

## **DLM® Performance Level Descriptors-ELA: Grade 3**

#### **Year-End Model**

### **Emerging**

A student who achieves at the **emerging** performance level typically can identify familiar people, objects, or places; identify feeling words; identify sequences; and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student indicates and identifies familiar people, objects, or places associated with a text by

- recognizing similar and different physical characteristics of objects
- understanding words for absent objects or people
- attending to object characteristics when verbally cued
- seeking objects that are absent or are of interest to the student

The student identifies feeling words by

• identifying personal feelings

The student identifies sequences and text structure by

- noticing new objects
- identifying forward sequences from familiar routines
- differentiating between text and pictures

When writing, the student

- attends to objects, people, or pictures
- makes a choice between two objects

# Approaching the Target

A student who achieves at the **approaching the target** performance level typically can identify details and facts, demonstrate an understanding of language, identify feeling words, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies details and facts by

- recognizing similar or different physical characteristics of objects
- identifying and understanding relationships between concrete details
- answering who or what questions about texts

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- identifying words with the same, similar, or different meanings
- identifying real-world uses of words

The student identifies and understands feeling words by

• identifying the feelings of characters

The student identifies text structure by

- recognizing pictures from familiar texts
- recognizing the beginning and end of familiar texts

- selects a familiar topic
- connects two or more words

### **At Target**

A student who achieves at the **at target** performance level typically can identify details and facts, demonstrate an understanding of language, identify feelings, and recognize text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies details and facts by

- identifying concrete details
- answering who, what, when, where, or why questions

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

• determining words or phrases that complete literal sentences from texts

The student identifies feelings by

- identifying personal feelings
- identifying character feelings

The student identifies text structure by

- determining which event comes first in a text
- using text features to locate information
- recognizing the beginning, middle, and end of familiar texts
- identifying common elements in two texts

When writing, the student

- uses facts and details to write about a topic
- expresses more than one idea

#### Advanced

A student who achieves at the **advanced** performance level typically can recognize details, facts, and supporting points and reasons made by the author; demonstrate an understanding of language; identify feelings; and recognize text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student recognizes details, facts, and supporting points and reasons made by the author by

- answering who, what, when, where, or why questions
- associating concrete details with events

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- understanding definitions for unambiguous words in a text
- identifying words or phrases to complete literal sentences

The student identifies feelings by

relating characters' feelings to their actions

The student identifies text structure by

- identifying the temporal order of information or events in a text
- using text features to locate information
- recognizing the beginning and end of an unfamiliar text
- comparing elements of two texts

- selects an informational topic
- includes information from resources to support the topic
- expresses complete thoughts

## **DLM Performance Level Descriptors-ELA: Grade 4**

### **Year-End Model**

### **Emerging**

A student who achieves at the **emerging** performance level typically can identify familiar people, objects, or places; identify text elements; and demonstrate an understanding of language when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies people, objects, or places associated with a text by

- attending longer to a new object that has been added to a pair of familiar, identical objects
- indicating a similar object from a group of two similar objects and one different object
- indicating a different object from a group of two identical objects and one different object
- naming objects from pictures
- indicating objects or pictures from named categories
- indicating familiar people, objects, or places

The student identifies text elements by

- identifying concrete details in a familiar story
- identifying character actions
- identifying major events

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

• identifying words with similar or different meanings

- identifies familiar people, objects, or places
- understands object names
- understands that letters are used to write words
- identifies the first letter of his or her name
- recognizes when a letter is uppercase or lowercase

A student who achieves at the **approaching the target** performance level typically can identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies text elements by

- describing characters
- identifying how characters' actions result in consequences
- identifying the main points
- identifying the theme of a familiar story

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- selecting appropriate words to complete literal sentences
- providing real-world connections between words and their uses

The student identifies text structure by

- using pictures or objects related to the text to learn additional information
- identifying the beginning, middle, and end of a text
- determining when two different texts on the same topic make a similar statement

When writing, the student

- identifies words that describe familiar people, objects, or places
- uses letters to create words
- demonstrates an understanding of capitalization

### At Target

A student who achieves at the **at target** performance level typically can identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies text elements by

- identifying details related to people, events, or ideas
- comparing key details
- identifying reasons that support points in a text
- identifying the topic of a text
- identifying the theme of a familiar story

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- determining the meaning of unambiguous words in a text
- identifying words with opposite meanings
- determining which words in a text relate to explicit information

The student identifies text structure by

- identifying the characteristics of a text
- determining when two different texts on the same topic make a similar statement

- identifies words, facts, details, or other information related to a topic
- spells words phonetically using letter-sound knowledge and common spelling patterns
- capitalizes the first letter of a sentence

A student who achieves at the **advanced** performance level typically can identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies text elements by

- using details to describe characters, settings, and events
- using details to answer questions
- identifying relationships between specific points and the reasons supporting them
- identifying the overall topic of a text

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- determining which words in a text relate to the topic
- identifying words with similar meanings
- identifying the meaning of words with multiple meanings

The student identifies text structure by

- identifying elements of a story that change from the beginning to the end
- determining if a text provides information about events, gives directions, or provides information on a topic
- comparing and contrasting details in two texts

- provides facts, details, or other information related to the topic
- spells words with inflectional endings
- uses correct capitalization when writing a title

## **DLM Performance Level Descriptors–ELA: Grade 5**

#### **Year-End Model**

## **Emerging**

A student who achieves at the **emerging** performance level typically can identify familiar people, objects, or places associated with a text, identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies familiar people, objects, or places associated with a text by

- identifying an object associated with a familiar routine
- indicating objects with a given property
- communicating her or his preference for an object when asked a yes/no question
- interacting with an object in an expected way
- indicating objects that are the same
- indicating common, physical features of objects
- identifying familiar people, objects, or places

The student indicates text elements by

- identifying character actions in a familiar story
- identifying major events in a familiar story
- identifying the setting of a familiar story
- understanding the relationship among multiple concrete facts or details

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- identifying words that describe familiar people, objects, or places
- identifying real-world uses of words
- identifying words with similar or different meanings

The student identifies text structure by

• identifying objects or illustrations from familiar texts

- identifies words that describe familiar people, objects, or places
- makes a choice between two objects
- demonstrates an understanding of who, what, when, where, or why questions

A student who achieves at the **approaching the target** performance level typically can identify objects associated with a text, identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies objects associated with a text by

• identifying objects within a category

The student identifies text elements by

- identifying and comparing characters
- identifying details
- identifying setting
- identifying major events
- identifying the narrator
- identifying how a character's actions result in consequences
- finding similarities between key details
- identifying two points made by the author, how they relate to each other, and reasons that support them

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- understanding that words have opposite meanings
- determining the meaning of unambiguous words
- understanding that words have multiple meanings

The student identifies text structure by

• comparing and contrasting details in two texts

- identifies details related to a personal experience
- produces facts and details about a topic

### **At Target**

A student who achieves at the **at target** performance level typically can identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies text elements by

- comparing different characters
- finding similarities and differences between key details
- identifying reasons that support points made by the author
- determining the narrator's point of view
- identifying the theme

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- using sentence context to identify a missing word
- using context clues to determine meaning
- understanding that words have similar meanings
- identifying domain-specific words

The student identifies text structure by

- identifying elements of the story that change from the beginning to the end
- determining if the text tells about events, gives directions, or provides information
- using text features to locate information
- comparing and contrasting details in two texts

- introduces an informational topic
- conveys information about the topic
- provides facts or details related to the topic

A student who achieves at the **advanced** performance level typically can identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies text elements by

- contrasting different characters
- identifying specific words to describe what the narrator is thinking
- determining which details contribute to the main idea of a paragraph
- identifying examples that support the points made by the author
- identifying details that relate to the theme

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- organizing words semantically
- understanding multiple-meaning words
- understanding the use of word choice to influence the meaning of a text

The student identifies text structure by

- determining the structure of a text
- understanding how the title fits the structure of the text
- comparing and contrasting the main points of two texts

- introduces an informational topic
- includes one or more facts or details related to the topic
- conveys both ideas and information

## **DLM Performance Level Descriptors-ELA: Grade 6**

#### **Year-End Model**

## **Emerging**

A student who achieves at the **emerging** performance level typically can identify familiar people, objects, places, or routines; identify text elements; demonstrate an understanding of language; and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies familiar people, objects, places, or routines associated with a text by

- identifying familiar people, objects, or places
- identifying actions in familiar routines
- identifying similar or different objects
- identifying objects within a category

The student indicates text elements by

- identifying characters and their actions
- identifying setting
- identifying major events

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- understanding action words
- using property words to identify familiar objects
- identifying descriptive words
- determining words that complete literal sentences in texts

The student identifies text structure by

- differentiating between text and pictures
- identifying illustrations from familiar texts

- makes a choice between two objects
- identifies words that describe familiar people, objects, or things
- demonstrates an understanding of who, what, when, where, or why questions
- identifies details about a personally relevant photograph or object

A student who achieves at the **approaching the target** performance level typically can identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies text elements by

- identifying character feelings and associated actions
- identifying details
- identifying events
- identifying the narrator

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- identifying words with opposite meanings
- identifying real-world uses of words
- identifying words with multiple meanings
- determining word meaning using context clues

The student identifies text structure by

- identifying linear parts of a story
- understanding the purpose of a text's structure

When writing, the student

- selects a topic
- includes one fact about the topic

### **At Target**

A student who achieves at the **at target** performance level typically can identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies text elements by

- identifying the relationship between concrete details
- identifying the main idea
- identifying details that support the main idea or theme
- determining explicit and implicit details
- identifying the feelings and thoughts of the narrator
- identifying details that defend a claim

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- understanding words with similar or different meanings
- understanding the meaning of similes and metaphors
- associating word choice with textual meaning

The student identifies text structure by

- recognizing that titles reflect text structure
- comparing perspectives between two texts

- introduces an informational topic
- includes facts and details related to the topic

A student who achieves at the **advanced** performance level typically can identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies text elements by

- identifying the consequences of character actions
- comparing points of view
- identifying the author's point of view
- identifying events related to the theme
- identifying details that support claims and main ideas
- identifying explicit information and where inferences can be drawn

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- using semantic clues to identify word meaning
- identifying synonyms and antonyms
- determining how word choice persuades or informs
- identifying figures of speech

The student identifies text structure by

- determining how facts, steps, or events fit the text structure
- identifying structural similarities between two texts

- introduces a topic and uses clear organization
- includes one or more facts or details related to the topic

## **DLM Performance Level Descriptors–ELA: Grade 7**

#### **Year-End Model**

### **Emerging**

A student who achieves at the **emerging** performance level typically can identify familiar people or objects, identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies familiar people or objects associated with a text by

- identifying familiar people
- understanding the function of objects
- anticipating the consequences of a pattern of actions with objects

The student identifies text elements by

- identifying characters
- identifying details
- identifying setting
- identifying major events

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- identifying descriptive words
- understanding words for absent objects or people

The student identifies text structure by

- differentiating between text and pictures
- matching a picture representation with a real object
- identifying illustrations from a familiar text

- makes a choice between two objects
- identifies words that describe familiar people, places, things, or events
- understands that specific members belong to categories
- understands that objects have a function
- identifies the first letter in her or his name
- demonstrates understanding of who, what, when, where, or why questions
- identifies functional words to describe common people, places, objects, or events
- draws conclusions based on category knowledge
- recognizes the first word to read on a page
- can use letters to create words

A student who achieves at the **approaching the target** performance level typically can identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies text elements by

- answering explicit questions
- relating characters' feelings to their actions
- identifying key points made in a text
- recognizing the main idea of a paragraph

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- identifying the definition of a word
- recognizing the literal meaning of a word or phrase
- using context to identify the meaning of phrases and multiple-meaning words

The student identifies text structure by

- identifying the beginning and end of a familiar text
- determining the structure of a text
- recognizing that titles reflect text structure and purpose
- identifying common elements in two texts on the same subject

- includes information about a topic
- strengthens the message of written work by adding more information
- recognizes domain-specific words in text
- recognizes end punctuation
- uses spelling patterns in familiar words to spell new words

### **At Target**

A student who achieves at the **at target** performance level typically can identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies text elements by

- identifying the main idea
- identifying the author's point of view
- identifying a character's response to a challenge
- identifying related points in a text
- understanding the relationship among individuals, events, or ideas
- identifying events related to the theme
- identifying explicit information and where inferences can be drawn

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

• understanding the meaning of idioms and figures of speech

The student identifies text structure by

- understanding sequencing
- understanding how parts of the text affect overall text structure
- identifying similarities or differences between two texts

- introduces an informational topic and conveys ideas and information
- provides facts, details, or information related to the topic
- selects domain-specific vocabulary
- uses end punctuation
- spells words phonetically using letter-sound knowledge and common spelling patterns

A student who achieves at the **advanced** performance level typically can identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies text elements by

- associating a character's actions with their causes
- identifying explicit and implicit information
- understanding the relationship between story elements
- identifying the author's purpose for writing the text
- summarizing a familiar informative text

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- determining how word choice persuades or informs
- determining the connotative meaning of words and phrases

The student identifies text structure by

- identifying structural similarities between two texts
- comparing and contrasting details between two texts
- comparing the arguments made by two texts

- introduces a topic and uses clear organization
- includes one or more facts or details related to the topic
- uses domain-specific vocabulary
- uses commas
- spells words with inflectional endings

## **DLM Performance Level Descriptors-ELA: Grade 8**

#### **Year-End Model**

## **Emerging**

A student who achieves at the **emerging** performance level typically can identify familiar people or objects, identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies familiar people or objects associated with a text by

- understanding the functions of objects
- identifying objects associated with a familiar routine or purpose
- identifying objects within a category
- identifying familiar people

The student identifies text elements by

understanding personal opinions

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- identifying descriptive words
- identifying similar or different meanings of words

The student identifies text structure by

• identifying a forward sequence in a familiar routine

- makes a choice between two objects
- identifies words that describe familiar people, places, things, or events
- uses single words to communicate
- identifies when objects belong in a broader category
- identifies the end of a familiar routine
- understands who, what, when, where, or why questions
- identifies perceptual words to describe common people, places, objects, or events
- produces a two-word message
- draws conclusions based on category knowledge
- indicates an ending

A student who achieves at the **approaching the target** performance level typically can identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies text elements by

- identifying details and the relationships between details
- identifying character actions
- identifying a character's response to a challenge
- identifying emotional change in characters
- identifying the main points of a text
- identifying details that support the main ideas

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

• determining the literal meaning of words and phrases

The student identifies text structure by

• identifying the beginning, middle, and end of a familiar story

When writing, the student

- includes information about a topic
- provides facts, details, or other information related to the topic
- connects two or more words
- selects domain-specific vocabulary
- produces a concluding sentence

### At Target

A student who achieves at the **at target** performance level typically can identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies text elements by

- associating character actions with their causes
- identifying multiple main ideas in a text
- identifying the relationship between points and supporting reasons
- identifying implicit information in a story
- identifying the author's point of view and purpose for writing a text
- identifying the theme and events contributing to the theme

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- using context to identify the meaning of multiple-meaning words
- determining the meaning of idioms and figures of speech

The student identifies text structure by

• identifying structural similarities between two texts

- introduces an informational topic and conveys ideas and information
- includes one or more facts or details related to the topic
- expresses a complete thought
- uses domain-specific vocabulary
- produces a conclusion

A student who achieves at the **advanced** performance level typically can identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies text elements by

- identifying how actions contribute to a character's main goal
- identifying inferred information
- identifying a summary of a text that uses details
- comparing theme, plot, or story elements of two stories
- comparing authors' viewpoints in two texts

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- determining the connotative meaning of words and phrases
- determining the figurative meaning of words and phrases

The student identifies text structure by

- identifying deviations from chronological order in a text
- identifying the structural similarities or differences between two texts
- comparing and contrasting two different types of text

- introduces a topic clearly and uses clear organization
- uses facts or details to develop a topic
- produces grammatically correct simple sentences
- uses domain-specific vocabulary to strengthen claims
- produces a relevant conclusion

## **DLM Performance Level Descriptors-ELA: Grade 9**

#### **Year-End Model**

## **Emerging**

A student who achieves at the **emerging** performance level typically can identify objects associated with a text, identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies objects associated with a text by

- using property words to identify familiar objects
- identifying objects within a category
- understanding subgroups of objects within a category

The student identifies text elements by

- · identifying details
- understanding personal opinions

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- identifying descriptive words
  The student identifies text structure by
- identifying actions in a familiar routine
- identifying the forward sequence in a familiar routine
- identifying a sequence of events

- responds to yes/no questions
- identifies functional words to describe nouns
- produces a two-word message
- understands that broad categories contain subgroups
- identifies the end of a familiar routine
- identifies a topic and composes a message with one fact
- identifies categorical words to describe nouns
- connects two or more words
- recognizes domain-specific words
- indicates an ending

A student who achieves at the **approaching the target** performance level typically can identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies text elements by

- identifying characters' feelings in a familiar story
- determining internal and external character traits
- identifying the relationships between details
- answering who or what questions by referring to a text
- identifying the main idea
- identifying an author's points
- identifying the evidence that supports explicit information in a text
- identifying details related to the theme

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- using context to determine words or phrases that complete literal sentences
- identifying words when given their definitions
- using context to identify the meaning of multiple-meaning words
- determining the meaning of idioms and figures of speech
- determining the connotative meaning of words and phrases

The student identifies text structure by

- identifying the beginning and end of a story
- determining which event comes first in a text
- identifying story elements that change

- introduces and conveys information about a topic
- includes one or more facts or details about a topic
- expresses a complete thought
- uses domain-specific vocabulary
- produces a concluding sentence

### **At Target**

A student who achieves at the **at target** performance level typically can identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies text elements by

- identifying how a character changes or develops
- identifying inferred information
- distinguishing between explicit and implicit information
- identifying the evidence for a claim
- identifying events that contribute to the theme
- summarizing a familiar informative text

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- using semantic clues to identify word meaning
- identifying the intended meaning of multiple-meaning words
- determining the figurative meaning of words and phrases

The student identifies text structure by

- identifying deviations from chronological order
- understanding and determining evidence for a claim

- introduces and writes about a topic clearly
- uses facts or details to develop a topic
- produces grammatically correct simple sentences
- uses domain-specific vocabulary to strengthen claims
- produces a conclusion

A student who achieves at the **advanced** performance level typically can identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies text elements by

- identifying changes in characters
- identifying changes in details
- identifying changes in the setting
- identifying changes in the events
- determining the explicit and implicit meaning of a story
- differentiating between evidence-based and non-evidence-based claims

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- understanding the meaning words and phrases in a text
- using semantic clues to identify phrase meaning
- understanding how multiple-meaning words can result in humor

The student identifies text structure by

 understanding how text structure influences meaning and contributes to a claim

- introduces a topic clearly to convey information
- develops a topic by using appropriate information
- produces grammatically correct compound sentences
- uses academic words in informative writing
- produces a relevant conclusion

## **DLM Performance Level Descriptors–ELA: Grade 10**

#### **Year-End Model**

## **Emerging**

A student who achieves at the **emerging** performance level typically can identify objects associated with a text, identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies objects associated with a text by

- using property words to identify familiar objects
- identifying objects within a category
- understanding subgroups of objects within a category

The student identifies text elements by

- identifying details in a familiar text
- understanding personal opinions

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

• identifying descriptive words

The student identifies text structure by

- identifying actions in a familiar routine
- identifying the forward sequence in a familiar routine
- identifying a sequence of events

- responds to yes/no questions
- identifies functional words to describe nouns
- produces a two-word message
- understands that broad categories contain subgroups
- identifies the end of a familiar routine
- identifies a topic and composes a message with one fact
- identifies categorical words to describe nouns
- connects two or more words
- recognizes domain-specific words
- indicates an ending

A student who achieves at the **approaching the target** performance level typically can identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies text elements by

- identifying characters' feelings in a familiar story
- determining internal and external character traits
- identifying the relationships between details
- answering who or what questions by referring to a text
- identifying the main idea
- identifying an author's points
- identifying details related to the theme

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- using context to determine words or phrases that complete literal sentences
- identifying words when given their definitions
- using context to identify the meaning of multiple-meaning words
- determining the meaning of idioms and figures of speech
- determining the connotative meaning of words and phrases

The student identifies text structure by

- identifying the beginning and end of a story
- determining which event comes first in a text
- identifying story elements that change

- introduces and conveys information about a topic
- includes one or more facts or details about a topic
- expresses a complete thought
- uses domain-specific vocabulary
- produces a concluding sentence

### **At Target**

A student who achieves at the **at target** performance level typically can identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies text elements by

- identifying how a character changes or develops
- identifying changes in details
- identifying changes in the setting
- identifying changes in the events
- identifying inferred information in a text
- distinguishing between explicit and implicit information
- identifying the evidence that supports explicit information in a text
- identifying the evidence for a claim
- identifying events that contribute to the theme
- summarizing a familiar informative text

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- using semantic clues to identify word meaning
- identifying the intended meaning of multiple-meaning words
- determining the figurative meaning of words and phrases

The student identifies text structure by

- identifying deviations from chronological order in a text
- understanding and determining evidence for a claim

- introduces and writes about a topic clearly
- uses facts or details to develop a topic
- produces grammatically correct simple sentences
- uses domain-specific vocabulary to strengthen claims
- produces a conclusion

A student who achieves at the **advanced** performance level typically can identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies text elements by

- determining the explicit and implicit meaning of a story
- differentiating between evidence-based and non-evidence-based claims

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- understanding the meaning of words and phrases in a text
- using semantic clues to identify phrase meaning
- understanding how multiple-meaning words can result in humor

The student identifies text structure by

• understanding how text structure influences meaning and contributes to a claim

- introduces a topic clearly to convey information
- develops a topic by using appropriate information
- produces grammatically correct compound sentences
- uses academic words in informative writing
- produces a relevant conclusion

## **DLM Performance Level Descriptors-ELA: Grade 11**

#### **Year-End Model**

### **Emerging**

A student who achieves at the **emerging** performance level typically can identify objects associated with a text, identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies objects associated with a text by

- identifying objects within a category
- using property words to identify familiar objects

The student identifies text elements by

- understanding personal opinions
- identifying concrete details
- identifying major events in a familiar story

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

• identifying real-world uses of words

The student identifies text structure by

• identifying actions in familiar routines

- demonstrates an understanding of who, what, where, when, and why questions
- identifies functional words to describe nouns
- produces a two-word message
- draws conclusions based on category knowledge
- identifies the end of a familiar routine
- identifies the first letter in her or his name
- includes facts and details about a topic
- identifies categorical words to describe nouns
- connects two or more words
- selects domain-specific vocabulary in topical writing
- indicates an ending
- uses letters to create words

A student who achieves at the **approaching the target** performance level typically can identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies text elements by

- identifying characters and determining how they change or develop
- identifying details
- identifying setting
- identifying major events
- using details from a text to answer questions
- identifying related points in a text
- determining a narrative's explicit meaning
- identifying details that defend a claim
- identifying events relevant to the theme
- identifying the theme
- summarizing an informational text

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- identifying words when given their definitions
- understanding similar meanings of words
- using context to identify word meaning and missing words
- identifying the figurative meaning of words or phrases

The student identifies text structure by

- determining which event comes first
- identifying linear parts of a text
- identifying the structure and how it influences meaning

- introduces a topic and includes information about the topic
- identifies quotes that provide relevant topic information
- produces grammatically correct simple sentences
- uses domain-specific vocabulary
- produces a concluding sentence
- represents the initial sound in a word with a letter

### **At Target**

A student who achieves at the **at target** performance level typically can identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies text elements by

- identifying changes in characters, details, setting, and events
- identifying how the end of a story affects its meaning
- identifying inferred information in a text
- identifying explicit and implicit details that support the meaning of a text
- identifying evidence for a claim
- using key details to summarize an informational text
- identifying main events related to the theme
- identifying evidence for an argument or the meaning of a story
- determining if the claims support the author's argument

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

- determining the meaning of words and phrases
- using semantic clues to identify word meaning
- determining how words and phrases affect text meaning

The student identifies text structure by

- determining how text structure supports claims
- comparing and contrasting arguments between two texts

- introduces a topic clearly to convey information
- includes quotes from print sources
- produces grammatically correct simple, compound, and complex sentences
- uses domain-specific vocabulary to strengthen claims
- produces a conclusion
- spells single-syllable words conventionally and phonetically

A student who achieves at the **advanced** performance level typically can identify text elements, demonstrate an understanding of language, and identify text structure when reading literature and informational text.

The student identifies text elements by

- identifying textual evidence
- determining the logical relationships among details, individuals, events, and ideas
- identifying plot and character development
- identifying mystery, tension, and surprise
- understanding theme development

The student demonstrates an understanding of language by

using semantic clues to identify phrase meaning

The student identifies text structure by

- comparing the arguments of two different texts
- comparing and contrasting the structure and meaning of two stories

- uses clear organization and presentation to write about a topic
- develops a topic by using appropriate information
- produces grammatically correct compound-complex sentences
- uses academic words in informative writing
- produces a relevant conclusion
- spells irregular words correctly