

Referral “Quiz”

Test Your Knowledge

Directions: Read each statement and answer true or false

Referral for Special Education when a Specific Learning Disability is suspected

1. Referral for special education eligibility consideration can be initiated at any time.	True	False
2. A student cannot be referred unless he/she has received 6 weeks of an intensive intervention.	True	False
3. A parent can initiate a request for an initial evaluation.	True	False
4. Referral will become a thing of the past since struggling students can get all the interventions that they need as part of a strong and sustaining RTI framework in a school.	True	False
5. Once a referral is made, the LEA does not need to review it, if the student is performing at grade level in the classroom.	True	False
6. Procedural safeguards must be provided to the parent when consent for evaluation is obtained.	True	False
7. If an LEA declines a request for an evaluation, the LEA must issue prior written notice to the parents explaining why an evaluation is not warranted.	True	False
8. A student cannot be referred unless he/she has been brought to the problem solving team or RTI team at the school.	True	False
9. A student may receive interventions after the Evaluation Team has made the decision to proceed with an evaluation for special education.	True	False
10. An English Language Learner cannot be referred for evaluation for special education until they have been in the country for one year.	True	False