut Score	Tier A	Tier B	Tier C
1/2	6	312	11.96	13.78	15.60
1/2	7	321	11.70	12.74	14.04
	8	329	11.70	11.96	12.74
	6	340	11.70	11.18	11.70
2/3	7	349	12.22	10.92	11.18
	8	358	12.74	10.92	10.92
2/4	6	360	13.00	10.92	10.92
3/4	7	369	13.78	10.92	10.66
	8	376	14.82	11.44	10.92
4/5	6	366	n/a	10.92	10.66
4/5	7	375	n/a	11.18	10.92
	8	382	n/a	11.70	10.92
516	6	382	n/a	n/a	10.92
5/6	7	391	n/a	n/a	11.44
	8	398	n/a	n/a	11.96

^{*} No equating was performed for S302



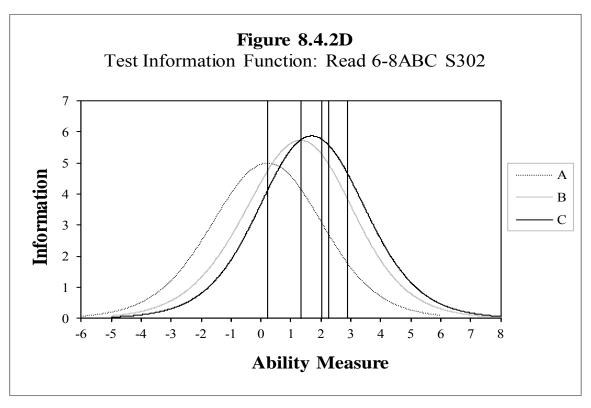


Table 8.4.2D

Weighted Reliability: Read 6-8 S302

Tiers	No. of Students	Reliability	Reliability
A	23,729	0.775	
В	82,291	0.780	0.770
С	113,300	0.761	

Table 8.4.2E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Read (Grade 6) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Карр	na (k)		
Indices	0.497	0.400		0.223			
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	Consistency		
on Level	1	0.7	730	0.5	549		
	2	0.6	586	0.5	527		
	3	0.5	578	0.4	165		
	4	0.2	205	0.1	170		
	5	0.4	112	0.338			
	6		-	0.177			
Indices at			Accuracy				
Cut Points			False	False			
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency		
	1/2	0.974	0.012	0.014	0.958		
	2/3	0.887 0.042		0.071	0.840		
	3/4	0.790 0.077		0.133	0.717		
	4/5	0.794	0.092	0.114	0.727		
	5/6	0.931	0.069	0.000	0.897		

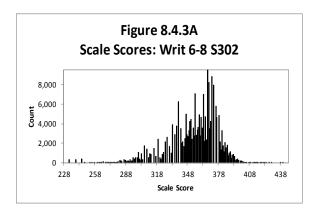
Table 8.4.2E-2 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Read (Grade 7) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	pa(k)		
Indices	0.500	0.3	399	0.236			
Conditional	Level	Accı	ıracy	Consi	Consistency		
on Level	1	0.7	727	0.5	540		
	2	0.6	557	0.5	514		
	3	0.5	533	0.4	434		
	4	0.2	210	0.1	166		
	5	0.4	122	0.343			
	6	,	-	0.252			
Indices at			Accuracy				
Cut Points			False	False			
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency		
	1/2	0.961	0.016	0.022	0.940		
	2/3	0.869 0.051		0.080	0.817		
	3/4	0.814 0.084		0.102	0.747		
	4/5	0.824	0.083	0.093	0.759		
	5/6	0.922	0.078	0.000	0.884		

Table 8.4.2E-3 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Read (Grade 8) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)	
Indices	0.490	0.3	392	0.241		
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consistency		
on Level	1	0.7	736	0.5	559	
	2	0.6	548	0.5	514	
	3	0.4	167	0.3	369	
	4	0.1	40	0.1	108	
	5	0.4	143	0.368		
	6	0.5	536	0.310		
Indices at			Accuracy			
Cut Points			False	False		
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency	
	1/2	0.950	0.021	0.029	0.924	
	2/3	0.857 0.056		0.087	0.803	
	3/4	0.825 0.076		0.099	0.757	
	4/5	0.827	0.092	0.081	0.760	
	5/6	0.898	0.095	0.007	0.858	

8.4.3 Writing 6-8



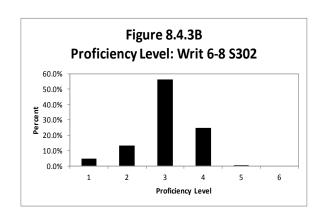


Table 8.4.3AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Writ 6-8 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
6	73,833	233	416	349.34	23.45
7	74,840	239	440	355.17	23.13
8	70,654	245	438	359.80	23.10
Total	219,327	233	440	354.70	23.62

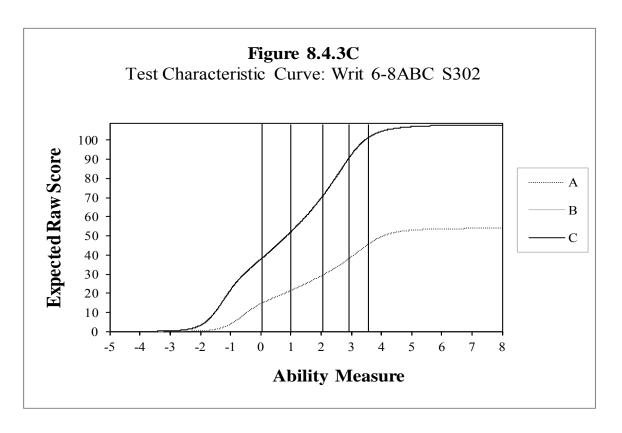
Table 8.4.3BProficiency Level Distribution: Writ 6-8 S302

	Gra	de 6	Grade 7		Gra	de 8	Total	
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	2,526	3.4%	3,660	4.9%	4,299	6.1%	10,485	4.8%
2	9,221	12.5%	9,253	12.4%	11,238	15.9%	29,712	13.5%
3	35,381	47.9%	43,231	57.8%	45,067	63.8%	123,679	56.4%
4	26,136	35.4%	18,455	24.7%	9,962	14.1%	54,553	24.9%
5	566	0.8%	237	0.3%	85	0.1%	888	0.4%
6	3	0.0%	4	0.0%	3	0.0%	10	0.0%
Total	73,833	100.0%	74,840	100.0%	70,654	100.0%	219,327	100.0%

Table 8.4.3C Conditional Standard Error of Measurement at Cut Scores: Writ 6-8 S302*

Proficiency				SEM	
Level	Grade	Cut Score	Tier A	Tier B	Tier C
	6	298	9.02	7.15	7.77
1/2	7	308	9.64	8.09	8.40
	8	318	11.19	8.40	8.40
	6	329	11.82	8.40	8.40
2/3	7	339	12.13	8.09	8.09
	8	348	11.82	8.09	8.09
	6	361	11.51	7.77	7.46
3/4	7	371	11.19	7.46	7.15
	8	381	10.57	7.15	6.84
	6	391	n/a	6.84	6.53
4/5	7	399	n/a	6.53	6.53
	8	408	n/a	6.53	6.53
	6	412	n/a	n/a	6.84
5/6	7	420	n/a	n/a	8.09
	8	428	n/a	n/a	9.95

^{*} No equating was performed for Writing Tier A S302



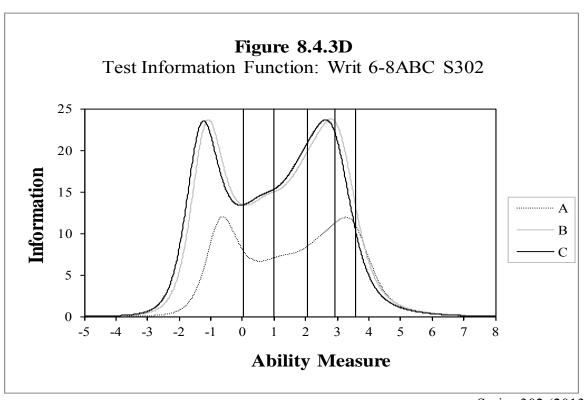


Table 8.4.3D Weighted Reliability: Writ 6-8 S302

Tiers	No. of Students	Reliability	Reliability
A	23,729	0.889	
В	82,325	0.936	0.920
С	113,273	0.915	

Table 8.4.3E-1 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Writ (Grade 6) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.812	0.7	739	0.585	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	3.0	359	0.7	767
	2	0.7	796	0.6	598
	3	3.0	348	0.7	764
	4	0.7	774	0.7	719
	5		-	0.000	
	6		-	1.000	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.989	0.005	0.006	0.985
	2/3	0.959	0.959 0.019		0.942
	3/4	0.871 0.047		0.082	0.819
	4/5	0.992	0.008	0.000	0.992
	5/6	1.000	0.000	0.000	1.000

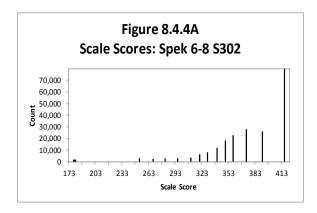
Table 8.4.3E-2Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Writ (Grade 7) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Карр	pa (k)
Indices	0.766	0.6	592	0.482	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.8	399	0.3	834
	2	0.7	791	0.0	693
	3	0.8	335	0.′	760
	4	0.6	608	0.:	523
	5		-	-	
	6		-	1.000	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.988	0.005	0.007	0.983
	2/3	0.961	0.961 0.019		0.944
	3/4	0.820 0.069		0.111	0.767
	4/5	0.997	0.003	0.000	0.997
	5/6	1.000	0.000	0.000	1.000

Table 8.3.3E-3Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Writ (Grade 8) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapı	pa (k)
Indices	0.798	0.7	732	0.491	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.8	385	0.8	815
	2	0.8	326	0.7	738
	3	0.7	786	0.7	791
	4		-	0.311	
	5	-		-	
	6		-	1.000	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	1
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.985	0.007	0.008	0.979
	2/3	0.955	0.955 0.019		0.936
	3/4	0.858	0.142	0.000	0.817
	4/5	0.999	0.001	0.000	0.999
	5/6	1.000	0.000	0.000	1.000

8.4.4 Speaking 6-8



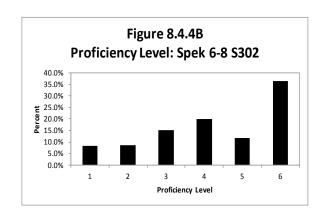


Table 8.4.4AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Spek 6-8 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
6	73,805	178	416	369.61	47.71
7	74,819	179	416	372.59	48.65
8	70,595	180	416	374.63	49.97
Total	219,219	178	416	372.24	48.81

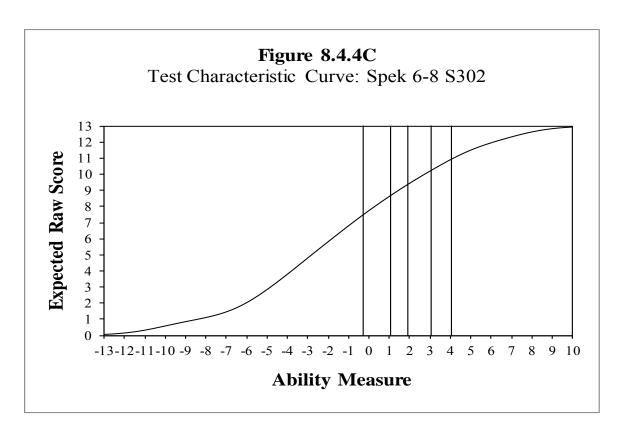
Table 8.4.4BProficiency Level Distribution: Spek 6-8 S302

	Gra	de 6	Grade 7		Grade 8		Total	
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	5,206	7.1%	6,406	8.6%	6,266	8.9%	17,878	8.2%
2	6,570	8.9%	4,615	6.2%	7,442	10.5%	18,627	8.5%
3	11,431	15.5%	10,240	13.7%	11,505	16.3%	33,176	15.1%
4	18,194	24.7%	17,218	23.0%	8,300	11.8%	43,712	19.9%
5	8,505	11.5%	8,930	11.9%	8,457	12.0%	25,892	11.8%
6	23,899	32.4%	27,410	36.6%	28,625	40.5%	79,934	36.5%
Total	73,805	100.0%	74,819	100.0%	70,595	100.0%	219,219	100.0%

Table 8.4.4C Conditional Standard Error of Measurement at

Cut Scores: Spek 6-8 S302

Cut Scores: Sp	OCK 0 0 05502		
Proficiency Level	Grade	Cut Score	SEM
	6	310	22.09
1/2	7	314	22.29
	8	317	22.69
- /-	6	337	23.50
2/3	7	340	23.50
	8	344	23.70
	6	353	23.50
3/4	7	358	23.30
	8	361	23.30
	6	377	22.69
4/5	7	380	22.29
	8	384	22.09
-15	6	397	21.49
5/6	7	400	21.49
	8	404	21.49



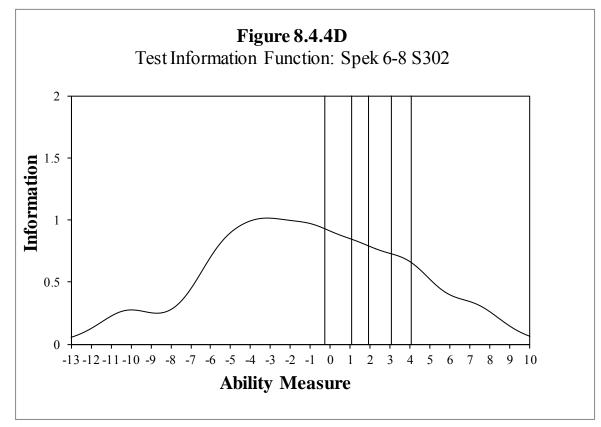


Table 8.4.4D

Reliability: Spek 6-8 S302

Tiers	No. of Students	Reliability
	219,219	0.904

Table 8.4.4E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Spek (Grade 6) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.563	0.4	156	0.322	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.7	725	0.5	576
	2	0.4	105	0.2	299
	3	0.4	153	0.3	370
	4	0.5	552	0.4	155
	5	0.2	250	0.179	
	6	0.8	304	0.710	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.966	0.022	0.012	0.944
	2/3	0.913	0.913 0.054		0.882
	3/4	0.874 0.047		0.079	0.842
	4/5	0.876	0.022	0.102	0.827
	5/6	0.872	0.064	0.063	0.802

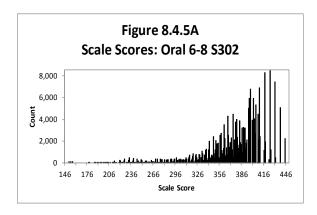
Table 8.4.4E-2 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Spek (Grade 7) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.566	0.4	154	0.310	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.7	798	0.6	667
	2	0.3	334	0.2	239
	3	0.4	157	0.3	368
	4	0.5	553	0.4	142
	5	0.226		0.171	
	6	0.7	791	0.700	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.968	0.018	0.014	0.949
	2/3	0.929	0.929 0.046		0.902
	3/4	0.888 0.046		0.066	0.859
	4/5	0.872	0.021	0.108	0.824
	5/6	0.844	0.081	0.076	0.760

Table 8.4.4E-3 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Spek (Grade 8) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.533	0.4	134	0.291	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.7	718	0.5	595
	2	0.4	145	0.3	356
	3	0.5	526	0.4	143
	4	0.3	320	0.2	228
	5	0.2	225	0.175	
	6	0.8	305	0.732	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.957	0.029	0.014	0.934
	2/3	0.908	0.908 0.050		0.884
	3/4	0.891 0.022		0.087	0.864
	4/5	0.910	0.021	0.069	0.852
	5/6	0.800	0.135	0.066	0.731

8.4.5 Oral Language Composite 6-8



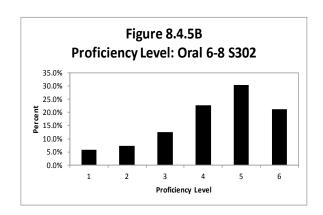


Table 8.4.5AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Oral 6-8 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
6	73,741	151	445	373.63	39.11
7	74,722	154	445	379.15	41.12
8	70,516	156	445	383.33	42.98
Total	218,979	151	445	378.64	41.26

Table 8.4.5BProficiency Level Distribution: Oral 6-8 S302

	Gra	Grade 6		Grade 7		de 8	To	tal
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	3,450	4.7%	4,331	5.8%	4,761	6.8%	12,542	5.7%
2	5,243	7.1%	5,312	7.1%	5,500	7.8%	16,055	7.3%
3	9,040	12.3%	9,747	13.0%	8,580	12.2%	27,367	12.5%
4	18,364	24.9%	16,435	22.0%	15,133	21.5%	49,932	22.8%
5	23,316	31.6%	22,330	29.9%	20,850	29.6%	66,496	30.4%
6	14,328	19.4%	16,567	22.2%	15,692	22.3%	46,587	21.3%
Total	73,741	100.0%	74,722	100.0%	70,516	100.0%	218,979	100.0%

Table 8.4.5C

n/a

Figure 8.4.5C

n/a

Figure 8.4.5D

n/a

Table 8.4.5D

Oral Composite Reliability: Oral 6-8 S302

Component	Weight	Variance	Reliability
Listening	0.50	1972.790	0.645
Speaking	0.50	2377.192	0.904
Oral		1700.473	0.863

^{*}Variances from students who had results in all four domains

Table 8.4.5E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Oral (Grade 6) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	pa(k)
Indices	0.554	0.4	147	0.290	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.8	340	0.7	713
	2	0.5	555	0.4	405
	3	0.4	189	0.3	364
	4	0.5	571	0.4	147
	5	0.5	524	0.453	
	6	0.5	571	0.441	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.982	0.007	0.012	0.973
	2/3	0.954 0.023		0.023	0.932
	3/4	0.909 0.042		0.050	0.874
	4/5	0.856	0.047	0.097	0.803
	5/6	0.831	0.093	0.076	0.781

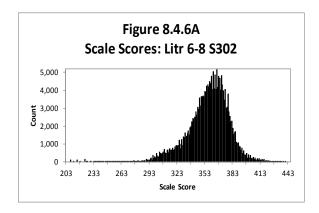
Table 8.4.5E-2 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Oral (Grade 7) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Карр	na (k)
Indices	0.536	0.4	136	0.2	283
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.8	345	0.7	722
	2	0.5	514	0.3	373
	3	0.5	503	0.3	380
	4	0.5	523	0.3	398
	5	0.4	188	0.423	
	6	0.5	590	0.468	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.978	0.008	0.014	0.968
	2/3	0.951 0.025		0.024	0.927
	3/4	0.907 0.040		0.053	0.872
	4/5	0.859	0.045	0.096	0.805
	5/6	0.813	0.109	0.078	0.764

Table 8.4.5E-3 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Oral (Grade 8) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.525	0.4	129	0.2	277
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.8	338	0.7	716
	2	0.5	507	0.3	372
	3	0.4	168	0.3	349
	4	0.5	506	0.3	378
	5	0.4	179	0.420	
	6	0.5	581	0.458	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.974	0.010	0.016	0.962
	2/3	0.945 0.027		0.028	0.921
	3/4	0.908 0.038		0.054	0.873
	4/5	0.859	0.050	0.092	0.800
	5/6	0.806	0.121	0.073	0.759

8.4.6 Literacy Composite 6-8



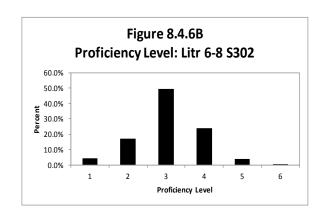


Table 8.4.6AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Litr 6-8 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
6	73,722	208	436	350.51	20.98
7	74,744	215	435	357.27	21.99
8	70,562	223	440	362.95	23.21
Total	219,028	208	440	356.82	22.63

Table 8.4.6BProficiency Level Distribution: Litr 6-8 S302

	Gra	de 6	Gra	Grade 7 Grade 8		de 8	To	tal
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	2,050	2.8%	3,432	4.6%	4,463	6.3%	9,945	4.5%
2	11,345	15.4%	12,576	16.8%	14,069	19.9%	37,990	17.3%
3	36,171	49.1%	36,732	49.1%	35,389	50.2%	108,292	49.4%
4	20,596	27.9%	18,362	24.6%	13,324	18.9%	52,282	23.9%
5	2,994	4.1%	3,077	4.1%	2,807	4.0%	8,878	4.1%
6	566	0.8%	565	0.8%	510	0.7%	1,641	0.7%
Total	73,722	100.0%	74,744	100.0%	70,562	100.0%	219,028	100.0%

Table 8.4.6C

n/a

Figure 8.4.6C

n/a

Figure 8.4.6D

n/a

Table 8.4.6D

Literacy Composite Reliability: Litr 6-8 S302

Component	Weight	Variance	Reliability
Reading	0.50	733.056	0.770
Writing	0.50	556.239	0.920
Literacy		511.916	0.896

^{*}Variances from students who had results in all four domains

Table 8.4.6E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Litr (Grade 6) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kap	pa (k)
Indices	0.754	0.673		0.	504
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Cons	istency
on Level	1	0.6	560	0.	698
	2	0.7	787	0.	679
	3	3.0	331	0.	752
	4	0.6	550	0.	583
	5		-	0.201	
	6	-	-	0.999	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.983	0.011	0.006	0.984
	2/3	0.937	0.033	0.030	0.919
	3/4	0.863 0.054		0.083	0.818
	4/5	0.952	0.952 0.048		0.946
	5/6	0.992	0.008	0.000	0.999

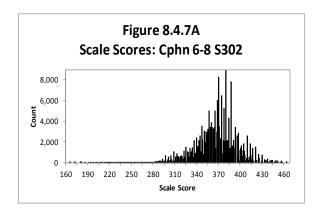
Table 8.4.6E-2 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Litr (Grade 7) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Карр	na (k)
Indices	0.744	0.659		0.4	192
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.7	734	0.7	739
	2	0.7	766	0.6	553
	3	3.0	322	0.7	744
	4	0.6	519	0.5	545
	5		-	0.214	
	6		-	1.000	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.977	0.013	0.010	0.976
	2/3	0.931 0.036		0.034	0.909
	3/4	0.866 0.055		0.078	0.821
	4/5	0.951	0.049	0.000	0.944
	5/6	0.992	0.008	0.000	0.999

Table 8.4.6E-3 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Litr (Grade 8) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.728	0.643			172
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.7	770	0.7	745
	2	0.7	768	0.6	660
	3	3.0	311	0.7	731
	4	0.5	536	0.4	156
	5		-	0.196	
	6		-	1.000	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.972	0.015	0.012	0.969
	2/3	0.921 0.039		0.040	0.896
	3/4	0.862 0.057		0.081	0.815
	4/5	0.953	0.047	0.000	0.949
	5/6	0.993	0.007	0.000	0.999

8.4.7 Comprehension Composite 6-8



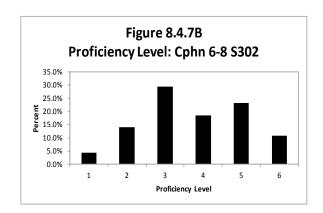


Table 8.4.7AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Cphn 6-8 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
6	73,777	165	463	359.00	26.64
7	74,773	172	463	366.83	29.04
8	70,613	180	463	373.39	31.31
Total	219,163	165	463	366.31	29.61

Table 8.4.7BProficiency Level Distribution: Cphn 6-8 S302

	Gra	Grade 6		Grade 7		de 8	To	tal
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	1,957	2.7%	3,244	4.3%	4,022	5.7%	9,223	4.2%
2	8,754	11.9%	10,408	13.9%	11,361	16.1%	30,523	13.9%
3	23,371	31.7%	22,765	30.4%	18,021	25.5%	64,157	29.3%
4	14,763	20.0%	13,690	18.3%	12,073	17.1%	40,526	18.5%
5	17,997	24.4%	16,436	22.0%	16,623	23.5%	51,056	23.3%
6	6,935	9.4%	8,230	11.0%	8,513	12.1%	23,678	10.8%
Total	73,777	100.0%	74,773	100.0%	70,613	100.0%	219,163	100.0%

Table 8.4.7C

n/a

Figure 8.4.7C

n/a

Figure 8.4.7D

n/a

Table 8.4.7D

Comprehension Composite Reliability: Cphn 6-8 S302

Component	Weight	Variance	Reliability
Listening	0.30	1972.790	0.645
Reading	0.70	733.056	0.770
Comprehension		876.066	0.834

^{*}Variances from students who had results in all four domains

Table 8.4.7E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Cphn (Grade 6) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	pa(k)	
Indices	0.557	0.456		0.300		
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency	
on Level	1	0.781		0.6	511	
	2	0.6	568	0.5	513	
	3	0.673		0.5	558	
	4	0.3	393	0.3	0.305	
	5	0.498		0.431		
	6	0.5	597	0.347		
Indices at			Accuracy			
Cut Points			False	False		
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency	
	1/2	0.987	0.005	0.008	0.980	
	2/3	0.934 0.031		0.034	0.903	
	3/4	0.847 0.063		0.090	0.794	
	4/5	0.843	0.057	0.101	0.782	
	5/6	0.907	0.091	0.002	0.882	

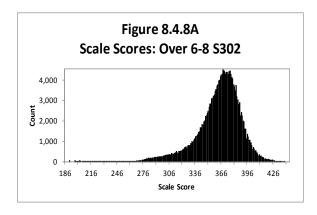
Table 8.4.7E-2 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Cphn (Grade 7) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Карр	na (k)
Indices	0.545	0.442		0.297	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.792		0.6	530
	2	0.648		0.5	501
	3	0.6	546	0.5	533
	4	0.373		0.287	
	5	0.471		0.397	
	6	0.6	525	0.395	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.979	0.008	0.013	0.969
	2/3	0.922 0.036		0.042	0.888
	3/4	0.851 0.061		0.088	0.798
	4/5	0.852	0.059	0.089	0.791
	5/6	0.899	0.088	0.013	0.870

Table 8.4.7E-3 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Cphn (Grade 8) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	pa(k)	
Indices	0.532	0.426		0.288		
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency	
on Level	1	0.789		0.0	530	
	2	0.646		0.:	505	
	3	0.5	666	0.4	452	
	4	0.3	350	0.2	0.269	
	5	0.487		0.407		
	6	0.6	508	0.402		
Indices at			Accuracy			
Cut Points			False	False		
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency	
	1/2	0.972	0.011	0.017	0.959	
	2/3	0.912 0.039		0.049	0.874	
	3/4	0.854 0.064		0.083	0.800	
	4/5	0.847	0.065	0.088	0.788	
	5/6	0.894	0.079	0.027	0.856	

8.4.8 Overall Composite 6-8



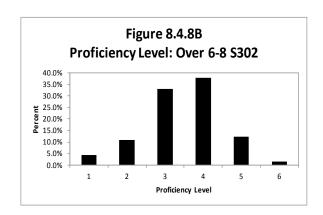


Table 8.4.8AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Over 6-8 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
6	73,582	191	439	357.25	23.91
7	74,562	197	438	363.63	25.38
8	70,381	203	439	368.85	26.97
Total	218,525	191	439	363.16	25.86

Table 8.4.8BProficiency Level Distribution: Over 6-8 S302

	Gra	de 6	Grade 7		Grade 8		Total	
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	2,314	3.1%	3,266	4.4%	4,007	5.7%	9,587	4.4%
2	7,253	9.9%	7,968	10.7%	8,707	12.4%	23,928	10.9%
3	23,553	32.0%	25,285	33.9%	23,057	32.8%	71,895	32.9%
4	30,308	41.2%	27,047	36.3%	25,561	36.3%	82,916	37.9%
5	8,916	12.1%	9,828	13.2%	8,009	11.4%	26,753	12.2%
6	1,238	1.7%	1,168	1.6%	1,040	1.5%	3,446	1.6%
Total	73,582	100.0%	74,562	100.0%	70,381	100.0%	218,525	100.0%

Table 8.4.8C

n/a

Figure 8.4.8C

Figure 8.4.8D

n/a

Table 8.4.8D

Overall Composite Reliability: Over 6-8 S302

Component	Weight	Variance	Reliability
Listening	0.15	1972.790	0.645
Reading	0.35	733.056	0.770
Speaking	0.15	2377.192	0.904
Writing	0.35	556.239	0.920
Overall Composite		668.610	0.930

^{*}Variances from students who had results in all four domains

Table 8.4.8E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Over (Grade 6) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consistency		Kap	oa (k)	
Indices	0.745	0.662		0.:	519	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency	
on Level	1	0.788		0.	814	
	2	0.771		0.0	664	
	3	0.832		0.	748	
	4	0.7	739	0.0	672	
	5	0.5	512	0.402		
	6	-	-	0.982		
Indices at			Accuracy			
Cut Points			False	False		
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency	
	1/2	0.988	0.007	0.005	0.988	
	2/3	0.962	0.022	0.016	0.949	
	3/4	0.908 0.037		0.055	0.876	
	4/5	0.889	0.889 0.066		0.854	
	5/6	0.983	0.017	0.000	0.987	

Table 8.4.8E-2 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Over (Grade 7) S302

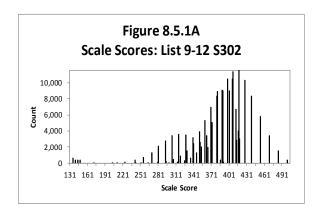
Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	pa(k)		
Indices	0.728	0.6	540	0.503			
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	Consistency		
on Level	1	0.8	318	0.8	819		
	2	0.7	753	0.0	543		
	3	0.8	328	0.7	743		
	4	0.7	700	0.0	516		
	5	0.5	524	0.424			
	6		-	0.984			
Indices at			Accuracy				
Cut Points			False	False			
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency		
	1/2	0.985	0.008	0.007	0.984		
	2/3	0.958	0.024	0.018	0.943		
	3/4	0.903	0.039	0.058	0.868		
	4/5	0.886	0.064	0.050	0.848		
	5/6	0.984	0.016	0.000	0.988		

Table 8.4.8E-3 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Over (Grade 8) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)	
Indices	0.719	0.6	533	0.495		
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency	
on Level	1	0.8	332	0.8	315	
	2	0.7	749	0.640		
	3	0.8	310	0.7	716	
	4	0.7	708	0.6	617	
	5	0.3	335	0.369		
	6		-	0.987		
Indices at			Accuracy			
Cut Points			False	False		
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency	
	1/2	0.981	0.010	0.009	0.979	
	2/3	0.951	0.951 0.027		0.935	
	3/4	0.900 0.039		0.061	0.865	
	4/5	0.908	0.067	0.024	0.855	
	5/6	0.985	0.015	0.000	0.989	

8.5 Grades: 9-12

8.5.1 Listening 9-12



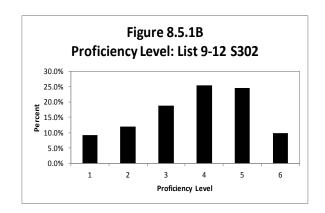


Table 8.5.1AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: List 9-12 S302

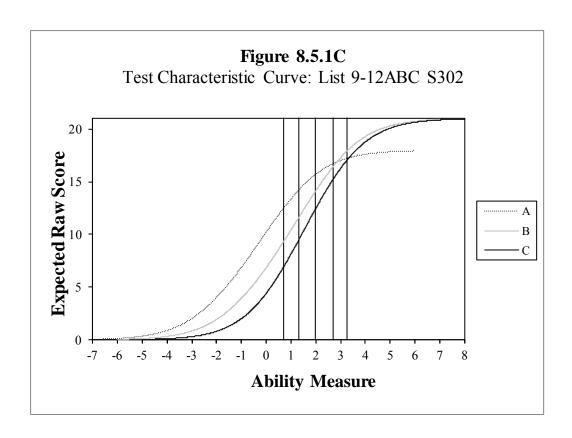
Grade	e No. of Students Min. Max.		Mean	Std. Dev.	
9	79,568	136	499	381.43	50.87
10	50,140	140	499	385.08	46.50
11	38,200	144	499	389.92	45.23
12	29,999	148	499	391.12	45.82
Total	197,907	136	499	385.46	48.13

Table 8.5.1BProficiency Level Distribution: List 9-12 S302

	Gra	ide 9	Grad	de 10	Gra	de 11	Grad	de 12	To	tal
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	7,822	9.8%	4,301	8.6%	3,222	8.4%	2,831	9.4%	18,176	9.2%
2	10,443	13.1%	5,883	11.7%	4,285	11.2%	3,190	10.6%	23,801	12.0%
3	11,839	14.9%	10,538	21.0%	6,883	18.0%	7,848	26.2%	37,108	18.8%
4	17,621	22.1%	12,970	25.9%	11,612	30.4%	8,335	27.8%	50,538	25.5%
5	23,901	30.0%	11,949	23.8%	8,171	21.4%	4,694	15.6%	48,715	24.6%
6	7,942	10.0%	4,499	9.0%	4,027	10.5%	3,101	10.3%	19,569	9.9%
Total	79,568	100.0%	50,140	100.0%	38,200	100.0%	29,999	100.0%	197,907	100.0%

Table 8.5.1CConditional Standard Error of Measurement at Cut Scores: List 9-12 S302

Proficiency				SEM	
Level	Grade	Cut Score	Tier A	Tier B	Tier C
	9	312	20.66	21.04	22.17
1/2	10	322	20.66	20.29	21.04
	11	332	21.04	19.91	19.91
	12	343	21.42	19.54	19.16
	9	352	22.17	19.54	18.41
2/3	10	358	22.92	19.54	18.41
2/3	11	363	23.29	19.54	18.03
	12	366	23.67	19.54	18.03
	9	381	25.92	19.54	18.03
3/4	10	386	26.68	19.91	18.03
	11	389	27.05	19.91	18.03
	12	391	27.80	19.91	18.03
	9	406	n/a	20.66	18.79
4/5	10	412	n/a	21.42	19.16
	11	416	n/a	21.79	19.54
	12	418	n/a	21.79	19.54
	9	432	n/a	n/a	21.04
5/6	10	436	n/a	n/a	21.42
	11	438	n/a	n/a	21.79
	12	439	n/a	n/a	22.17



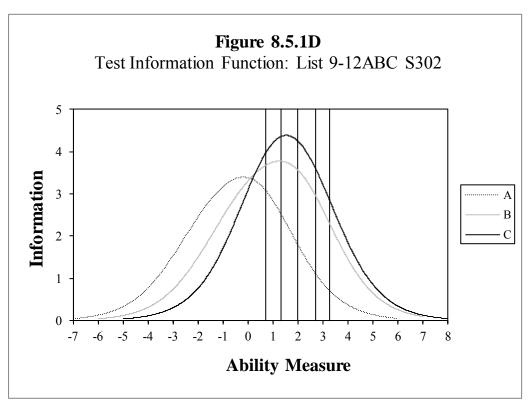


Table 8.5.1D

Weighted Reliability: List 9-12 S302

Tiers	No. of Students	Reliability	Reliability
A	29,077	0.682	
В	76,057	0.720	0.688
С	92,773	0.665	

Table 8.5.1E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: List (Grade 9) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)		
Indices	0.410	0.3	316	0.155			
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	Consistency		
on Level	1	0.8	319	0.6	584		
	2	0.5	511	0.3	327		
	3	0.2	289	0.1	186		
	4	0.2	287	0.2	261		
	5	0.4	137	0.396			
	6		-	0.149			
Indices at			Accuracy				
Cut Points			False	False			
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency		
	1/2	0.957	0.016	0.028	0.938		
	2/3	0.899	0.023	0.078	0.853		
	3/4	0.817 0.048		0.134	0.716		
	4/5	0.681	0.169	0.150	0.630		
	5/6	0.900	0.100	0.000	0.822		

Table 8.5.1E-2

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: List (Grade 10) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)		
Indices	0.370	0.3	309	0.1	134		
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consistency			
on Level	1	0.8	325	0.6	587		
	2	0.4	184	0.2	281		
	3	0.366		0.2	244		
	4	0.3	312	0.3	301		
	5		-	0.3	0.305		
	6		-	0.1	0.124		
Indices at							
Cut Points			Accuracy				
			False	False			
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency		
	1/2	0.964	0.013	0.022	0.947		
	2/3	0.902	0.022	0.076	0.853		
	3/4	0.768	0.041	0.192	0.667		
	4/5	0.672	0.328	0.000	0.631		
	5/6	0.910	0.090	0.000	0.855		

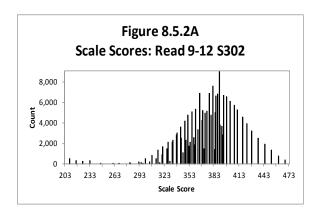
Table 8.5.1E-3Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: List (Grade 11) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)		
Indices	0.398	0.3	308	0.126			
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	Consistency		
on Level	1	0.8	326	0.6	592		
	2	0.4	177	0.2	256		
	3	0.3	318	0.2	206		
	4	0.3	359	0.3	348		
	5		-	0.265			
	6		-	0.138			
Indices at			Accuracy				
Cut Points			False	False			
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency		
	1/2	0.966	0.013	0.021	0.950		
	2/3	0.902	0.017	0.081	0.854		
	3/4	0.778	0.035	0.187	0.670		
	4/5	0.681	0.319	0.000	0.626		
	5/6	0.895	0.105	0.000	0.840		

Table 8.5.1E-4Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: List (Grade 12) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)	
Indices	0.368	0.2	295	0.109		
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consistency		
on Level	1	0.0	360	0.0	594	
	2	0.3	367	0.1	165	
	3	0.3	377	0.2	284	
	4	0.3	319	0.3	311	
	5		-	0.183		
	6		-	0.125		
Indices at			Accuracy			
Cut Points			False	False		
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency	
	1/2	0.964	0.011	0.025	0.943	
	2/3	0.884	0.884 0.014		0.826	
	3/4	0.673 0.021		0.306	0.599	
	4/5	0.740	0.260	0.000	0.643	
	5/6	0.897	0.103	0.000	0.848	

8.5.2 Reading 9-12



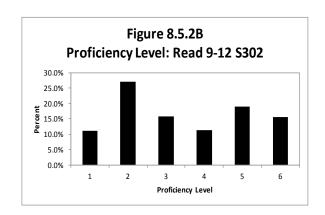


Table 8.5.2AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Read 9-12 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	n. Max. Mean		Std. Dev.
9	79,602	208	468	372.59	32.55
10	50,148	216	468	374.91	30.92
11	38,245	224	468	379.46	30.85
12	12 30,042		468	380.63	31.45
Total	198,037	208	468	375.73	31.82

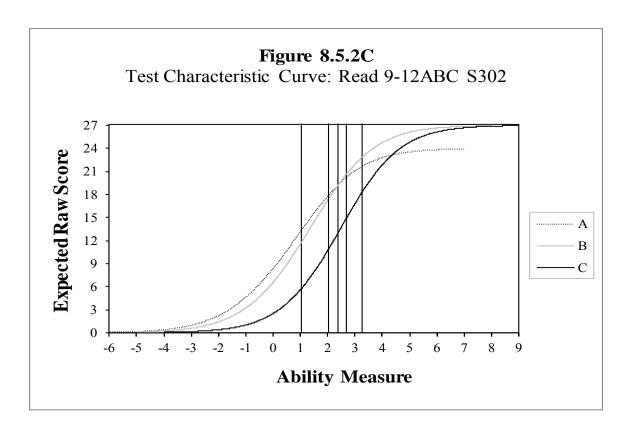
Table 8.5.2BProficiency Level Distribution: Read 9-12 S302

	Grade 9		Grae	de 10	Gra	de 11	Grad	de 12	To	tal
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	8,899	11.2%	5,279	10.5%	4,293	11.2%	3,796	12.6%	22,267	11.2%
2	19,440	24.4%	15,531	31.0%	10,490	27.4%	7,980	26.6%	53,441	27.0%
3	15,281	19.2%	7,698	15.4%	4,671	12.2%	3,705	12.3%	31,355	15.8%
4	8,059	10.1%	6,381	12.7%	4,901	12.8%	3,080	10.3%	22,421	11.3%
5	14,506	18.2%	8,445	16.8%	7,535	19.7%	7,070	23.5%	37,556	19.0%
6	13,417	16.9%	6,814	13.6%	6,355	16.6%	4,411	14.7%	30,997	15.7%
Total	79,602	100.0%	50,148	100.0%	38,245	100.0%	30,042	100.0%	198,037	100.0%

Table 8.5.2CConditional Standard Error of Measurement at Cut Scores: Read 9-12 S302*

Proficiency				SEM	
Level	Grade	Cut Score	Tier A	Tier B	Tier C
	9	336	11.96	11.70	14.82
1/2	10	341	11.70	11.44	14.04
	11	346	11.70	11.18	13.26
	12	350	11.70	10.92	12.74
	9	364	11.96	10.92	11.44
2/3	10	370	12.48	10.92	10.92
2/3	11	374	12.74	11.18	10.66
	12	376	13.00	11.18	10.66
	9	381	13.52	11.44	10.40
3/4	10	383	13.78	11.70	10.40
	11	384	13.78	11.70	10.40
	12	385	14.04	11.70	10.40
	9	387	n/a	11.96	10.40
4/5	10	390	n/a	12.22	10.40
	11	392	n/a	12.48	10.40
	12	393	n/a	12.48	10.40
	9	402	n/a	n/a	10.66
5/6	10	406	n/a	n/a	10.92
	11	407	n/a	n/a	10.92
	12	408	n/a	n/a	11.18

^{*} No equating was performed for S302



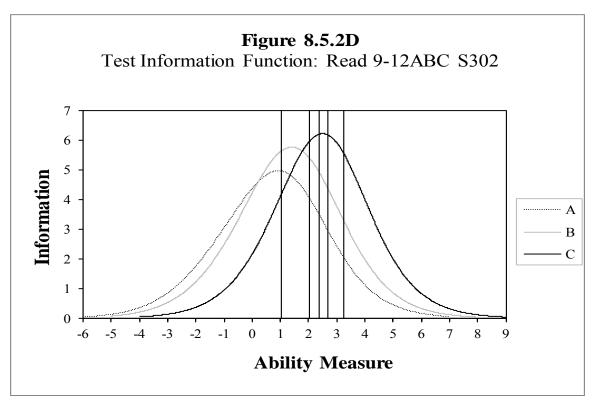


Table 8.5.2D

Weighted Reliability: Read 9-12 S302

Tiers	No. of Students	Reliability	Reliability
A	29,106	0.794	
В	76,072	0.816	0.800
С	92,859	0.789	

Table 8.5.2E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Read (Grade 9) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	pa(k)
Indices	0.491	0.3	397	0.2	265
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.7	752	0.5	597
	2	0.6	530	0.4	199
	3	0.3	379	0.2	294
	4	0.2	203	0.1	154
	5	0.3	369	0.298	
	6	0.6	635	0.463	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.942	0.026	0.032	0.913
	2/3	0.866	0.052	0.083	0.814
	3/4	0.839 0.078		0.083	0.777
	4/5	0.834	0.074	0.092	0.773
		0.868	0.082	0.050	0.818

Table 8.5.2E-2

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Read (Grade 10) 302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	pa(k)
Indices	0.488	0.3	396	0.2	258
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.7	715	0.3	554
	2	0.6	591	0.3	568
	3	0.2	299	0.2	231
	4	0.2	256	0.	193
	5	0.3	365	0.294	
	6	0.6	527	0.422	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.940	0.030	0.030	0.909
	2/3	0.850	0.850 0.055		0.795
	3/4	0.838 0.076		0.086	0.776
	4/5	0.841	0.066	0.094	0.779
	5/6	0.886	0.083	0.032	0.843

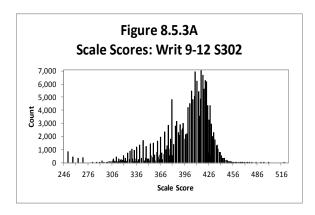
Table 8.5.2E-3 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Read (Grade 11) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Карр	na (k)
Indices	0.493	0.3	399	0.2	266
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.7	737	0.5	577
	2	0.6	544	0.5	519
	3	0.2	250	0.1	190
	4	0.2	252	0.1	193
	5	0.400		0.3	320
	6	0.6	542	0.471	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.939	0.028	0.033	0.908
	2/3	0.855	0.059	0.086	0.801
	3/4	0.840 0.075		0.085	0.779
	4/5	0.836	0.075	0.089	0.774
	5/6	0.874	0.075	0.051	0.823

Table 8.5.2E-4 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Read (Grade 12) S302

		3					
Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	pa(k)		
Indices	0.475	0.3	384	0.2	247		
Conditional	Level	Accı	ıracy	Consi	stency		
on Level	1	0.7	0.751		605		
	2	0.0	533	0.3	501		
	3	0.2	245	0.1	184		
	4	0.1	189	0.1	144		
	5	0.434		0.365			
	6	0.5	510	0.358			
Indices at			Accuracy				
Cut Points			False	False			
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency		
	1/2	0.937	0.031	0.032	0.905		
	2/3	0.851	0.054	0.095	0.798		
	3/4	0.834	0.061	0.106	0.770		
	4/5	0.823	0.076	0.101	0.755		
	5/6	0.856	0.087	0.058	0.803		

8.5.3 Writing 9-12



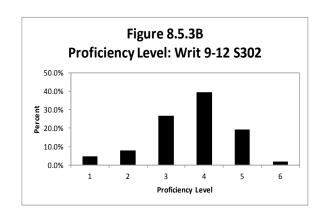


Table 8.5.3AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Writ 9-12 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
9	79,499	251	473	394.61	33.76
10	50,096	257	494	396.88	30.82
11	38,170	263	500	400.95	29.00
12	29,947	269	519	402.05	29.45
Total	197,712	251	519	397.54	31.64

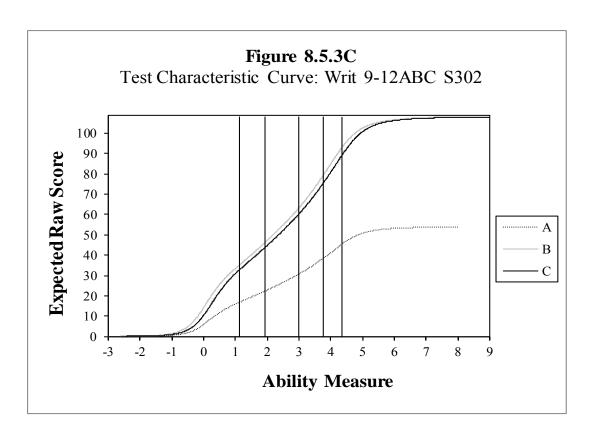
Table 8.5.3BProficiency Level Distribution: Writ 9-12 S302

	Gra	Grade 9 Grade 10		Grade 11		Grade 12		Total		
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	3,581	4.5%	2,438	4.9%	1,818	4.8%	1,830	6.1%	9,667	4.9%
2	6,914	8.7%	3,862	7.7%	2,393	6.3%	2,334	7.8%	15,503	7.8%
3	16,134	20.3%	13,349	26.6%	11,897	31.2%	11,213	37.4%	52,593	26.6%
4	25,717	32.3%	21,588	43.1%	17,976	47.1%	13,024	43.5%	78,305	39.6%
5	24,413	30.7%	8,261	16.5%	3,823	10.0%	1,443	4.8%	37,940	19.2%
6	2,740	3.4%	598	1.2%	263	0.7%	103	0.3%	3,704	1.9%
Total	79,499	100.0%	50,096	100.0%	38,170	100.0%	29,947	100.0%	197,712	100.0%

Table 8.5.3CConditional Standard Error of Measurement at Cut Scores: Writ 9-12 S302*

Proficiency				SEM	
Level	Grade	Cut Score	Tier A	Tier B	Tier C
	9	327	9.02	6.53	6.53
1/2	10	336	10.26	7.46	6.84
	11	344	11.19	8.09	7.77
	12	352	11.82	8.40	8.40
	9	356	12.13	8.40	8.40
2/3	10	363	12.13	8.40	8.40
2/3	11	370	11.82	8.40	8.40
	12	377	11.51	8.09	8.09
	9	389	11.19	8.09	8.09
3/4	10	397	11.19	7.77	7.77
	11	404	10.88	7.46	7.77
	12	410	10.57	7.15	7.46
	9	415	n/a	7.15	7.15
4/5	10	422	n/a	6.84	7.15
	11	428	n/a	6.53	6.84
	12	434	n/a	6.53	6.53
	9	435	n/a	n/a	6.53
5/6	10	441	n/a	n/a	6.53
	11	447	n/a	n/a	6.22
	12	452	n/a	n/a	6.53

^{*} No equating was performed for Writing Tier A S302



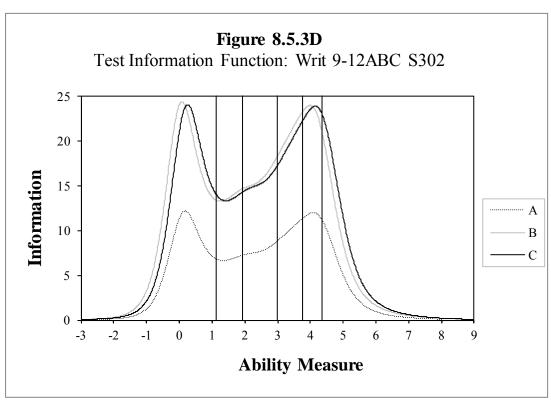


Table 8.5.3D

Weighted Reliability: Writ 9-12 S302

Tiers	No. of Students	Reliability	Reliability
A	29,068	0.867	
В	75,983	0.936	0.916
С	92,661	0.915	

Table 8.5.3E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Writ (Grade 9) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	pa(k)
Indices	0.676	0.5	567	0.4	417
Conditional	Level	Accı	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.0	840	0.7	746
	2	0.7	735	0.0	614
	3	0.7	774	0.0	568
	4	0.0	532	0.4	194
	5	0.6	531	0.576	
	6		_	0.089	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.986	0.007	0.007	0.979
	2/3	0.966	0.015	0.019	0.951
	3/4	0.934 0.023		0.043	0.907
					0.755
	4/5	0.822	0.822 0.071		0.755

Table 8.5.3E-2

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Writ (Grade 10) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.695	0.6	507	0.437	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.875		0.7	797
	2	0.7	17	0.5	591
	3	0.8	319	0.7	713
	4	0.6	533	0.6	518
	5	-	-	0.354	
	6		-	0.0)38
Indices at					
Cut Points			Accuracy		
			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.987	0.006	0.007	0.982
	2/3	0.969	0.015	0.016	0.955
	3/4	0.916 0.026		0.058	0.882
	4/5	0.823	0.177	0.000	0.787
	5/6	0.988	0.012	0.000	0.986

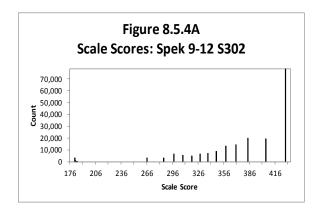
Table 8.5.3E-3Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Writ (Grade 11) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kappa (k)			
Indices	0.749	0.6	555	0.470			
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	Consistency		
on Level	1	0.0	395	0.0	331		
	2	0.6	588	0.5	557		
	3	0.0	345	0.7	722		
	4	0.7	705	0.6	580		
	5		-	0.212			
	6		-	0.227			
Indices at			Accuracy				
Cut Points			False	False			
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency		
	1/2	0.989	0.005	0.006	0.985		
	2/3	0.973 0.015		0.013	0.960		
	3/4	0.894 0.027		0.078	0.851		
	4/5	0.893	0.107	0.000	0.853		
	5/6	0.993	0.007	0.000	0.993		

Table 8.5.3E-4Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Writ (Grade 12) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kappa (k)		
Indices	0.723	0.6	533	0.430		
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consistency		
on Level	1	0.0	392	0.0	330	
	2	0.7	742	0.6	519	
	3	0.0	319	0.6	521	
	4	0.6	564	0.6	638	
	5	,	-	0.091		
	6		-	0.000		
Indices at			Accuracy			
Cut Points			False	False		
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency	
	1/2	0.987	0.007	0.006	0.982	
	2/3	0.970	0.013	0.016	0.958	
	3/4	0.816	0.030	0.154	0.747	
	4/5	0.948	0.052	0.000	0.933	
	5/6	0.997	0.003	0.000	0.997	

8.5.4 Speaking 9-12



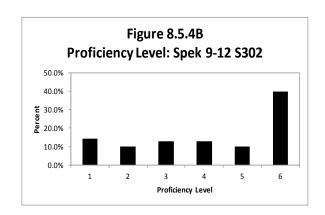


Table 8.5.4AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Spek 9-12 S302

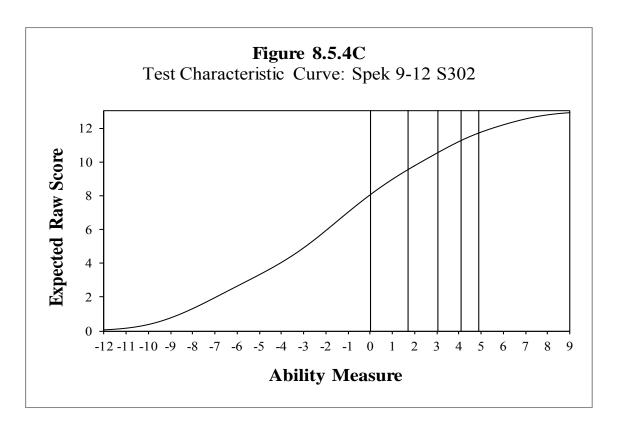
Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
9	79,452 181 428		428	376.09	60.72
10	50,051	182	428	379.28	53.97
11	38,164	183	428	383.57	50.35
12	29,948	184	428	387.37	48.45
Total	197,615	181	428	380.05	55.52

Table 8.5.4BProficiency Level Distribution: Spek 9-12 S302

	Gra	ide 9	Grad	de 10	Grad	de 11	Gra	de 12	To	tal
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	14,234	17.9%	7,263	14.5%	4,211	11.0%	2,650	8.8%	28,358	14.4%
2	5,023	6.3%	6,367	12.7%	4,974	13.0%	3,643	12.2%	20,007	10.1%
3	7,983	10.0%	7,351	14.7%	5,875	15.4%	4,536	15.1%	25,745	13.0%
4	13,195	16.6%	4,964	9.9%	3,980	10.4%	3,163	10.6%	25,302	12.8%
5	7,799	9.8%	4,958	9.9%	3,730	9.8%	3,058	10.2%	19,545	9.9%
6	31,218	39.3%	19,148	38.3%	15,394	40.3%	12,898	43.1%	78,658	39.8%
Total	79,452	100.0%	50,051	100.0%	38,164	100.0%	29,948	100.0%	197,615	100.0%

Table 8.5.4CConditional Standard Error of Measurement at Cut Scores: Spek 9-12 S302

Cut scores. sp	7CR 7 12 550	<u> </u>	
Proficiency Level	Grade	Cut Score	SEM
	9	319	20.49
1/2	10	321	20.69
	11	322	20.69
	12	323	20.89
	9	347	22.49
2/3	10	351	22.69
	11	354	22.90
	12	357	23.10
	9	366	23.90
3/4	10	371	24.10
	11	377	24.90
	12	384	25.91
	9	388	26.51
4/5	10	393	27.92
	11	399	29.32
	12	405	30.53
	9	407	30.93
5/6	10	412	32.13
	11	416	32.94
	12	421	33.54



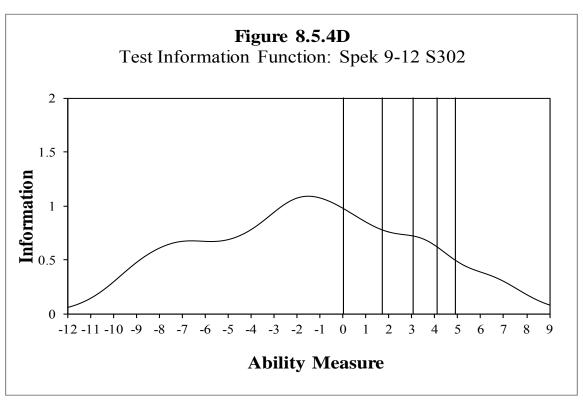


Table 8.5.4D

Reliability: Spek 9-12 S302

Tiers	No. of Students	Reliability
	197,615	0.924

Table 8.5.4E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Spek (Grade 9) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)		
Indices	0.656	0.5	574	0.444			
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	Consistency		
on Level	1	0.8	385	0.8	809		
	2	0.3	319	0.2	231		
	3	0.3	377	0.2	293		
	4	0.5	505	0.4	102		
	5	0.2	259	0.179			
	6	0.0	358	0.790			
Indices at			Accuracy				
Cut Points			False	False			
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency		
	1/2	0.956	0.020	0.024	0.934		
	2/3	0.932	0.041	0.027	0.904		
	3/4	0.906 0.045		0.049	0.877		
	4/5	0.900	0.027	0.073	0.862		
				0.057	0.836		

Table 8.5.4E-2

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Spek (Grade 10) S302

Overall Accuracy Consistency Kappa (k)

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kappa (k)		
Indices	0.659	0.5	578	0.463		
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consistency		
on Level	1	0.0	317	0.′	722	
	2	0.5	508	0.4	405	
	3	0.4	197	0.4	403	
	4	0.3	361	0.2	268	
	5	0.3	359	0.248		
	6	0.9	914	0.859		
Indices at			Accuracy			
Cut Points			False	False		
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency	
	1/2	0.949	0.027	0.023	0.926	
	2/3	0.914	0.043	0.044	0.886	
	3/4	0.910 0.027		0.063	0.879	
	4/5	0.934	0.028	0.037	0.898	
	5/6	0.912	0.057	0.031	0.874	

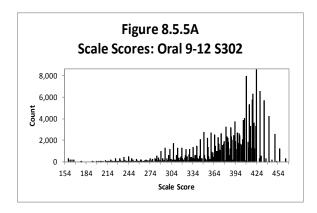
Table 8.5.4E-3 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Spek (Grade 11) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Карр	pa(k)	
Indices	0.666	0.5	582	0.463		
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consistency		
on Level	1	0.7	796	0.0	591	
	2	0.5	566	0.4	155	
	3	0.5	543	0.4	143	
	4	0.3	397	0.2	292	
	5	0.3	346	0.242		
	6	0.9	925	0.873		
Indices at			Accuracy			
Cut Points			False	False		
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency	
	1/2	0.958	0.024	0.019	0.938	
	2/3	0.922 0.037		0.041	0.896	
	3/4	0.918	0.025	0.056	0.888	
	4/5	0.936	0.029	0.035	0.901	
	5/6	0.905	0.068	0.027	0.868	

Table 8.5.4E-4 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Spek (Grade 12) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)	
Indices	0.640	0.5	535	0.407		
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consistency		
on Level	1	0.7	789	0.6	583	
	2	0.6	507	0.4	190	
	3	0.5	579	0.4	175	
	4	0.4	132	0.3	307	
	5	0.2	272	0.186		
	6	0.9	905	0.847		
Indices at			Accuracy			
Cut Points			False	False		
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency	
	1/2	0.965	0.020	0.015	0.949	
	2/3	0.933 0.030		0.037	0.910	
	3/4	0.928 0.024		0.048	0.901	
	4/5	0.938	0.027	0.035	0.901	
	5/6	0.853	0.113	0.033	0.796	

8.5.5 Oral Language Composite 9-12



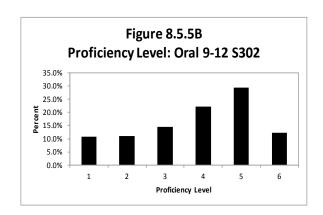


Table 8.5.5AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Oral 9-12 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
9	79,128 159 464		464	379.05	50.90
10	10 49,875		464	382.45	44.66
11	37,978	164	464	387.04	41.83
12	29,722	166	464	389.60	40.57
Total	196,703	159	464	383.05	46.37

Table 8.5.5BProficiency Level Distribution: Oral 9-12 S302

	Gra	Grade 9 Grade 10 G		Gra	Grade 11 Grade 12		Total			
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	10,466	13.2%	5,041	10.1%	3,198	8.4%	2,322	7.8%	21,027	10.7%
2	7,972	10.1%	6,061	12.2%	4,301	11.3%	3,268	11.0%	21,602	11.0%
3	8,051	10.2%	7,573	15.2%	6,684	17.6%	5,998	20.2%	28,306	14.4%
4	15,346	19.4%	10,984	22.0%	9,328	24.6%	8,010	26.9%	43,668	22.2%
5	24,890	31.5%	15,172	30.4%	10,090	26.6%	7,795	26.2%	57,947	29.5%
6	12,403	15.7%	5,044	10.1%	4,377	11.5%	2,329	7.8%	24,153	12.3%
Total	79,128	100.0%	49,875	100.0%	37,978	100.0%	29,722	100.0%	196,703	100.0%

Table 8.5.5C

n/a

Figure 8.5.5C

Figure 8.5.5D

n/a

Table 8.5.5D

Oral Composite Reliability: Oral 9-12 S302

Component	Weight	Variance	Reliability
Listening	0.50	2311.716	0.688
Speaking	0.50	3077.424	0.924
Oral		2149.264	0.889

^{*}Variances from students who had results in all four domains

Table 8.5.5E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Oral (Grade 9) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.550	0.4	149	0.3	318
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.8	379	0.0	301
	2	0.5	548	0.4	416
	3	0.4	103	0.2	288
	4	0.4	178	0.3	350
	5	0.5	547	0.4	189
	6	0.4	174	0.3	359
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.962	0.015	0.023	0.946
	2/3	0.943	0.943 0.024		0.917
	3/4	0.916 0.040		0.043	0.879
	4/5	0.859	0.058	0.083	0.803
	5/6	0.836	0.090	0.074	0.789

Table 8.5.5E-2Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Oral (Grade 10) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.580	0.4	156	0.3	324
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	3.0	344	0.7	746
	2	0.6	508	0.4	178
	3	0.5	521	0.3	396
	4	0.4	193	0.3	368
	5	0.5	576	0.523	
	6		-	0.2	263
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.966	0.015	0.019	0.951
	2/3	0.935	0.935 0.028		0.909
	3/4	0.907 0.036		0.057	0.869
	4/5	0.854	0.062	0.083	0.793
	5/6	0.899	0.101	0.000	0.843

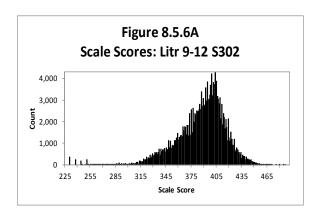
Table 8.5.5E-3Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Oral (Grade 11) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.558	0.4	148	0.3	310
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.0	334	0.7	730
	2	0.6	503	0.4	1 71
	3	0.5	584	0.4	157
	4	0.5	511	0.3	382
	5	0.5	510	0.4	163
	6		_	0.2	282
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.971	0.014	0.015	0.957
	2/3	0.936	0.936 0.029		0.911
	3/4	0.904 0.032		0.064	0.867
	4/5	0.845	0.062	0.093	0.775
	5/6	0.885	0.115	0.000	0.844

Table 8.5.5E-4 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Oral (Grade 12) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.547	0.4	142	0.2	290
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.0	314	0.7	710
	2	0.6	520	0.4	187
	3	0.6	532	0.4	189
	4	0.4	162	0.3	369
	5	0.5	500	0.4	149
	6		-	0.1	165
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.973	0.015	0.012	0.959
	2/3	0.938 0.026		0.036	0.916
	3/4	0.896 0.026		0.079	0.855
	4/5	0.791	0.089	0.120	0.722
	5/6	0.922	0.078	0.000	0.890

8.5.6 Literacy Composite 9-12



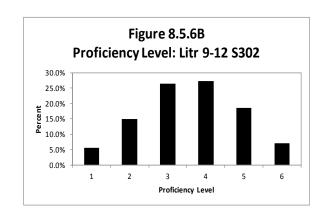


Table 8.5.6AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Litr 9-12 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
9	79,349	230	471	383.90	30.76
10	49,998	237	479	386.19	28.25
11	38,092	244	484	390.50	27.26
12	29,877	251	486	391.62	27.62
Total	197,316	230	486	386.92	29.18

Table 8.5.6BProficiency Level Distribution: Litr 9-12 S302

	Gra	de 9	Grad	de 10	Gra	de 11	Grad	de 12	To	tal
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	4,722	6.0%	2,682	5.4%	1,994	5.2%	1,947	6.5%	11,345	5.7%
2	10,892	13.7%	7,864	15.7%	5,839	15.3%	4,862	16.3%	29,457	14.9%
3	18,306	23.1%	13,851	27.7%	10,751	28.2%	9,186	30.7%	52,094	26.4%
4	19,918	25.1%	13,962	27.9%	11,336	29.8%	8,670	29.0%	53,886	27.3%
5	18,247	23.0%	8,840	17.7%	5,897	15.5%	3,791	12.7%	36,775	18.6%
6	7,264	9.2%	2,799	5.6%	2,275	6.0%	1,421	4.8%	13,759	7.0%
Total	79,349	100.0%	49,998	100.0%	38,092	100.0%	29,877	100.0%	197,316	100.0%

Table 8.5.6C

n/a

Figure 8.5.6C

Figure 8.5.6D

n/a

Table 8.5.6D

Literacy Composite Reliability: Litr 9-12 S302

Component	Weight	Variance	Reliability
Reading	0.50	1010.989	0.800
Writing	0.50	996.222	0.916
Literacy		850.309	0.916

^{*}Variances from students who had results in all four domains

Table 8.5.6E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Litr (Grade 9) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Карр	pa(k)
Indices	0.636	0.5	535	0.4	416
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.8	334	0.7	733
	2	0.7	751	0.6	636
	3	0.6	591	0.5	577
	4	0.6	513	0.4	487
	5	0.5	537	0.484	
	6		-	0.3	366
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.980	0.010	0.010	0.970
	2/3	0.948	0.022	0.030	0.927
	3/4	0.909 0.041		0.050	0.873
	4/5	0.885	0.043	0.072	0.837
	5/6	0.908	0.092	0.000	0.892

Table 8.5.6E-2 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Litr (Grade 10) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Карр	na (k)
Indices	0.656	0.5	553	0.4	129
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.8	322	0.7	716
	2	0.7	770	0.6	658
	3	0.7	724	0.6	516
	4	0.6	528	0.5	506
	5	0.5	518	0.450	
	6		-	0.2	280
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.981	0.010	0.009	0.972
	2/3	0.942	0.026	0.032	0.918
	3/4	0.899 0.041		0.060	0.860
	4/5	0.885	0.043	0.072	0.836
	5/6	0.944	0.056	0.000	0.936

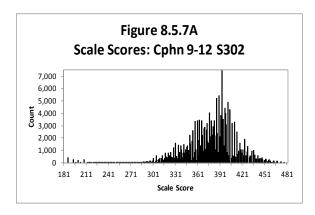
Table 8.5.6E-3 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Litr (Grade 11) S302

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Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.650	0.5	548	0.4	120
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.0	322	0.7	717
	2	0.7	766	0.6	553
	3	0.7	731	0.0	522
	4	0.6	543	0.5	523
	5	0.4	165	0.400	
	6		-	0.2	289
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.982	0.010	0.009	0.973
	2/3	0.943 0.026		0.031	0.919
	3/4	0.897 0.041		0.062	0.858
	4/5	0.882	0.042	0.076	0.832
	5/6	0.940	0.060	0.000	0.933

Table 8.5.6E-4 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Litr (Grade 12) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)
Indices	0.632	0.5	536	0.3	397
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.0	327	0.7	732
	2	0.7	757	0.6	540
	3	0.7	742	0.6	523
	4	0.5	558	0.4	178
	5	0.3	396	0.3	328
	6		-	0.2	208
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.979	0.012	0.009	0.969
	2/3	0.937 0.028		0.035	0.911
	3/4	0.884 0.035		0.080	0.841
	4/5	0.861	0.083	0.056	0.817
	5/6	0.952	0.048	0.000	0.950

8.5.7 Comprehension Composite 9-12



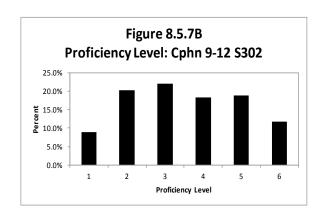


Table 8.5.7AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Cphn 9-12 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
9	79,449	186	477	375.34	35.56
10	50,057	193	477	378.04	32.81
11	38,136	200	477	382.67	32.26
12	29,921	208	477	383.88	32.75
Total	197,563	186	477	378.73	34.01

Table 8.5.7BProficiency Level Distribution: Cphn 9-12 S302

	Gra	de 9	Grae	de 10	Grae	de 11	Grae	de 12	To	tal
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	7,850	9.9%	3,870	7.7%	3,059	8.0%	2,849	9.5%	17,628	8.9%
2	13,916	17.5%	11,042	22.1%	8,763	23.0%	6,231	20.8%	39,952	20.2%
3	18,466	23.2%	12,115	24.2%	6,947	18.2%	5,916	19.8%	43,444	22.0%
4	13,021	16.4%	8,939	17.9%	8,124	21.3%	5,991	20.0%	36,075	18.3%
5	16,059	20.2%	9,092	18.2%	6,641	17.4%	5,410	18.1%	37,202	18.8%
6	10,137	12.8%	4,999	10.0%	4,602	12.1%	3,524	11.8%	23,262	11.8%
Total	79,449	100.0%	50,057	100.0%	38,136	100.0%	29,921	100.0%	197,563	100.0%

Table 8.5.7C

n/a

Figure 8.5.7C

n/a

Figure 8.5.7D

n/a

Table 8.5.7D

Comprehension Composite Reliability: Cphn 9-12 S302

Component	Weight	Variance	Reliability
Listening	0.30	2311.716	0.688
Reading	0.70	1010.989	0.800
Comprehension		1155.625	0.858

^{*}Variances from students who had results in all four domains

Table 8.5.7E-1

Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Cphn (Grade 9) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Карр	na (k)		
Indices	0.525	0.4	126	0.302			
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	Consistency		
on Level	1	0.0	321	0.6	599		
	2	0.6	531	0.4	198		
	3	0.5	541	0.4	125		
	4	0.3	351	0.2	266		
	5	0.4	137	0.367			
	6	0.5	591	0.403			
Indices at			Accuracy				
Cut Points			False	False			
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency		
	1/2	0.961	0.017	0.023	0.943		
	2/3	0.907	0.907 0.041		0.869		
	3/4	0.862 0.056		0.081	0.811		
	4/5	0.854	0.059	0.087	0.796		
	5/6	0.885	0.087	0.028	0.848		

Table 8.5.7E-2 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Cphn (Grade 10) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	pa(k)
Indices	0.520	0.4	124	0.293	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency
on Level	1	0.7	765	0.0	525
	2	0.6	598	0.5	571
	3	0.5	534	0.4	421
	4	0.3	371	0.2	282
	5	0.4	124	0.362	
	6	-	-	0.337	
Indices at			Accuracy		
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.964	0.019	0.017	0.946
	2/3	0.894	0.894 0.044		0.854
	3/4	0.857 0.050		0.093	0.805
	4/5	0.857	0.057	0.086	0.795
	5/6	0.900	0.100	0.000	0.876

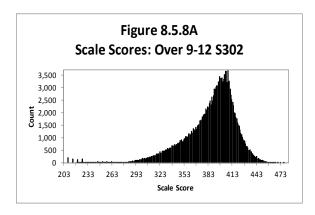
Table 8.5.7E-3 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Cphn (Grade 11) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)	
Indices	0.497	0.4	114	0.2	0.286	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency	
on Level	1	0.7	749	0.6	509	
	2	0.7	710	0.5	581	
	3	0.4	125	0.3	328	
	4	0.4	139	0.3	336	
	5	0.3	380	0.327		
	6	3.2	214	0.388		
Indices at			Accuracy			
Cut Points			False	False		
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency	
	1/2	0.962	0.021	0.017	0.941	
	2/3	0.892	0.892 0.042		0.852	
	3/4	0.863 0.055		0.082	0.811	
	4/5	0.852	0.050	0.098	0.792	
	5/6	0.879	0.121	0.000	0.857	

Table 8.5.7E-4 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Cphn (Grade 12) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)	
Indices	0.475	0.3	388	0.256		
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency	
on Level	1	0.7	761	0.6	632	
	2	0.6	566	0.5	533	
	3	0.4	143	0.3	336	
	4	0.3	0.369		285	
	5	0.378		0.326		
	6		_	0.302		
Indices at			Accuracy			
Cut Points			False	False		
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency	
	1/2	0.958	0.024	0.018	0.936	
	2/3	0.888 0.041 0.850 0.041		0.071	0.850	
	3/4			0.109	0.796	
	4/5	0.828	0.059	0.113	0.758	
	5/6	0.882	0.118	0.000	0.850	

8.5.8 Overall Composite 9-12



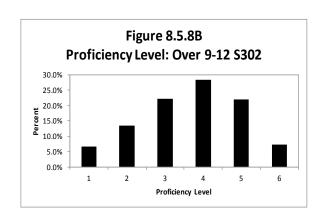


Table 8.5.8AScale Score Descriptive Statistics: Over 9-12 S302

Grade	No. of Students	Min.	Max.	Mean	Std. Dev.
9	78,900	208	465	382.26	34.84
10	49,719	214	469	384.87	30.90
11	37,857	220	476	389.27	29.24
12	29,583	226	477	390.85	28.98
Total	196,059	208	477	385.57	32.15

Table 8.5.8BProficiency Level Distribution: Over 9-12 S302

	Gra	de 9	Grae	de 10	Gra	de 11	Grae	de 12	To	tal
Level	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
1	6,432	8.2%	2,920	5.9%	2,026	5.4%	1,728	5.8%	13,106	6.7%
2	9,873	12.5%	7,296	14.7%	5,329	14.1%	4,030	13.6%	26,528	13.5%
3	14,283	18.1%	11,586	23.3%	9,388	24.8%	8,509	28.8%	43,766	22.3%
4	19,591	24.8%	14,391	28.9%	11,763	31.1%	9,706	32.8%	55,451	28.3%
5	20,901	26.5%	10,637	21.4%	7,125	18.8%	4,297	14.5%	42,960	21.9%
6	7,820	9.9%	2,889	5.8%	2,226	5.9%	1,313	4.4%	14,248	7.3%
Total	78,900	100.0%	49,719	100.0%	37,857	100.0%	29,583	100.0%	196,059	100.0%

Table 8.5.8C

n/a

Figure 8.5.8C

n/a

Figure 8.5.8D

n/a

Table 8.5.8DOverall Composite Reliability: Over 9-12 S302

Component	Weight	Variance	Reliability
Listening	0.15	2311.716	0.688
Reading	0.35	1010.989	0.800
Speaking	0.15	3077.424	0.924
Writing	0.35	996.222	0.916
Overall Composite		1033.737	0.945

Table 8.5.8E-1Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Over (Grade 9) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapı	pa(k)	
Indices	0.679	0.5	588	0.485		
Conditional	Level	Accı	ıracy	Consistency		
on Level	1	0.8	389	0.8	822	
	2	0.7	767	0.0	565	
	3	0.6	593	0.3	579	
	4	0.6	593	0.3	572	
	5	0.5	594	0.556		
	6		-	0.411		
Indices at			Accuracy			
Cut Points			False	False		
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency	
	1/2	0.980	0.009	0.011	0.972	
	2/3	0.960	0.960 0.017		0.943	
	3/4	0.931 0.035		0.034	0.903	
	4/5	0.906	0.036	0.058	0.868	
	5/6	0.901	0.099	0.000	0.887	

Table 8.5.8E-2 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Over (Grade 10) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consi	stency	Kapp	na (k)	
Indices	0.711	0.6	518	0.5	0.512	
Conditional	Level	Accu	ıracy	Consi	stency	
on Level	1	3.0	358	0.7	177	
	2	0.0	305	0.7	713	
	3	0.7	747	0.6	545	
	4	0.7	719	0.6	501	
	5	0.6	501	0.544		
	6		-	0.316		
Indices at			Accuracy			
Cut Points			False	False		
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency	
	1/2	0.984	0.008	0.008	0.976	
	2/3	0.956	0.956 0.020		0.937	
	3/4	0.925 0.034		0.042	0.894	
	4/5	0.904	0.035	0.061	0.862	
	5/6	0.942	0.058	0.000	0.936	

Table 8.5.8E-3 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Over (Grade 11) S302

Overall	Accuracy	Consistency		Kappa (k)	
Indices	0.703	0.611		0.500	
Conditional	Level	Accuracy		Consistency	
on Level	1	0.849		0.768	
	2	0.803		0.708	
	3	0.768		0.669	
	4	0.725		0.603	
	5	0.548		0.492	
	6	-		0.307	
Indices at		Accuracy			
Cut Points			False	False	
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency
	1/2	0.985	0.008	0.007	0.978
	2/3	0.956	0.020	0.024	0.938
	3/4	0.923	0.032	0.045	0.893
	4/5	0.896	0.035	0.069	0.851
	5/6	0.941	0.059	0.000	0.938

Table 8.5.8E-4 Accuracy and Consistency of Classification Indices: Over (Grade 12) S302

	,						
Overall	Accuracy	Consistency		Kappa (k)			
Indices	0.677	0.594		0.463			
Conditional	Level	Accuracy		Consistency			
on Level	1	0.840		0.771			
	2	0.790 0.809 0.649 0.395		0.686			
	3			0.714			
	4			0.548			
	5			0.376			
	6			0.548			
Indices at			Accuracy				
Cut Points			False	False			
	Cut Point	Accuracy	Positives	Negatives	Consistency		
	1/2	0.984	0.010	0.006	0.977		
	2/3	0.954	0.022	0.024	0.936		
	3/4	0.915	0.025	0.060	0.884		
	4/5	0.868	0.075	0.057	0.813		
	5/6	0.956	0.044	0.000	0.956		

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